



OKLAHOMA
Turnpike Authority



SH-364/Creek Turnpike

2025 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

About the **OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY**

The Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (OTA) is an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma created by the State Legislature by statute in 1947 for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining the Turner Turnpike. In 1953, the original purpose was statutorily redefined to allow the construction of additional turnpikes and to change the Authority's membership to include a representative from each of six Oklahoma districts specifically defined in the OTA's bylaws and Oklahoma Statute. These changes were ratified by a statewide referendum in January 1954.

The Oklahoma State Legislature has the exclusive right to authorize turnpike routes. Subsequently, the OTA has the responsibility to complete engineering and economic feasibility analyses of the authorized routes before any turnpike can be constructed.

Turnpike bond sales must be approved by the Council of Bond Oversight and must comply with all rules and regulations of the United States Treasury Department and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. All OTA revenue bonds are issued in accordance with the Trust Agreement dated February 1, 1989, as amended. Since inception, the OTA has provided essential, convenient, cost effective and safe roadways to its customers.



OKLAHOMA Turnpike Authority

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA**

Prepared by the COMPTROLLER DIVISION

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TURNER TURNPIKE (I-44)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1947 and opened in 1953. Four-lane, limited access highway extending 86.0 miles from Tulsa to Oklahoma City. Interchanges at Sapulpa, Kellyville, Bristow, Stroud, Chandler, Wellston and Luther. Service station and/or restaurant with free restrooms at Stroud and Chandler.

WILL ROGERS TURNPIKE (I-44)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1953 and opened in 1957. Four-lane, limited access highway extending 88.5 miles from Tulsa to the Oklahoma-Missouri state line about 1,000 feet south of the southeast corner of Kansas. Interchanges at Claremore, Adair (S.H. 28), Big Cabin, Vinita, Afton and Miami. Service station and restaurant with free restrooms at Vinita.

H.E. BAILEY TURNPIKE (I-44)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1953, the original 86.4 miles opened in 1964, and the 8.2 mile extension authorized in 1987 opened in 2001. The original four-lane, limited access highway extending 86.4 miles opened in two sections: north section (61.4 miles) from Oklahoma City to U.S. 277 north of Lawton; south section (25.0 miles) from U.S. 277 south of Lawton to U.S. 70, 5.2 miles north of the Texas state line. Interchanges at Chickasha, Cyril, Elgin and Walters. Service station and/or restaurant with free restrooms at Chickasha and Walters. The four-lane, limited access extension runs 8.2 miles within Grady County from an interchange of the original H.E. Bailey Turnpike to S.H. 9. The route generally extends east and west through a rural area west of Norman.

INDIAN NATION TURNPIKE (SH-375)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1955, the north 41.1 miles opened in 1966 and the south 64.1 miles opened in 1970. Four-lane, limited access highway extending 105.2 miles from U.S. 75/I-40 near Henryetta to U.S. 70 near Hugo. Interchanges at Eufaula, Ulan, McAlester, Daisy and Antlers. Service station and restaurant with free restrooms at McAlester.

MUSKOGEE TURNPIKE (SH-351)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1965 and opened in 1969. Four-lane, limited access highway extending 53.1 miles from Tulsa to I-40 near Webbers Falls. Interchanges at Coweta, Muskogee and U.S. 64 near Webbers Falls. Service station and restaurant with free restrooms at Muskogee.

CIMARRON TURNPIKE (US-412)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1965 and opened in 1975. Four-lane, limited access highway extending 59.2 miles on main route from I-35/U.S. 64 east of Enid to Tulsa, and 8.5 miles on a spur connecting the main route with Stillwater and Oklahoma State University. Interchanges at U.S. 77, U.S. 177, Stillwater, Morrison, S.H.18, Hallett and S.H. 48. Service station and restaurant with free restrooms at Lone Chimney.

CHICKASAW TURNPIKE (SH-301)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1987 and opened in 1991. Two-lane, limited access highway extending 27.1 miles from S.H. 7 west of Sulphur to S.H. 1 near Ada. Only 13.3 miles are tolled with interchanges at U.S. 177 and Roff.

CHEROKEE TURNPIKE (US-412)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1987 and opened in 1991. Four-lane, limited access highway extending 32.8 miles from U.S. 412 at Locust Grove to U.S. 412 west of West Siloam Springs. Interchanges at Locust Grove, U.S. 412 and S.H. 10.

12
TURNPIKES

630
CENTERLINE MILES

808
BRIDGES

900
INTERCHANGES

JOHN KILPATRICK TURNPIKE (I-344)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1987, the original 9.5 miles opened in 1991, and the 15.8 mile extension opened in sections during 2000 and 2001. Four-lane, limited access, urban highway extending 30.3 miles from the Oklahoma City interchange of the Turner Turnpike and I-35 to I-40 between Mustang and Sara Road. The route is generally along Memorial Road on the north, turning south parallel to Sara Road just west of County Line Road, passing by Lake Overholser on its west side parallel to Morgan Road to an interchange at I-40, giving access to traffic traveling east and west on the interstate system. Interchanges at Eastern Ave., U.S. 77/Broadway Extension, Western Ave., Pennsylvania Ave., May Ave., Portland Ave./Lake Hefner Parkway, Meridian Ave., MacArthur Blvd., Rockwell Ave., NW Expressway, Wilshire Blvd., S.H. 66 and N.W. 10th.

KICKAPOO TURNPIKE (I-335)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1987 and opened in 2021. This four-lane divided highway extends 18.5 miles to connect I-40 to I-44 on the eastern side of Oklahoma County. This Turnpike was Oklahoma’s first newly constructed 80 mph facility. Access provided at 89th Street, 29th Street, Reno Avenue, US-62, and Britton Road.

CREEK TURNPIKE (SH-364)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 1987, the original 7.4 miles opened in 1992, the 4.9 mile Creek West Extension opened in 2000, the 13.1 mile Broken Arrow South Loop opened in sections during 2001 and 2002 and the 9.0 mile Creek East Extension opened in 2002. Four-lane, limited access, urban highway extending 34.4 miles from the Turner Turnpike at S.H. 66 to the I-44 interchange of the Will Rogers Turnpike, providing access to traffic traveling east into Tulsa and south to Okmulgee; continues generally through the city of Broken Arrow to the Muskogee Turnpike; then north to the Will Rogers Turnpike. Interchanges at South 49th West Avenue, U.S. 75, Peoria Avenue, Riverside Drive, Yale Avenue, U.S. 64/Memorial Drive, U.S. 169, South 129th East Avenue, South 145th East Avenue, South 161st East Avenue, South 193rd East Avenue, East 101st Street, S.H. 51, Muskogee Turnpike, 71st Street, 51st Street, 31st Street, 11th Street, Highway 412 and Pine Street.

GILCREASE EXPRESSWAY (SH-344)

Authorized by the State Legislature in 2010 and opened in 2022. This 5.7 mile corridor is an extension of an existing expressway and transportation system in the Tulsa region. This expressway completes a segment of the network between I-44 and U.S. 412.





March 31, 2026

**To the Honorable J. Kevin Stitt, Governor
Oklahoma Turnpike Bondholders and Citizens of the State of Oklahoma**

On behalf of the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (OTA), we are pleased to transmit this annual comprehensive financial report for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Comptroller Division has prepared this Annual Report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests solely with the OTA.

Management of the OTA is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of internal accounting controls that have been designed to ensure assets are safeguarded and financial transactions are properly recorded and adequately documented. Such internal controls require estimates and judgments from management so that, in attaining reasonable assurance as to the adequacy of such controls, the cost does not outweigh the achieved benefit. We have established an internal control structure designed to achieve these financial objectives. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that it presents fairly the financial position and results of the OTA's operations.

An audit of the financial statements has been performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in compliance with the requirements of Section 711 of the OTA's Trust Agreement dated February 1, 1989, as amended (the Trust Agreement). The required audit has been performed for the year ended December 31, 2025 by the OTA's independent auditors, Forvis Mazars, LLP. Their report is included in the Financial Section of the Annual Report. The Financial Section also includes Management's Discussion and Analysis which provides an overview and brief analysis of the basic financial statements. Readers are encouraged to review this information.

PROFILE OF THE OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY

The OTA is an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma (the State) and a body corporate and politic, created by statute in 1947 to provide an alternative means of constructing necessary State roadways without further straining limited State highway funds. The OTA is authorized to construct, maintain, repair and operate the Turnpike System, which presently consists of twelve turnpikes covering 630.1 centerline miles. The OTA enhances the State's transportation network by providing an effective and efficient means of safe, high-speed travel throughout the State and around population centers without straining appropriations. Operations and debt service are funded by toll revenues; no State appropriations are allocated to the OTA. Only Turnpike System customers, who include out-of-state travelers, pay the tolls. Turnpikes serve Oklahoma as a mechanism for building infrastructure for current use but gradually paying for it over future periods. The OTA supplies a needed basic service at a fee that yields sufficient revenues to operate and maintain its roads at a high quality, as well as provide for debt service payments to its bondholders.

The Oklahoma Legislature has sole discretion to authorize turnpike routes, with approval from the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (the ODOT). Turnpike Revenue Bonds or Refunding Bonds may be issued for the purpose of paying the costs of turnpike projects or refunding outstanding bonds. Turnpike bond sales must be approved by the Council of Bond Oversight and must comply with all rules and regulations of the United States Treasury Department and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. All OTA revenue and refunding bonds are issued in accordance with the Trust Agreement. Turnpike Bonds are payable solely from the tolls and other OTA revenues and do not constitute indebtedness of the State.

The OTA's governing body (the Authority) consists of the Governor (ex-officio) and six appointed members. Prior to November 1, 2023, the six members were appointed by the Governor and approved by the State Senate. Effective November 1, 2023, appointments to the Authority are now divided between the Governor, the Speaker of the House, and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, each having two appointments. Members serving on November 1, 2023 serve out their original eight-year term. New appointees will serve staggered six-year terms. Members are uncompensated, may be reappointed, and can only be removed for cause. The Authority appoints the Executive Director of the OTA.

The Executive Director is responsible for leading the OTA. The division management staff supervises the daily operations and functions of the organization. Authority members provide oversight and policy direction. They appoint various consulting entities with national reputations for excellence, including the General Counsel, Bond Counsel, Consulting Engineers, Consulting Traffic Engineers, Financial Advisor, Bond Underwriter(s) and Independent Auditor(s). All action taken by the Authority members and staff must be in strict compliance with the provisions of the Trust Agreement.

Annually, the OTA is required by the Trust Agreement to adopt a final budget on or before December 1 to provide for the next year's operating expenses, monthly deposits to the Reserve Maintenance Fund and the Capital Plan. The budget is adopted on a modified accrual (non-GAAP) basis wherein expenditures are recognized on a cash basis, and depreciation is not budgeted as an expenditure. Budgets are controlled at the division level, and the object of the budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Trust Agreement. The Executive Director may approve changes within the budget at any level, but an increase in the total budget must be approved by the Authority.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Oklahoma's economic environment in 2025 reflected broader national trends — cautious growth, persistent inflation, and a tightening labor market. In the 2025 Greater Oklahoma City Economic Outlook, Dr. Russell Evans, Oklahoma City economist, and Mr. Eric Long, research economist, cautioned that the economic outlook of 2026 remains uncertain due to inflation, stagnant job creation, and global economic conditions. In 2025, the State of Oklahoma struggled to generate sufficient new jobs to prevent unemployment rates from rising across its metro areas, a trend expected to continue through the first half of 2026, mirroring the national labor market. The U.S. economy is also increasingly reliant on retail spending from higher-income households, with the top 20% of earners representing nearly 60% of total income and 56.5% of total consumption, while, lower-income households struggled to keep up with inflation. Oklahoma's metro population growth rate held steady just above 1% growth annually. In December 2025, the Greater Oklahoma City Partnership reported 121 companies actively considering relocating or expanding in Oklahoma, 70% of them in manufacturing. Economists expect continued job growth in the health services, manufacturing, financial services and professional services.

According to the February 2026 news release from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), U.S. GDP grew at an annual rate of 1.4% in the fourth quarter of 2025, driven by consumer spending and investment, partly offset by decreases in government spending and exports. The February 2026 "Oklahoma Economic Indicators", prepared by senior economist Monty Evans, attributes the national real GDP growth in the Q3 2025 to gains in finance and insurance, information services, and professional, and technical services. Locally, Oklahoma's real GDP for Q3 2025 grew 4.6%, up from 3.6% the prior quarter. Although Oklahoma ranked as the sixth largest crude oil producer among the states in 2024, the leading contributor to State GDP growth is non-durable manufacturing, followed by agriculture and finance and insurance services.

The Oklahoma unemployment rate for December 2025 is 3.6%, which is 0.3% higher than the previous year, while lower than the December 2025 national rate of 4.4%. According to the February 2025 "Oklahoma Economic Indicator" report, in December 2025 the unemployment rates for all of Oklahoma's 77 counties were higher than the previous year.

Oklahoma's fiscal position remains strong. According to State Treasurer Todd Russ, despite signs of decelerating business activity, total State revenues for 2025 reached \$17.2 billion, up 1.9% over 2024 and reinforcing State fiscal stability. December 2025 gross receipts totaled around \$1.5 billion, up 8.5% from December 2024. This was driven by income tax collections up 10.0%, sales and use tax up 5.1% to \$610.8 million, and a 57.1% surge in production taxes on oil and natural gas.

The Federal Reserve closed 2025 targeting an interest rate range of 3.5% to 3.75%, down from 4.5% at year-end 2024. Full-year U.S. GDP growth came in at 2.2%, compared to 2.8% in 2024, with consumer spending and investment as primary drivers, offset by decreases in government spending and good exports. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, ended the year at 2.7%.

Oklahoma's geography is a strategic asset. Interstates 35,40, and 44 intersect within the State, making Oklahoma a critical crossroads for national freight and travel — and the Turnpike system a key component of that infrastructure. Out-of-state travelers who utilize the Turnpike System also contribute tourism dollars and sales and motor fuel taxes to the State, connecting communities both in and beyond Oklahoma. The OTA continues to collaborate with partner agencies to reconstruct, expand and enhance the transportation network, improving safety and mobility for a growing traveling public.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In February 2022, after analyzing the future infrastructure needs across the Turnpike System and throughout the State, the Authority announced “ACCESS Oklahoma: Advancing and Connecting Communities and Economies Safely Statewide” (ACCESS), a 15-year, multi-billion dollar construction program. This turnpike improvement and expansion program identifies and addresses infrastructure needs to improve access to communities across the State and the Turnpike System. The conversion to All Electronic Tolling improves safety by eliminating the need for customers to stop to pay, while enabling expanded community access points along multiple segments of the Turnpike System. ACCESS also contemplates expansion into additional areas where congestion and capacity issues exist and are growing, with a look toward future generations as well as current needs. Funding of this program will be generated through a variety of options available to the Authority, including the issuance of Revenue Bonds. In early 2025, the OTA closed on the delivery of \$1.1 billion in Series 2025A & 2025B Second Senior Revenue Bonds, for the purpose of financing a portion of ACCESS capital projects.

The Gilcrease Expressway (the Gilcrease) was separately funded through an innovative partnership consisting of the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (the ODOT), municipalities and governmental entities, the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT), and Gilcrease Developers LLC (a competitively selected build-finance partner). This five-mile, four-lane divided toll road in Tulsa features 22 bridges, four major interchanges, a 10-foot-wide multi-use trail, and two spans over the Arkansas River. The Gilcrease achieved substantial completion in November 2022, at which point the Authority received proceeds from a \$120.1 million USDOT Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) loan. A Non-System Trust Agreement governs the flow of funds and reporting requirements for the Gilcrease. In addition to relieving congestion during peak travel periods, the Gilcrease improves connectivity between neighborhoods on opposite sides of the Arkansas River. Transactions increased 1.7% in December 2025 compared with December 2024.

The OTA's Capital Plan provides a rolling five-year framework for maintaining and rehabilitating the existing Turnpike System. Needs are prioritized and designed to increase the functionality and condition of the turnpikes, thereby maintaining traffic flows and extending the useful life of the turnpikes.

The OTA's Consulting Engineer conducted the 2025 annual inspection of the Turnpike System, as required by the Trust Agreement, producing a detailed assessment of bridges, paving, drainage, lighting, signage and architectural features. This report was used to develop the OTA's 2026 Capital Plan. Total planned funding for the years 2026-2030 is approximately \$808.7 million:

- Paving rehabilitation — \$307.9 million
- Information Technology (IT) and toll collection related — \$176.5 million
- Bridge rehabilitation — \$121.4 million
- Interchange improvements — \$9.5 million
- Shoulder and guardrail improvements — \$34.6 million
- Dowel bar retrofit grinding — \$40.1 million
- Message boards and cameras — \$15.0 million
- Maintenance machinery and equipment — \$13.5 million
- Concrete panel lifting — \$12.5 million
- Highway patrol related items — \$12.1 million
- Maintenance facility upgrades — \$11.5 million
- Safety, surface treatment and striping — \$8.0 million
- Various other capital projects — \$18.6 million
- Remaining Capital Plan is allocated to the Gilcrease Expressway — \$27.5 million

The 2026 Capital Plan totals approximately \$121.2 million, with \$36.1 million eligible from the Reserve Maintenance Fund and the balance from the General Fund.

The Trust Agreement governs the proper flow of funds to be established by the OTA. Disbursements from these funds are governed by the Trust Agreement ensuring they are managed in strict compliance with its provisions. Accordingly, based on the planned capital investments programmed in the Capital Plan, required monthly deposits to the Reserve Maintenance Fund are established during the budgeting period, as required by Section 505 of the Trust Agreement. Monies held in the General Fund are also allocated for certain projects of the Capital Plan. Bond proceeds held in the Construction Fund are allocated for designated projects.

The Authority sets toll rates based on consultation with and recommendation from the OTA's Consulting Traffic Engineer. Net toll revenues for 2025 totaled \$499.5 million — 21.9% increase over 2024's net toll revenues of \$409.6 million. Revenue projections for 2026 are estimated at approximately \$458.1 million.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Partnership is central to how the OTA delivers results. One of OTA's primary partners is the ODOT, and together they work to maximize resources and organizational strengths to serve Oklahoma's varied transportation needs. The OTA also partners with counties, cities, tribes and other organizations. The Gilcrease Expressway exemplifies this approach: its delivery required an innovative governmental partnership agreements between the OTA, the ODOT, the City of Tulsa, Tulsa County, the Indian Nations Council of Governments and the Federal Highway Administration, bringing to life a project envisioned more than 60 years ago. The OTA leveraged prior corridor work and partnership resources to deliver and subsequently operate the connection between I-44 and U.S. Highway 412. In July 2019, the Authority awarded the build-finance services proposal to the AECOM/Duit Team.

ACCESS Oklahoma continues to accelerate. As of year-end 2025, eight construction projects are underway across the system: three on the Turner Turnpike, one on the Muskogee, one on the John Kilpatrick Turnpike, two on the Toby Keith Expressway (formerly East-West Connector), and one on the Creek Turnpike. The Turner Turnpike six-lane widening between Bristow and Kellyville, the program's first construction project, has all pavement complete and traffic expected to normalize in early 2026. Near the Stroud Service Plaza, a realignment and lane widening project was also completed, with the plaza itself reopening ahead of schedule in November 2025, including modernized McDonald's, Loves's, and other amenities. A mainline bridge near Wellston was widened, replaced, and opened to traffic in December 2025.

The OTA completed the full conversion of its Turnpike system to cashless tolling in November 2024, a year and a half ahead of schedule. In the OTA's cashless tolling environment, known as PlatePay, travelers without a *PIKEPASS* transponder have their license plate scanned and receive an invoice by mail. PlatePay began with one tolling location on the Creek Turnpike in January 2017 and expanded steadily, with the full Turnpike System, including Turner, Will Rogers, and Indian Nation Turnpikes, completing conversion in November 2024. In the first full year of system-wide cashless operation, PlatePay accounted for just over 22 million reported transactions, contributing to safer, nonstop travel for all patrons.

The Authority has several Capital Plan projects underway to achieve system maintenance, rehabilitation and improvements. These projects include bridge and pavement rehabilitation, dowel bar retrofit and diamond-grind (resurfacing) and concrete panel lifting projects across the Turnpike System. Collaboration among the OTA divisions is key to identify and prioritize projects for the Capital Plan. The Authority Board approved a new 2026-2030 Capital Plan in December 2025, initiating the design phase for several new projects.

The OTA Maintenance Division, supplemented by inmate labor and contractors, provides a vital role in keeping the Turnpike System safe and well-maintained year-round. Crews handle roadway, bridge, right-of-way, architectural and accident repairs. Right-of-way projects include fence, drainage and slope repairs, herbicide treatment, mowing, and wildflower and tree planting. They stand ready to clear the Turnpike system whenever winter weather arrives.

Information Technology (IT) initiatives in 2025 focused on upgrading server operating systems to reduce dependence on older systems, ensuring IT services run on platforms with the most current patches and security measures. Continued strategic fiber initiatives and network enhancements prepare the OTA for national interoperability and final steps of its cashless tolling conversion.

PIKEPASS, the OTA's transponder-based electronic toll system, offers the most convenient and cost-effective way to travel the Turnpike System. A *PIKEPASS* transponder applied to the windshield emits a radio frequency recognized by positioned readers, translating seamlessly into toll transaction for each customer's account. *PIKEPASS* customers enjoy lower toll rates than PlatePay customers and qualify for an additional 5.0% volume discount with 20 or more qualifying toll transactions per month, calculated per transponder on accounts in good standing.

Also to assist customers, *PIKEPASS* Online services are available, ranging from applying for a *PIKEPASS* account to full account management. *PIKEPASS* customers may pay online by credit or debit card. Additionally, the OTA offers full service customer assistance at locations in Oklahoma City, Tulsa and Walters, as well as a mobile store which regularly services remote locations. The OTA also maintains full customer service stores within the Tourism Information Centers in Oklahoma City and Midwest City, as part of a continued partnership with the Department of Tourism.

The Turnpike System participates in national toll interoperability through both the Central U.S. Interoperability (CUSIOP) and Southeastern U.S Interoperability (SEIOP) networks, using Encompass 6 transponder readers with multi-protocol functionality. This allows *PIKEPASS* customers to use their *PIKEPASS* transponder on partner toll roads, bridges and tunnels, while partner customers may use their agency's respective transponder throughout the Turnpike System. In early 2023, the CUSIOP and the SEIOP became interoperable with each other; in June 2024, the CUSIOP expanded to include E-470 in Denver, Colorado. Members of the CUSIOP currently consist of the Kansas Turnpike Authority, the North Texas Tollway Authority, the Harris County Toll Road Authority, the Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority, the Fort Bend County Toll Road Authority and E-470. Members of the SEIOP consist of the Florida Turnpike Enterprise, Lee County, the Miami-Dade Expressway Authority and the Tampa Hillsborough Expressway Authority. The OTA continues to pursue further national interoperability with additional tolling entities.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The OTA takes pride in the recognition it has earned, each honor a reflection of the dedication and professionalism of its people. For the ninth consecutive year, the OTA and ODOT received the Keep America Beautiful National Award in the State Agency Partnership category, honoring their joint efforts in the Great American Clean Up across all 77 Oklahoma counties. Oklahoma has achieved 100% county participation for sixteen consecutive years, the only state in the nation to do so.

