

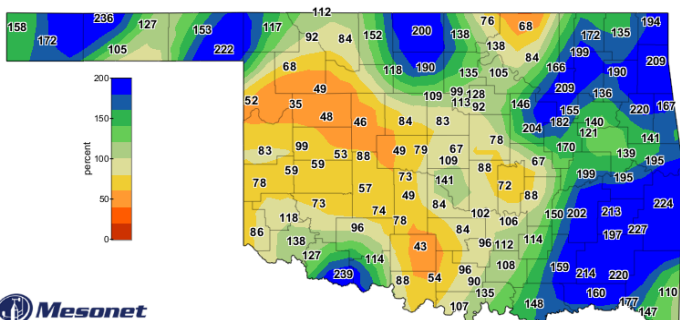
Oklahoma Water Resources Bulletin

Summary of Current Conditions

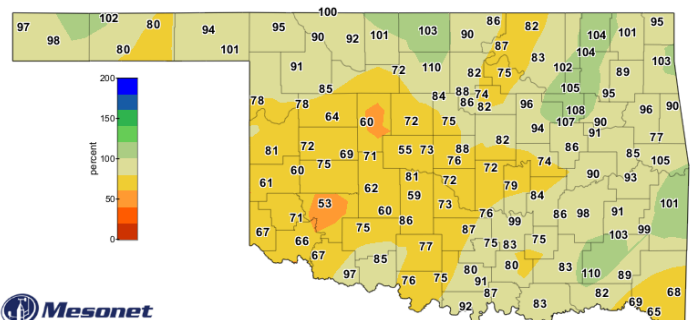
June 15, 2026

Precipitation

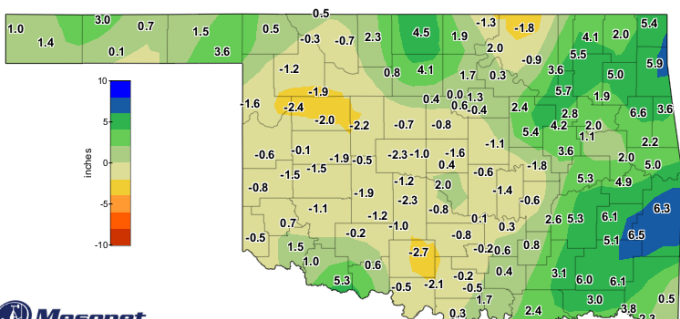
Last 30 Days: May 16 through June 14, 2026					Last 365 Days: June 15, 2025, through June 14, 2026				
Climate Division	Total Rainfall (inches)	Departure From Normal (inches)	Percent of Normal	Rank Since 1921	Climate Division	Total Rainfall (inches)	Departure From Normal (inches)	Percent of Normal	RANK SINCE 1921
PANHANDLE	3.70"	+0.64"	121%	47th wettest	PANHANDLE	17.89"	-2.69"	87%	39th driest
N. CENTRAL	4.97"	+0.36"	108%	46th wettest	N. CENTRAL	28.05"	-3.37"	89%	45th driest
NORTHEAST	8.21"	+2.55"	145%	13th wettest	NORTHEAST	40.25"	-2.42"	94%	53rd wettest
W. CENTRAL	2.31"	-2.25"	51%	20th driest	W. CENTRAL	19.00"	-9.40"	67%	9th driest
CENTRAL	4.63"	-0.54"	90%	53rd driest	CENTRAL	28.96"	-8.67"	77%	20th driest
E. CENTRAL	8.73"	+3.15"	156%	11th wettest	E. CENTRAL	42.24"	-3.90"	92%	49th driest
SOUTHWEST	4.37"	-0.06"	99%	50th wettest	SOUTHWEST	20.91"	-9.36"	69%	6th driest
S. CENTRAL	5.11"	-0.25"	95%	51st wettest	S. CENTRAL	33.21"	-7.50"	82%	32nd driest
SOUTHEAST	9.99"	+4.48"	181%	6th wettest	SOUTHEAST	43.64"	-6.95"	86%	31st driest
STATEWIDE	5.74"	+0.85"	117%	31st wettest	STATEWIDE	30.52"	-5.95"	84%	30th driest



