

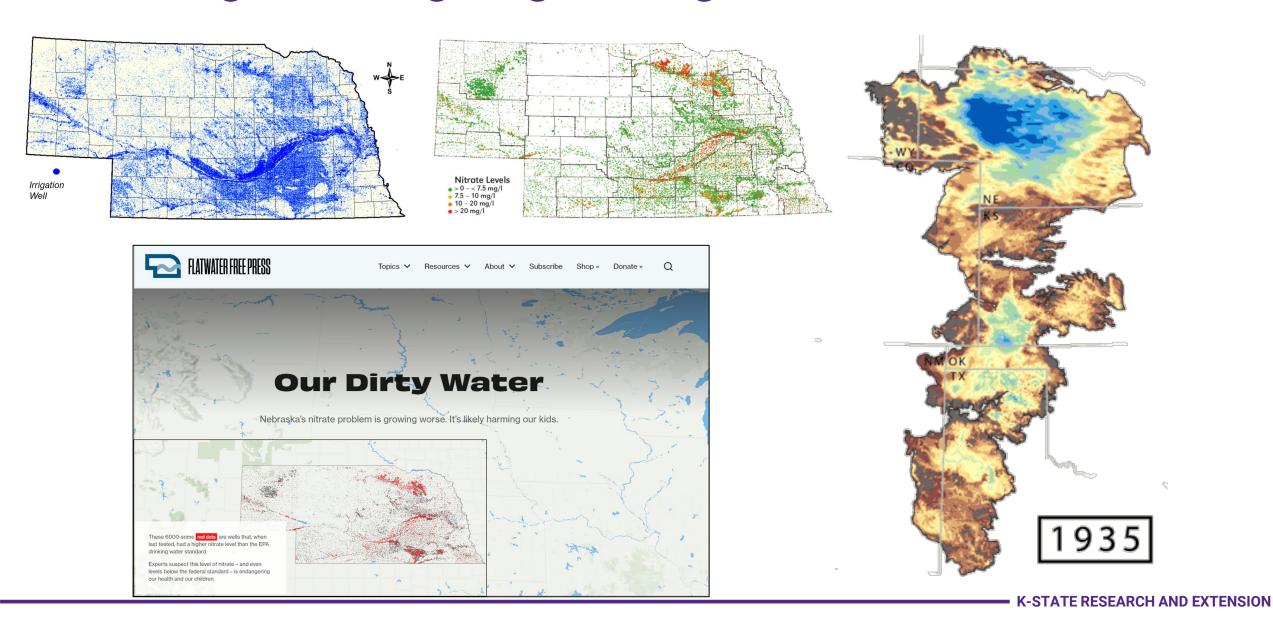
Advancing Groundwater Solutions

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Challenges Facing Irrigated Agriculture



Growing Concerns





This is the first time the Kansas Water Authority has voted to save what's left of the Ogallala By David Condos, Kansas News Service Dec. 16, 2022, 5 a.m. · 5 min read







Innovation!

2021 OGALLALA

2021 Ogallala Aquifer Summit encourages a community-wide approach to tackle issues facing the aquifer

🛗 March 16, 2021 / 💄 By Ava English 🖊 🇳 Ogallala Aquifer, Ogallala Aquifer Program, Ogallala Aquifer Summit



With the help of irrigation, drone and imagery companies, as well as Kansas State University researchers and water conservationists, one farmer is using his land and his knowledge to further innovation.

Project



Kansas Farmer Launches New Innovation Farm

dream. A dream to heal the land and help others do the same







Stay on top of the latest government technology trends. Sign up for GovTech Today. Delivered daily to your inbox.