American Concrete Pavement Association presented the OTA as the Gold Award for Divided Highways – Urban Category for the I-344/John Kilpatrick Turnpike widening project in Oklahoma City. OTA's contractor was C3 Construction.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the OTA its Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, marking the 35th consecutive year the OTA has earned this distinction. To receive this honor, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, satisfying generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The OTA believes that its current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will submit it for consideration once again.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skilled and dedicated efforts of the Comptroller Division staff who prepared the report and the creative support of the Public Relations team. Appreciation is also due the OTA's management staff for their professional contributions to this report and to the OTA's independent auditors for their participation in the review of this report. Special appreciation is extended to Governor Stitt and the Authority Members. Support of the Authority's efforts to excel in the operational and financial management of the OTA is sincerely appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

THE OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY



John D. Jones, Chairman



Joe Echelle, Executive Director



Julie Porter, Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

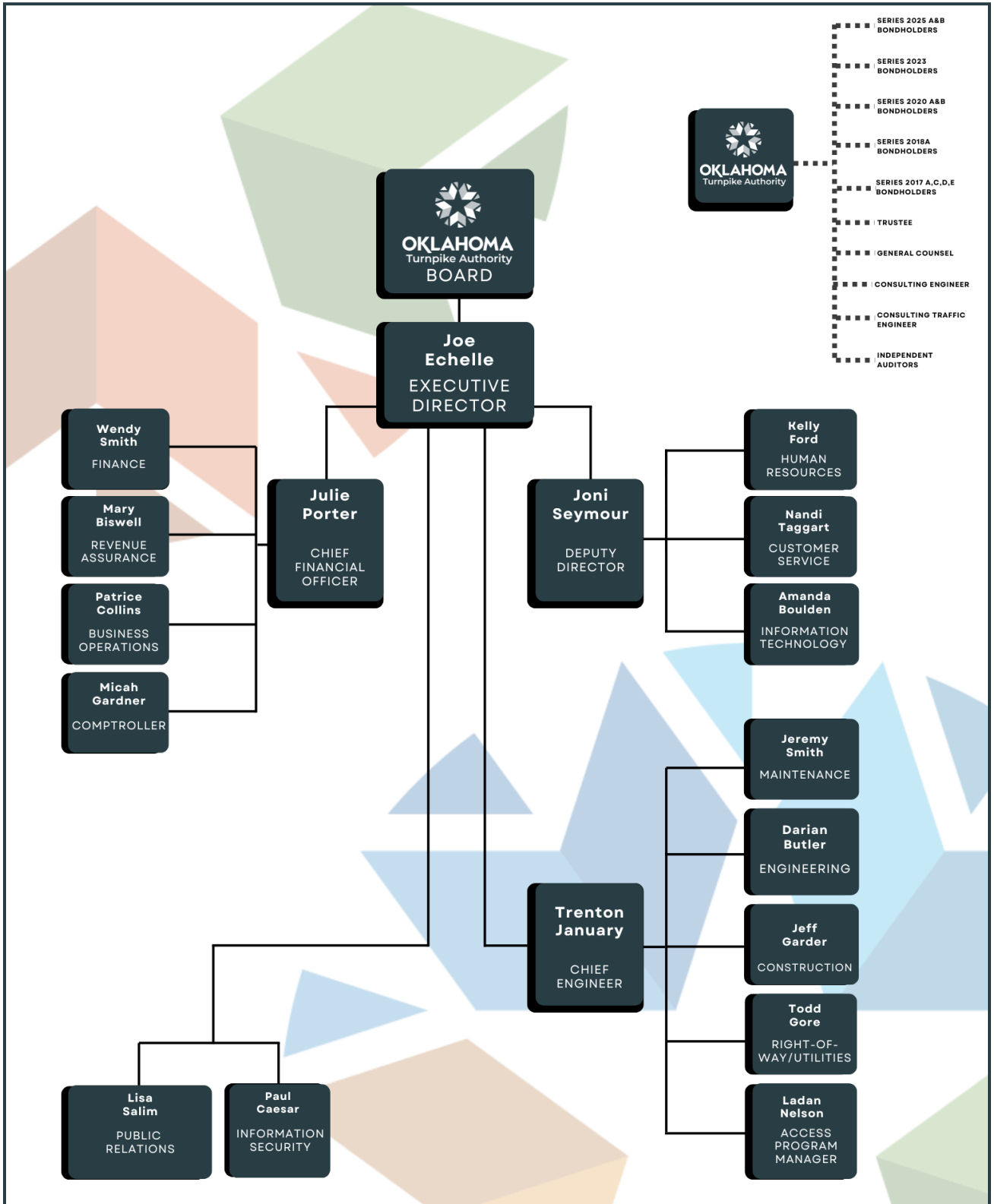
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority

For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2024

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

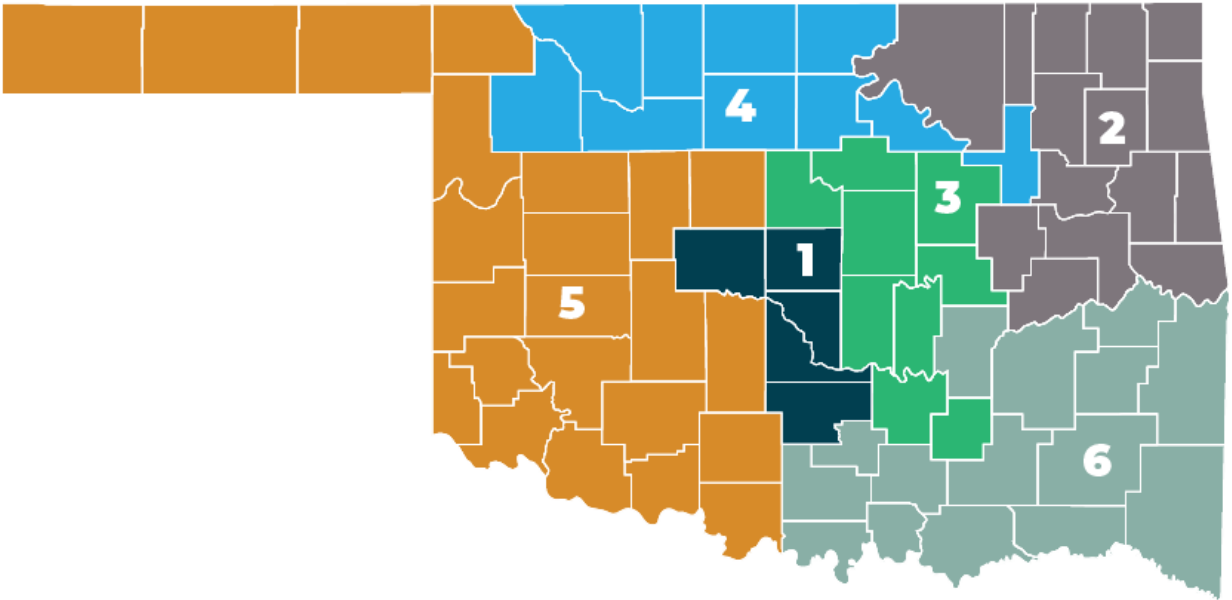




Chairman
JOHN D. JONES
District 1



Vice-Chairman
WILL L. BERRY
District 3



Secretary & Treasurer
TODD CONE
District 2



Member
DANA WEBER
District 4



Member
DAVID MADIGAN
District 5



Member
JOHN TITSWORTH
District 6



I-44/Turner Turnpike





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Independent Auditor's Report

Members
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (Authority), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2025, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, pension, and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of budget compared to actual operating expenses and schedule of annual debt service requirements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing

procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of budget compared to actual operating expenses and schedule of annual debt service requirements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2026 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

**Tulsa, Oklahoma
March 31, 2026**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

This section of the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority's (OTA) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of its financial performance during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section and the OTA's financial statements, as a whole.

Please note the OTA implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 102 'Certain Risk Disclosures' and Statement 103 'Financial Reporting Model Improvements', both effective January 1, 2025. The prior year financials have been adjusted in this management's discussion and analysis for the effects of these statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of this report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements with the notes to the financial statements and other supplementary information. The OTA's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units on an accrual basis.

The OTA reports all assets and liabilities of the Authority. Additionally, revenues and expenses are recognized in the period earned or incurred, which includes depreciation. The OTA's Financial Statements provide information about the OTA's overall financial status. The Notes to Financial Statements include explanation for certain items. Other supplementary information provides further required details.

The OTA's Trust Agreement dated February 1, 1989, as amended (the Trust) defines the flow of funds and establishes various unrestricted and restricted accounts. These accounts are referred to as "Funds" for discussion purposes but are consolidated for enterprise fund financial statement presentation. The Revenue Fund provides for the general operations of the Turnpike System and is directly impacted by fluctuations in operating results. The monies held in restricted accounts are held for specific purposes. A monthly transfer is made to the Reserve Maintenance Fund from revenues to fund budgeted Capital Plan projects. The required Reserve Maintenance Fund deposit is established by the Consulting Engineer during the annual review and evaluation of the Turnpike System. Residual funds not needed for other required purposes are transferred to the General Fund to be utilized as programmed.

In early 2022, the Authority announced a long-range program known as "ACCESS Oklahoma: Advancing and Connecting Communities and Economies Safely Statewide" (ACCESS). ACCESS is a multibillion dollar, 15-year long-range construction program to plan for future infrastructure needs along the Turnpike System and throughout the State, improve traffic safety and facilitate improved movement of people and products. A variety of projects are contemplated in this program, with projects identified across the Turnpike System.

Funding for this program will be generated through a variety of options available to the OTA, including the issuance of Second Senior Revenue Bonds. Engineer design projects and right-of-way acquisitions related to the ACCESS program slowed in 2023, while the Authority awaited turnpike bond validation from the Oklahoma Supreme Court. In the Summer of 2023, route validation was confirmed and the OTA entered the bond market. With the issuance of \$500.0 million in Series 2023 Second Senior Revenue Bonds, construction began on the first ACCESS project in early 2024. The OTA re-entered the bond market in early 2025 with the issuance of \$1,110.6 million in Series 2025A Second Senior Revenue Bonds to continue funding ACCESS Oklahoma. The OTA continues to maintain a stable financial outlook with 'AA-' bond ratings from Fitch, S&P and Moody's.

The Gilcrease was separately funded through an innovative partnership consisting of the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (the ODOT), municipalities and governmental entities, the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT), and Gilcrease Developers LLC (a competitively selected build-finance partner). In mid-November 2022, the Gilcrease achieved substantial completion, and the Authority closed on a \$120.1 million loan from the USDOT Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) program. A Non-System Trust Agreement defines the flow of funds and reporting requirements for the Gilcrease. This five-mile four-lane divided toll road includes 22 bridges, four major interchanges, and a 10-foot-wide multi-use trail. Two of the bridges span the Arkansas River. In addition to relieving congestion during peak travel periods, the Gilcrease improves connectivity between neighborhoods on opposite sides of the Arkansas River.

Additionally, the Authority continues its 5-year Capital Plan. The 2026 portion of the Capital Plan calls for spending approximately \$165.0 million for multiple capital projects. Approximately 73.4% of this funding is allocated to road and bridge projects, building projects and maintenance equipment and vehicles. The remaining portion of the Capital Plan budget is allocated to additional Information Technology services and equipment, service upgrades and other costs to sustain cashless tolling and continued support for the Oklahoma Highway Patrol academy. The Capital Plan will be funded by current resources and toll revenues.

TABLE 1 - STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)

	2025	2024	2023
Current assets	\$ 1,761.6	\$ 770.2	\$ 856.9
Noncurrent restricted and other assets	288.9	237.0	227.0
Capital, lease and SBITA* assets	3,051.5	2,767.0	2,626.0
Total assets	5,102.0	3,774.2	3,709.9
Total deferred outflows	20.9	31.0	44.3
Current Liabilities	252.4	222.3	198.1
Noncurrent Liabilities	3,352.1	2,246.0	2,332.8
Total liabilities	3,604.5	2,468.3	2,530.9
Total deferred inflows	26.4	20.8	20.3
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	931.5	855.3	738.0
Restricted	294.6	259.1	241.5
Unrestricted	265.9	201.7	223.5
Total net position	\$ 1,492.0	\$ 1,316.1	\$ 1,203.0

*Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

TABLE 2 - STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES & CHANGES IN NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)

	2025	2024	2023
		(as restated)	
Operating Revenues:			
Toll revenue	\$ 499.5	\$ 409.6	\$ 378.9
Concession revenue	2.8	2.5	2.8
Other operating revenue	53.3	42.2	–
Total operating revenues	555.6	454.3	381.7
Operating expenses, depreciation and amortization:			
Toll Operations	—	16.8	20.4
Turnpike Maintenance	28.5	31.1	31.9
Engineering	3.0	2.6	2.3
Construction	1.6	1.0	7.5
Right-of-Way and Utility	1.5	1.9	1.3
Highway Patrol	21.8	18.8	18.9
Customer Service	21.2	20.0	20.8
Human Resources	2.1	2.6	3.4
Information Technology	36.2	21.6	16.1
Comptroller	38.1	24.4	19.3
Finance	5.6	1.3	3.9
Business Operations	26.9	20.8	13.7
Revenue Assurance	0.5	0.4	0.3
Executive	4.6	5.1	6.5
Depreciation and amortization	137.5	120.1	116.9
Total operating expenses, depreciation and amortization	329.1	288.5	283.2
Operating income	226.5	165.8	98.5
Interest earned on investments and leased assets	66.5	39.7	18.9
Net increase in fair value of investments	14.7	2.8	8.2
Net increase (decrease) on sales of property and equipment	0.3	(6.4)	–
Interest Expense	(132.1)	(88.8)	(70.8)
Other non-operating revenues	–	–	30.2
Net non-operating (expenses)	(50.6)	(52.7)	(13.5)
Change in net position	175.9	113.1	85.0
Total net position (beginning of year)	1,316.1	1,203.0	1,118.0
Total net position (end of year)	\$ 1,492.0	\$ 1,316.1	\$ 1,203.0

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

NET POSITION

The Statements of Net Position report the OTA's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the OTA's assets and deferred outflows and its liabilities and deferred inflows. Total net position is one way to measure the OTA's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position can serve as a key performance indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. As shown in Table 1, the OTA's net position continues to increase. Total net position at December 31, 2025 increased \$175.9 million to approximately \$1,492.0 million, as compared to \$1,316.1 million at December 31, 2024; net position was \$1,203.0 million at December 31, 2023.

A significant factor of the current year increase in total net position can be identified in the 'Net investment in capital assets' category which has increased by \$76.2 million when compared to December 31, 2024; an increase of \$193.5 million is noted when compared to December 31, 2023. This category is calculated as the investment in capital, lease and subscription-based assets less related debt. The various activities related to the finalization of Driving Forward projects, Capital Plan projects and the issuance of the 2025A Second Senior Revenue Bonds for the ACCESS program are reflected in this increase.

The 'Restricted' net position monies are specifically restricted for uses related to debt service, reserve maintenance, the Gilcrease Expressway and pensions and OPEB. The 'Restricted' category, has increased \$35.5 million when compared to December 31, 2024; an increase of \$53.1 million is noted when compared to December 31, 2023. Continued reinvestment in the preservation of the Turnpike System, has resulted in a steady utilization of monies restricted for reserve maintenance.

Restricted for Gilcrease contains monies related to the operations, maintenance and debt service repayments specifically for the Gilcrease Expressway, as outlined in the Non-System Trust agreement. The amounts restricted for pension and OPEB fluctuates annually based on the OPERS calculation of the net pension and OPEB liability (asset) and the OTA's proportionate share of the same.

Another component of the change in total net position can be identified in the 'Unrestricted' category, which has increased \$64.2 million when compared to December 31, 2024; an increase of \$42.4 million is also noted when compared to December 31, 2023. The increase in the 'Unrestricted' category is primarily attributed to the net position reclassification of the capitalized interest portion of the 2023 and 2025A bonds.

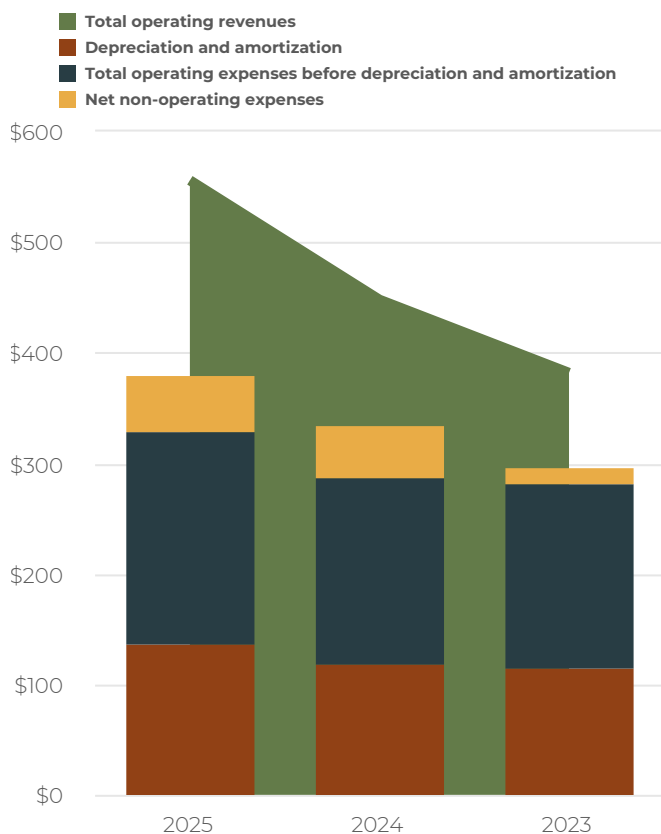
The rise in liabilities is due in large part to the 'ACCESS Oklahoma' long range program and the associated costs for design, construction and right-of-way acquisition. This fluctuation is also impacted by monies held in the Revenue and General Funds. These monies totaled approximately \$301.8 million at December 31, 2025, as compared to \$191.9 million and \$209.2 million at the close of 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The OTA has steadily demonstrated its commitment to the preservation of and investment in the Turnpike System through its funding of the Reserve Maintenance and General Funds through revenues, and when necessary, the issuance of Second Senior Revenue Bonds to fund certain improvement projects. Reserve Maintenance deposits must meet funding requirements established annually by the Consulting Engineer. These monies must be utilized for capital improvements on the Turnpike System. The on-going investment in the Turnpike System is the key factor of the continued increase in total net position.

FIGURE 3 - NET POSITION (IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



FIGURE 4 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



CHANGES IN NET POSITION

As depicted in Table 2 (page 23), the OTA's total operating revenues at December 31, 2025, were approximately \$555.6 million, 22.3% and 45.5% increases when compared to revenues of \$454.3 million and \$381.7 million for 2024 and 2023, respectively. Year-to-date toll revenues reported 30.8% over 2025 projections of \$381.8 million. In November 2025, the OTA marked the first full year of cashless tolling (PlatePay). This method of toll collection improves safety on the Turnpike System, and the free-flow traffic model adds a convenience to the traveling public. On cashless turnpikes, if a traveler does not have a *PIKEPASS* transponder, a scanner reads the vehicle's license plate, takes a photo and an invoice is sent. PlatePay travelers also have the option to enroll in the PlusPass mobile application. PlusPass partners with the OTA to provide this service. PlatePay customers using PlusPass receive a discount for using the mobile application as their preferred billing method.

The Creek Turnpike operated one cashless interchange since 2017, and the John Kilpatrick Turnpike became fully converted to cashless tolling in mid-2021. The Kickapoo, H.E. Bailey, Chickasaw and Cimarron Turnpikes were converted to cashless tolling during 2022 and the Gilcrease opened to the public in late November 2022 as a cashless facility. The remainder of the Creek, Cherokee and Muskogee Turnpikes were converted to electronic tolling in 2023. The cashless tolling conversion was

completed in November 2024 with the addition of the final Turnpikes on the System, the Indian Nation, Will Rogers and Turner.

Total toll transactions for 2025 continue to trend upward, reporting at 212.4 million transactions, in comparison to 211.6 million for 2024 and slightly under 206.1 for 2023. Passenger traffic accounted for 192.4 million and commercial traffic accounted for 20.0 million of the total transactions in 2025. The OTA is fully interoperable with all tolling entities participating in the Central United States Interoperability Hub (CUSIOP).

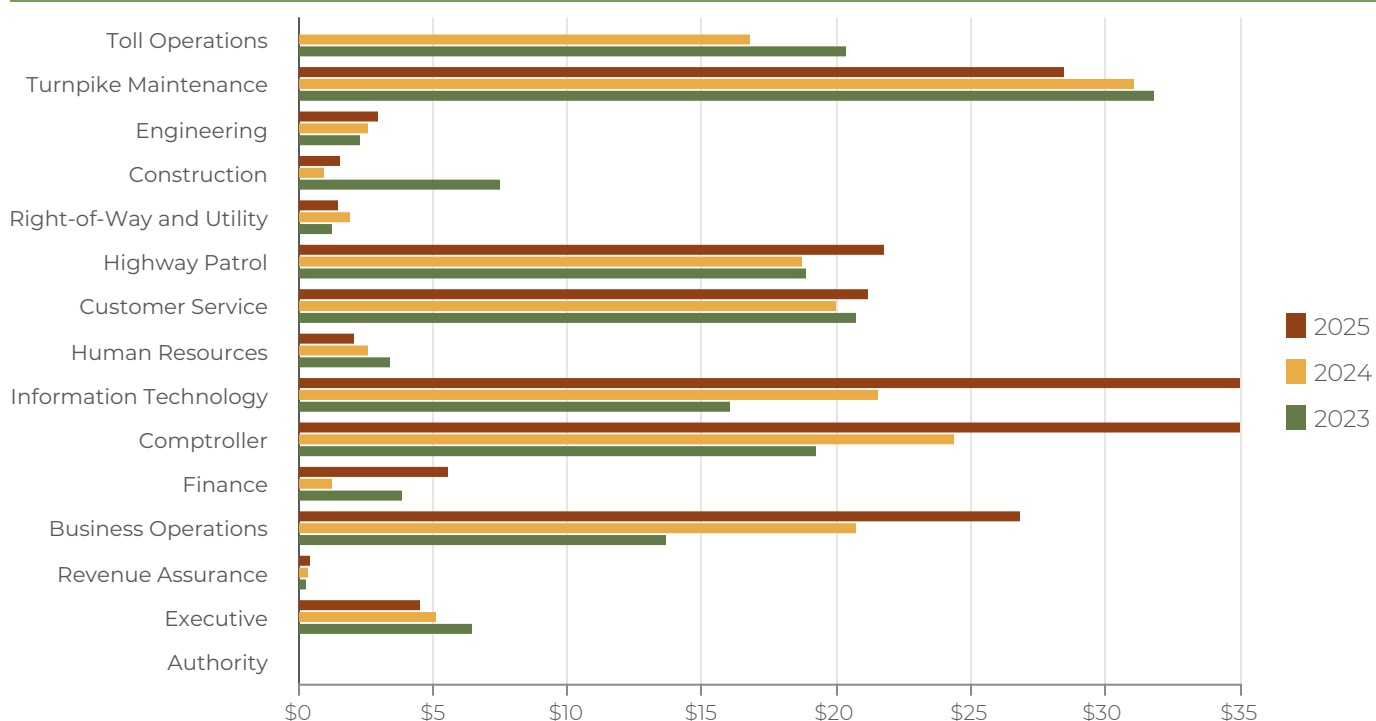
Current interoperable partners include the Kansas Turnpike Authority and the following partners in Texas: the North Texas Tollway Authority, the Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority (CTRMA), Ft. Bend County Toll Road Authority (Ft. Bend), Texas Department of Transportation, and Harris County Toll Road Authority. During 2024, E-470, a public tolling highway system that runs along the eastern perimeter of the Denver metropolitan area was added as a member of the CUSIOP Hub.

The OTA and other members of the CUSIOP hub, are interoperable with the Southeastern Interoperability hub (SEIOP). SEIOP includes four major tolling entities in Florida: Lee County, Florida Turnpike Enterprise, Miami Dade Expressway and Tampa Hillsborough Expressway Authority. This Hub-to-Hub relationship is the first in the nation as the move towards National interoperability is one step closer to becoming an attainable goal. Interoperability allows customers with a *PIKEPASS* transponder to travel on these other interoperable toll systems. Conversely, customers with eligible transponders from interoperable partners can travel the OTA Turnpike System; CTRMA, Ft. Bend, Lee County, Miami Dade Expressway and Tampa Hillsborough Expressway Authority do not issue transponders, and as such, do not have customers traveling on the OTA Turnpike System.

