

ANALYSIS OF Diabetes in Oklahoma's SoonerCare Program

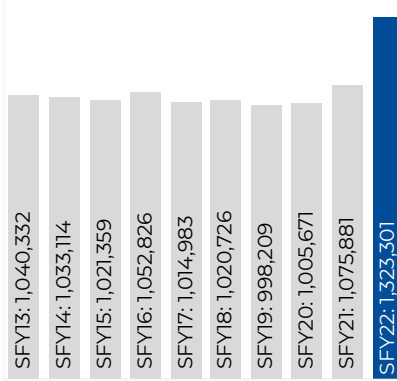


SoonerCare Members

In SFY2022, there was a relatively large increase in diabetes in the SoonerCare population, primarily in Type II among adults. While the SoonerCare population increased, the incidence of diabetes also increased.

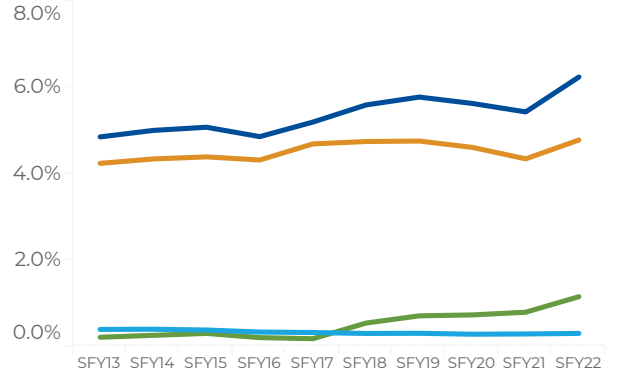
Unspecified diabetes often means a self-reported history of diabetes and is not assigned a type here, but typically seems to mean Type II.