Some Nebraska farmers are using technology to manage their pivot irrigation systems

by Risell Ventura | Tue, October 11th 2022, 7:09 PM CDT





OCTOBER 11, 2022 - Co-owner of Prairie Fire Ag Solutions, Amy Harsch, said this is an amazing tool for growers (Photo Credit: NTV News)

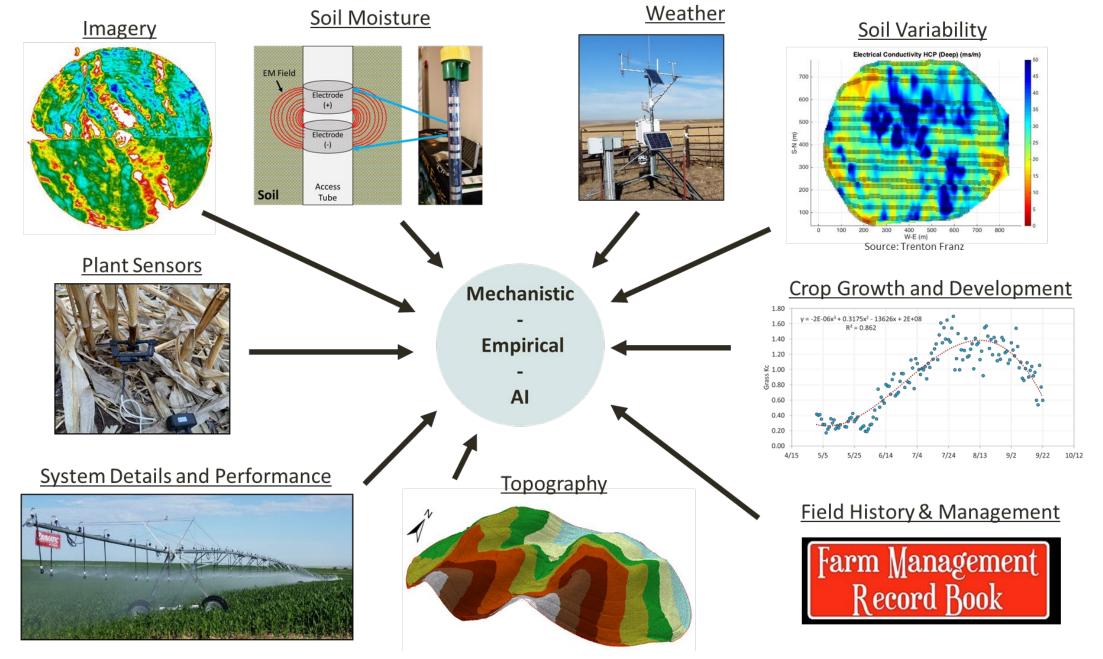


GRAND ISLAND, Neb. — As the years pass by, more and more technology seems to be blending with the agricultural needs of growers. There's a particular type of technology helping farmers with their center-pivot irrigation systems.

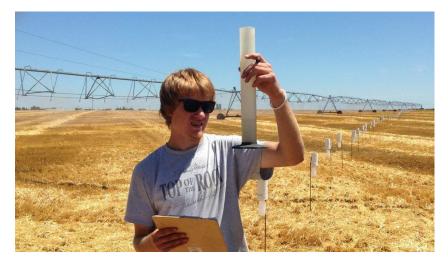


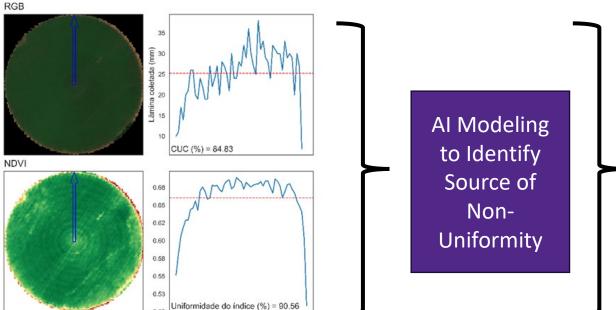
360 RAIN Autonomous Banding System Finds Success with Hog Barns, Dairies