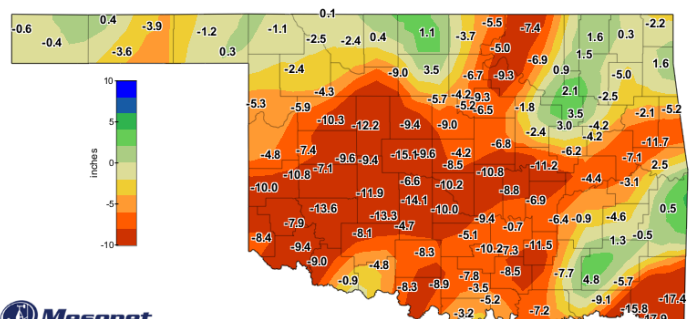
Mesonet
Percent of 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 30 Days
May 16, 2026 through Jun 14, 2026
Created 4:53:20 AM June 15, 2026 CDT. Copyright 2026



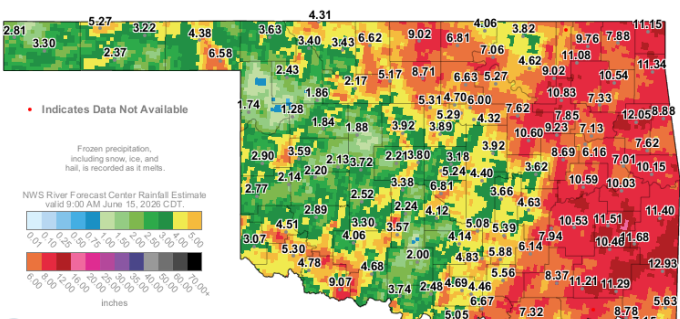
Mesonet
Percent of 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 365 Days
Jun 15, 2025 through Jun 14, 2026
Created 4:53:52 AM June 15, 2026 CDT. Copyright 2026



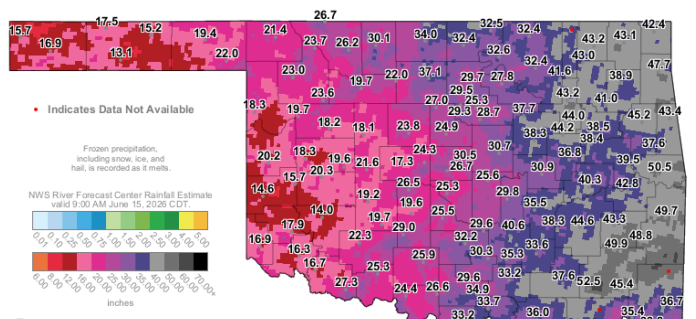
Mesonet
Departure from 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 30 Days
May 16, 2026 through Jun 14, 2026
Created 4:53:19 AM June 15, 2026 CDT. Copyright 2026



Mesonet
Departure from 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 365 Days
Jun 15, 2025 through Jun 14, 2026
Created 4:53:52 AM June 15, 2026 CDT. Copyright 2026