Total SoonerCare Enrollment SFY2013 - SFY2022



Diabetes Prevalence Rates SFY2013 - SFY2022

Diabetes Type: Total | Type I | Type II | Unspecified

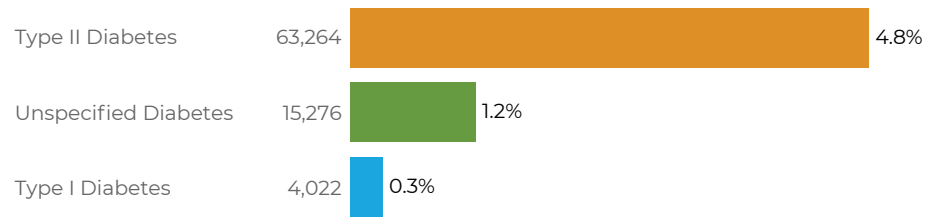


In SFY2022 there were

82,562

members with diabetes, or 6.2% of all members

Total Prevalence Rate of Diabetes Type Among SoonerCare Members SFY2022



Members with Diabetes by Eligibility Type SFY2022

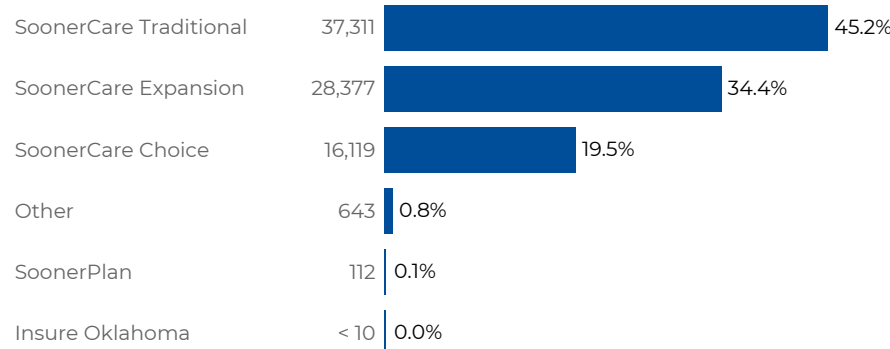


61.1%

were Non-Dual Eligible*
50,440 members

**Dual Eligible: members enrolled in both Medicaid and Medicare*

Members with Diabetes by Delivery System SFY2022



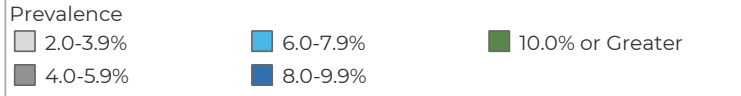
45.2%

were enrolled in SoonerCare Traditional
37,311 members

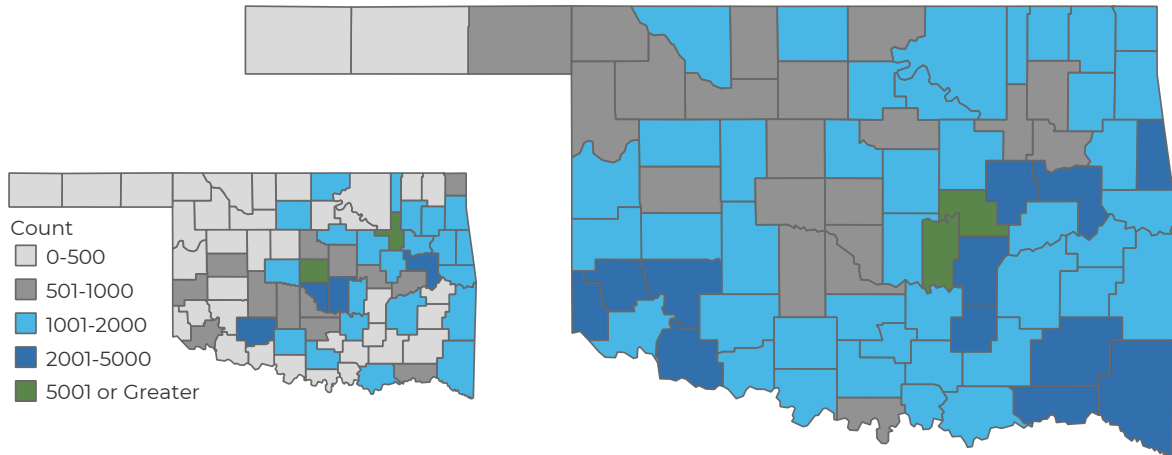
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Prevalence Rates



In SFY2022, the prevalence of diabetes was higher in eastern counties than in western counties. Prevalence of diabetes was highest in Okfuske (11.1%) and Seminole (10.0%) counties.

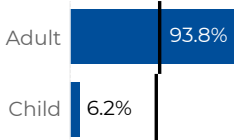


SoonerCare Members with Diabetes

In SFY2022, diabetes was more prevalent among adults, females, Black/African Americans, and Caucasians than would be expected based on the demographic composition of all SoonerCare members. See details below. The black line represents the percent of total SoonerCare members.