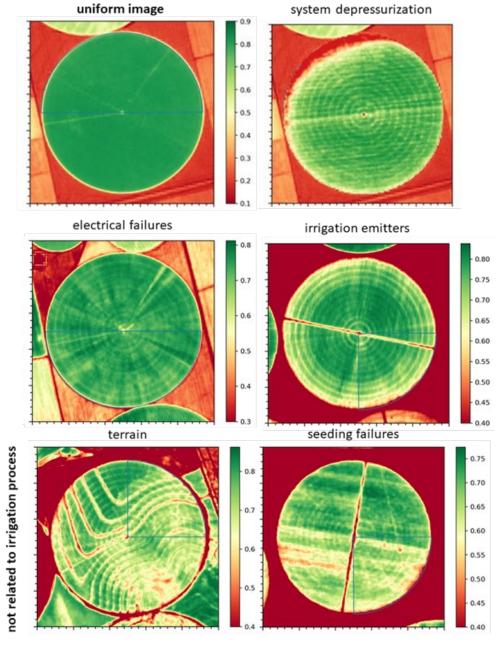
By Julienne Isaacs posted on October 4, 2023 | Posted in Precision Agriculture, Water Management



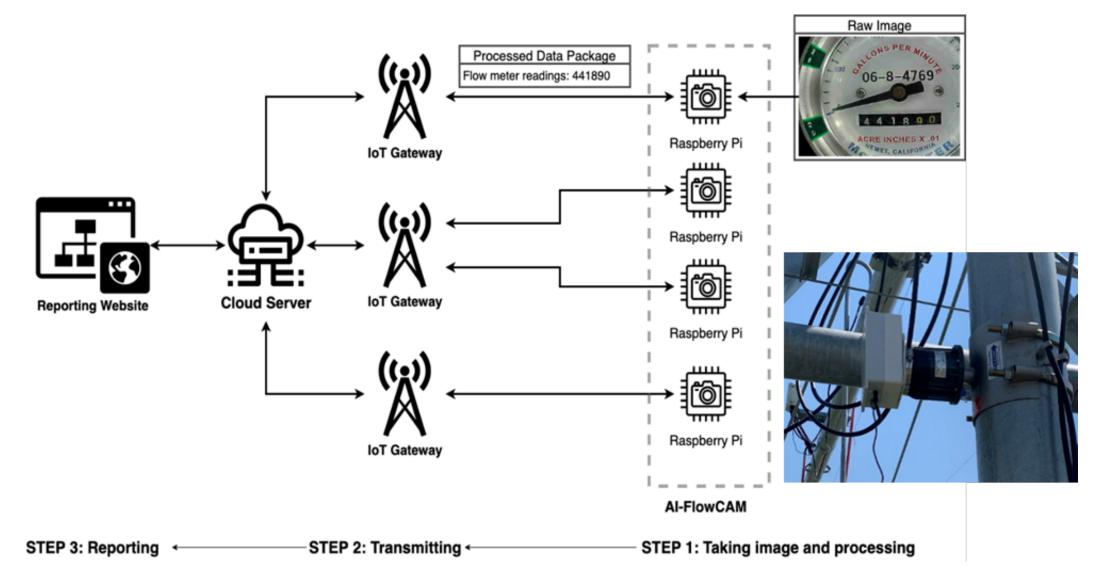
Center Pivot Uniformity







Deep learning algorithm for flow meter recognition



Deep learning algorithm for flow meter recognition

Training and validating

- 2,000 images were used for training and 1,248 were used for testing
 - 1190 images correctly recognized (95.35%)
 - 46 images (3.69%) missing 1 digit
 - 12 images (0.96%) missing multiple digits
- Good "add-on" device to convert a mechanical flow meter to a digital flow meter.