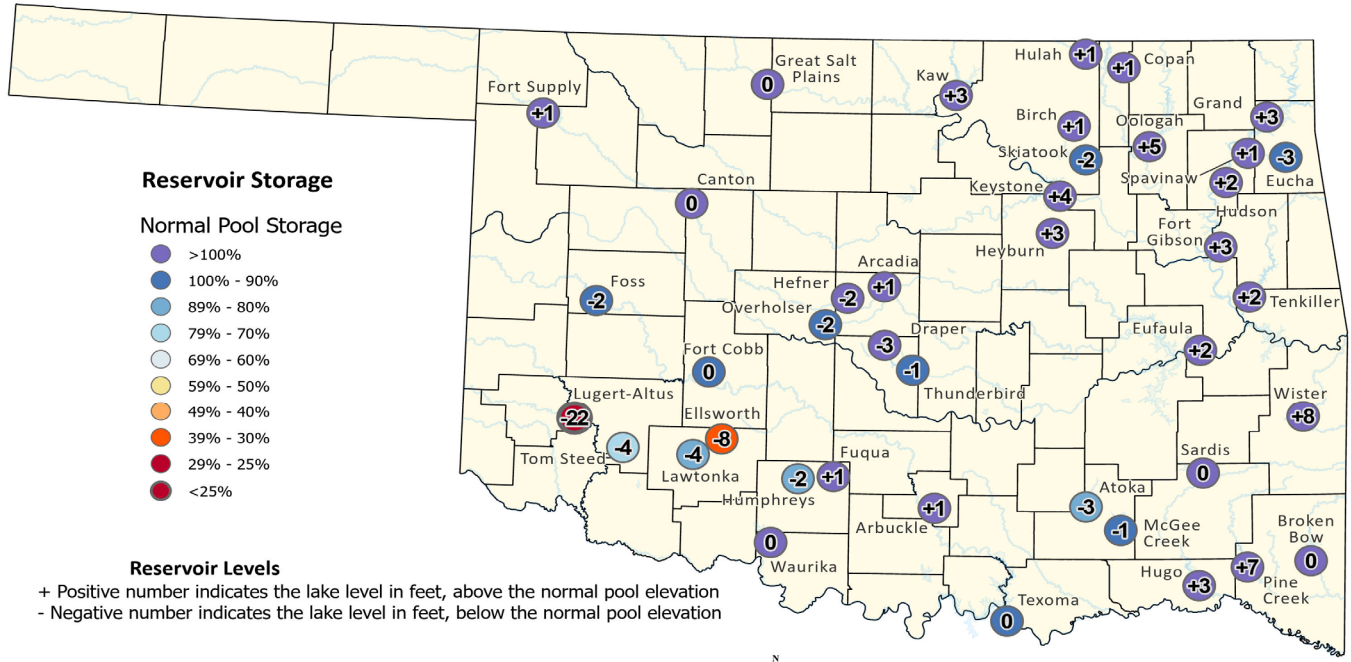
Mesonet
30-Day Rainfall Accumulation (inches)
10:10 AM June 15, 2026 CDT
Created 10:16:35 AM June 15, 2026 CDT. Copyright 2026



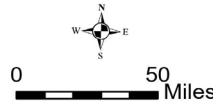
Mesonet
365-Day Rainfall Accumulation (inches)
10:10 AM June 15, 2026 CDT
Created 10:16:35 AM June 15, 2026 CDT. Copyright 2026