93.8%

were adults
77,454 members



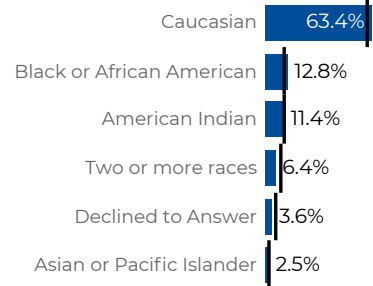
62.9%

were female
51,925 members



63.4%

were Caucasian
52,373 members

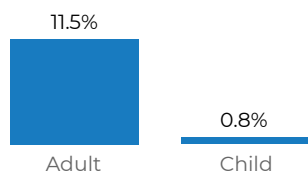


Demographics

Prevalence Rates Among SoonerCare Members

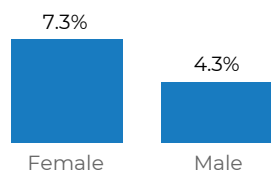
11.5%

of all adult members had diabetes



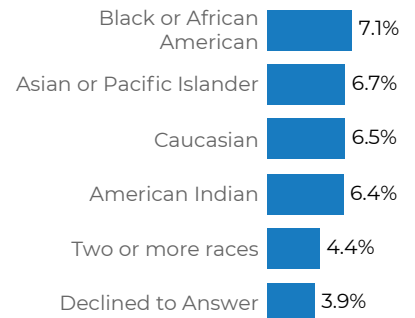
7.3%

of all female members had diabetes



7.1%

of all Black or African American members had diabetes



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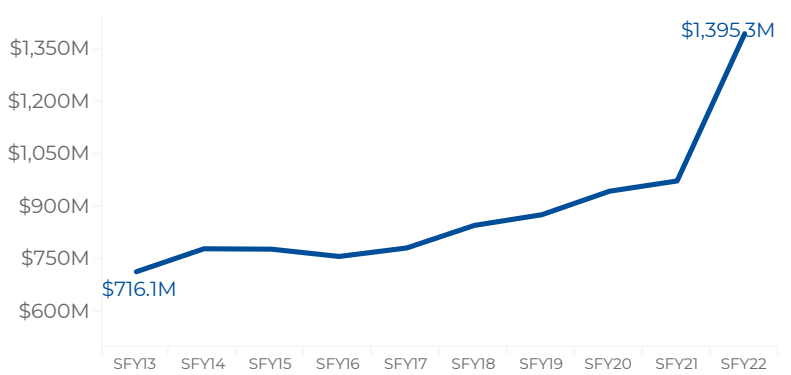
Reimbursement Cost

While only 6.2% of SoonerCare members had diabetes in SFY2022, the total reimbursement associated with their services made up 17.8% of all SoonerCare reimbursements paid in SFY2022.

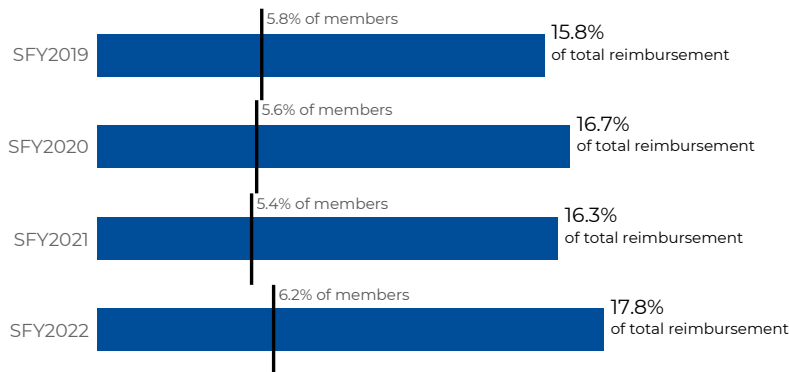
There was a large increase in total reimbursement for members with diabetes, but the per-member reimbursements stayed roughly the same. This is due not only to the increase in the SoonerCare population, but also to the increase in prevalence in the population.

Members with Type I Diabetes had significantly higher reimbursement costs, on average, than other members with diabetes.

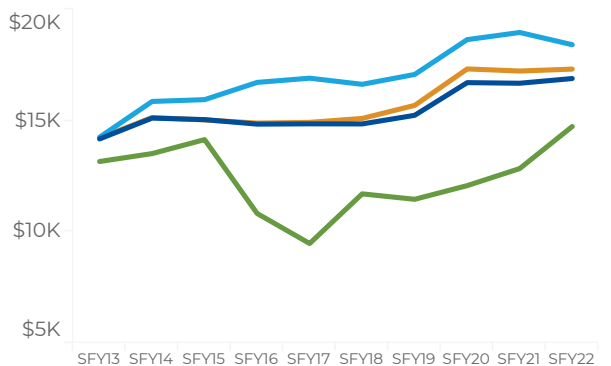
Annual Reimbursement for Members with Diabetes SFY2013 - SFY2022



SoonerCare Members with Diabetes: Percent of Total Reimbursement Compared to Percent of Total SoonerCare Enrollment



Average Reimbursement per Member with Diabetes Diabetes Type: Total | Type I | Type II | Unspecified



\$1,395,296,998

Total reimbursement for members with diabetes

\$16,900

Average reimbursement for members with diabetes

	Total Reimbursement	% of Total Reimbursement	Reimbursement per Member
Dual Eligible	\$440,085,173	31.5%	\$13,700
Non-Dual Eligible	\$955,211,825	68.5%	\$18,938
Adult	\$1,312,046,260	94.0%	\$16,940
Child	\$83,250,738	6.0%	\$16,298
Female	\$823,813,908	59.0%	\$15,865
Male	\$571,483,090	41.0%	\$18,653