Total revenues derived from interoperability for 2025 comprised approximately \$38.8 million, or 7.8%, of the \$499.5 million of toll revenues. Interoperable transactions have reflected a steady growth rate since the original implementation in late 2014. For 2025, interoperable transactions totaled 14.5 million, or 6.8%, of 212.4 million total transactions. As the number of *PIKEPASS* customers using the Turnpike System grows, there is a similar impact on interoperability.

The total change in net position for 2025 is \$175.9 million, compared to the \$113.1 million total change for 2024. Total operating income increased \$60.7 million in comparison to 2024. The current year increase in the change in net position is attributed to a 21.9% increase in toll revenue compared to prior year along with an increase in miscellaneous operating revenue resulting from a variety of activities, including fees assessed for non-payment of tolls, fees earned through toll tag interoperability and the recovery of property damage sustained on the turnpike network.

FIGURE 5 - OPERATING EXPENSES (IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



Total operating expenses have experienced fluctuation from a division classification perspective the last few reporting periods as the OTA finalized the implementation of cashless tolling across the Turnpike System. On November 20, 2024, this initiative was completed with the last of the Turnpikes moving to all electronic tolling.

The total operating expenses in 2025 for the Comptroller division was \$38.1 million as compared to \$24.4 million in 2024. This 56.1% increase is the result of the conversion to cashless tolling. The Comptroller division is responsible for reconciliation of financial activity related to PlatePay and PIKEPASS. The preferred payment method by most customers is through credit card, the Comptroller division assumes bank and credit card processing costs associated with these payments. The division is also responsible for establishing a reasonable allowance for bad debt expenses for PlatePay and PIKEPASS and absorbs the expenses related to uncollectible PlatePay invoices.

The Business Operations division assumed certain costs related to PlatePay including image review, invoicing and collections. The total expenses for the Business Operations division was \$26.9 million in 2025, with \$20.9 million attributed directly to the cost of PlatePay invoicing and image review and \$5.2 million towards invoice collection efforts.

Information Technology (IT) operating expenses have increased over prior year, totaling to approximately \$36.2 million in 2025 when compared to \$21.6 million in 2024. As the last of the cash turnpikes concluded in late 2024, the Toll Operations divisions was dissolved and as such, costs related to the vehicle identification system for PlatePay and PIKEPASS transferred to

the IT division in 2025. The shift in this allocation accounted for over half of the operational cost increase for the IT division during the current year. The remaining variances were comprised of costs associated with upgraded software and equipment, improved network infrastructure and fiber renovations across the System. Maintenance costs associated with the interoperability and hub-to-hub connection with the Southeastern region of the United States is a contributing factor in the increase in IT expenses.

To adequately maintain trooper staffing levels on the Turnpike System, the OTA assisted in funding the 74th Oklahoma Highway Patrol trooper cadet academy. This contribution is reflected in the \$3.0 million increase in Highway Patrol operating expenses when compared to 2024 and \$2.9 million in comparison to 2023.

During the last reporting periods, all Driving Forward projects and several Capital Plan projects have been completed or reached substantial completion, resulting in an increase in depreciable capital assets. Accordingly, there is an increase in depreciation expense being recognized for these assets, with total depreciation and amortization expense increasing \$17.4 million over the prior year.

SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM FINANCING

CAPITAL ASSETS

The OTA has invested approximately \$5,597.1 million and \$5,206.0 million in capital, lease, and subscription assets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The primary components of depreciable capital assets include 'Roads and bridges' and 'Improvements'; non-depreciable components include 'Construction work in progress' (CWIP) and 'Land'. In 2025, accumulated depreciation and amortization on capital, lease and subscription-based information technology (SBITA) assets increased to \$2,545.6 million, a 4.4% increase as compared to the 2024 balance of \$2,439.1 million. This is the result of the capitalization of several projects in the 'Roads and Bridges', 'Improvements' and 'Equipment' categories.

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, total net capital, lease and subscription assets were \$3,051.5 million and \$2,767.0 million, an increase of 10.3%. When comparing end of year 2025 to December 31, 2023, net capital assets have increased 16.2%. Net capital assets at the close of 2023 were \$2,626.1 million (see Figure 6).

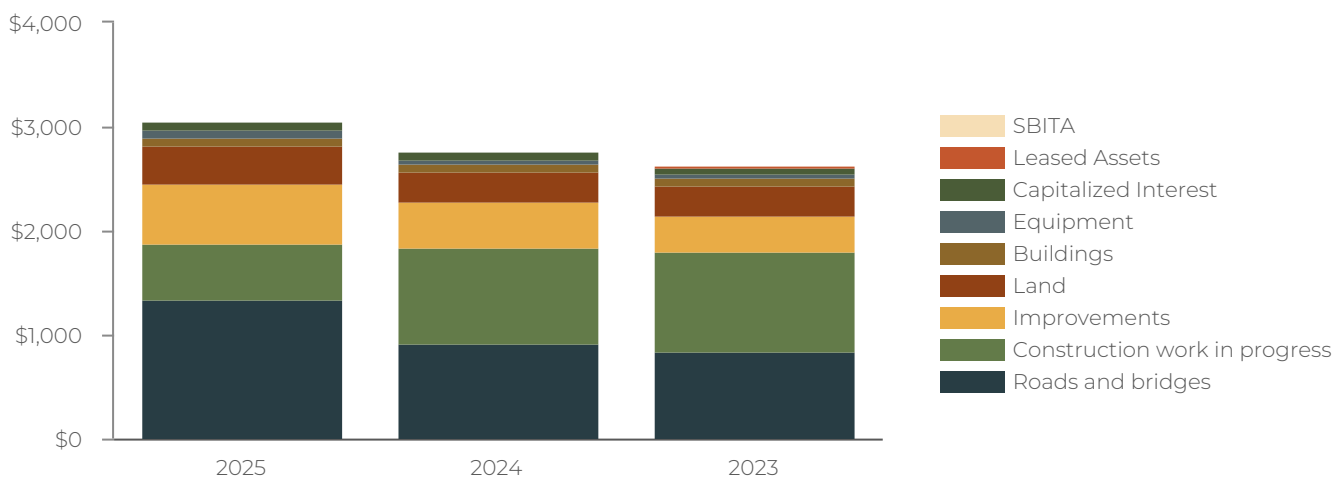
The largest increase in net capital assets is reflected in net depreciable assets, increasing to \$2,126.5 million at December 31, 2025 from \$1,553.2 million and \$1,372.7 million in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Capital assets include those associated with Driving Forward, the ACCESS Oklahoma program and the planned projects in the Capital Plan. At December 31, 2025, numerous projects were in progress across the Turnpike System, funded as appropriate for each project by the Reserve Maintenance, General and Construction Funds. The Construction Funds are associated with proceeds from the Series 2023 and 2025A Bonds issued for ACCESS Oklahoma.

The amounts in non-depreciable capital assets also result from activities related to the Driving Forward and ACCESS construction programs. Throughout the last reporting periods, several projects have been completed or reached substantial completion. The resulting increase reflects the transfer of costs from non-depreciable assets to the capitalization of completed road and bridge rehabilitation projects, along with road striping, drainage and signing improvements. The capitalization of these projects resulted in a decrease in non-depreciable assets of \$288.5 million when compared to December 31, 2024 and \$327.9 million in comparison to December 31, 2023.

Overall, CWIP decreased as of December 31, 2025 to \$548.9 million from \$911.9 million in 2024 and \$960.1 million in 2023. While CWIP has decreased with the capitalization of certain Capital Plan construction projects, the reduction is in part related to the capitalization of completed road and bridge projects associated with the finalization of the Driving Forward program. Since issuing bond in late 2023, the OTA has begun numerous large projects included in the ACCESS program, such as the Haikey Creek bridge rehabilitation on the Creek Turnpike, the 5-mile, 6-lane widening on the John Kilpatrick Turnpike and the bridge construction over the Canadian River, which when completed, will be the longest bridge in the State of Oklahoma. Additionally, design and construction work continues on Capital Plan improvements including bridge and pavement rehabilitation and guardrail reconstruction.

Capital assets were significantly affected by the continued purchase of additional right-of-way in 2025; the OTA began purchasing property in 2023 for the construction of the ACCESS program. By the close of 2025, the 'Land' category had increased approximately \$74.6 million from 2024 and \$83.4 million compared to 2023. For additional information regarding the OTA's capital, lease and subscription assets, please see Notes 11, 12, 13 and 14 to the financial statements.

FIGURE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION, IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Turnpike bond sales must be approved by the Council of Bond Oversight and must comply with rules and regulations of the U.S. Treasury Department and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. At December 31, 2025 the OTA's noncurrent long-term debt included revenue bonds payable, a USDOT TIFIA loan and a payable to the ODOT. The OTA had approximately \$3,044.7 million in revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2025. All of the OTA's bonds are fixed rate bonds, insured and rated Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service, and AA- by both Fitch Ratings and Standard and Poor's Rating Service with a stable rating outlook. The payable to the ODOT at December 31, 2025 and 2024 was approximately \$58.6 million and \$57.0 million, respectively.

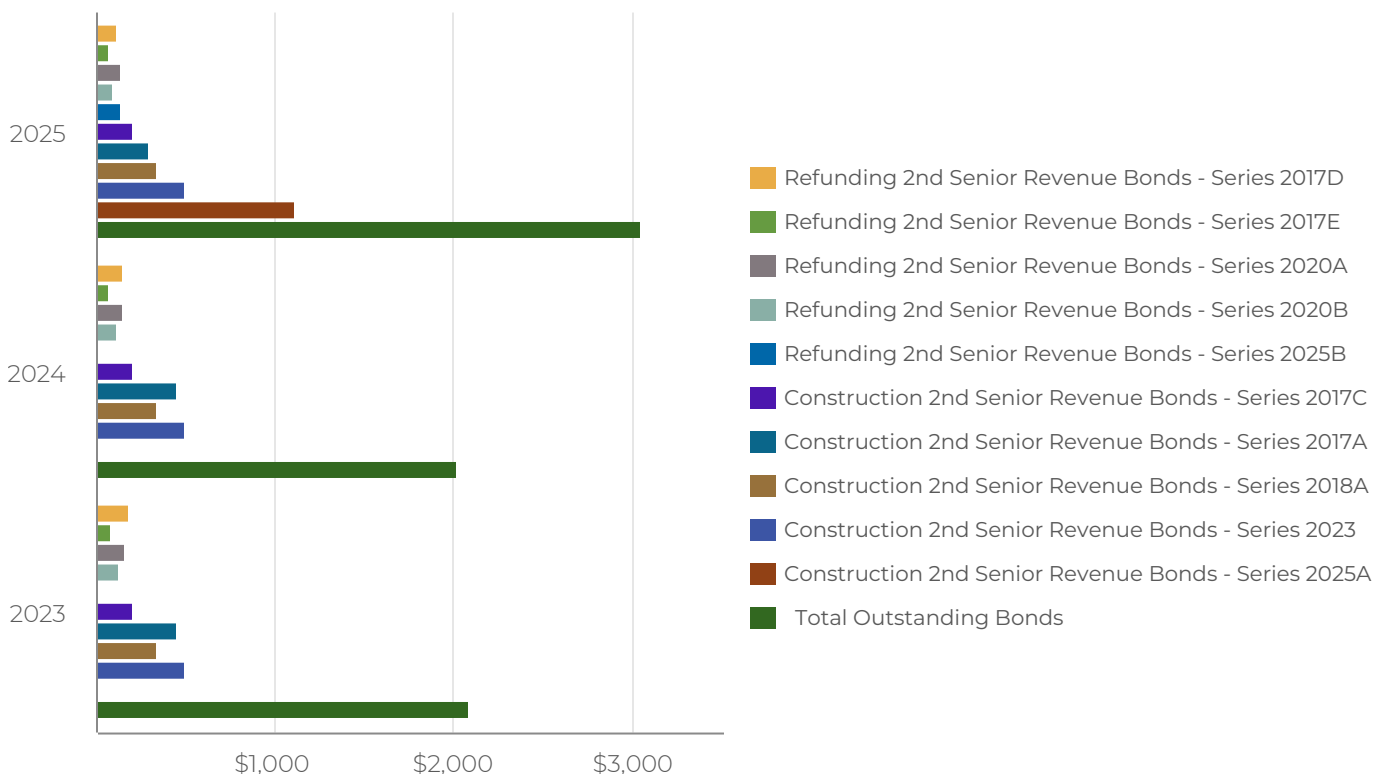
This USDOT TIFIA loan is reflected on the Statements of Net Position. This TIFIA loan is subject to a separate Non-System Trust Agreement, and the loan agreement contains elements specific to this long-term loan. Every January 1 or July 1 of the 'Capitalized Interest Period' of this loan, interest accrued on the TIFIA loan in the 6 months prior to said date shall be capitalized and added to the outstanding TIFIA loan balance. 'The Capitalized Interest Period' is defined as the period from and including the effective date to the first day of the initial payment.

On February 4, 2025, the Authority closed on the delivery of \$1,110.6 million in Series 2025A Second Senior Revenue Bonds and \$148.6 million in Series 2025B Second Senior Refunding Bonds. The Series 2025A bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the 'ACCESS' Oklahoma capital projects and the Series 2025B bonds are issued to refund a portion of the outstanding principal of the Series 2017A Bonds. These Series 2025 bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The net present value of the refunding was approximately \$12.0 million.

The OTA's other outstanding Second Senior Revenue Bonds and Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds were also structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. These bonds were issued in support of the Driving Forward program and to refund various other eligible bonds.

The last several issues have routinely resulted in a total all-in-cost of capital between 3.75% - 4.15%. For additional information on the OTA's long-term debt activity, please refer to Notes 4 and 14 to the financial statements.

FIGURE 7 - OUTSTANDING BONDS (IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

According to the "Oklahoma Economic Report," released by Oklahoma State Treasurer Todd Russ in February 2026, gross receipts to the Treasury were up 2.2% in comparison to 2025. According to Treasurer Russ sales and use tax collections came in slightly over expectations at \$506.8 million, a mild increase of 0.9% from February 2025; income tax receipts increased by 5.8% from prior year. Since the OTA does not receive appropriations, the OTA is not directly affected by the state budget fluctuations.

The Oklahoma unemployment rate remains low at 3.6%, as does the United States unemployment rate at 4.4% as of February 2026. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) decided in March 2026 to maintain the target interest rates to 3.5% - 3.75%. The FOMC state that they will continue to assess labor market conditions, inflation pressures and expectations and financial and international developments.

OTA's toll transactions for 2025 remain steady at approximately 212.4 million, a 0.4% increase compared to 211.6 million in 2024. Year to date net toll revenues for 2025 were \$499.5 million, a 21.9% increase from previous year revenues of \$409.6 million, and a 38.1% increase when compared to 2023 net toll revenues of \$378.9 million. Toll revenues for 2026 are projected at \$458.1 million.

CONTACTING THE OTA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide OTA's bondholders, customers and other interested parties with a general overview of the OTA's finances and to demonstrate the OTA's accountability for its financial operations.

Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Oklahoma Turnpike Authority's Comptroller Division

P. O. Box 11357

Oklahoma City, OK 73136-0357.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025	2024
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents-unrestricted (note 3)	\$ 288,870,390	\$ 179,537,761
Investments-unrestricted (note 3)	12,935,343	12,342,502
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted (note 3)	1,221,998,344	477,246,548
Investments-restricted (note 3)	175,259,175	44,587,449
Accounts receivable (note 17)	48,658,178	43,124,366
Public-Private Partnership arrangement receivable (note 13)	1,054,117	896,903
Accrued interest receivable-unrestricted	151,963	156,852
Accrued interest receivable-restricted	1,372,890	1,350,604
Tag inventory	369,042	532,298
Materials inventory	7,268,517	8,193,509
Prepaid expenses	3,650,300	2,284,940
Total current assets	<u>1,761,588,259</u>	<u>770,253,732</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted (note 3)	52,723,428	31,837,370
Investments - restricted (note 3)	208,959,758	190,136,204
Public-Private Partnership arrangement receivable (note 13)	8,155,131	9,132,640
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents, investments and receivables	<u>269,838,317</u>	<u>231,106,214</u>
Capital, Lease and SBITA* assets (notes 11,12 and 14):		
Depreciable, net	2,126,469,103	1,553,167,539
Lease assets, net	1,122,466	1,697,406
SBITA, net	993,309	601,896
Land	374,095,275	299,527,894
Construction work in process	548,867,588	911,946,902
Net capital assets	<u>3,051,547,741</u>	<u>2,766,941,637</u>
Net OPEB asset (note 10)	2,695,176	2,015,130
Net pension asset (note 8)	16,390,316	3,884,109
Total noncurrent assets	<u>3,340,471,550</u>	<u>3,003,947,090</u>
Total assets	<u>5,102,059,809</u>	<u>3,774,200,822</u>
Deferred outflows of resources		
Unamortized net deferred debit on refunding (note 4)	18,998,730	27,848,551
Related to pensions (note 8)	1,116,945	1,931,238
Related to OPEB (note 10)	801,142	1,252,505
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>20,916,817</u>	<u>31,032,294</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (note 17)	31,346,281	27,521,854
Payable from restricted assets:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses payable (note 17)	18,541,445	20,858,551
Accrued interest payable	70,545,907	46,031,715
Unearned revenue	55,126,252	53,070,040
Lease liability (note 12)	652,522	896,880
SBITA liability (note 14)	255,043	87,891
Arbitrage rebate payable to U.S. Treasury	444,072	1,969,931
Current portion of long-term debt (note 4)	75,535,965	71,880,000
Total current liabilities	<u>252,447,487</u>	<u>222,316,862</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (note 17)	2,087,007	1,969,027
Net OPEB liability (note 10)	2,405,001	2,393,083
Lease liability (note 12)	391,691	796,250
SBITA liability (note 14)	249,282	69,088
Long-term debt, net of unamortized net premiums of \$193,937,848 and \$114,742,583 in 2025 and 2024, respectively	3,164,057,848	2,060,202,583
USDOT TIFIA loan (note 4 and 15)	124,273,854	123,561,114
Payable to Department of Transportation (note 5)	58,634,769	57,036,215
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>3,352,099,452</u>	<u>2,246,027,360</u>
Total liabilities	<u>3,604,546,939</u>	<u>2,468,344,222</u>
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unamortized net deferred credit on refunding (note 4)	8,111,958	7,466,242
Related to pensions (note 8)	8,838,874	2,944,348
Related to OPEB (note 10)	1,469,474	1,471,776
Related to PPPs (note 13)	7,979,739	8,939,586
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>26,400,045</u>	<u>20,821,952</u>
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	931,514,703	855,307,353
Restricted for Gilcrease	31,411,269	20,948,536
Restricted for debt service	195,336,080	207,707,415
Restricted for reserve maintenance	48,761,540	24,473,874
Restricted for pension and OPEB	19,085,492	5,899,239
Unrestricted	265,920,558	201,730,525
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,492,029,642</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,066,942</u>
Commitments and contingencies (note 18 and 19)		

*Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025	2024 <i>(as restated - note 20)</i>
Operating revenues		
Tolls	\$ 499,487,300	\$ 409,640,389
Concessions	2,779,886	2,466,616
Other operating revenues	53,296,379	42,247,632
Total operating revenues	555,563,565	454,354,637
Operating expenses		
Toll Operations	—	16,820,938
Turnpike Maintenance	28,491,970	31,108,611
Engineering	2,957,312	2,628,708
Construction	1,554,156	984,950
Right-of-Way and Utility	1,479,785	1,883,741
Highway Patrol	21,834,570	18,806,609
Customer Service	21,190,725	19,990,178
Human Resources	2,152,459	2,656,217
Information Technology	36,196,463	21,620,422
Comptroller	38,095,332	24,363,743
Finance	5,604,837	1,254,223
Business Operations	26,859,931	20,822,901
Revenue Assurance	475,358	388,661
Executive	4,558,723	5,126,555
Authority	10,648	6,423
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	191,462,269	168,462,880
Operating income before depreciation and amortization	364,101,296	285,891,757
Depreciation and amortization	(137,510,326)	(120,054,288)
Operating income	226,590,970	165,837,469
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest earned on investments and leased assets	66,489,431	39,724,731
Net increase in fair value of investments	14,637,712	2,828,966
Net increase (decrease) on sales of property and equipment	370,937	(6,405,196)
Interest expense	(132,126,350)	(88,882,986)
Net non-operating expenses	(50,628,270)	(52,734,485)
Change in net position	175,962,700	113,102,984
Total net position, beginning of the year	1,316,066,942	1,202,963,958
Total net position, end of the year	\$ 1,492,029,642	\$ 1,316,066,942

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025	2024 <i>(as restated - note 20)</i>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$ 522,816,152	\$ 426,143,689
Receipts from concessionaires	2,643,737	2,251,851
Receipts from other sources	24,207,474	23,784,090
Payments to service providers	(135,795,048)	(126,660,340)
Payments to employees	(47,607,784)	(51,181,817)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	366,264,531	274,337,473
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Proceeds from motor fuel tax apportionment transfers	63,312,585	61,985,920
Payments to the Department of Transportation (ODOT)	(63,312,585)	(61,985,920)
Issuance of long-term debt	193,394,927	-
Premium on issuance of long-term debt	14,055,821	-
Interest earned and recorded as payable to the ODOT	1,598,554	1,250,244
Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities	209,049,302	1,250,244
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Issuance of long-term debt	1,062,690,723	-
Transfer from escrow for defeased bonds	(163,965,840)	-
Premium on issuance of long-term debt	86,438,050	-
Payment of bond issuance costs	(1,318,430)	568
Principal payment to retire revenue bonds	(71,880,000)	(69,300,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds outstanding	(113,653,004)	(84,880,227)
Interest paid on leased and SBITA assets	(69,320)	(86,579)
Principal payments on leased assets	(301,571)	(363,300)
Interest revenue received from leases	484,390	519,465
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(428,554,177)	(259,581,718)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	774,450	3,568,943
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	370,645,271	(410,122,848)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(250,082,720)	(60,843,854)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	114,632,311	58,495,146
Interest received	65,987,647	39,168,150
(Decrease) Increase in arbitrage funds payable to U.S. Treasury	(1,525,859)	963,734
Net cash flows provided by investing activities	(70,988,621)	37,783,176
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	874,970,483	(96,751,955)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1 (including \$509,083,918 and \$588,213,995 for 2025 and 2024 respectively, reported in restricted assets)	688,621,679	785,373,634
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31 (including \$1,274,721,772 and \$509,083,918 for 2025 and 2024 respectively, reported in restricted assets)	<u>\$ 1,563,592,162</u>	<u>\$ 688,621,679</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

(Continued)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025	2024 <i>(as restated - note 20)</i>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 226,590,970	\$ 165,837,469
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	137,510,326	120,054,288
Payment of bond issuance cost expensed	4,422,240	(568)
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(1,380,339)	(6,340,712)
Decrease in PPP receivable	820,295	693,269
(Increase) in prepaid expense	(1,365,360)	(343,510)
Decrease in tag inventory	163,256	857,061
Decrease (Increase) in materials inventory	924,992	(505,102)
(Increase) in net OPEB asset	(680,046)	(524,659)
(Increase) in net pension asset	(12,506,207)	(3,884,109)
(Increase) in deferred outflows related to pensions	(2,216,181)	(2,654,843)
Decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions	3,030,474	7,674,039
Decrease (Increase) in deferred outflows related to OPEB	451,363	(586,710)
(Decrease) Increase in net pension liability	(3,581,207)	873,292
Increase (Decrease) in net pension liability related to pension deferrals	3,581,206	(6,214,598)
(Decrease) in net OPEB liability	(219,067)	(388,184)
Increase in net OPEB liability related to OPEB deferrals	230,985	1,118,307
Increase in deferred inflows related to pensions	5,894,526	2,424,668
(Decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(2,302)	(6,938)
(Decrease) in deferred inflows related to leases	(959,847)	(907,376)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,498,242	(5,609,135)
Increase in unearned revenue	2,056,212	2,771,524
Total adjustments	139,673,561	108,500,004
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 366,264,531	\$ 274,337,473
Noncash investing, capital, and financing items:		
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	\$ 370,937	\$ (6,405,196)
Unrealized gain on investments	12,754,901	2,964,670
Capital assets included in accounts payable and accrued expenses	25,126,661	24,052,941
Addition of lease and SBITA assets	(1,026,521)	-
Interest added to principal on TIFIA loan	(1,673,704)	(1,653,588)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (the Authority), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Authority has adopted the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Oklahoma Turnpike Authority is an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma (the State) and a body corporate and politic created by statute in 1947. The Authority is authorized to construct, maintain, repair, and operate turnpike projects at locations authorized by the Legislature of the State of Oklahoma and approved by the State Department of Transportation. The Authority receives its revenues from turnpike tolls and a percentage of the turnpike concession sales. The Authority may issue Turnpike Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying the costs of turnpike projects and Turnpike Revenue Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding any bonds of the Authority then outstanding. Turnpike Revenue Bonds are payable solely from the tolls and other revenues of the Authority and do not constitute indebtedness of the State.