Reservoir Levels

Oklahoma Reservoir Levels and Storage as of 6/9/2026

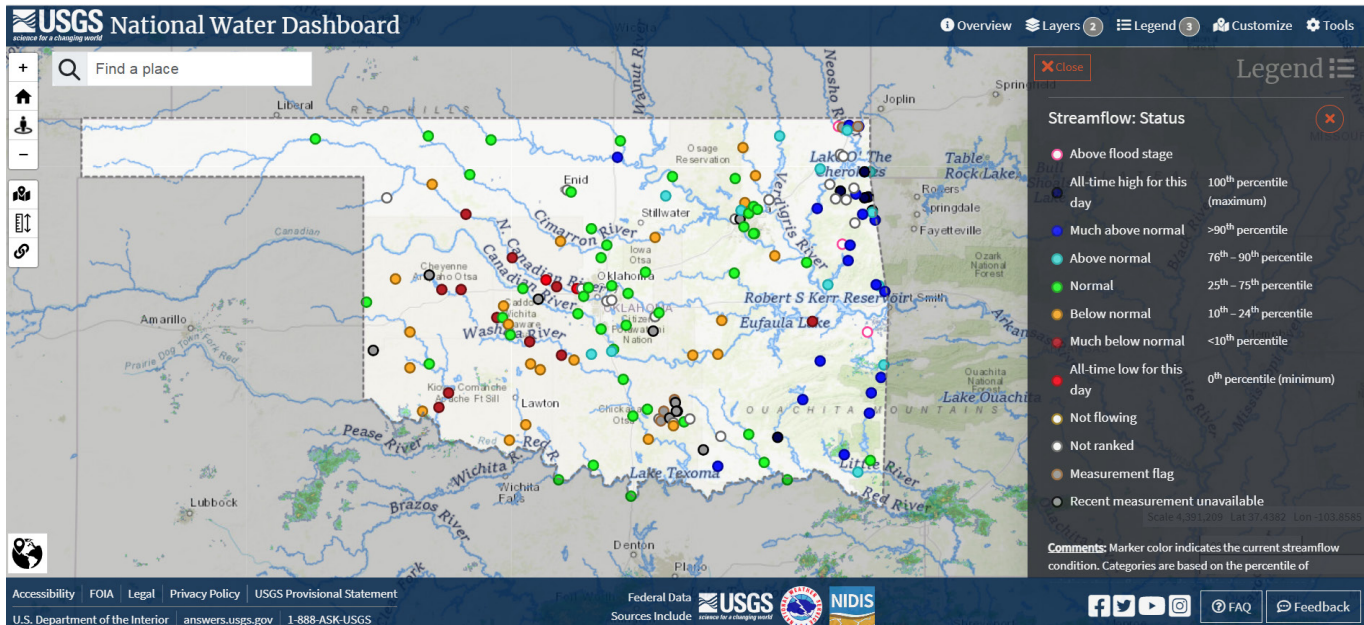


This map shows reservoir storage as a percentage of normal pool storage capacity. The source information was collected from real-time lake gages monitored by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (https://www.swt-wc.usace.army.mil/Daily_Morning_Reservoir_Report.pdf), and the U.S. Geological Survey (https://waterdata.usgs.gov/ok/nwis/current/?type=lake&group_key=basin_cd). For more information please visit the OWRB's website: (<https://www.owrb.ok.gov>).



Streamflow

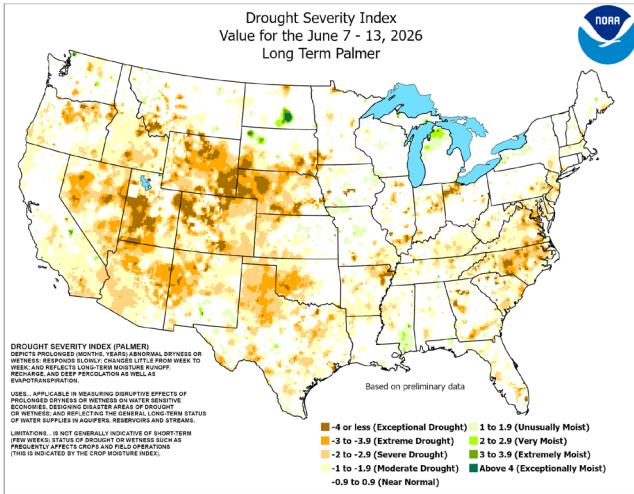
National Water Dashboard June 15, 2026



Visit the [USGS National Water Dashboard](https://www.nwd.usgs.gov/) for additional real-time streamflow information.

Drought Conditions

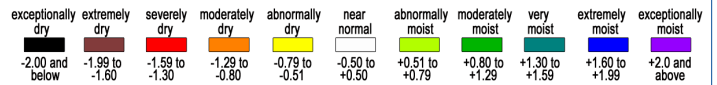
Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI)



The PDSI is a standardized index based on a simplified soil water balance and estimates relative soil moisture conditions.