Some examples of correctly recognized images

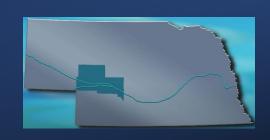


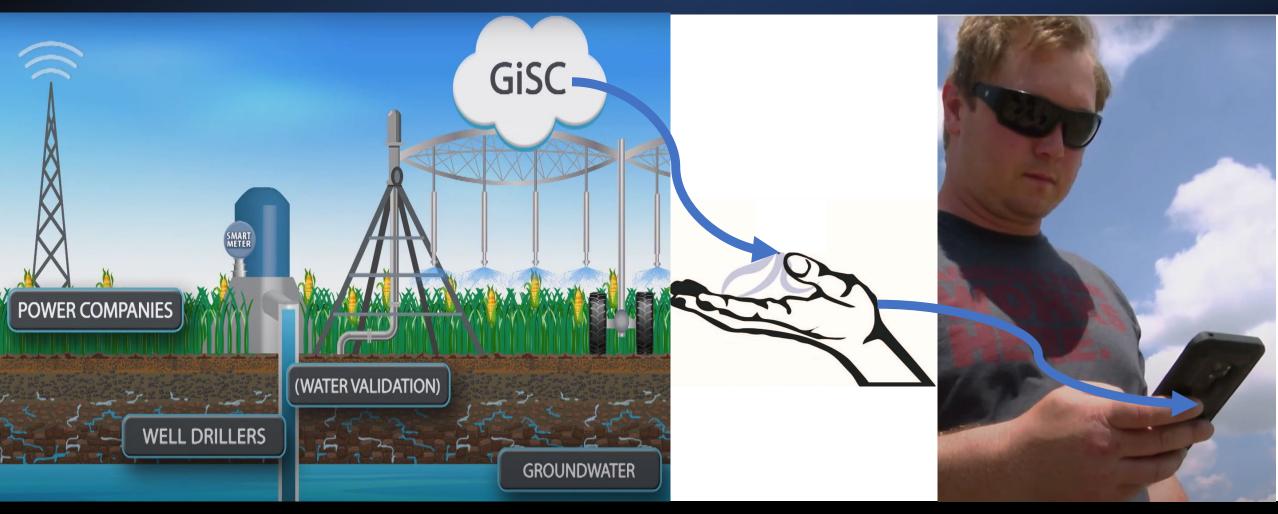




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Largest Fixed IoT Deployment in the World: The TPNRD Water Data Program WDP





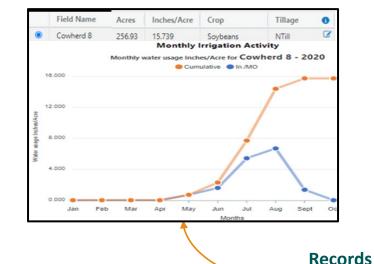
OVER 300,000 acres and 100% of Irrigators