The Authority is a component unit of the State and is combined with other component units and presented as a single column in the State's Government-Wide Financial Statements. Additionally, the Authority is represented individually on the State's Combining Statements for Component Units. The Authority's governing body consists of the Governor (ex-officio) and six members, two appointed by the Governor, two by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and two by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. Appointed Authority members may be removed at any time, with cause, by the appointing official. The members are appointed to represent defined geographical districts and to serve without pay for terms of six years. The Authority has full control over all operations, but must comply with certain bond indentures and Trust Agreements. The Authority employs an Executive Director to manage the day-to-day operations.

In evaluating how to define the Authority, for financial reporting purposes, management has determined that there are no entities over which the Authority exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the Authority. Since the Authority does not exercise significant influence or accountability over other entities, it has no component units.

B. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The operations of the Authority are accounted for as an enterprise fund on an accrual basis in order to recognize the flow of economic resources. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are

recognized in the period in which they are incurred, depreciation of assets is recognized, and all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Authority are included in the Statements of Net Position. The principal revenues of the Authority are toll revenues received from customers. Deposits of prepayments from *PIKEPASS* customers are recorded as unearned revenue on the Statements of Net Position and are recognized as toll revenue when earned. The Authority recognizes rental fees received from concessionaires from PPP arrangements on concession property as operating revenue. Other operating revenue results from a variety of activities including fees assessed for non-payment of tolls, fees earned through toll tag interoperability, the recovery for property damages sustained on the turnpike system, and other ancillary sources. In prior years, these revenues were reported as non-operating income. Due to the implementation of GASB 103, specific revenues have been reclassified in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position from non-operating revenue to operating. Operating expenses for the Authority include the costs of operating the turnpikes, administrative expenses, depreciation on capital assets and the amortization of lease assets and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of non-operating revenues and expenses are reported as operating revenues and expenses.

The prevailing Trust Agreement dated February 1, 1989, and all supplements thereto (the Trust Agreement) require that the Authority adopt generally accepted accounting principles for government entities, but it also requires that certain funds and accounts be established and maintained. The Authority consolidates these funds and accounts for the purpose of enterprise fund presentation in its external financial statements.

C. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

At January 1, 2025, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 102 'Certain Risk Disclosures'. The primary objective of this statement is to provide essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. There was no effect to beginning net position.

At January 1, 2025, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 103 'Financial Reporting Model Improvements'. This Statement's objective is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The pronouncement did not have a major impact on the financial statements presented. The most significant change is reflected in the format of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the classification of certain operating revenues and expenses. The Authority does not have any noncapital subsidies. Additional information for GASB 103 can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

D. BUDGET

Operating budgets are adopted on a modified accrual (non-GAAP) basis for Revenue Fund expenses, Reserve Maintenance Fund deposits and General Fund project expenses. Project-length financial plans are established for Reserve Maintenance and General Fund projects and for all new construction projects. All non-project related, unexpended budget amounts lapse at calendar year end. Expenses are recognized in the period in which they are paid rather than the period in which they are incurred for budgetary control purposes. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense, but capital outlays are recognized as expenses for budgetary control purposes. These expenses are reclassified for the purpose of preparing financial reports in accordance with GAAP.

See additional information regarding legal compliance for budgets in Note 2.

E. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits. Cash equivalents include all highly liquid deposits with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased. These deposits are fully collateralized or covered by federal deposit insurance. The carrying amount of the investments is fair value. The net change in fair value of investments is recorded on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and includes the unrealized and realized gains and losses on investments.

F. INVENTORY

Inventories of *PIKEPASS* transponders are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in-first-out method. These inventories are charged to expense during the period in which they are consumed (provided to customers), in accordance with the consumption method.

Inventories of turnpike maintenance materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or market using the average cost method. These inventories are charged to expense in the period in which the maintenance or repair occurs.

G. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain proceeds of the Turnpike Revenue Bonds are restricted by applicable bond covenants for construction or set aside as reserves to ensure repayment of the bonds. Certain assets advanced to the Authority monthly from motor fuel excise taxes are restricted in accordance with the Trust Agreement for the purpose of paying debt interest and principal if other available sources are not sufficient (see Note 5). Also, certain other assets are accumulated and restricted on a monthly basis in accordance with the Trust Agreement for the purpose of paying debt interest and principal payments that are due on a semi-annual and annual basis, respectively, and for the purpose of maintaining the reserve funds at the required levels. Payments from these restricted accounts are strictly governed by the Trust Agreement and are only made in compliance with the Trust Agreement. Limited types of expenses may be funded from these restricted accounts. When funds are not sufficiently available in these restricted accounts, or if expenses do not meet these standards, expenses are funded from unrestricted accounts. The funds and accounts are established as follows:

- The “Senior Bond Interest and Sinking Accounts” are established as sinking funds for the payment of interest and principal of the senior lien revenue bonds.
- The “Subordinate Bond Interest and Sinking Accounts” are established as sinking funds for the payment of interest and principal of the subordinate lien revenue bonds.
- The “Senior Bond Reserve Accounts” are established for the purpose of paying interest and maturing principal in the event that monies held in the “Senior Bond Interest and Sinking Accounts” and “Turnpike Trust Fund,” and monies available in the “General Fund” and “Reserve Maintenance Fund” are insufficient for such purpose.
- The “Subordinate Bond Reserve Account” is established for the purpose of paying interest and maturing principal in the event that monies held in the “Subordinate Bond Interest and Sinking Accounts” and “Turnpike Trust Fund,” and monies available in the “General Fund” and “Reserve Maintenance Fund” are insufficient for such purpose.
- The “Turnpike Trust Fund” is established for the purpose of depositing and segregating the apportionments of motor fuel excise taxes by the Oklahoma Tax Commission derived from fuel consumed on all Authority turnpikes and can be used only to compensate for any deficiency in the monies otherwise available for the payment of bond interest and principal (see Note 5).
- The “Reserve Maintenance Fund” is established for the purpose of applying and holding monies in reserve to pay the cost of resurfacing, extraordinary maintenance or repairs, engineering expenses, insurance premiums or self-insurance reserves and interest and maturing principal if monies in the “Senior Bond Interest and Sinking Accounts” and “Subordinate Bond Interest and Sinking Accounts” are insufficient for such purposes.
- The “Construction Funds” are established for the purpose of holding bond proceeds and other financing sources to be used to pay the costs of turnpike construction or improvements.
- The “Gilcrease O & M Account” is established for the purpose of paying operational and maintenance expenses to maintain the Gilcrease Expressway.
- The “Gilcrease Revenue Fund” is established for the purpose of revenues derived from the daily operations of the Gilcrease Expressway.
- The “Gilcrease Debt Service and Debt Service Reserve Account” are established for the purpose of paying interest and principal related to the USDOT TIFIA loan.
- The “Gilcrease Residual Account” is established to hold monies in reserve to fund any debt service, debt service reserve, major maintenance or operations and maintenance deposits in the event of a deficiency.

The Authority has also established the following additional funds by policy for the purpose of restricting monies for which the Authority is liable to others:

- The “Arbitrage Rebate and Interest Fund” is established for the purpose of holding and paying arbitrage investment earnings to the U.S. Treasury as a result of investing tax exempt bond proceeds at rates of return exceeding the maximum amount that is permitted under the applicable tax code.
- The “PIKEPASS Prepayment Fund” is established for the purpose of receiving and holding prepayments received from turnpike customers using the electronic vehicle identification method of paying tolls.

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

GASB 101 requires the portions of sick and annual leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled to be recorded as an expense and a liability. The portion that is estimated to be due within one year is included with the current liabilities.

I. CAPITAL, LEASE, AND SUBSCRIPTION ASSETS

All capital assets are stated at cost. Capital assets are defined as assets with initial, individual costs exceeding \$5,000 to \$25,000 depending on asset category. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Roads and bridges	30 years
Improvements	5-30 years
Buildings	5-30 years
Equipment	3-7 years
Capitalized Interest	10-30 years

A full month’s depreciation is taken the month an asset is placed in service. When property and equipment are disposed, depreciation is removed from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recorded.

With the implementation of GASB 89 in 2019, interest costs incurred during periods of construction are recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Interest costs incurred before 2019 and are an ancillary charge as a component of construction work in progress (CWIP) will be capitalized upon project completion and then amortize naturally. The amount of interest transferred from CWIP was approximately \$9.5 and \$13.9 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively. The amortization expenses associated with ‘capitalized interest’ was \$4.9 and \$4.4 million in 2025 and 2024.

Prior to 2019, interest costs incurred on revenue bonds used to finance the construction or acquisition of assets were capitalized. The amount of interest capitalized was calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. As projects financed by these revenue bonds were finalized, the interest cost became eligible for capitalization on other qualified assets. Additionally, the Authority allocated and capitalized interest for other constructed assets by applying the cost of borrowing rate to qualifying assets. Amortization of capitalized interest is included in depreciation expense. Approximately \$138.2 and \$92.0 million in interest expense was incurred in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Authority, as lessee, has entered into multiple lease agreements for equipment and rental space with terms that vary but do not exceed a five year term. In compliance with the adoption of GASB 87, a lease asset with a corresponding lease liability is recorded for any qualifying lease assets.

The lease assets are initially recorded as the sum of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and initial direct costs that are ancillary charged necessary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. The Authority reported approximately \$0.9 million in amortization expense for lease years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Subscription-based information technology arrangements assets are recognized at the subscription commencement date and represent the Authority’s right to use the underlying intangible asset for the stated subscription term. The right-to-use subscription assets are initially measured as the sum of the initial subscription liability, including any payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription and should include any capitalizable implementation costs less any incentives from the vendor received at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The right-to-use subscription assets are amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The Authority recognized approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million in amortization expense for years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Capital, lease and subscription assets are subject to evaluation of possible impairment when circumstances indicate that related changes in carrying value may not be recoverable. Any impairment losses are reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The Authority did not experience any impairments during the years reported.

J. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP RECEIVABLE AND RELATED DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The Authority, as transferor, enters into various non-cancelable contracts with concessionaires that provide services along the Turnpike System. These contracts are for up to a term of twenty years and generally contain optional renewal periods up to five years. In compliance with GASB provisions regarding public-private partnerships (PPP), a PPP arrangement receivable and deferred inflow of resources are recorded for the concessionaire arrangements at commencement. The PPP arrangement receivable is initially measured at the present value of the future payments expected to be received during the agreement term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial measurement of the PPP arrangement receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the term that relate to future periods, less any incentives paid at or before the commencement of the term. The total amount of deferred inflows of resources for PPP arrangements was \$8.0 and \$8.9 million at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Interest revenue on the PPP arrangements receivable is recognized using the effective interest method. The deferred inflow of resources for PPP arrangements is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement.

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OTHER THAN PENSIONS AND OPEB

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position also include, deferred outflows of resources, which represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future reporting periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources or expense until then; deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position. Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to future reporting periods; deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position. The unamortized net deferred debit and credit on refunding represents the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

L. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS AND OPEB

As mentioned above, deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net assets that is applicable to future reporting periods and have a positive effect on net position. Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to future reporting periods; deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position. For pension and OPEB reporting purposes, collective pension and OPEB expense include the differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension and OPEB liabilities and the changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of all employees, at the beginning of the measurement period, provided with pensions through the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the OPERS Plan) and OPEB through the Health Insurance Subsidy Plan (the HISP Plan) and the State of Oklahoma Implicit Rate Subsidy of Health Insurance (the EGID Plan). The portion of these amounts not included in collective pension and OPEB expenses are included in collective deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB. Similarly, collective pension and OPEB expenses include the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments amortized over a closed five-year period. The portion of these amounts not included in collective pension expense is included in collective deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB. See Notes 8 and 10.

M. PENSIONS AND OPEB

For pension and OPEB purposes of measuring the net liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPERS Plans, the HISP Plan and the EGID Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See Notes 8 and 10 for further discussions.

N. NET BOND PREMIUMS AND BOND ISSUANCE COSTS

Net bond premiums are presented as additions to bonds payable on the Statements of Net Position and are amortized over the life of the bonds on a method that approximates the effective interest method. Amortization expense related to net bond premiums was approximately \$15.6 and \$12.7 million for 2025 and 2024, respectively. Amortization expense is a component of interest expense on revenue bonds outstanding on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

O. ARBITRAGE REBATE PAYABLE

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposed additional restrictive regulations, reporting requirements and arbitrage rebate liability on issuers of tax-exempt debt. This Act requires the remittance to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) of 90% of the cumulative rebatable arbitrage within 60 days of the end of each five-year reporting period following the issuance of governmental bonds. The cumulative arbitrage rebate liability was \$0.4 and \$2.0 million at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

P. INCOME TAXES

The Authority is an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma. As such, income earned in exercising its essential government functions is exempt from state or federal income taxes.

Q. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. REVISIONS

Certain immaterial revisions have been made to the 2024 financial statements related to a reclassification within net position categories and current versus restricted investments. These revisions did not have a significant effect on the financial statement line items impacted.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE BUDGETS

On or before October 10 each year the Authority is required to prepare a preliminary budget of current expenses, monthly deposits to the Reserve Maintenance Fund, and the purposes for which the monies held in the Reserve Maintenance Fund will be expended for the ensuing year. Copies of the preliminary budget must be filed with the bond Trustee and each depository, and mailed to the consulting engineers, traffic engineers and all bondholders who have filed their names and addresses with the Secretary and Treasurer of the Authority. If the Trustee or the owners of 5% in aggregate principal amount of outstanding bonds request the Authority in writing on or before November 1 in such a year, the Authority shall hold a public hearing on or before November 20. The Authority is required by the Trust Agreement to adopt a final budget on or before December 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by division at the object detail level, and includes information regarding the preceding year. Project-length financial plans are established for all new construction projects.

The Authority may not expend any amount or incur any obligations for maintenance, repairs and operations in excess of the total amount of the budgeted expenses in the Revenue Fund unless the funding source is other than revenues received from the Turnpike System. The Authority may expend additional monies from the Reserve Maintenance Fund in excess of the budget of monthly deposits. The Director is authorized to approve all line item and inter-division budget transfers. Budget amendments must be approved by the governing body in a manner similar to the adoption of the annual budget. There were no occurrences of budget noncompliance in 2025 or 2024.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying amounts of the Authority's cash deposits were \$19.7 million and \$13.9 million, respectively. The bank balances were \$13.0 million and \$15.4 million, respectively. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying amount and bank balances of the Authority's cash equivalents were \$1,543.8 and \$674.7 million, respectively. Under the terms of the Trust Agreement, all monies deposited with the Trustee in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall be continuously secured with collateralized securities held by the Authority's agent in the Authority's name. The Authority has complied with the terms of the Trust Agreement in 2025 and 2024.

INVESTMENTS

The fair values of the Authority's investments at December 31, 2025 and 2024, were \$397.2 million and \$247.1 million, respectively.

CREDIT RISK

The Trust Agreement establishes the investment policy for the Authority. Under the terms of the Trust Agreement, the Authority can invest in:

- a. government obligations, federally issued or guaranteed bonds, debentures or notes
- b. defeased municipal obligations
- c. repurchase agreements meeting certain conditions defined in the Authority's Trust Agreement
- d. certificates of deposit and time deposits in, or interests in money market portfolios meeting certain conditions defined in the Authority's Trust Agreement
- e. commercial paper
- f. obligations and full faith and credit obligations of state or local government issuers
- g. shares of stock in a corporation that is a regulated investment company and invests all of its assets in government obligations; and/or...
- h. any unsecured or secured agreement with the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or any bank, trust company or national banking association or a corporation meeting certain conditions defined in the Authority's Trust Agreement.

The Authority's 2025 and 2024 investments in Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) debt securities were rated Aa1 and Aaa, respectively, by Moody's Investor Services (Moody's) and AA+ by S&P. The Authority's 2025 and 2024 investments in FNMA (Fannie Mae) debt securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) debt securities, and Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB) debt securities were rated Aa1 and Aaa, respectively, by Moody's, AA+ by S&P and AA+ by Fitch Rating (Fitch). All of the Authority's investments in U.S. debt instruments are issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Authority also has an investment policy for funds not pledged as security under the Trust Agreement. Under this policy, which currently applies only to the Prepaid PIKEPASS Fund, these funds can be invested in equity securities, fixed income securities and cash equivalents. The portfolio must be invested with a minimum investment in equity securities of 30% and a maximum of 50%; and a minimum investment in fixed income securities of 50% a maximum of 70%. For equity securities, the ownership of stock of any one issuer is limited to no more than 10% or the percentage of its weighting in the S&P 500 Index, whichever is higher, of the total equity assets of the portfolio. No securities of common stock in non-public corporations, short sales, letter or restricted stock and buying and selling on margin may be purchased. Fixed income securities with a single issuer, with the exception of the U.S. government and its fully guaranteed agencies, must not exceed 10% of the portfolio's market value; total exposure to any one industry shall not exceed 30% of the portfolio's market value. Corporate debt issues must meet or exceed an A credit rating from Moody's and S&P. No fixed income securities of convertible bonds, denominated foreign debt, private placements, fixed income and interest rate futures and other specialized investments may be purchased. The Authority has complied with the terms of the Trust Agreement and its investment policy in 2025 and 2024.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Trust Agreement also specifically defines the maturity periods for each of the Authority's funds and accounts (see Note 1(G)). These maturity limits range from 6 months to 7 years. For funds not pledged as security under the Trust Agreement, the average maturity of fixed income securities should not exceed 10 years. The Authority has no other policies limiting investment maturities. The Authority has complied with the terms of the Trust Agreement and its investment policy in 2025 and 2024.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Except as previously noted for the Prepaid PIKEPASS Fund, there is no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2025 and 2024:

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025					
Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2025	%
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 229,963,604			\$ 229,963,604	57.91%
FHLB debt securities	24,514,724			24,514,724	6.17%
CMO debt securities	–	48,157,418		48,157,418	12.13%
FFCB debt securities	19,634,363			19,634,363	4.94%
OEF	38,741,644			38,741,644	9.75%
ETF	20,552,072			20,552,072	5.17%
FHLMC debt securities	15,590,450			15,590,450	3.93%
Total	\$ 348,996,857	\$ 48,157,418	\$ –	\$ 397,154,275	

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024					
Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2024	%
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 119,456,454	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 119,456,454	48.35%
FHLB debt securities	25,006,846	–	–	25,006,846	10.12%
CMO debt securities	–	26,854,298	–	26,854,298	10.87%
FFCB debt securities	17,851,095	–	–	17,851,095	7.23%
OEF	30,495,756	–	–	30,495,756	12.34%
ETF	10,834,027	–	–	10,834,027	4.39%
Municipal Bonds	–	54,900	–	54,900	0.02%
FHLMC debt securities	16,512,776	–	–	16,512,776	6.68%
Total	\$ 220,156,954	\$ 26,909,198	\$ –	\$ 247,066,152	

Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. An active market for the asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used to measure fair value whenever available. Examples of prices that qualify as Level 1 include but are not limited to Nasdaq, NYSE, AMEX market close, U.S. government and agency bonds and notes, and mutual fund net asset valuation at market close.

Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy can be based on “significant other observable inputs”, which include: (1) quoted prices for similar, but not identical, assets or liabilities in active markets, (2) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities inactive markets, (3) inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable, such as interest rate and yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates, and (4) other inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market inputs. Examples of Level 2 prices include but are not limited to corporate, municipal, ABS and mortgage bonds. These assets do not trade at a sufficient frequency to provide market close pricing and therefore require utilization of like asset activity inputs entered into a pricing matrix.

Investments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using unobservable inputs for the asset. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority did not carry any investments classified as level 3 investments.