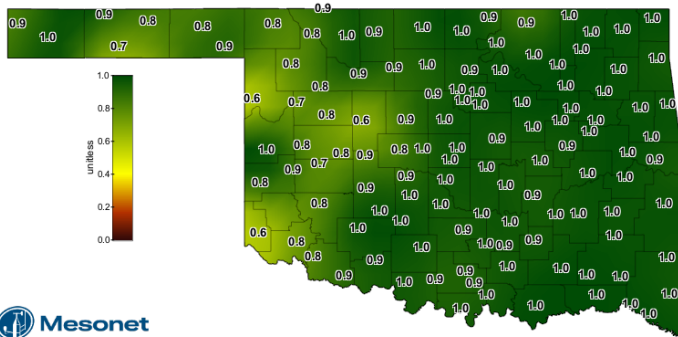
Standardized Precipitation Index (SPI) Through May 2026

Climate Division	3-month	12-month	24-month
PANHANDLE	Severely dry	Near Normal	Near Normal
NORTH CENTRAL	Moderately Dry	Near Normal	Near Normal
NORTHEAST	Near Normal	Abnormally Moist	Abnormally Moist
WEST CENTRAL	Extremely Dry	Moderately Dry	Near Normal
CENTRAL	Abnormally Dry	Near Normal	Abnormally Moist
EAST CENTRAL	Near Normal	Near Normal	Abnormally Moist
SOUTHWEST	Severely dry	Severely dry	Abnormally Dry
SOUTH CENTRAL	Near Normal	Near Normal	Abnormally Moist
SOUTHEAST	Near Normal	Near Normal	Near Normal



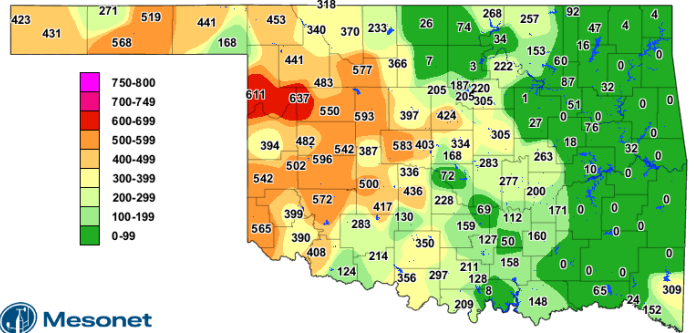
The SPI provides a comparison of precipitation over several specified time periods with totals for all years in the historical record. Through May 2026, for the 3-month period, the Panhandle and Southwest were Severely Dry, North Central was Moderately Dry, and Central was Abnormally Dry. For the 12-month period, Southwest was Severely Dry and West Central was Moderately Dry.

Soil Moisture



The 1-day Average 4-inch Bare Soil Fractional Water Index map displays the 24-hour averaged soil moisture at 4 inches under bare soil for the previous day. Fractional water index ranges from 0 (as dry as the sensor can read) to 1.0 (as wet as the sensor can read). Soil moisture cannot be measured if the soils are frozen, which may cause maps to have large areas of missing data during the winter months.

Keetch-Byram Drought Index



The Keetch-Byram Drought Index measures the state of near-surface soil moisture (within the uppermost eight inches of soil) as well as the amount of fuel available for fires. KBDI values > 600 are often associated with severe drought and increased wildfire occurrence.

State & County Burn Ban Status

Oklahoma Forestry Services
Governor's and County Burn Ban Status
 0 of 77 counties with submitted resolutions
 updated on 6/15/26, 9:39 AM

This application displays current Governor and County Burn Ban statuses across Oklahoma. County status information is also available in the list for users who cannot interact with the map.

County Status

- None
- County Burn Ban
- Governor's Burn Ban
- Clone Alert
- County Burn Ban and Clone Alert

