

Information for OSBP Licensees Regarding New Requirements Governing PAs

The following information was provided by the Oklahoma State Board of Medical Licensure & Supervision regarding the implementation of recent legislation ([HB 2584](#), effective August 28 and 29, 2025, codified in the Oklahoma Statutes at: **Title 59, Sections 353.1 and 353.1a of the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act**; Title 59, Sections [519.2](#), [519.3](#), [519.6](#), and [519.11](#); and Title 63, Section [1-317](#), [2-101](#), and [2-312](#)):

- Information regarding HB2584 and the new requirements governing physician assistants may be accessed here: [Physician Assistant HB2584 Frequently Asked Questions](#).
- A list of PAs authorized for Independent Practice under the terms of HB 2584 may be accessed here: [Oklahoma State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision Physician Assistants Authorized for Independent Practice](#).
- A list of PAs authorized to Prescribe Schedule II Drugs at a Specified Location may be accessed here: [Oklahoma State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision PAs Authorized to Prescribe Schedule II Drugs at Specified Location](#).

As used in the Physician Assistant Act:

"Health care services" means services which require training in the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of disease, including the use and administration of drugs, and which are performed by physician assistants under the supervision and at the direction of physicians. Such services include:

1. initially approaching a patient of any age group in a patient care setting to elicit a detailed history, performing a physical examination, delineating problems and recording the data,
2. assisting the physician in conducting rounds in acute and long-term inpatient care settings, developing and implementing patient management plans, recording progress notes and assisting in the provision of continuity of care in other patient care settings,
3. ordering, performing or interpreting, at least to the point of recognizing deviations from the norm, common laboratory, radiological, cardiographic and other routine diagnostic procedures used to identify pathophysiologic processes,

4. ordering or performing routine procedures such as injections, immunizations, suturing and wound care, and managing simple conditions produced by infection, trauma or other disease processes,
5. assisting in the management of more complex illness and injuries, which may include assisting surgeons in the conduct of operations and taking initiative in performing evaluation and therapeutic procedures in response to life-threatening situations,
6. instructing and counseling patients regarding compliance with prescribed therapeutic regimens, normal growth and development, family planning, emotional problems of daily living and health maintenance, and
7. facilitating the referral of patients to the community's health and social services agencies when appropriate.