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
Unrestricted:						
General Fund:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	3.480 %	12/31/2025	Demand	\$ 231,887,965	\$ 231,887,965	2
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	677,128	677,128	1
FFCB	0.700	08/17/2020	08/13/2026	249,563	245,535	1
FFCB	1.300	03/16/2021	03/23/2027	400,000	389,404	1
FHLB	0.625	01/11/2021	01/22/2026	200,000	199,662	1
FHLB	0.900	02/05/2021	02/26/2027	400,000	388,188	1
FHLB	3.000	02/15/2022	03/12/2027	261,958	248,405	1
FHLB	1.580	02/02/2021	01/27/2031	249,625	237,503	1
FHLMC	1.000	02/08/2021	07/20/2027	799,880	770,248	1
FHLMC	1.000	12/01/2020	12/23/2027	250,000	237,508	1
FHLMC	1.070	10/14/2020	10/27/2028	250,000	232,590	1
FHLMC	1.080	11/04/2020	11/24/2028	250,000	232,497	1
FHLMC	4.750	03/04/2025	01/01/2030	200,797	202,394	1
FHR	2.000	09/05/2019	12/15/2026	27,459	27,053	2
FHR	5.000	08/15/2024	07/25/2038	84,015	85,346	2
FHR	2.250	08/05/2021	05/15/2040	8,110	7,704	2
FHR	2.500	03/12/2020	05/15/2041	27,164	25,728	2
FHR	2.000	04/01/2020	02/15/2042	143,986	137,680	2
FHR	2.750	09/26/2019	08/15/2047	60,028	52,699	2
FHR	2.500	09/05/2019	07/25/2048	66,736	61,090	2
FHR	5.000	03/27/2025	08/25/2051	91,964	92,803	2
FHR	5.000	06/12/2025	11/25/2051	184,321	185,783	2
FHR	5.000	06/05/2025	02/25/2052	165,710	166,250	2
FHR	5.000	07/09/2025	06/25/2052	100,515	101,076	2
FHR	5.500	05/30/2025	07/25/2052	84,600	84,828	2
FHS	3.500	10/22/2021	07/15/2042	9,652	8,700	2
FNR	5.500	06/06/2025	11/25/2052	126,735	128,438	2
GNR	4.000	12/09/2020	07/20/2039	8,992	8,390	2
GNR	3.000	01/28/2021	09/16/2039	3,198	3,047	2
GNR	3.000	06/03/2021	09/16/2039	2,678	2,541	2
GNR	2.650	07/06/2020	01/20/2046	16,564	15,985	2
GNR	5.000	12/08/2023	06/20/2048	100,001	102,743	2
GNR	3.000	01/30/2020	09/20/2049	25,464	23,699	2
GNR	2.000	11/02/2021	06/20/2050	124,543	99,906	2
GNR	1.250	12/28/2021	05/20/2051	28,287	22,844	2
GNR	5.500	05/30/2025	05/20/2051	83,185	83,887	2
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.125	Various	09/30/2027	535,138	537,692	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.500	Various	01/31/2030	2,370,521	2,435,937	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.125	08/22/2024	07/31/2031	1,021,406	1,016,250	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.750	Various	08/31/2031	2,651,898	2,666,119	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.875	Various	05/15/2032	1,347,668	1,367,191	1
				245,577,454	245,500,436	
Revenue Fund:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	3.480	12/31/2025	Demand	45,236,497	45,236,497	2
Total unrestricted cash equivalents & investments				290,813,951	290,736,933	
Restricted:						
Reserve Maintenance Fund:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	3.480	12/31/2025	Demand	46,047,161	46,047,161	2
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	159,577	159,577	1
FFCB	4.480	01/28/2025	04/06/2027	100,000	100,009	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.250	07/31/2024	03/15/2027	250,264	252,120	1

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.500 %	07/31/2024	04/15/2027	\$ 251,855	\$ 253,078	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.625	07/31/2024	05/31/2027	239,736	247,012	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.250	07/31/2024	06/30/2027	243,897	249,140	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.125	Various	09/30/2027	2,479,243	2,466,108	1
				49,771,733	49,774,205	
Revenue Bond Reserve Accounts:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	3.480	12/31/2025	Demand	25,202,919	25,202,919	2
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	13,495,275	13,495,275	1
FFCB	0.700	08/17/2020	08/13/2026	873,469	859,372	1
FFCB	0.750	12/16/2020	12/16/2026	875,000	852,040	1
FFCB	1.500	01/27/2022	01/13/2027	2,975,820	2,938,650	1
FFCB	1.300	03/16/2021	03/23/2027	1,000,000	973,510	1
FFCB	1.650	01/26/2022	01/27/2028	3,000,000	2,880,420	1
FFCB	1.875	01/26/2022	02/01/2028	2,993,970	2,894,970	1
FFCB	1.940	08/20/2021	06/30/2031	1,008,000	902,950	1
FHLB	0.625	01/11/2021	01/22/2026	1,000,000	998,310	1
FHLB	3.000	01/28/2022	02/25/2027	4,000,000	3,986,000	1
FHLB	0.900	02/05/2021	02/26/2027	1,600,000	1,552,752	1
FHLB	3.000	02/15/2022	03/12/2027	3,143,490	2,980,860	1
FHLB	0.980	08/25/2020	08/17/2028	847,450	794,563	1
FHLB	1.500	02/02/2021	01/27/2031	848,725	807,509	1
FHLB	1.000	01/25/2021	02/12/2031	1,500,000	1,356,120	1
FHLB	1.250	02/12/2021	02/26/2031	3,000,000	2,749,410	1
FHLMC	0.800	08/03/2020	01/28/2027	499,500	485,845	1
FHLMC	1.000	02/08/2021	07/20/2027	1,999,700	1,925,620	1
FHLMC	1.000	07/14/2020	10/29/2027	1,500,000	1,434,690	1
FHLMC	1.000	12/01/2020	12/23/2027	1,750,000	1,662,552	1
FHLMC	1.500	07/14/2020	06/30/2028	674,865	635,600	1
FHLMC	1.020	01/04/2021	10/27/2028	874,650	814,074	1
FHLMC	1.070	10/14/2020	10/27/2028	900,000	837,324	1
FHLMC	1.080	11/04/2020	11/24/2028	1,750,000	1,627,483	1
FHLMC	4.750	03/04/2025	01/01/2030	2,509,961	2,529,925	1
FHR	3.500	01/25/2022	06/15/2026	75	73	2
FHR	1.500	07/23/2020	12/15/2027	206,123	198,364	2
FHR	5.000	08/15/2024	07/25/2038	1,075,388	1,092,431	2
FHR	1.250	06/03/2021	08/25/2040	501,833	436,762	2
FHR	4.000	04/27/2023	12/15/2040	671,500	698,157	2
FHR	2.000	11/02/2018	01/15/2041	13,646	14,474	2
FHR	2.500	03/12/2020	05/15/2041	185,014	175,235	2
FHR	3.000	10/31/2018	12/15/2041	199,717	202,295	2
FHR	2.000	05/20/2021	02/15/2042	58,558	55,072	2
FHR	2.000	11/16/2018	12/15/2042	67,798	66,534	2
FHR	3.000	01/25/2022	12/15/2043	152,690	145,016	2
FHR	2.250	09/04/2019	06/15/2044	323,390	303,808	2
FHR	3.000	01/18/2019	08/15/2044	170,213	168,303	2
FHR	2.750	06/10/2021	01/15/2045	288,642	261,300	2
FHR	2.500	01/28/2022	07/15/2046	490,160	428,034	2
FHR	2.500	09/05/2019	07/25/2048	533,889	488,718	2
FHR	3.000	09/06/2019	08/15/2048	119,357	105,763	2
FHR	4.500	04/27/2023	11/25/2048	408,104	416,894	2
FHR	2.500	02/01/2022	06/25/2049	2,308,685	2,050,823	2
FHR	2.500	02/02/2022	07/25/2049	1,397,282	1,225,369	2
FHR	3.000	08/26/2020	10/25/2049	310,351	261,964	2

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
FHR	3.000 %	02/04/2022	12/25/2049	\$ 1,319,349	\$ 1,168,133	2
FHR	5.500	02/05/2025	12/25/2049	1,939,457	1,941,482	2
FHR	1.000	12/10/2021	03/25/2051	721,572	590,531	2
FHR	1.500	01/25/2022	03/25/2051	523,033	463,500	2
FHR	5.500	02/05/2025	03/25/2051	2,098,099	2,120,570	2
FHR	5.500	02/10/2025	05/25/2051	2,058,682	2,084,347	2
FHR	5.000	07/01/2025	07/25/2051	1,527,965	1,542,150	2
FHR	5.000	03/27/2025	08/25/2051	1,344,096	1,356,352	2
FHR	5.000	Various	11/25/2051	3,395,947	3,422,618	2
FHR	5.000	05/29/2025	02/25/2052	1,913,734	1,945,706	2
FHR	5.000	06/05/2025	02/25/2052	2,071,376	2,078,126	2
FHR	5.500	05/30/2025	07/25/2052	1,226,701	1,230,007	2
FHR	5.500	06/06/2025	11/25/2052	1,584,192	1,605,481	2
GNR	1.750	06/08/2020	10/20/2042	41,375	38,843	2
GNR	2.500	01/28/2022	11/16/2043	1,520,840	1,325,714	2
GNR	2.500	03/13/2020	04/20/2045	98,583	92,233	2
GNR	2.650	06/07/2022	01/20/2046	112,560	108,628	2
GNR	3.000	01/25/2022	09/20/2047	810,239	716,031	2
GNR	2.500	02/01/2022	10/20/2047	2,541,354	2,250,381	2
GNR	5.000	12/08/2023	06/20/2048	2,034,392	2,090,176	2
GNR	3.500	12/10/2021	10/20/2048	1,082,496	979,242	2
GNR	3.500	09/18/2019	02/20/2049	285,656	258,193	2
GNR	3.000	02/17/2022	02/20/2049	3,481,073	3,074,352	2
GNR	3.000	01/30/2020	09/20/2049	173,158	161,151	2
GNR	2.000	11/02/2021	06/20/2050	747,258	599,433	2
GNR	5.500	05/30/2025	05/20/2051	1,193,854	1,203,939	2
GNR	5.000	05/28/2025	03/20/2055	3,367,194	3,386,490	2
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.125	Various	09/30/2027	18,792,734	19,200,268	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.750	02/05/2025	12/31/2028	1,965,860	2,011,320	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.875	11/12/2025	04/30/2029	3,419,746	3,422,615	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.750	Various	08/31/2031	26,746,035	26,412,020	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.875	Various	05/15/2032	24,987,514	25,458,030	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.375	Various	05/15/2034	7,268,682	7,189,137	1
				211,700,015	208,501,331	
2017 Bond Service Accounts:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	60,223,667	60,223,667	1
2018 Bond Service Accounts						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	7,534,881	7,534,881	1
2020 Bond Service Accounts:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	34,050,904	34,050,904	1
2023 Bond Service Accounts:						
Cavanal Hill Gov't Sec	3.590	12/31/2025	Demand	35,615,367	35,615,367	1
2023 Construction Accounts:						
Invesco S/T Inv Gov&Agcy-Priv #1903	3.400	12/31/2025	Demand	423,175	423,175	1
2025 Bond Service Accounts:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	3.480	12/31/2025	Demand	37,654,730	37,654,730	2
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	05/27/2025	12/31/2025	1,733,725	1,733,725	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.625	05/27/2025	06/30/2026	27,291,011	27,364,287	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.250	05/27/2025	12/31/2026	27,101,814	27,234,100	1

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.500 %	05/27/2025	06/30/2027	\$ 26,633,676	\$ 26,818,360	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.625	05/27/2025	12/31/2027	26,316,645	26,559,430	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.250	05/27/2025	06/30/2028	4,373,499	4,421,814	1
				151,105,100	151,786,446	
2025 Construction Accounts:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	3.480	12/31/2025	Demand	955,475,370	955,475,370	2
Turnpike Trust Fund:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	14,025,234	14,025,234	1
FFCB	0.650	05/25/2023	09/22/2026	440,937	489,315	1
FFCB	2.125	12/06/2021	12/11/2026	3,127,500	2,961,060	1
FFCB	1.300	03/16/2021	03/23/2027	2,000,000	1,947,020	1
FFCB	4.480	01/28/2025	04/06/2027	1,200,000	1,200,108	1
FHLB	1.000	07/01/2021	01/22/2026	1,000,000	998,550	1
FHLB	0.875	07/06/2021	06/12/2026	1,003,395	988,120	1
FHLB	0.900	08/17/2021	08/26/2026	1,500,000	1,473,930	1
FHLB	0.900	08/12/2022	08/27/2026	272,400	294,717	1
FHLB	3.000	03/17/2022	09/11/2026	2,065,660	1,991,120	1
FHLB	1.400	12/21/2021	12/30/2026	1,500,000	1,469,040	1
FHLB	5.000	07/10/2024	07/02/2029	995,000	999,965	1
FHLMC	0.650	03/17/2022	08/25/2026	1,870,200	1,962,100	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.750	08/30/2022	03/31/2026	136,307	149,013	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.750	Various	04/30/2026	1,359,043	1,486,245	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.250	Various	12/31/2026	1,905,898	1,955,700	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.875	Various	12/31/2027	2,949,199	3,022,380	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.000	Various	06/30/2028	1,990,586	2,023,440	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	5.250	07/15/2024	11/15/2028	1,569,727	1,569,615	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.500	Various	11/30/2028	1,783,672	1,887,660	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.500	06/21/2024	05/31/2029	5,049,805	5,143,750	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.875	Various	09/30/2029	3,511,914	3,530,205	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.875	07/31/2024	12/31/2029	1,588,312	1,613,568	1
				52,844,789	53,181,855	
Prepaid PIKEPASS Fund:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	3.660	12/31/2025	Demand	3,171,989	3,171,989	1
Fidelity Emerg Mkts Indx (open-end fund)	3.026	Various	Demand	725,060	786,470	1
Fidelity Intl Indx (open-end fund)	6.310	Various	Demand	3,972,056	4,804,667	1
Fidelity S/C Indx (open-end fund)	2.170	Various	Demand	1,333,719	1,455,552	1
Ishares Inter Govt Cr Bond (exchange-traded fund)	3.480	Various	Demand	14,199,117	14,390,590	1
Ishares RSSL 1000 L/C Indx-K (open-end fund)	1.140	Various	Demand	6,836,198	17,967,397	1
Vanguard Intrmd Bd Indx-Inst (open-end fund)	4.180	Various	Demand	13,904,513	13,727,558	1
Vanguard Short Term Treasury (exchange-traded fund)	4.000	Various	Demand	6,305,855	6,161,482	1
				50,448,507	62,465,705	
Gilcrease Expressway Fund:						
Invesco Treas-Cash Mgmt	3.580	12/31/2025	Demand	31,224,202	31,224,202	1
Total restricted cash equivalents & investments				1,640,417,710	1,650,257,108	
Cash balance (unrestricted & restricted)				—	19,752,397	
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments				\$ 1,931,231,661	\$ 1,960,746,438	

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
Unrestricted:						
General Fund:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	4.300 %	12/31/2024	Demand	\$ 142,756,182	\$ 142,756,182	2
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.400	12/31/2024	Demand	420,957	420,957	1
FFCB	0.700	08/17/2020	08/13/2026	249,563	235,785	1
FFCB	0.700	10/28/2020	10/27/2026	249,825	234,258	1
FFCB	1.300	03/16/2021	03/23/2027	400,000	373,900	1
FHLB	0.600	01/11/2021	01/22/2026	200,000	192,502	1
FHLB	0.900	02/05/2021	02/26/2027	400,000	371,972	1
FHLB	3.000	02/15/2022	03/12/2027	261,957	243,845	1
FHLB	1.300	02/02/2021	01/27/2031	249,625	223,043	1
FHLMC	1.000	02/08/2021	07/20/2027	799,880	734,792	1
FHLMC	1.000	12/01/2020	12/23/2027	250,000	226,025	1
FHLMC	1.100	10/14/2020	10/27/2028	250,000	219,708	1
FHLMC	1.100	11/04/2020	11/24/2028	250,000	219,212	1
FHR	2.000	09/05/2019	12/15/2026	41,951	40,618	2
FHR	5.000	08/15/2024	07/25/2038	110,787	110,280	2
FHR	2.300	08/05/2021	05/15/2040	11,249	10,507	2
FHR	2.500	03/12/2020	05/15/2041	39,433	36,515	2
FHR	2.000	04/01/2020	02/15/2042	201,041	186,969	2
FHR	2.800	09/26/2019	08/15/2047	63,592	53,656	2
FHR	2.500	09/05/2019	07/25/2048	78,782	68,057	2
FHS	3.500	10/22/2021	07/15/2042	10,605	9,293	2
GNR	4.000	12/09/2020	07/20/2039	14,785	13,694	2
GNR	3.000	01/28/2021	09/16/2039	5,028	4,723	2
GNR	3.000	06/03/2021	09/16/2039	3,421	3,185	2
GNR	2.700	07/06/2020	01/20/2046	27,446	26,130	2
GNR	5.000	12/08/2023	06/20/2048	124,597	126,766	2
GNR	3.000	01/30/2020	09/20/2049	31,368	28,086	2
GNR	2.000	11/02/2021	06/20/2050	134,677	104,744	2
GNR	1.300	12/28/2021	05/20/2051	31,415	24,771	2
Municipal Bonds	4.500	12/14/2021	11/01/2025	59,194	54,900	2
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.100	Various	09/30/2027	4,279,002	4,235,205	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.500	Various	01/31/2030	2,370,521	2,350,481	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.100	Various	07/31/2031	1,021,406	980,080	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.800	Various	08/31/2031	632,178	598,800	1
				156,030,467	155,519,641	
Revenue Fund:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	4.310	12/31/2024	Demand	29,064,066	29,064,066	2
Total unrestricted cash equivalents & investments				185,094,533	184,583,707	
Restricted:						
Reserve Maintenance Fund:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	4.310	12/31/2024	Demand	21,651,118	21,651,118	2
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.370	12/31/2024	Demand	279,277	279,277	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.880	04/07/2023	03/31/2025	229,587	229,765	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.250	07/31/2024	03/15/2027	250,264	249,935	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.500	07/31/2024	04/15/2027	251,855	251,255	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.630	07/31/2024	05/31/2027	239,736	240,670	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.250	07/31/2024	06/30/2027	243,897	244,137	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.130	09/12/2024	09/30/2027	2,086,836	2,041,903	1
				25,232,570	25,188,060	

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
Revenue Bond Reserve Accounts:						
BOK Short-Term Cash Fund I	4.310 %	12/31/2024	Demand	\$ 11,963,637	\$ 11,963,637	2
Cavanal Hill Gov't Sec	4.460	12/31/2024	Demand	7,191,616	7,191,616	1
FFCB	0.700	08/17/2020	08/13/2026	873,469	825,247	1
FFCB	0.750	12/16/2020	12/16/2026	875,000	816,445	1
FFCB	1.500	01/27/2022	01/13/2027	2,975,820	2,834,190	1
FFCB	1.300	03/16/2021	03/23/2027	1,000,000	934,750	1
FFCB	1.650	01/26/2022	01/27/2028	3,000,000	2,759,880	1
FFCB	1.880	01/26/2022	02/01/2028	2,993,970	2,772,120	1
FFCB	1.940	08/20/2021	06/30/2031	1,008,000	845,270	1
FHLB	0.630	01/11/2021	01/22/2026	1,000,000	962,510	1
FHLB	2.560	01/28/2022	02/25/2027	4,000,000	3,905,200	1
FHLB	0.900	02/05/2021	02/26/2027	1,600,000	1,487,888	1
FHLB	3.000	02/15/2022	03/12/2027	3,143,490	2,926,140	1
FHLB	0.980	08/25/2020	08/17/2028	847,450	750,618	1
FHLB	1.260	02/02/2021	01/27/2031	848,725	758,344	1
FHLB	1.190	01/25/2021	02/12/2031	1,500,000	1,261,605	1
FHLB	1.310	02/12/2021	02/26/2031	3,000,000	2,567,730	1
FHLMC	0.630	10/15/2020	10/27/2025	1,700,000	1,650,003	1
FHLMC	0.700	12/08/2020	12/30/2025	1,000,000	964,970	1
FHLMC	0.800	08/03/2020	01/28/2027	499,500	464,770	1
FHLMC	1.000	02/08/2021	07/20/2027	1,999,700	1,836,980	1
FHLMC	1.000	07/14/2020	10/29/2027	1,500,000	1,365,120	1
FHLMC	1.000	12/01/2020	12/23/2027	1,750,000	1,582,175	1
FHLMC	1.150	07/14/2020	06/30/2028	674,865	601,594	1
FHLMC	1.070	10/14/2020	10/27/2028	900,000	790,947	1
FHLMC	1.020	01/04/2021	10/27/2028	874,650	767,462	1
FHLMC	1.080	11/04/2020	11/24/2028	1,750,000	1,534,487	1
FHMS	3.610	04/29/2020	02/25/2025	441,284	398,339	2
FHR	3.500	01/25/2022	06/15/2026	205,444	197,528	2
FHR	1.500	07/23/2020	12/15/2027	429,301	406,525	2
FHR	5.000	08/15/2024	07/25/2038	1,418,070	1,411,578	2
FHR	1.250	06/03/2021	08/25/2040	572,866	469,197	2
FHR	4.000	04/27/2023	12/15/2040	758,829	768,901	2
FHR	2.000	11/02/2018	01/15/2041	56,688	59,573	2
FHR	2.500	03/12/2020	05/15/2041	268,576	248,704	2
FHR	3.000	10/31/2018	12/15/2041	245,925	243,915	2
FHR	2.000	05/20/2021	02/15/2042	81,762	74,788	2
FHR	2.000	11/16/2018	12/15/2042	77,410	73,310	2
FHR	3.000	01/25/2022	12/15/2043	188,089	173,943	2
FHR	2.250	09/04/2019	06/15/2044	377,500	343,196	2
FHR	3.000	01/18/2019	08/15/2044	203,366	197,199	2
FHR	2.750	06/10/2021	01/15/2045	333,435	293,218	2
FHR	2.500	01/28/2022	07/15/2046	547,434	457,198	2
FHR	2.500	09/05/2019	07/25/2048	630,256	544,460	2
FHR	3.000	09/06/2019	08/15/2048	123,959	104,882	2
FHR	4.500	04/27/2023	11/25/2048	467,499	462,769	2
FHR	2.500	02/01/2022	06/25/2049	2,547,813	2,195,705	2
FHR	2.500	02/02/2022	07/25/2049	1,585,211	1,334,316	2
FHR	3.000	08/26/2020	10/25/2049	334,698	268,704	2
FHR	3.000	02/04/2022	12/25/2049	1,473,843	1,221,090	2
FHR	1.000	12/10/2021	03/25/2051	761,564	590,825	2
FHR	1.500	01/25/2022	03/25/2051	569,412	480,625	2
GNR	1.750	06/08/2020	10/20/2042	49,949	46,017	2

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
GNR	2.500 %	01/28/2022	11/16/2043	\$ 1,696,536	\$ 1,445,276	2
GNR	2.500	03/13/2020	04/20/2045	128,200	116,954	2
GNR	2.650	07/06/2020	01/20/2046	186,512	177,567	2
GNR	3.000	01/25/2022	09/20/2047	899,994	767,867	2
GNR	2.500	02/01/2022	10/20/2047	2,897,132	2,474,838	2
GNR	5.000	12/08/2023	06/20/2048	2,534,776	2,578,895	2
GNR	3.500	12/10/2021	10/20/2048	1,082,496	930,969	2
GNR	3.000	02/17/2022	02/20/2049	3,901,396	3,334,311	2
GNR	3.500	09/18/2019	02/20/2049	324,262	284,226	2
GNR	3.000	01/30/2020	09/20/2049	213,300	190,984	2
GNR	2.000	11/02/2021	06/20/2050	808,061	628,466	2
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.130	Various	09/30/2027	45,348,452	45,217,682	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.750	Various	08/31/2031	20,229,687	19,161,600	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.880	Various	05/15/2032	23,094,701	22,452,500	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.380	Various	05/15/2034	1,597,120	1,511,407	1
				180,162,700	171,461,745	
2017 Bond Service Accounts:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.370	12/31/2024	Demand	63,139,042	63,139,042	1
2018 Bond Service Accounts						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.370	12/31/2024	Demand	7,534,881	7,534,881	1
2020 Bond Service Accounts:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.370	12/31/2024	Demand	33,872,430	33,872,430	1
2023 Bond Service Accounts:						
Cavanal Hill Gov't Sec	4.460	12/31/2024	Demand	62,326,892	62,326,892	1
2023 Construction Accounts:						
Invesco S/T Inv Gov&Agcy-Priv #1903	4.120	12/31/2024	Demand	246,826,754	246,826,754	1
Turnpike Trust Fund:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.370	12/31/2024	Demand	12,651,118	12,651,118	1
FFCB	0.650	05/25/2023	09/22/2026	440,937	469,540	1
FFCB	2.130	12/06/2021	12/11/2026	3,127,500	2,880,210	1
FFCB	1.300	03/16/2021	03/23/2027	2,000,000	1,869,500	1
FHLB	4.720	05/03/2023	05/01/2025	380,000	380,000	1
FHLB	1.750	02/03/2022	09/12/2025	1,007,290	982,230	1
FHLB	1.000	07/01/2021	01/22/2026	1,000,000	966,340	1
FHLB	0.880	07/06/2021	06/12/2026	1,003,395	952,820	1
FHLB	0.900	08/17/2021	08/26/2026	1,500,000	1,419,300	1
FHLB	0.900	08/12/2022	08/27/2026	272,400	283,830	1
FHLB	3.000	03/17/2022	09/11/2026	2,065,660	1,958,140	1
FHLB	1.400	12/21/2021	12/30/2026	1,500,000	1,415,730	1
FHLB	5.000	07/10/2024	07/02/2029	995,000	997,059	1
FHLMC	4.000	03/28/2023	06/27/2025	345,310	349,461	1
FHLMC	4.050	01/19/2023	08/28/2025	345,800	349,440	1
FHLMC	0.380	10/02/2020	09/23/2025	996,860	972,510	1
FHLMC	0.690	03/17/2022	08/25/2026	1,870,200	1,883,120	1
GNR	2.000	11/19/2020	04/20/2066	9,575	9,446	2
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.880	04/07/2023	03/31/2025	374,326	374,617	1