Twin Platte NRD – Water Data Program Overview

Collect – Automated Water Usage Measurements

Water Data Program





Well/Pump Flow Rate

FieldID: 2232 IrrigID: 123435BO Cert_Acres: 136.162

• • •

WellID: 77354 Well_Status: A Well_Use: I

Well_Pumprate: 900



Hours of Operation

FieldID: 2232

• • •

WellID: 77354

• • •

Elec_MBRSEP: 41116007

Elec_LOC: 1333304 Date: 06/20/2020 Elec_Hours: 17.05



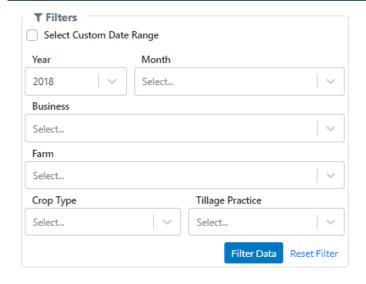
12:34:56 012345

900 GPM
X
17.05 Hours
=
0.02075 ft/acre
0.25 in/acre



Irrigation

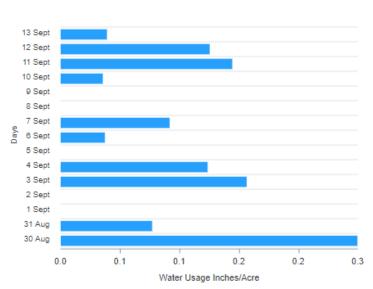
in AgHub



	Field Name	Acres	Inches/Acre	C	rop		Tilla	ge	0
•	Cowherd 8	256.93	6.299						3
0	E28	110.42	7.461						3
0	F27	127.16	5.931						3
0	F29	131.75	7.304						Ø
0	F30	136.16	6.104						3
0	F31	130.79	5.136						ß
0	F32	129.82	8.483						3
0	G19	134.49	6.703						Ø
0	G21	133.48	5.372						ß
0	J1	132.71	0						Ø
Showing 1 to 10 of 25 entries					Previous	1	2	3	Next

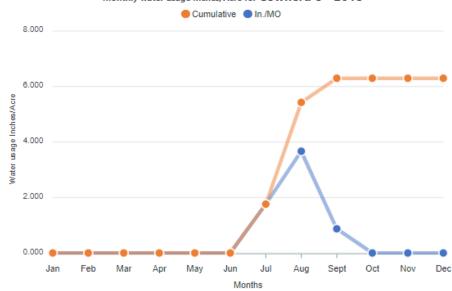
Most Recent Irrigation Activity

Daily water usage Inches/Acre for Cowherd 8 - 2018



Monthly Irrigation Activity

Monthly water usage Inches/Acre for Cowherd 8 - 2018



Extension Programming on Irrigation Water Management

More recent innovative and non-traditional research/extension programs that promote the adoption of more efficient Irrigation Water Management (IWM) across the continental U.S.

Programming Categories

- Competitions to promote efficiency
- Certificate programs
- On-farm research and demonstration
- Technology adoption infrastructure
- Urban water conservation

INNOVATIVE EXTENSION METHODS IN THE U.S. TO PROMOTE IRRIGATION WATER MANAGEMENT

D. R. Rudnick, M. Stockton, S. Taghvaeian, J. Warren, M. D. Dukes, A. Kremen, C. G. Henry, J. Aguilar, B. Ortiz, A. Andales, C. A. Burr, X. Qiao, W. Liang, S. Walthour, S. H. Amosson



HIGHLIGHTS

- · University extension has been playing a larger role, serving a larger number of irrigated farms
- Extension programs in irrigation water management (IWM) have been transitioning away from lectures and field tours
 as the primary means of knowledge transfer.
- New IWM programs focus on experiential learning, development of practitioner networks, and industry participation.

ABSTRACT. Promotion and adoption of irrigation water management (IWM) technology, tools, and best management practices are important as water availability concerns are addressed. Traditional extension programs have relied on lecture presentations, field tours, fact sheets, and on-station demonstrations to promote IWM practices and tools. However, these platforms tend not to provide the experience and opportunity for growers to identify and become comfortable with innovative solutions, such as new technology. To address these challenges and to appeal to an ever-changing client base, innovative and locally relevant extension and outreach programs have been devised to engage and educate growers. This article describes some of these programs that extend beyond previous traditional programs to connect growers with IWM.

Keywords, Demonstrations, Experiential learning, Grower competition, Outreach, Practitioner networks,