Atoka / Status: None

Cherokee / Status: None

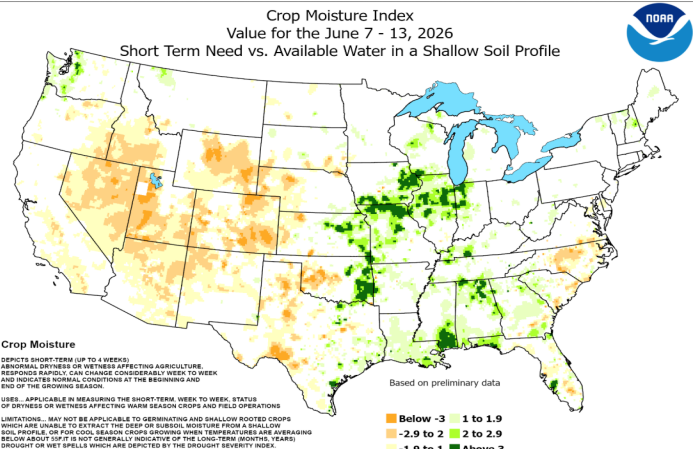
McCurtain / Status: None

Pushmataha / Status: None

Pittsburg / Status: None

McIntosh / Status: None

Crop Moisture Index



Oklahoma Drought Monitor

2.1 Million

Oklahoma residents in areas of drought, according to the Drought Monitor

↓ 38.2% since last week

28th

driest May on record (since 1895)

2.96 in. total precipitation

↓ 1.88 in. from normal

24th

driest January–May on record (since 1895)

10.83 in. total precipitation

↓ 2.95 in. from normal

D0 - Abnormally Dry

- Crops are stressed (wheat, canola, alfalfa, pecans); winter wheat germination is delayed
- Stock pond levels decline

D1 - Moderate Drought

- Summer crop and forage yields are reduced
- Wildfire risk increases
- Lake recreation activities are affected; deer reproduction is poor

D2 - Severe Drought

- Dryland crops are severely reduced; pasture growth is stunted
- Cattle are stressed
- Burn bans begin

D3 - Extreme Drought

- Grasses are dormant, and hay is nonexistent; planting is delayed; fields are spotty; emergency CRP grazing is authorized
- Cattle have little water and feed
- Wildfires are increasing in number and severity; air quality is poor, with dust storms and smoke

D4 - Exceptional Drought

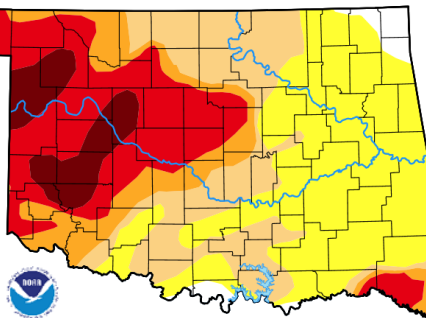
- Ground is cracking; farmers are baling failed crops or abandoning fields; pastures are bare; land is abandoned
- Cost of hay and water is high and supplies are scarce; producers are liquidating herds
- Burn restrictions increase; fire season is long

Statistics valid as of 06/09/2026

Author:
Brian Fuchs, National Drought Mitigation Center



droughtmonitor.unl.edu



June 9, 2026
(Released June 11, 2026)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

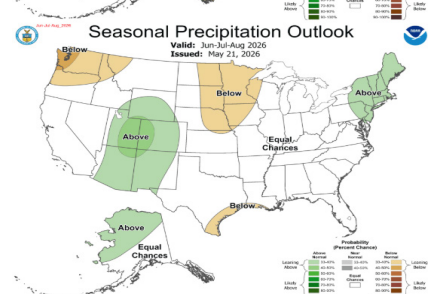
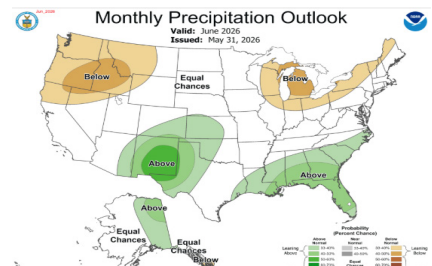
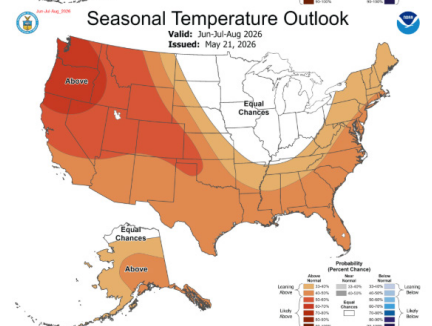
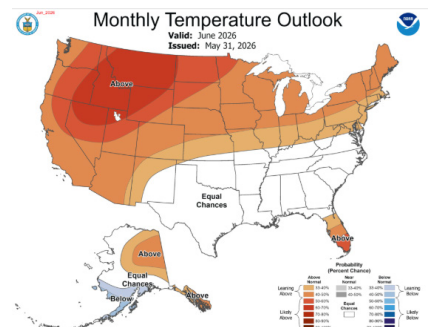
Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Week	Date	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4	DSCI
Current	2026-06-09	2.30	97.70	63.46	43.87	30.84	7.31	243
Last Week to Current	2026-06-02	0.69	99.31	80.76	45.54	38.42	9.21	273
3 Months Ago to Current	2026-03-10	0.00	100.00	93.97	41.93	13.24	0.00	249
Start of Calendar Year to Current	2025-12-30	20.87	79.13	53.74	13.95	4.80	0.00	152
Start of Water Year to Current	2025-09-30	64.08	35.92	4.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	41
One Year Ago to Current	2025-06-10	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0