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

Description	Applicable Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Cost	Fair Value	GASB 72 Level
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.750 %	08/30/2022	03/31/2026	\$ 136,307	\$ 143,676	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.750	Various	04/30/2026	1,359,043	1,432,725	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.250	Various	12/31/2026	1,905,898	1,886,340	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.880	Various	12/31/2027	2,949,199	2,965,560	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.000	Various	06/30/2028	1,990,586	1,979,320	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	5.250	07/15/2024	11/15/2028	1,569,727	1,547,250	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.500	Various	11/30/2028	1,783,672	1,796,260	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.500	06/21/2024	05/31/2029	5,049,805	5,023,900	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.880	09/12/2024	09/30/2029	1,016,406	978,250	1
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.880	07/31/2024	12/31/2029	1,588,312	1,563,136	1
				51,234,326	50,480,828	
Prepaid PIKEPASS Fund:						
Invesco Stit Treas-Inst	4.370	12/31/2024	Demand	14,392,739	14,392,739	1
Fidelity Emerg Mkts Indx (open-end fund)	2.700	Various	Demand	1,013,665	835,363	1
Fidelity Intl Indx (open-end fund)	3.270	Various	Demand	3,721,373	3,534,243	1
Fidelity S/C Indx (open-end fund)	1.030	Various	Demand	1,377,836	1,342,630	1
Ishares Inter Govt Cr Bond (exchange-traded fund)	3.380	Various	Demand	6,307,991	6,173,751	1
Ishares RSSL 1000 L/C Idx-K (open-end fund)	1.200	Various	Demand	8,482,696	19,017,859	1
Vanguard Intrmd Bd Indx-Inst (open-end fund)	4.010	Various	Demand	6,414,031	5,765,661	1
Vanguard Short Term Treasury (exchange-traded fund)	4.180	Various	Demand	4,848,992	4,660,276	1
				46,559,323	55,722,522	
Gilcrease Expressway Fund:						
Invesco Treas-Cash Mgmt	4.290	12/31/2024	Demand	20,602,114	20,602,114	1
Total restricted cash equivalents & investments				<u>737,491,032</u>	<u>737,155,268</u>	
Cash balance (unrestricted & restricted)				<u>—</u>	<u>13,948,859</u>	
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments				<u>\$ 922,585,565</u>	<u>\$ 935,687,834</u>	

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025						
	Date of Issuance	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Series 2017A	02/08/2017	\$ 456,070,000	\$ -	\$ (159,945,000)	\$ 296,125,000	\$ -
Series 2017C	12/21/2017	209,920,000	-	-	209,920,000	-
Series 2017D	12/21/2017	156,390,000	-	(36,415,000)	119,975,000	38,145,000
Series 2017E	12/21/2017	82,330,000	-	(6,255,000)	76,075,000	6,675,000
Series 2018A	10/31/2018	344,310,000	-	-	344,310,000	-
Series 2020A	10/29/2020	149,815,000	-	(11,450,000)	138,365,000	18,905,000
Series 2020B	10/29/2020	118,505,000	-	(17,760,000)	100,745,000	10,850,000
Series 2023	10/25/2023	500,000,000	-	-	500,000,000	-
Series 2025A	02/04/2025	-	1,110,575,000	-	1,110,575,000	-
Series 2025B	10/07/2025	-	148,605,000	-	148,605,000	-
	Total	\$ 2,017,340,000	\$ 1,259,180,000	\$ (231,825,000)	\$ 3,044,695,000	\$ 74,575,000

REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024						
	Date of Issuance	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Series 2017A	02/08/2017	\$ 456,070,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 456,070,000	\$ -
Series 2017C	12/21/2017	209,920,000	-	-	209,920,000	-
Series 2017D	12/21/2017	190,560,000	-	(34,170,000)	156,390,000	36,415,000
Series 2017E	12/21/2017	89,180,000	-	(6,850,000)	82,330,000	6,255,000
Series 2018A	10/31/2018	344,310,000	-	-	344,310,000	-
Series 2020A	10/29/2020	160,905,000	-	(11,090,000)	149,815,000	11,450,000
Series 2020B	10/29/2020	135,695,000	-	(17,190,000)	118,505,000	17,760,000
Series 2023	10/25/2023	500,000,000	-	-	500,000,000	-
	Total	\$ 2,086,640,000	\$ -	\$ (69,300,000)	\$ 2,017,340,000	\$ 71,880,000

OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT

OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025						
	Date of Issuance	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
USDOT TIFIA Loan	11/25/2022	123,561,114	1,673,704	–	125,234,818	960,965
	Total	\$ 123,561,114	\$ 1,673,704	\$ –	\$ 125,234,818	\$ 960,965

OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024						
	Date of Issuance	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
USDOT TIFIA Loan	11/25/2022	\$ 121,907,526	\$ 1,653,588	\$ –	\$ 123,561,114	
	Total	\$ 121,907,526	\$ 1,653,588	\$ –	\$ 123,561,114	\$ –

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2025		
YEAR	TOTAL REVENUE BONDS	
Maturity January 1	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 74,575,000	\$ 138,165,932
2027	77,715,000	141,719,175
2028	81,005,000	138,240,936
2029	58,815,000	134,585,763
2030	61,265,000	132,136,698
2031-2035	263,005,000	629,562,550
2036-2040	413,885,000	557,321,730
2041-2045	521,165,000	450,036,338
2046-2050	652,970,000	318,237,079
2051-2055	840,295,000	130,912,850
Total	\$ 3,044,695,000	\$ 2,770,919,051

The Authority issues revenue bonds from time to time for the purposes of financing capital improvements and new projects. In addition, when the market environment indicates favorable results, the Authority will issue bonds to restructure its debt to take advantage of these economic factors. All of the Authority's current outstanding bonds are fixed rate bonds and were issued pursuant to the prevailing Trust Agreement, dated February 1, 1989, and as amended with supplements thereto (the Trust Agreement), with Bank of Oklahoma, N.A., as Trustee. The Authority's Bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of minimum net revenues, as defined by the Trust Agreement, from the operation of the Turnpike System.

DESCRIPTION OF FIXED RATE DEBT

On February 4, 2025 and October 1, 2025, the Authority closed on the delivery of the Series 2025A Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$1,110.6 million and the Series 2025B Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$148.6 million, respectively. The Series 2025A&B bonds were issued for the purposes of (1) financing a portion of the capital costs of certain Turnpike projects and improvements related to the ACCESS Oklahoma program, (2) funding capitalized interest on the 2025A Bonds, (3) refunding a portion of the outstanding principal of the Series 2017A Bonds, (4) satisfying the Second Senior Bond Reserve Account Requirements and (5) paying the costs of issuance. The bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The principal amount of the Series 2017A Bonds were refunded and defeased through an escrow deposit for \$164.0 million that was funded on October 7, 2025. The Series 2017A bonds were fully redeemed January 2, 2026. The Series 2025A Bonds are partial term bonds due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2035, through January 1, 2055. The Series 2025B Bonds are series bonds due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2032, through January 1, 2042. Interest will commence on July 1, 2026, and is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, with interest rates on the Series 2025A Bonds ranging from 4.25% to 5.0% and interest rates on the Series 2025B of 5.0%.

On October 26, 2023, the Authority closed on the delivery of the Series 2023 Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$500.0 million. The Series 2023 bonds were issued for the purposes of (1) financing a portion of the capital costs of certain Turnpike projects and improvements constituting components of the Authority's ACCESS program, including reimbursement of previously authorized capital expenditures; (2) funding certain reserves and capitalized interest; and (3) paying the costs of issuance. The Series 2023 Bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The Series 2023 Bonds are due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2035, through January 1, 2053. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest rates on the Series 2023 Bonds range from 4.5% to 5.5%.

On October 29, 2020, the Authority closed on the delivery of \$187.2 million in Series 2020A Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds, and \$179.2 million in Series 2020B Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds. These bonds were issued for the purposes of (1) refunding the remaining Series 2011AB Bonds, as well as refunding a portion of the 2017C Bonds and (2) paying the costs of issuance. The 2020A Bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds and the 2020B Bonds were structured as taxable fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The Series 2020AB Bonds are series bonds due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2022 through January 1, 2033. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest rates on the Series 2020A Bonds is 5.0% and on the Series 2020B Bonds range from 0.491% to 2.072%.

The Series 2020AB Bonds refunded and defeased by escrow deposit the outstanding \$242.7 million principal of the Series 2011A Bonds, the \$52.8 million principal of Series 2011B Bonds

and \$102.9 million principal of the Series 2017C bonds; the liability was removed from the Statements of Net Position. Bank of Oklahoma, N.A., served as the Escrow Trustee on these Series 2011AB Bonds and 2017C Bonds. These Series 2011AB Bonds were fully redeemed as of January 1, 2021. The defeased Series 2017C Bonds were fully redeemed as of January 1, 2022.

On October 31, 2018, the Authority closed on the delivery of the Series 2018A Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$344.3 million. The Series 2018A bonds were issued for the purposes of (1) financing a portion of the capital costs of certain Turnpike projects and improvements, (2) satisfying the Second Senior Bond Reserve Account Requirements and (3) paying the costs of issuance. The Series 2018A Bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The Series 2018A Bonds are series bonds due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2032 through January 1, 2048. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest rates on the Series 2018A Bonds range from 3.6% to 5.0%.

On February 8, 2017, the Authority closed on the delivery of the Series 2017A Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$456.1 million and the Series 2017B Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$23.9 million. The Series 2017A&B bonds were issued for the purposes of (1) financing a portion of the capital costs of certain Turnpike projects and improvements, including payment of amounts due under the Wells Fargo revolving credit agreement (short-term debt), (2) currently refunding the outstanding principal of the Series 2007A Bonds, (3) satisfying the Second Senior Bond Reserve Account Requirements and (4) paying the costs of issuance. The Series 2017A&B Bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The Series 2017A Bonds are series bonds due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2032 through January 1, 2047; the Series 2017B Bonds are series bonds due in annual installments beginning January 1, 2018 through January 1, 2022. The Series 2017B Bonds were fully redeemed January 1, 2022. Interest commenced on July 1, 2017, and is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest rates on the Series 2017A Bonds range from 3.5% to 5.0% and the Series 2017B Bonds ranged from 2.0% and 4.0%.

On December 21, 2017, the Authority closed on the delivery of the Series 2017C Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$312.8 million, the Series 2017D Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$275.7 million and the Series 2017E Refunding Second Senior Revenue Bonds totaling \$95.8 million. The Series 2017CDE Bonds were issued for the purposes of (1) financing a portion of the capital costs of certain Turnpike projects and improvements (2) satisfying the Second Senior Bond Reserve Account Requirements, (3) currently refunding the outstanding principal of the Series 2006BEF Bonds, (4) funding termination payments relating to interest rate swaps associated with the Series 2006BEF Bonds, (5) advance refunding certain maturities of the Series 2011B Bonds and (6) paying the costs of issuance. The Series 2017CDE Bonds were structured as tax-exempt fixed rate "AA-" bonds. The Series 2017CDE Bonds are series bonds due in annual installments; the Series 2017C

Bonds begin January 1, 2034 through January 1, 2047; the Series 2017D Bonds beginning January 1, 2018 through January 1, 2028; the Series 2017E Bonds begin January 1, 2023 through January 1, 2031. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, interest commenced January 1, 2018. Interest rates on the Series 2017C Bonds range from 3.0% to 5.0%; the Series 2017D Bonds range from 4.0% to 5.0%; and the Series 2017E Bonds range from 2.85% and 5.0%.

The Series 2017D Bonds refunded and defeased by escrow deposit the outstanding \$280.8 million principal of the Series 2006BEF Bonds; the liability was removed from the Statements of Net Position. Bank of Oklahoma, N.A., served as the Escrow Trustee on the Series 2006BEF Bonds which were fully redeemed January 12, 2018. In conjunction with the defeasance of the Series 2006BEF Bonds, the Authority also terminated its swap agreements corresponding to this variable rate debt. The termination payments were approximately \$41.3 million and were funded with the proceeds from the Series 2017D Bonds. The Series 2006BEF Refunding Bonds were originally issued on August 24, 2006 for the purposes of refunding the outstanding Series 1992F First Senior Revenue Capital Appreciation Bonds and certain maturities of the Series 1998A&B Revenue Bonds; those Bonds became fully redeemed as of January 1, 2009.

The Series 2017E Bonds refunded and defeased by escrow deposit certain maturities totaling \$101.5 million of the Series 2011B Bonds; the liability corresponding to these maturities was removed from the Statements of Net Position. Bank of Oklahoma, N.A., served as the Escrow Trustee on the Series 2011B Bonds. With the issuance of the Series 2020AB Bonds, these bonds became fully redeemed as of January 1, 2021.

OTHER BOND RELATED INFORMATION

The Interest, Sinking and Reserve Accounts required by the Trust Agreement have been established with the Trustee. The balance for the Revenue Bond Reserve Account (the Reserve Account) was approximately \$208.5 and \$171.5 million as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Series 2025B Bonds refunded \$159.9 million principal of the 2017A Bonds. This refunding resulted in an increase to the Authority's net deferred credit of approximately \$1.7 million. With the Series 2025B refunding, the Authority decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$18.7 million from 2026 to 2042; the net present value savings of this transaction were approximately \$12.0 million.

The Series 2020A and 2020B Bonds refunded \$242.7 million principal of the 2011A Bonds, \$52.8 million principal of the 2011B Bonds and \$102.9 million principal of the 2017C Bonds. This refunding resulted in an increase to the Authority's net deferred credit of approximately \$11.6 million. With the Series 2020 refunding, the Authority decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$65.1 million from 2021 to 2033; the net present value savings of this transaction were approximately \$64.3 million.

The Series 2017B Bonds refunded \$24.6 million principal of the Series 2007A Bonds. This refunding resulted in an increase to the Authority's net deferred debit of approximately \$0.2 million. With the Series 2017B refunding, the Authority decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$1.7 million from 2018 to 2022; the net present value savings of this transaction were approximately \$1.5 million.

The Series 2017D Bonds refunded \$280.8 million principal of the Series 2006BEF Bonds (variable rate) and terminated the corresponding swaps and reduced the Authority's risk exposure. This refunding resulted in an increase to the Authority's net deferred debit of approximately \$42.4 million. With the Series 2017D refunding, the Authority increased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$3.2 million from 2018 to 2028; the net present value savings on this transaction were approximately (\$2.0 million).

The Series 2017E Bonds refunded \$101.5 million principal of the Series 2011B Bonds. This refunding resulted in an increase to the Authority's net deferred debit of approximately \$5.7 million. With the Series 2017B refunding, the Authority decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$13.9 million from 2018 to 2031; the net present value savings of this transaction were approximately \$11.4 million.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Statements of Net Position reflect a collective net deferred debit of approximately \$19.0 and \$27.8 million respectively, resulting from accounting losses from the defeasance of debt through its various refundings. On December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Statements of Net Position present a collective net deferred credit of approximately \$8.1 and \$7.5 million; this results from accounting gains from the issuance of the Series 2020AB Bonds and the Series 2025B Bonds. The combined amortization of the net deferred debit and net deferred credit for December 31, 2025 and 2024, is approximately \$7.8 million. These amounts are reflected as a component of interest expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

DIRECT BORROWINGS

On May 8, 2020, the USDOT and the OTA executed a TIFIA loan (the TIFIA loan) agreement of up to just over \$120.1 million. Loan proceeds were anticipated to be disbursed upon Gilcrease Developers LLC (the Project Company) achieving the substantial completion milestone for construction of the Gilcrease Expressway. In mid-November 2022, the project reached substantial completion, and the TIFIA loan proceeds were disbursed to the Project Company to be used towards repayment of the Project Company’s interim financing.

This USDOT TIFIA loan is reflected on the Statements of Net Position. This TIFIA loan is subject to a separate Non-System Trust Agreement, and the loan agreement contains elements specific to this long-term loan. Interest is due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 at a rate of 1.35%. Also every January 1 and July 1 of the ‘Capitalized Interest Period’ of this loan, interest accrued on the TIFIA loan in the 6 months prior to said date shall be capitalized and added to the outstanding TIFIA loan balance. ‘The Capitalized Interest Period’ is defined as the period from and including the effective date to the first day of the initial payment. Principal payments are due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 beginning July 1, 2026 through July 1, 2057. The TIFIA loan contains certain covenants that the Authority is aware of and monitors for compliance. Failure to comply with certain covenants can create an event of default. Additionally, the TIFIA loan defines other events of default such as failure to make specified timely payments or required deposits, the issuance of other debt secured by revenues of the Gilcrease Expressway without prior written consent or a continuous cessation of operations for a period of 180 days. The ODOT is also required to make an annual Project Assistance Deposit. The TIFIA loan will be repaid by the revenues of the Gilcrease Expressway. The other net toll revenues of the System Trust Agreement are not pledged as security for this TIFIA loan. As of December 31, 2025, the Authority believes it has complied with all TIFIA loan covenants, and no events of default have occurred.

YEAR	OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT (USDOT TIFIA Loan)	
	Principal	Interest
Maturity July 1		
2026	\$ 960,965	\$ 838,387
2027	2,072,081	1,670,929
2028	2,452,463	1,641,660
2029	2,522,534	1,608,239
2030	2,672,685	1,573,983
2031-2035	15,765,838	7,268,952
2036-2040	18,698,782	6,119,934
2041-2045	20,971,064	4,779,212
2046-2050	23,318,975	3,298,007
2051-2055	25,224,691	1,660,404
2056-2057	10,574,741	179,297
Total	\$ 125,234,819	\$ 30,639,004

*The TIFIA Loan is structured such that additional principal amounts will be added to the original principal amount during the Capitalized Interest Period. Those additions will gradually be reflected on the Statements of Net Position as the amounts become due.

NOTE 5 - ADVANCES FROM MOTOR FUEL TAX TRUST

By virtue of the “Enabling Act” of 1971 and amendments thereto, a portion of the motor fuel excise taxes collected on fuels consumed on the turnpikes is made available to the Authority from the Oklahoma Tax Commission. Prior to July 1, 1992, this amount was not to exceed \$3.0 million during a fiscal year of the State. In 1992, Title 69, §1730 was amended to remove the cap and allow the Authority to receive the full amount collected in accordance with the original formula. This amendment stated the motor fuel taxes due to the Authority would be apportioned to the Authority on the first day of each calendar month. Beginning July 1, 1992, the amount of cash and investments on deposit was frozen as security for the Series 1989 Revenue Bonds. All motor fuel taxes apportioned to the Authority shall be available to fund debt service and reserves to the extent monies are not otherwise available to the Authority for such purpose. If such motor fuel excise taxes apportioned to the Authority are not necessary in such month, the motor fuel excise taxes shall be paid over to the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT). During 2025 and 2024, the Authority received and subsequently remitted to ODOT \$63.3 million and \$62.0 million, respectively, of motor fuel excise taxes.

The amounts frozen at July 1, 1992 (fair value of \$53.2 million and \$50.5 million at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively) are invested in interest-bearing obligations in the Turnpike Trust Fund. The interest received thereon (\$1,574,053 and \$1,490,033 during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 respectively) are used to eliminate deficiencies, if any, in available monies to meet revenue bond interest and principal requirements. No deficiencies existed in 2025 or 2024.

Prior to the issuance of the Series 1989 Revenue Bonds, the Authority had not received apportionments from the Oklahoma Tax Commission since 1979 because the maximum amount that could be retained by the Authority in accordance with the Enabling Act was deposited with the prior Trustee.

When all Senior and Subordinate Revenue Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid, the Authority will be required to pay all amounts that have been received from the Oklahoma Tax Commission and any interest earned on amounts invested to the ODOT. The accumulated liability to the ODOT as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, is \$58.6 million and \$57.0 million, respectively, and the annual activity is shown below:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIRED	ENDING
2025	\$ 57,036,215	\$ 1,598,554	\$ —	\$ 58,634,769
2024	\$ 55,785,971	\$ 1,250,244	\$ —	\$ 57,036,215

Additions to the liability represent the interest earned on amounts invested, net of realized gains and losses on the sale of investments. No amounts are due within one year.

NOTE 6 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees of the Authority can earn annual leave at rates of 15 to 25 days per year, depending on their length of employment. Employees can accrue 45 to 105 days of annual leave, depending on their length of employment. Upon termination or retirement, employees are paid for any unused annual leave up to accumulation limits of 30 to 80 days, depending on length of service. Annual leave increased \$284,000 in 2025 and decreased \$14,000 in 2024.

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of up to 15 days per year. There is no accumulation limit of sick leave. Accumulated sick leave is not payable upon termination or retirement. Employees who are OPERS members are entitled to add up to six months of unused sick leave to all other accrued services credits upon termination or retirement. The sick leave liability increased \$159,000 in 2025 and decreased \$142,000 in 2024.

The accumulated liability for compensated absences is shown below:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	CHANGES	ENDING BALANCE	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
2025	\$ 4,547,089	\$ 443,190	\$ 4,990,279	\$ 2,903,272
2024	\$ 4,880,303	\$ (333,214)	\$ 4,547,089	\$ 2,578,058

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The State of Oklahoma offers to its own employees, state agency employees and other duly constituted authority or instrumentality employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and Chapter 45 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan, known as SoonerSave, is a voluntary plan that allows participants to defer a portion of their salary into SoonerSave. Participation allows a person to shelter the portion of their salary that they defer from current federal and state income tax. Taxes on the interest or investment gains on this money, while in SoonerSave, are also deferred. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or approved unforeseeable emergency. Under SoonerSave, the untaxed deferred amounts are invested as directed by the participant among various plan investment options. Effective January 1, 1998, a Trust and Trust Fund covering the plan assets was established pursuant to federal legislation enacted in 1996, requiring public employers to establish such trusts for plans meeting the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Under terms of the Trust, the corpus or income of the Trust Fund may be used only for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. Further information may be obtained from the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025. The Authority believes that it has no liabilities in respect to the State’s plan.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

Employees of the Authority are provided with pensions through the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the OPERS). Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 901-932 and 935, as amended, assigns the authority for management and operation of the Plan to the OPERS Board of Trustees. The OPERS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That annual report may be obtained at https://www.opers.ok.gov/wp-content/uploads/2025/12/2025_ACFR_OPERS-Final.pdf

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. Retirement benefits are determined at 2% of the average annual salary received during the highest thirty-six months of the last ten years of participating service, but not in excess of the applicable annual salary cap, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Employees qualify for full retirement benefits at their specified normal retirement age or when the employee’s age and years of credited service meet defined thresholds, determined by the employee’s date of membership within the Plan. Employees have the option to increase the benefit computation factor for all future service from 2.0% to 2.5%. The election is irrevocable and binding for all future employment under the OPERS, and applies only to full years of service. Those who make the election pay the standard contribution rate plus an additional contribution rate which is actuarially determined. Employees become eligible to vest fully upon termination of employment after attaining eight years of credited service, or the employee’s contributions may be withdrawn upon termination of employment.

Disability retirement benefits are available for members having eight years of credited service whose disability status has been certified. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Upon the death of an active employee, the accumulated contributions of the employee are paid to the employee’s named beneficiary(ies) in a single lump sum payment or in monthly payments over the life of the spouse, if so elected. Upon the death of a retired employee, the Plan will pay a \$5,000 death benefit to the employee’s beneficiary or estate of the employee if there is no living beneficiary, in addition to any excess employee contributions or survivor benefits due.

Employees who first became employed on or after November 1, 2015, and have no prior participation in the Plan will participate in a mandatory defined contribution plan. See Note 9 for further discussion.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Employees and the Authority are required to contribute at a rate established by Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board, based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates.

The Oklahoma Legislature may amend the contribution requirements. The contribution rate for employees was 3.5% during 2025 and 2024. The Authority’s contribution remains at its currently mandated maximum rate of 16.5%. The Authority’s contributions to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, were approximately \$2.0 and \$2.7 million respectively, and equal to the required contributions for each year.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension asset as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, was determined based on actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2025 and 2024, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial cost method - entry age
- Price inflation – 2.5%
- Salary increases – Measurement Date: 3.25% to 9.25%; Prior Measurement Date: 3.25% to 9.25%.
- Long-term Rate of Return, net of investment expense, including price inflation – 6.5%
- Municipal Bond Index Rate – Measurement Date: 5.25%; Prior Measurement Date: 3.94%.
- Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of investment expense, including price inflation – 6.5%.
- Mortality rates – active participants and non-disabled pensioners – Pub-2010 Below Median, General Membership Active/Retiree Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected generationally using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are unadjusted, and female rates are set forward two years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2025 and 2024 valuations are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2022. The experience study report is dated April 12, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

In 2025 and 2024, best estimates for each major asset class used arithmetic real rates of return. Target asset allocations and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 are summarized in the following table:

ASSET CLASS	TARGET ALLOCATION	LONG-TERM EXPECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN
U.S. Large Cap Equity	34.0%	5.1%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.0%
Global Equity ex-US	28.0%	8.2%
Core Fixed Income	25.0%	1.9%
Long Term Treasuries	3.5%	2.1%
U.S. TIPS	3.5%	1.8%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset, net of investment expenses, was 6.5% for 2025 and 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employees and employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in Oklahoma Statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

PENSION ASSETS

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority reported an asset of \$16.4 million and \$3.9 million, respectively. The annual activity is shown below:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	ENDING
2025	\$ (3,884,109)	\$ 9,944,586	\$ (22,450,793)	\$(16,390,316)
2024	\$ 5,341,306	\$ 2,148,418	\$ (11,373,833)	\$(3,884,109)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION ASSET

The following presents the Authority’s proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.5% for 2025 and 2024, as well as what the Authority’s proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% DECREASE	CURRENT DISCOUNT RATE	1% INCREASE
2025	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%
	\$9,112	\$(16,390,316)	\$(30,185,079)
2024	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%
	\$11,603,541	\$(3,884,109)	\$(16,901,786)

PENSION EXPENSE

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The OPERS determined that the actual contributions made to the Plan during the fiscal year are appropriate as the allocation basis as they are representative of future contributions. Contributions are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. At June 30, 2025 the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension asset and corresponding employer pension amounts was approximately 1.23%, an increase of 0.06% when compared to June 30, 2024. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority recognized pension contra expense of approximately \$3.6 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS ACFR, available as previously noted.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS

The 2025 deferred inflows of resources related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, as shown in the table below, will be recognized as an addition to the pension asset; the 2024 amounts were similarly recognized in the current year..