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oor or ineffective irrigation management has had a negative impact on the quality and quantity of water resources, environmental health, and financial sustainability of agricultural areas. With concerns for future water availability coupled with increased competition for freshwater sources across varying sectors of society, the value of water conservation technologies and new practices to improve irrigation water management (IWM) have escalated. Numerous IWM methods and technologies are used by growers and land owners, such as soil water and plant sensors, daily estimates of evapotranspiration (ET), visual observation, mimicking neighbors, and the feel of the soil, among others (USDA-NASS, 2019; Rudnick et al., 2019). These methods vary widely in their ability to match irrigation with crop water needs. To mitigate the disparity among irrigators, extension services and water conservation programs (e.g., USDA-NRCS EQIP) have demonstrated, promoted, and incentivized the use of more effective techniques. Countless research efforts have been made to develop improved tools, technologies, and methods. This was done assuming that superior methods would naturally replace less effective methods over time. However, adoption has been slower than expected, as reflected in a survey by the USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service (USDA-NASS, 2019). Lo et al. (2019) explained that adoption of new methods requires that growers recognize the need to improve IWM, along with being informed of the tools available. However, due to the constantly proliferating technolog-

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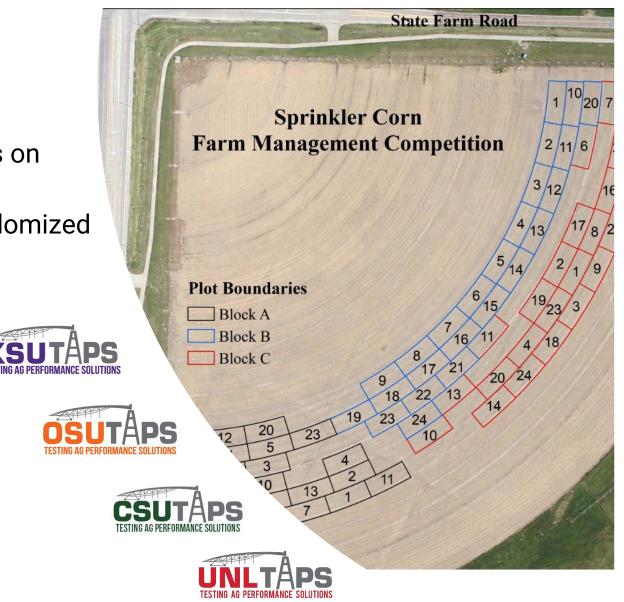
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Testing Ag Performance Solutions (TAPS)

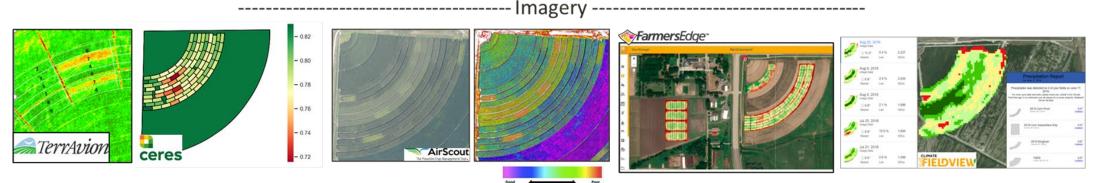
- Experiential learning approach
- Each "Farm" represents 3,000 harvested acres on paper
- Competitors' decisions imposed on three randomized plots through the growing season

Management decisions:

- Insurance Selection
- Nitrogen Management
- Hybrid and Seeding Rate
- Irrigation Management
- Crop Protection (e.g., insecticide)
- Marketing Grain