Monthly/Seasonal Outlook



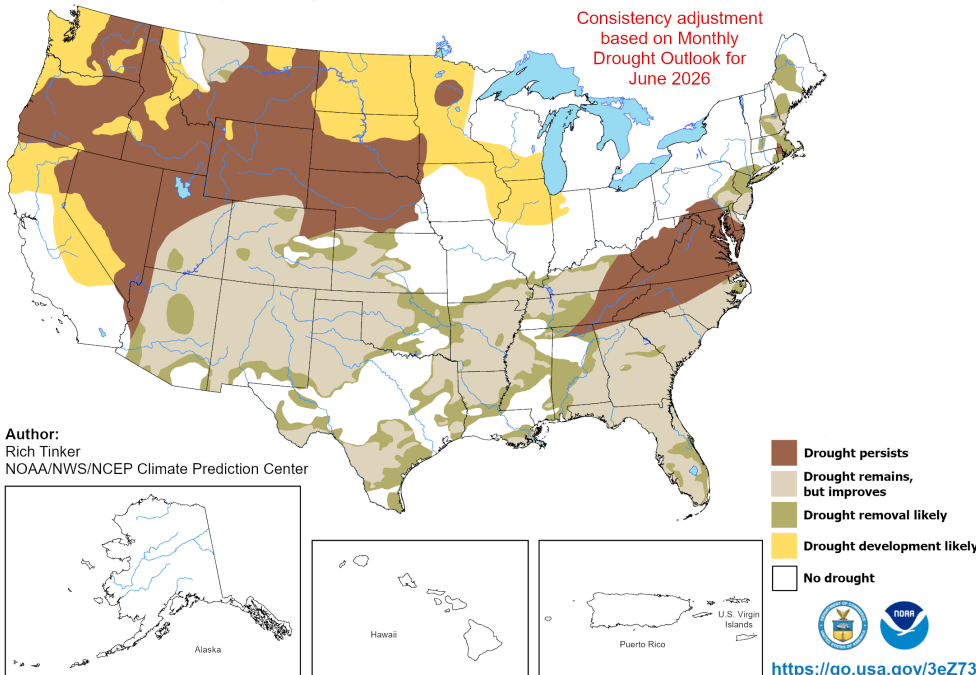
Drought Probability

U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook

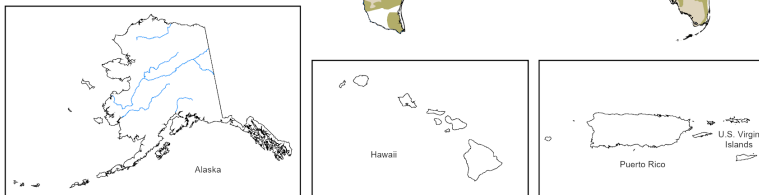
Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for June 1 - August 31, 2026
Released May 31, 2026

Consistency adjustment based on Monthly Drought Outlook for June 2026



Author:
Rich Tinker
NOAA/NWS/NCEP Climate Prediction Center



<https://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>

The map depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4). Tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. Green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period.

NOAA/ National Weather Service
National Centers for Environmental Prediction
Climate Prediction Center