	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2025	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2025	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2024	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2024
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,547	\$ 252,332	\$ 410,760	\$ —
Changes of assumptions	—	—	164,377	—
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	—	7,753,677	—	2,284,869
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	—	832,865	—	659,479
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,097,398	—	1,356,101	—
Total	\$ 1,116,945	\$ 8,838,874	\$ 1,931,238	\$ 2,944,348

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension contra expense as follows:

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	2025	2024
2025	\$ N/A	\$ (1,578,466)
2026	666,507	3,308,872
2027	(4,394,679)	(2,557,186)
2028	(3,358,528)	(1,542,429)
2029	(1,732,627)	N/A
Thereafter	N/A	N/A

NOTE 9 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Oklahoma Legislature enacted legislation requiring that effective November 1, 2015, a Defined Contribution System be established by the OPERS for most state employees first employed by a participating State employer on or after November 1, 2015. Employees of the Authority who first become employees on or after November 1, 2015, and have no prior participation in the OPERS must participate in this mandatory Defined Contribution Plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (the Code) Section 401(a) and 457(b) and chapter 40 of Title 590 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The Plan is known as Pathfinder. This Plan and its related Trust(s) are intended to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. Pathfinder is administered by the OPERS. The OPERS Board may amend Pathfinder or Trust but no amendment shall authorize or permit any part of the Trust for Pathfinder to be used or diverted to purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of the Pathfinder participants and their beneficiaries.

Contribution rates are established by Oklahoma Statute and may be amended by Oklahoma Legislature. For 2025 and 2024, employees must make mandatory employee contributions of 4.5% of pre-tax salary to the 401(a) plan and may make additional voluntary contributions to the 457(b) plan, subject to the maximum deferral limited allowed under the Code.

Employees are vested 100% for all employee contributions. The Authority must make mandatory contributions of 6% of the employee's pre-tax salary and 7% if the employee elects to participate in the 457(b) plan. Employees become vested for employer contributions based on an established vesting schedule. The amount of the Authority's contributions for Pathfinder for the year end of December 31, 2025 and 2024 were approximately \$2.9 million per year.

Additionally, in order to reduce the liabilities of the defined benefit plan, the Authority is required to contribute the difference between the established 16.5% defined benefit employer contribution rate and the amount required to match the participating employees' contribution in the defined contribution plan. The amounts contributed by the Authority for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 to meet this requirement are included with the Authority's contributions noted in Note 8. The Authority reports no liabilities for Pathfinder at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

PLAN DESCRIPTION

For the Authority, two plans are classified as post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). The Health Insurance Subsidy Plan (the HISP Plan) is administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the OPERS). The State of Oklahoma Implicit Rate Subsidy of Health Insurance is defined as the Employee Group Insurance Division Plan (the EGID Plan) and is administered by the Employee Group Insurance Division (the EGID).

As a participant in the OPERS pension plan, the Authority recognizes a proportionate share of the total OPERS OPEB asset for the HISP Plan. The Authority's proportionate share of the total OPERS OPEB asset is based on actual contributions made to the Plan for pensions. The HISP Plan provides a health insurance premium subsidy for retirees of the Authority who elect to maintain health insurance with the EGID. The HISP Plan is a

component of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee defined benefit plan. The OPERS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the HISP Plan. That annual report may be obtained at https://www.opers.ok.gov/wp-content/uploads/2025/12/2025_ACFR_OPERS-Final.pdf

As a participant in the EGID's health insurance plan, the Authority recognizes a proportionate share of the total EGID OPEB liability. The Authority's proportionate share of the total EGID OPEB liability is based on the number of active Authority employees compared to total EGID active participants, as of the measurement date. The EGID is statutorily required to make health insurance premiums for pre-Medicare retirees and active employees the same. An implicit rate subsidy is the result of blended premium rates from the participation of current employees, retired employees and retirees that are not yet eligible for Medicare benefits. The EGID Plan is a non-trusted single-employer plan, and as a result, there are no assets to net against the total liability. Separately issued reports for the EGID Plan may be obtained at <https://oklahoma.gov/content/dam/ok/en/omes/documents/implicit-rate-subsidy-2025.pdf>

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The HISP Plan contributes a health insurance premium subsidy of \$105 per month or the Medicare Supplement Premium to the EGID for retirees of the Authority who elect to maintain health insurance with the EGID. This subsidy continues until the retiree terminates health insurance coverage with EGID, or until death. The subsidy is only for the retiree, not joint annuitants or beneficiaries. Employees who first became employed by the Authority on or after November 1, 2015, and have no prior participation in the Plan are not eligible to receive the HISP Plan subsidy.

The EGID Plan provides healthcare coverage for employees and dependents from the date of retirement to age 65, provided the participant was covered by the Plan before retiring. Post-retirement medical benefits are provided until age 65 if the retiree and spouse pay the full active premium. Participants can elect to enroll in special coverage, and surviving spouses may continue until age 65.

EMPLOYEES COVERED

Participant data for the EGID Plan is as of the July 1, 2024 measurement date utilizing a census date of July 1, 2023. The EGID Plan had a total of 33,280 participants; 31,223 were active employees, 1,817 were terminated, vested inactive participants and 240 were covered spouses. The Authority accounted for 496 of the active EGID participants.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions made to the Plan are allocated to the pensions. The Authority does not make additional contributions to the OPERS for the HISP Plan. The EGID Plan is funded by both participants and the Authority on a "pay as you go" basis. Medical plan premiums are assessed and remitted systematically to cover the plan's benefit obligations.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The OPEB asset as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, were determined based on actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2025 and 2024, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions:

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS	HISP PLAN 2025	EGID PLAN 2025	HISP PLAN 2024	EGID PLAN 2024
Investment return, net of investment expense and including inflations	6.5%	N/A, the plan is unfunded and benefits are not paid from a qualifying Trust	6.5%	N/A- the plan is unfunded and benefits are not paid from a qualifying Trust
Salary increase, including inflation	3.25% to 9.25%	3.25% to 9.25%	3.25% to 9.25%	3.25% to 9.25%
Mortality Rates	Pub-2010 Below Median projected generationally using Scale MP-2019 (male rates are unadjusted, and female rates set forward two years)	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Mortality Table weighted by Headcount projected by MP-2021	Pub-2010 Below Median projected generationally using Scale MP-2019 (male rates are unadjusted, and female rates set forward two years)	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Mortality Table weighted by Headcount projected by MP-2021
Assumed inflation rates	2.5%	No data	2.5%	No data
Annual post-retirement benefit increases	No	No data	No	No data
Payroll growth	3.25%	No data	3.50%	No data
Actuarial Cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Select period for the termination of employment assumptions	10 years	No data	10 years	No data
Health Care Trend Rate	N/A based on how OPERS is structured and benefit payments are made	7.80% decreasing to 4.45%	N/A based on how OPERS is structured and benefit payments are made	7.80% decreasing to 4.45%
Plan Participation	No data	65% of retired employees are assumed to participate in the plan	No data	65% of retired employees are assumed to participate in the plan
Marital assumptions	No data	"Male participants-25% who elect coverage are assumed to have a spouse who will receive coverage; Female participants-15% who elect coverage are assumed to have a spouse who will receive coverage; Males are assumed to be four years older than their spouses"	No data	"Male participants-25% who elect coverage are assumed to have a spouse who will receive coverage; Female participants-15% who elect coverage are assumed to have a spouse who will receive coverage; Males are assumed to be four years older than their spouses"

The HISP Plan actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2025 valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2022. The experience study report is dated April 12, 2023. The EGID Plan actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2025 valuation are based on a measured date of July 1, 2024, with a measurement period of July 1, 2023 to July 1, 2024. The EGID Plan actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation are based on a measured date of July 1, 2023, with a measurement period of July 1, 2022 to July 1, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on the HISP Plan OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. As indicated in the chart below, there is not a calculation for the long-term expected rate of return on the EGID Plan OPEB investments because the Plan is unfunded and benefits are not paid from a qualifying trust.

In 2025 and 2024, best estimates for each major asset class used arithmetic real rates of return. Target asset allocations and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, for the HISP Plan OPEB asset are as presented. As a non-trusted plan, the EGID Plan does not have any assets, therefore there are not any asset classes with which to measure target allocations and long term expected real rates of return.

ASSET CLASS	TARGET ALLOCATION	LONG-TERM EXPECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN
U.S. Large Cap Equity	34.0%	5.1%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.0%
Global Equity ex-US	28.0%	8.2%
Core Fixed Income	25.0%	1.9%
Long Term Treasuries	3.5%	2.1%
U.S. Tips	3.5%	1.8%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the HISP Plan OPEB asset was 6.5% for 2025 and 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employees and employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in Oklahoma Statute. Based on those assumptions, the HISP Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on HISP Plan OPEB investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the HISP Plan OPEB asset. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate. The discount rate used to measure the EGID Plan OPEB liability was 3.9% and 3.7% for 2025 and 2024, respectively. The discount rate determined used the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index.

SENSITIVITY OF THE OPEB ASSET/LIABILITY

The following presents the Authority’s proportionate share of the net HISP Plan OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.5% for 2025 and 2024. The Authority’s proportionate share of the net EGID Plan OPEB liability using the discount rate of 3.9% and 3.7% for 2025 and 2024, respectively, is also calculated and presented below, as well as what the Authority’s proportionate share of both the net HISP Plan OPEB asset and the net EGID Plan liability would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

	1% DECREASE	CURRENT DISCOUNT RATE	1% INCREASE
HISP Plan	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%
2025	\$ (2,295,840)	\$ (2,695,176)	\$ (3,034,692)
	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%
2024	\$ (1,626,416)	\$ (2,015,130)	\$ (2,345,642)
EGID Plan	2.9%	3.9%	4.9%
2025	\$ 2,586,302	\$ 2,405,001	\$ 2,235,304
	2.7%	3.7%	4.7%
2024	\$ 2,573,623	\$ 2,393,083	\$ 2,223,713

SENSITIVITY OF THE HEALTHCARE TREND FOR THE EGID PLAN

The following presents the Authority’s proportionate share of the net EGID Plan OPEB liability calculated using the 2025 and 2024 healthcare trend rates of 7.8% decreasing to 4.5%. Also presented is what the Authority’s proportionate share of the net EGID Plan OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

	1% DECREASE	CURRENT DISCOUNT RATE	1% INCREASE
EGID Plan	6.8% decreasing to 3.5%	7.8% decreasing to 4.5%	8.8% decreasing to 5.5%
2025	\$2,149,776	\$2,405,001	\$2,705,151
EGID Plan	6.8% decreasing to 3.5%	7.8% decreasing to 4.5%	8.8% decreasing to 5.5%
2024	\$2,154,765	\$2,393,083	\$2,672,603

OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

At December 31, 2025, the Authority reported an asset of \$2.7 million for its proportionate share of the net HISP Plan and a liability of \$2.4 million for its proportionate share of the net EGID Plan for a total OPEB asset of \$0.3 million. At December 31, 2024 the Authority reported its proportionate share of the net

HISP Plan asset of \$2 million and its proportionate share of the net EGID Plan liability of \$2.4 million for a total OPEB liability of \$0.4 million. The annual activity is shown below:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	ENDING BALANCE
2025				
HISP Plan	\$ (2,015,130)	\$ —	\$ (680,046)	\$ (2,695,176)
EGID Plan	2,393,083	334,814	(322,896)	2,405,001
Total	\$ 377,953	\$ 334,814	\$ (1,002,942)	\$ (290,175)
2024				
HISP Plan	\$ (1,490,471)	\$ 15,210	\$ (539,869)	\$ (2,015,130)
EGID Plan	1,662,960	1,787,216	(1,057,093)	2,393,083
Total	\$ 172,489	\$ 1,802,426	\$ (1,596,962)	\$ 377,953

OPEB EXPENSE

The net HISP Plan OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the total HISP Plan OPEB asset used to calculate the HISP Plan asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The OPERS determined that the actual contributions made to the Plan during the fiscal year are appropriate as the allocation basis for the HISP Plan. At June 30, 2025 the Authority’s proportionate share of the net HISP Plan OPEB asset and corresponding employer HISP Plan OPEB amounts was approximately 1.23%.

The net EGID Plan OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the total EGID Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the net EGID Plan OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The EGID Plan determined that the number of active employees as of the measurement date was appropriate as the allocation basis. At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority’s proportionate share of the net EGID Plan OPEB liability and corresponding employer EGID Plan OPEB amounts was approximately 1.2% for each year.

The Authority recognized total OPEB contra expense of approximately \$575,000 and approximately \$388,000 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

	2025	2024
HISP Plan	\$ (469,514)	\$ (370,284)
EGID Plan	(105,591)	(17,899)
Total	\$ (575,105)	\$ (388,183)

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as shown in the table below.

	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2025	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2025	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2024	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2024
Difference between expected and actual experience				
HISP Plan	\$ -	\$ 538,311	\$ -	\$ 518,540
EGID Plan	-	60,204	-	47,321
Changes of assumptions				
HISP Plan	25,191	-	57,684	-
EGID Plan	690,475	123,892	847,710	103,298
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments				
HISP Plan	31,515	-	126,093	-
EGID Plan	-	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
HISP Plan	3,654	547,100	6,581	486,334
EGID Plan	50,307	199,971	69,580	316,283
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date				
HISP Plan	-	-	-	-
EGID Plan	-	-	144,857	-
Total	\$ 801,142	\$ 1,469,478	\$ 1,252,505	\$ 1,471,776

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	2025			2024		
	HISP Plan	EGID Plan	Total	HISP Plan	EGID Plan	Total
2025	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ (293,295)	\$ 182,919	\$ (110,376)
2026	(221,457)	37,853	(183,604)	(110,989)	46,955	(64,034)
2027	(348,055)	71,780	(276,275)	(229,334)	80,904	(148,430)
2028	(255,343)	84,979	(170,364)	(139,464)	94,170	(45,294)
2029	(154,238)	93,812	(60,426)	(41,434)	190,297	148,863
Thereafter	(45,958)	68,291	22,333	N/A	N/A	N/A

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the HISP and the EGID Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS ACFR and the EGID reports as previously noted.

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL, LEASE & SBITA ASSETS

The following schedules summarizes the capital, lease and SBITA assets activity of the Authority for years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

2025	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 299,527,894	\$ 79,164,810	\$ (4,597,429)	\$ 374,095,275
Construction work in progress	911,946,902	338,918,045	(701,997,359)	548,867,588
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,211,474,796	418,082,855	(706,594,788)	922,962,863
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Roads and bridges	2,054,256,229	466,336,915	(98,805)	2,520,494,339
Improvements	1,406,819,762	181,074,359	(269,459)	1,587,624,662
Buildings	145,462,024	154,288	—	145,616,312
Equipment	193,087,343	52,557,213	(30,603,280)	215,041,276
Capitalized interest	190,510,082	9,544,728	—	200,054,810
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,990,135,440	709,667,503	(30,971,544)	4,668,831,399
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Roads and bridges	(1,127,770,282)	(51,651,226)	98,805	(1,179,322,703)
Improvements	(961,438,195)	(57,253,930)	269,459	(1,018,422,666)
Buildings	(73,811,954)	(4,307,803)	—	(78,119,757)
Equipment	(149,686,853)	(18,213,788)	30,540,133	(137,360,508)
Capitalized interest	(124,260,617)	(4,876,045)	—	(129,136,662)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,436,967,901)	(136,302,792)	30,908,397	(2,542,362,296)
Total capital assets, being depreciated , net	1,553,167,539	573,364,711	(63,147)	2,126,469,103
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,764,642,335	\$ 991,447,566	\$ (706,657,935)	\$ 3,049,431,966
Lease assets, being amortized:				
Lease asset - buildings	361,738	275,803	—	637,541
Lease asset - equipment	3,238,371	88,120	(73,153)	3,253,338
Total lease assets, being amortized	3,600,109	363,923	(73,153)	3,890,879
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Lease asset - buildings	(28,093)	(120,386)	—	(148,479)
Lease asset - equipment	(1,874,610)	(815,963)	70,639	(2,619,934)
Total accumulated amortization	(1,902,703)	(936,349)	70,639	(2,768,413)
Total lease assets, net	\$ 1,697,406	\$ (572,426)	\$ (2,514)	\$ 1,122,466
SBITA assets, being amortized:				
SBITA assets	800,256	662,598	(44,805)	1,418,049
Total SBITA assets, being amortized	800,256	662,598	(44,805)	1,418,049
Less accumulated amortization for:				
SBITA assets	(198,360)	(271,185)	44,805	(424,740)
Total accumulated amortization	(198,360)	(271,185)	44,805	(424,740)
Total SBITA assets, net	\$ 601,896	\$ 391,413	\$ —	\$ 993,309
Total capital, lease, and SBITA assets, net	\$ 2,766,941,637	\$ 991,266,553	\$ (706,660,449)	\$ 3,051,547,741

2024	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 290,713,633	\$ 16,260,357	\$ (7,446,096)	\$ 299,527,894
Construction work in progress	960,148,308	263,440,305	(311,641,711)	911,946,902
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,250,861,941	279,700,662	(319,087,807)	1,211,474,796
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Roads and bridges	1,935,980,394	118,376,835	(101,000)	2,054,256,229
Improvements	1,259,356,958	154,719,463	(7,256,659)	1,406,819,762
Buildings	145,196,406	564,859	(299,241)	145,462,024
Equipment	182,669,672	14,449,711	(4,032,040)	193,087,343
Capitalized interest	176,782,704	13,861,075	(133,697)	190,510,082
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,699,986,134	301,971,943	(11,822,637)	3,990,135,440
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Roads and bridges	(1,081,843,184)	(46,013,229)	86,131	(1,127,770,282)
Improvements	(917,974,803)	(48,448,486)	4,985,094	(961,438,195)
Buildings	(69,730,668)	(4,350,887)	269,601	(73,811,954)
Equipment	(137,781,788)	(15,809,212)	3,904,147	(149,686,853)
Capitalized interest	(119,922,070)	(4,428,845)	90,298	(124,260,617)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,327,252,513)	(119,050,659)	9,335,271	(2,436,967,901)
Total capital assets, being depreciated , net	1,372,733,621	182,921,284	(2,487,366)	1,553,167,539
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,623,595,562	\$ 462,621,946	\$ (321,575,173)	\$ 2,764,642,335
Lease assets, being amortized:				
Lease asset - buildings	142,090	351,201	(131,553)	361,738
Lease asset - equipment	3,310,947	24,588	(97,164)	3,238,371
Lease asset - other	—	—	—	—
Total lease assets, being amortized	3,453,037	375,789	(228,717)	3,600,109
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Lease asset - buildings	(123,779)	(35,867)	131,553	(28,093)
Lease asset - equipment	(1,150,659)	(821,115)	97,164	(1,874,610)
Lease asset - other	—	—	—	—
Total accumulated amortization	(1,274,438)	(856,982)	228,717	(1,902,703)
Total lease assets, net	\$ 2,178,599	\$ (481,193)	\$ —	\$ 1,697,406
SBITA assets, being amortized:				
SBITA assets	420,159	498,616	(118,519)	800,256
Total SBITA assets, being amortized	420,159	498,616	(118,519)	800,256
Less accumulated amortization for:				
SBITA assets	(129,253)	(187,626)	118,519	(198,360)
Total accumulated amortization	(129,253)	(187,626)	118,519	(198,360)
Total SBITA assets, net	\$ 290,906	\$ 310,990	\$ —	\$ 601,896
Total capital and lease assets, net	\$ 2,626,065,067	\$ 462,451,743	\$ (321,575,173)	\$ 2,766,941,637

NOTE 12 - LEASES

The premise of GASB 87 is the principle that leases are financings of a right-to-use an asset. Accordingly, the OTA has created intangible lease assets which are now reflected on the Statement of Net Position. The cumulative net Lease Asset were reported at \$1.1 million at December 31, 2025 and \$1.7 million at December 31, 2024.

The Authority, as lessee, has entered into leases of heavy equipment, copiers and rental space. The terms of each lease vary, none of which exceed five years.

LEASE LIABILITY	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
2025	\$ 1,693,130	\$ 363,923	\$ (1,012,840)	\$ 1,044,213
2024	\$ 2,213,708	\$ 375,790	\$ (896,368)	\$ 1,693,130

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS	INTEREST PAYMENTS	TOTAL PAYMENTS
2026	\$ 652,522	\$ 29,231	\$ 681,753
2027	209,292	13,216	222,508
2028	160,516	6,773	167,289
2029	20,484	421	20,905
2030	1,399	15	1,414
Total	\$ 1,044,213	\$ 49,656	\$ 1,093,869

NOTE 13 - PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS (PPP)

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP ARRANGEMENT RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES

The Authority, as the transferor, enters into various non-cancelable contracts with concessionaires to provide services along the Turnpike System. The concessionaire contracts are generally for terms that don't exceed twenty year and are discounted at 5.0%. These contracts generally contain optional five-year renewal periods and do not meet the requirements to be service concession arrangements. The contracts provide for the Authority to receive revenue plus contingent rentals based on sales volume. At the end of December 31, 2025 and 2024, Public-Private Partnership arrangement receivables were \$9.2 million and \$10.0 million, respectively. Total deferred inflows of resources for Public-Private Partnership arrangements were \$8.0 million and \$8.9 million, at the end of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Although the Authority is entitled to additional payments based on concessionaire sales volume, this variable income is not recorded as a receivable, as the amount is indeterminable. The PPP revenue shown here is reflected as concession income on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS	INTEREST PAYMENTS	TOTAL PAYMENTS
2026	\$ 1,054,117	\$ 436,208	\$ 1,490,325
2027	1,034,947	384,465	1,419,412
2028	1,086,942	332,470	1,419,412
2029	987,580	278,797	1,266,377
2030	1,015,386	229,450	1,244,836
2031-2035	2,864,966	608,032	3,472,998
2036-2040	1,165,310	136,040	1,301,350
Total	\$ 9,209,248	\$ 2,405,462	\$ 11,614,710

	2025	2024
PPP lease revenue	\$ 1,110,978	\$ 1,031,507
PPP interest revenue	482,565	517,183
Variable PPP lease revenue	1,668,909	1,435,109
Total	\$ 3,262,452	\$ 2,983,799

NOTE 14 - SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The principle basis of GASB 96 is to provide guidance on accounting and financial reporting surrounding subscription assets, in which this pronouncement mirrors the standards established in GASB 87, as amended. OTA has created an intangible subscription asset that is reflected on the Statement of Net Position. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA) assets were recognized in the amount of \$1.0 million and \$0.6 million for December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Authority has entered into various Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, the terms of which expire at various times through 2027. The Authority recognized \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million in subscription liability in the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

SBITA LIABILITY	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
2025	\$ 156,979	\$ 662,598	\$ (315,252)	\$ 504,325
2024	\$ —	\$ 498,616	\$ (341,637)	\$ 156,979

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS	INTEREST PAYMENTS	TOTAL PAYMENTS
2026	\$ 255,043	\$ 14,542	\$ 269,585
2027	249,282	8,213	257,495
Total	\$ 504,325	\$ 22,755	\$ 527,080

NOTE 15 - GILCREASE EXPRESSWAY

The Authority has adopted several resolutions to facilitate the financing, construction, and ultimately the maintenance and operations of the Gilcrease Expressway. The Expressway is a five-mile, four-lane roadway that consists of 22 bridges and fulfills a critical transportation need for the western Tulsa metropolitan area.