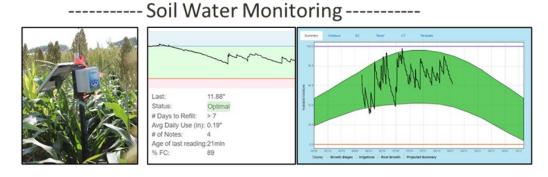
Technology and Data Collection











Phytech

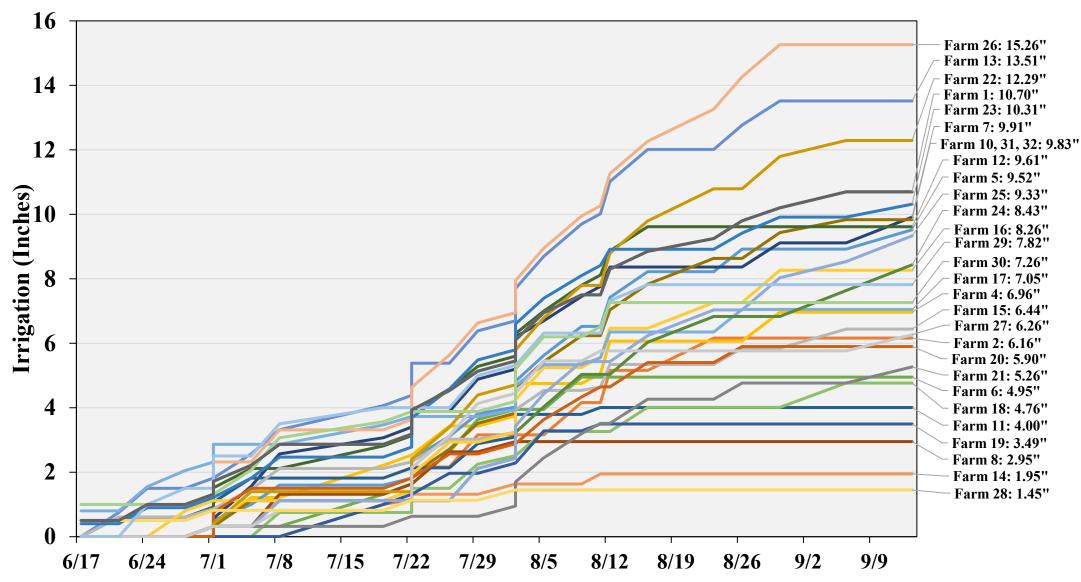






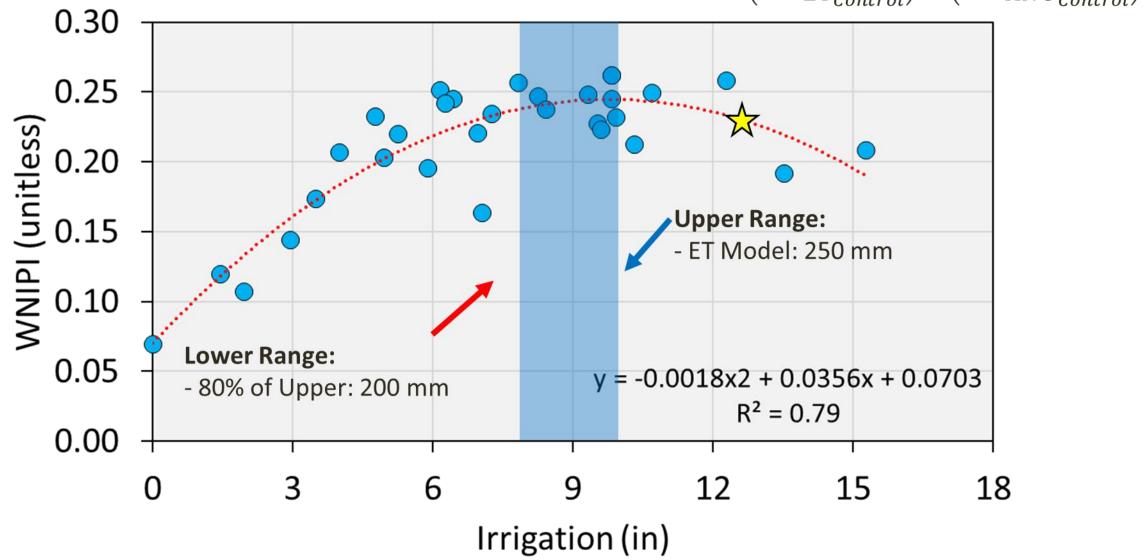


2021 Management Decisions (Nebraska)

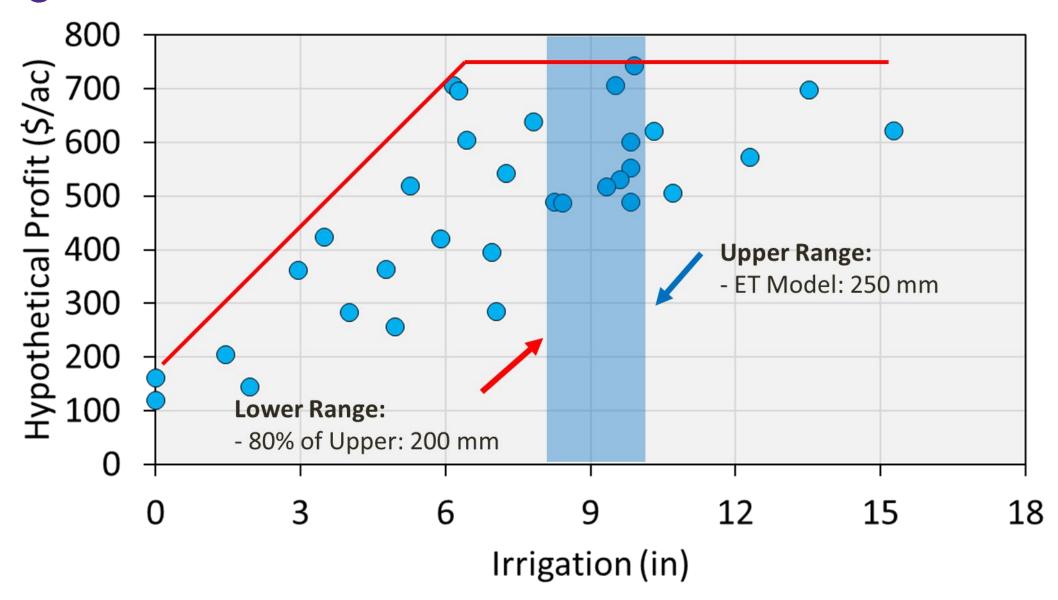


Irrigation Window

$$WNIPI = \frac{\left(\frac{Y_{Farm}}{Y_{Control}} - 1\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{I_{Farm}}{ET_{Control}}\right) \times \left(1 + \frac{N_{Farm}}{ANU_{Control}}\right)}$$

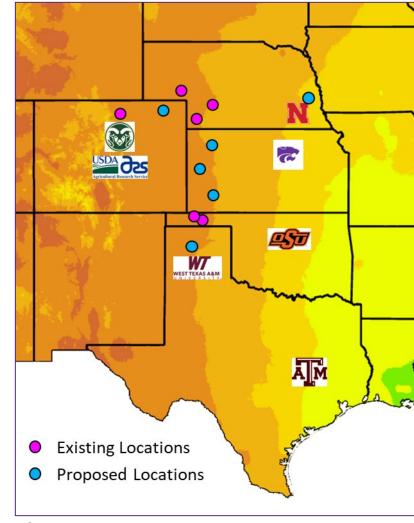


Irrigation Recommendation Window



NRCS Multi-State Conservation Technical Agreement

- Five State Partnership
 - KS, CO, NE, OK, and TX
- Duration: 5 Years
 - Year 1: \$3.88 million
- Objectives:
 - Expand and improve TAPS and MI programs, ensuring high quality and fostering multi-state and inter-program exchange
 - Support producer and broad ag sector learning about precision and advanced management tools, technologies, systems, and strategies within and across states
 - Where appropriate and feasible, track resulting conservation efforts, and mindset and management shifts of TAPS and MI graduates
 - Explore and/or test incentives and evaluate TAPS and MI participants' interest and use
 - Facilitate and streamline TAPS and MI data collection, management, processing, and use
 - Leverage this partnership agreement to scale complementary work of TAPS and MI programs and successfully attract more public and private partners and funding for related study, research, and engagement



Source:

https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=a727a4f6d5ab4fc5b1683d32dee45f54