No single entity was able to finance and construct the Gilcrease, so an innovative partnership was formed with several governmental entities to leverage available resources. The Authority has established a funding partnership with the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT), the City of Tulsa, Tulsa County, the Indian Nations Council of Governments, the federal government, and a competitively selected build-finance partner.

After receiving financing ideas from interested parties in response to a Request for Information, the Authority completed a public sector comparator, which determined the build-finance delivery method was the most cost-effective. In mid-2018, the Authority issued a Request for Qualifications; a shortlist of potential private partners was accepted in late 2018. The issuance of a Request for Proposals to these potential partners occurred in mid-2019. The Authority awarded the build-finance project to the team of AECOM/Duit in July 2019. Construction began in early 2020.

In late May 2018, the ODOT issued Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicle (GARVEE) bonds of \$71.4 million as an additional funding source. These bonds did not constitute indebtedness of the Authority and as such, were not reflected on the Statements of Net Position in prior years. These bond proceeds were dedicated as funding for qualified costs incurred by the OTA for the Gilcrease.

On May 8, 2020, the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) and the OTA executed a Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) loan agreement of up to just over \$120.1 million. The TIFIA loan proceeds were received and disbursed in November 2022 after the Gilcrease Expressway achieved substantial completion. The proceeds were paid to Gilcrease Developers LLC (the Project Company) as partial repayment of the Project Company's interim financing. The USDOT TIFIA loan is reflected on the Authority's statement of net position for years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. See Note 4 for more information.

In accordance with the USDOT TIFIA loan agreement, a preliminary annual budget for operations and maintenance of the Gilcrease Expressway shall be prepared on or before the 10th day of October each year. A final budget is to be adopted by December 1st of each fiscal year by the Authority. Although the Gilcrease is governed by a Non-System Trust agreement, the expenditures for the Gilcrease are included in the Authority's schedule of budget to actual expenses to align with generally accepted accounting principle reporting requirements.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

In conjunction with its normal operations, the Authority is exposed to various risks related to the damage or destruction of its assets from both natural and man-made occurrences, and tort/liability, errors and omissions and professional liability claims. As a result of these exposures, the Authority has developed a comprehensive risk management program that participates with the State of Oklahoma's Risk Management Division in a pooled operation for the majority of this coverage.

As a member of the State of Oklahoma Risk Management pool, the Authority assumes the responsibility for maintaining and re-reporting to the pool all real and personal property for which it requires insurance coverage. The Authority is also responsible for providing relevant financial and operational data to the pool for all potential losses. The pool, on the other hand, serves as the primary insurer to the Authority with additional layers of coverage provided by commercial insurers for coverage in excess of the self-retained levels of risk assumed by the pool and the governmental immunity provided by state statutes.

The Authority also carries insurance with private insurers for a few high-risk assets under an "all risks" policy. Additional details of this coverage and the corresponding levels of self-retained risk and limits of coverage are noted separately on the "Schedule of Insurance in Force" in the statistical section of this report.

The self-retention level for property and casualty coverage for non-bridge property is \$1,000,000 per incident, while the overall limit of coverage for bridges and non-bridge property is approximately \$534.7 million. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in 2025, 2024 or 2023.

NOTE 17 - DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLE & PAYABLE BALANCES

Receivables are primarily comprised of current customer receivables 48.9% and 48.5%, and intergovernmental receivables representing 24.7% and 22.3% at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Remaining current receivables are comprised of 26.4% and 29.2% other receivables at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles of (\$25.0 million) and (\$14.7 million) at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Payable balances are comprised of 51.7% and 55.9% in current accounts payable and accrued expenses to contractors and vendors and 21.4% and 24.2% of other payables at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Current intergovernmental payable balances account for 26.9% and 19.9% at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL REPORTING IMPROVEMENTS

The objective of GASB 103 'Financial Reporting Model Improvements' is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This pronouncement had no material impact on the current or prior year's financial statements.

The most significant change is the classification of certain non-operating revenues and expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The prior year changes are reflected in the table below.

	AS STATED DECEMBER 31, 2024	CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	AS RESTATED FOR GASB 103 DECEMBER 31, 2024
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Operating revenues:			
Other operating revenue	\$ -	\$ 42,247,634	\$ 42,247,634
Operating expenses:			
Business Operations	17,852,952	2,969,949	20,822,901
Non-operating (revenues) expenses:			
Interest earned on investments and lease assets	39,207,548	517,183	39,724,731
Net increase (decrease) in sales of property and equipment	-	(6,405,196)	(6,405,196)
Other non-operating revenues	33,389,670	(33,389,670)	-
Statements of Cash Flows			
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from other sources	20,814,139	2,969,951	23,784,090
Payments to service providers	(123,690,389)	(2,969,951)	(126,660,340)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	126,559,786	39,277,683	165,837,469
Other non-operating revenues	39,277,683	(39,277,683)	-

NOTE 18 - LITIGATION & CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Authority is a defendant in various litigation. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Authority's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Authority.

NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority had commitments outstanding relating to equipment orders and supplies of \$6.0 million and \$7.4 million, respectively. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority had commitments outstanding relating to construction and maintenance contracts of approximately \$306.5 million and \$244.4 million, respectively.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 PRIOR NINE YEARS

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.23%	1.17%	1.17%	1.15%	1.16%	1.19%	1.21%	1.15%	1.13%	1.10%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (16,390,316)	\$ (3,884,109)	\$ 5,341,306	\$ 9,675,932	\$ (15,605,276)	\$ 10,601,074	\$ 1,613,337	\$ 2,239,219	\$ 6,089,096	\$ 10,433,427
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 31,302,276	\$ 32,881,356	\$ 26,082,481	\$ 23,478,208	\$ 22,758,709	\$ 23,139,552	\$ 22,320,254	\$ 20,200,639	\$ 20,087,613	\$ 19,688,984
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(52.4)%	(11.8)%	20.5%	41.2%	(68.6)%	45.8%	7.2%	11.1%	30.3%	53.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	111.5%	102.9%	95.9%	92.2%	112.5%	91.6%	98.6%	98.0%	94.3%	89.5%

The amounts presented for the Authority's calendar year end (December 31) were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end June 30.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
OKLAHOMA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN
TEN YEARS DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Required Contributions	\$ 2,216,180	\$ 2,643,138	\$ 2,430,679	\$ 3,186,901	\$ 3,292,840	\$ 3,476,137	\$ 3,435,332	\$ 3,329,182	\$ 3,172,188	\$ 3,264,101
Contributions Made	\$ 2,216,180	\$ 2,643,138	\$ 2,430,679	\$ 3,186,901	\$ 3,292,840	\$ 3,476,137	\$ 3,435,332	\$ 3,329,182	\$ 3,172,188	\$ 3,264,101
Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,898,507	\$ 15,859,767	\$ 17,012,794	\$ 16,092,352	\$ 16,367,480	\$ 17,534,851	\$ 18,342,008	\$ 18,223,891	\$ 17,828,704	\$ 19,140,976
Contributions as %	12.4%	16.7% *	14.3% *	19.8%	20.1%	19.8%	18.7%	18.3%	17.8%	17.1%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

*2024 and 2023 covered payroll and contributions as % were adjusted for the implementation of GASB 101

Per Oklahoma Statutes, the Plan has been amended effective November 1, 2015, so that the OPERS has created a defined contribution plan. Employees first employed on or after November 1, 2015 with no prior participation in the Plan will participate in the mandatory defined contribution plan.

The 2.5% inflation rate for 2025 remained unchanged from the 2024 and 2023 inflation rate. The 6.5% investment rate of return for 2025 remained unchanged from the 2024 and 2023 investment rate. For 2024, the expectation of retired life mortality for active participants and non-disabled pensioners was based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table projected generationally using Scale MP-2019 (male rates are unadjusted, and female rates set forward two years), unlike 2023 and 2022 expectation of retired life mortality being based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table projected to 2030 by Scale MP-2019 (male rates unadjusted, and female rates set forward two years).

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)
HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PLAN
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR EIGHT YEARS*

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Authority's proportion of the net HISP Plan OPEB liability (asset)	1.23%	1.17%	1.17%	1.15%	1.16%	1.18%	1.21%	1.15%	1.13%
Authority's proportionate share of the net HISP Plan OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (2,695,176)	\$ (2,015,130)	\$ (1,490,471)	\$ (1,077,314)	\$ (1,598,504)	\$ (557,085)	\$ (470,898)	\$ (148,571)	\$ 128,998
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 14,260,408	\$ 17,723,640	\$ 15,362,428	\$ 16,178,222	\$ 16,905,077	\$ 18,270,381	\$ 18,375,289	\$ 17,543,107	\$ 18,578,644
Authority's proportionate share of the net HISP Plan liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	(18.9)%	(11.4)%	(9.7)%	(6.7)%	(9.5)%	(3.1)%	(2.6)%	(0.9)%	0.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HISP Plan OPEB liability	174.6%	157.2%	141.4%	130.0%	142.9%	114.3%	112.1%	103.9%	96.5%

*The amounts presented for the Authority's calendar year end (December 31) were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end June 30. Information is not available prior to 2017. A 10-year trend will be presented when available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PLAN
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR EIGHT YEARS*

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Authority's required employer contributions to the HISP Plan OPEB liability	\$ 192,033	\$ 187,792	\$ 195,570	\$ 190,903	\$ 205,519	\$ 228,571	\$ 227,050	\$ 219,051	\$ 212,046
Authority's contributions in relation to statutory required contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Authority's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (192,033)	\$ (187,792)	\$ (195,570)	\$ (190,903)	\$ (205,519)	\$ (228,571)	\$ (227,050)	\$ (219,051)	\$ (212,046)

*The amounts presented for the Authority's calendar year end (December 31) were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end June 30. Information is not available prior to 2017. A 10-year trend will be presented when available

The Authority is statutorily required to make contributions to the OPERS to fund the pension liability.
 The Authority does not make additional contributions to the OPERS for the Health Insurance Subsidy OPEB liability.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
EMPLOYEE GROUP INSURANCE DIVISION PLAN
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR SEVEN YEARS*

TOTAL EGID PLAN OPEB LIABILITY	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Authority's proportion of the net EGID Plan OPEB liability (asset)	1.20%	1.20%	1.31%	1.26%	1.43%	1.47%	1.42%	1.42%
Authority's proportionate share of the service cost	\$ 106,974	\$ 57,082	\$ 80,507	\$ 78,582	\$ 70,387	\$ 76,370	\$ 73,801	\$ 84,297
Authority's proportionate share of the interest on the total EGID Plan OPEB liability	\$ 89,472	\$ 53,779	\$ 40,065	\$ 39,982	\$ 66,304	\$ 83,054	\$ 75,463	\$ 64,043
Authority's proportionate share of expensed portion of current period changes in assumptions to the EGID Plan OPEB liability	\$ 131,583	\$ 117,227	\$ (37,802)	\$ (26,020)	\$ (38,577)	\$ (65,102)	\$ (24,554)	\$ (22,921)
Authority's proportionate share of differences between expected and actual experience of the EGID Plan OPEB liability	\$ (12,749)	\$ (10,037)	\$ (5,657)	\$ (6,322)	\$ (6,934)	\$ (5,910)	\$ (3,833)	\$ -
Authority's proportionate share of changes of assumptions or other inputs of the EGID Plan OPEB liability	\$ (183,002)	\$ 633,202	\$ (58,388)	\$ (209,734)	\$ 150,851	\$ (46,268)	\$ 101	\$ (82,517)
Authority's proportionate share of benefit payments to the EGID Plan OPEB liability	\$ (120,360)	\$ (121,130)	\$ (135,571)	\$ (133,450)	\$ (154,012)	\$ (172,446)	\$ (156,545)	\$ (180,938)
Authority's proportionate share of the net change in the EGID Plan OPEB liability	\$ 11,918	\$ 730,123	\$ (116,846)	\$ (256,962)	\$ 88,019	\$ (130,302)	\$ (35,567)	\$ (138,036)
Authority's proportionate share of the EGID Plan OPEB liability-beginning	\$ 2,393,083	\$ 1,662,960	\$ 1,779,806	\$ 2,036,768	\$ 1,948,749	\$ 2,079,051	\$ 2,114,618	\$ 2,252,654
Authority's proportionate share of the EGID Plan OPEB liability-ending	\$ 2,405,001	\$ 2,393,083	\$ 1,662,960	\$ 1,779,806	\$ 2,036,768	\$ 1,948,749	\$ 2,079,051	\$ 2,114,618
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 31,641,563	\$ 33,344,214	\$ 26,516,339	\$ 24,032,107	\$ 23,695,059	\$ 23,684,851	\$ 23,046,316	\$ 20,837,383
Authority's proportionate share of the total EGID Plan OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.6%	7.3%	6.3%	7.4%	8.6%	8.2%	9.0%	10.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total EGID Plan OPEB liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

*The amounts presented for the Authority's calendar year end (December 31) were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end June 30. Information is not available prior to 2018. A 10-year trend will be presented when available. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits for the OPEB Plan.

**SCHEDULE OF BUDGET COMPARED TO ACTUAL OPERATING EXPENSE
(PREPARED ON A NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

EXPENSE DESCRIPTION	BUDGETED EXPENSES	ACTUAL EXPENSES	VARIANCE (OVER)/ UNDER
Turnpike Maintenance:			
Personnel services	\$ 17,843,267	\$ 16,545,930	\$ 1,297,337
Contractual services	6,434,600	4,081,781	2,352,819
Commodities	6,409,340	5,792,023	617,317
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	30,687,207	26,419,734	4,267,473
Construction:			
Personnel services	628,262	540,901	87,361
Contractual services	26,200	8	26,192
Commodities	41,500	12,372	29,128
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	695,962	553,281	142,681
Engineering:			
Personnel services	1,162,184	1,158,831	3,353
Contractual services	114,050	80,657	33,393
Commodities	7,600	722	6,878
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	1,283,834	1,240,210	43,624
ROW and Utility:			
Personnel services	592,610	594,897	(2,287)
Contractual services	1,041,280	751,783	289,497
Commodities	89,525	70,799	18,726
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	1,723,415	1,417,479	305,936
Highway Patrol:			
Personnel services	—	—	—
Contractual services	20,482,439	15,407,667	5,074,772
Commodities	1,669,542	1,136,361	533,181
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	22,151,981	16,544,028	5,607,953
Customer Service:			
Personnel services	16,333,029	14,190,430	2,142,599
Contractual services	3,386,530	2,828,135	558,395
Commodities	761,841	728,624	33,217
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	20,481,400	17,747,189	2,734,211
Administrative Services:			
Personnel services	1,493,800	1,109,736	384,064
Contractual services	109,050	248,134	(139,084)
Commodities	92,500	69,992	22,508
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	1,695,350	1,427,862	267,488
Information Technology:			
Personnel services	5,143,391	4,343,900	799,491
Contractual services	18,749,078	15,553,385	3,195,693
Commodities	313,650	528,509	(214,859)
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	\$ 24,206,119	20,425,794	\$ 3,780,325

**SCHEDULE OF BUDGET COMPARED TO ACTUAL OPERATING EXPENSE
(PREPARED ON A NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

EXPENSE DESCRIPTION	BUDGETED EXPENSES	ACTUAL EXPENSES	VARIANCE (OVER)/ UNDER
Comptroller:			
Personnel services	\$ 2,446,217	\$ 2,109,133	\$ 337,084
Contractual services	9,557,200	10,782,285	(1,225,085)
Commodities	10,100	9,378	722
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	12,013,517	12,900,796	(887,279)
Finance:			
Personnel services	601,067	559,104	41,963
Contractual services	356,048	331,909	24,139
Commodities	500	703	(203)
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	957,615	891,716	65,899
Business Operations:			
Personnel services	902,174	877,002	25,172
Contractual services	28,822,285	20,038,908	8,783,377
Commodities	16,750	5,107	11,643
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	29,741,209	20,921,017	8,820,192
Revenue Assurance:			
Personnel services	682,853	445,603	237,250
Contractual services	13,475	1,509	11,966
Commodities	3,900	549	3,351
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	700,228	447,661	252,567
Executive:			
Personnel services	2,836,539	2,376,601	459,938
Contractual services	3,242,150	1,827,805	1,414,345
Commodities	34,990	37,817	(2,827)
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	6,113,679	4,242,223	1,871,456
Authority:			
Personnel services	—	—	—
Contractual services	5,000	10,563	(5,563)
Commodities	—	—	—
Contingencies	3,811,410	—	3,811,410
Capital outlay and contingencies	—	—	—
Total	3,816,410	10,563	3,805,847
Total Expenses	\$ 156,267,926	\$ 125,189,553	\$ 31,078,373

Adjustments necessary to convert expenses from a budgetary (modified accrual) basis to GAAP basis at year end:	2025	2024
Budgetary basis	\$ 125,189,553	\$ 127,114,668
Increase (decrease) due to:		
Current expenses reclassified as property and equipment	—	(56,697)
Non-Revenue Fund operating expenses	43,286,259	27,737,108
Other GAAP adjustments (reclassification of GASB 103)	22,986,457	13,667,801
GAAP basis	\$ 191,462,269	\$ 168,462,880

**SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MATURITY JAN. 1	2017 SERIES					
	SERIES 2017A REVENUE			SERIES 2017C REVENUE		
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2026	—	15,802,643	15,802,643	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2027	—	11,804,019	11,804,019	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2028	—	11,804,019	11,804,019	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2029	—	11,804,019	11,804,019	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2030	—	11,804,019	11,804,019	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2031	—	11,804,019	11,804,019	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2032	2,610,000	11,804,019	14,414,019	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2033	21,420,000	11,712,668	33,132,668	—	9,503,323	9,503,323
2034	22,270,000	10,865,675	33,135,675	10,915,000	9,503,323	20,418,323
2035	23,155,000	9,980,150	33,135,150	11,360,000	9,057,573	20,417,573
2036	24,075,000	9,066,800	33,141,800	11,925,000	8,489,573	20,414,573
2037	—	8,103,800	8,103,800	12,525,000	7,893,323	20,418,323
2038	10,000,000	8,103,800	18,103,800	16,405,000	7,360,823	23,765,823
2039	3,420,000	7,703,800	11,123,800	13,715,000	6,704,623	20,419,623
2040	3,600,000	7,567,000	11,167,000	14,265,000	6,156,023	20,421,023
2041	3,785,000	7,423,000	11,208,000	14,830,000	5,585,423	20,415,423
2042	2,640,000	7,271,600	9,911,600	15,420,000	4,992,223	20,412,223
2043	33,075,000	7,166,000	40,241,000	16,030,000	4,391,863	20,421,863
2044	34,400,000	5,843,000	40,243,000	16,825,000	3,590,363	20,415,363
2045	35,775,000	4,467,000	40,242,000	17,670,000	2,749,113	20,419,113
2046	37,205,000	3,036,000	40,241,000	18,555,000	1,865,613	20,420,613
2047	38,695,000	1,547,800	40,242,800	19,480,000	937,863	20,417,863
2048	—	—	—	—	—	—
2049	—	—	—	—	—	—
2050	—	—	—	—	—	—
2051	—	—	—	—	—	—
2052	—	—	—	—	—	—
2053	—	—	—	—	—	—
2054	—	—	—	—	—	—
2055	—	—	—	—	—	—
2056	—	—	—	—	—	—
2057	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 296,125,000	\$ 196,484,850	\$ 492,609,850	\$ 209,920,000	\$ 155,304,306	\$ 365,224,306

(continued)

**SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MATURITY JAN. 1	2017 SERIES					
	SERIES 2017D REFUNDING			SERIES 2017E REFUNDING		
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2026	38,145,000	5,998,750	44,143,750	6,675,000	3,501,243	10,176,243
2027	39,960,000	4,091,500	44,051,500	7,125,000	3,167,493	10,292,493
2028	41,870,000	2,093,500	43,963,500	7,575,000	2,811,243	10,386,243
2029	—	—	—	31,105,000	2,432,493	33,537,493
2030	—	—	—	8,465,000	1,027,243	9,492,243
2031	—	—	—	15,130,000	603,993	15,733,993
2032	—	—	—	—	—	—
2033	—	—	—	—	—	—
2034	—	—	—	—	—	—
2035	—	—	—	—	—	—
2036	—	—	—	—	—	—
2037	—	—	—	—	—	—
2038	—	—	—	—	—	—
2039	—	—	—	—	—	—
2040	—	—	—	—	—	—
2041	—	—	—	—	—	—
2042	—	—	—	—	—	—
2043	—	—	—	—	—	—
2044	—	—	—	—	—	—
2045	—	—	—	—	—	—
2046	—	—	—	—	—	—
2047	—	—	—	—	—	—
2048	—	—	—	—	—	—
2049	—	—	—	—	—	—
2050	—	—	—	—	—	—
2051	—	—	—	—	—	—
2052	—	—	—	—	—	—
2053	—	—	—	—	—	—
2054	—	—	—	—	—	—
2055	—	—	—	—	—	—
2056	—	—	—	—	—	—
2057	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 119,975,000	\$ 12,183,750	\$ 132,158,750	\$ 76,075,000	\$ 13,543,708	\$ 89,618,708

(continued)

**SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MATURITY JAN. 1	2018 SERIES			2020 SERIES		
	SERIES 2018A REFUNDING			SERIES 2020A REFUNDING		
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2026	–	15,069,763	15,069,763	18,905,000	6,918,250	25,823,250
2027	–	15,069,763	15,069,763	19,450,000	5,973,000	25,423,000
2028	–	15,069,763	15,069,763	20,035,000	5,000,500	25,035,500
2029	–	15,069,763	15,069,763	17,595,000	3,998,750	21,593,750
2030	–	15,069,763	15,069,763	33,510,000	3,119,000	36,629,000
2031	–	15,069,763	15,069,763	20,735,000	1,443,500	22,178,500
2032	11,340,000	15,069,763	26,409,763	4,005,000	406,750	4,411,750
2033	11,890,000	14,519,675	26,409,675	4,130,000	206,500	4,336,500
2034	12,335,000	14,073,800	26,408,800	–	–	–
2035	12,955,000	13,457,050	26,412,050	–	–	–
2036	13,600,000	12,809,300	26,409,300	–	–	–
2037	14,275,000	12,129,300	26,404,300	–	–	–
2038	14,995,000	11,415,550	26,410,550	–	–	–
2039	15,595,000	10,815,750	26,410,750	–	–	–
2040	16,220,000	10,191,950	26,411,950	–	–	–
2041	17,025,000	9,380,950	26,405,950	–	–	–
2042	17,880,000	8,529,700	26,409,700	–	–	–
2043	18,770,000	7,635,700	26,405,700	–	–	–
2044	19,715,000	6,697,200	26,412,200	–	–	–
2045	20,500,000	5,908,600	26,408,600	–	–	–
2046	21,320,000	5,088,600	26,408,600	–	–	–
2047	22,175,000	4,235,800	26,410,800	–	–	–
2048	83,720,000	3,348,800	87,068,800	–	–	–
2049	–	–	–	–	–	–
2050	–	–	–	–	–	–
2051	–	–	–	–	–	–
2052	–	–	–	–	–	–
2053	–	–	–	–	–	–
2054	–	–	–	–	–	–
2055	–	–	–	–	–	–
2056	–	–	–	–	–	–
2057	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	\$ 344,310,000	\$ 255,726,066	\$ 600,036,066	\$ 138,365,000	\$ 27,066,250	\$ 165,431,250

(continued)

**SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MATURITY JAN. 1	2020 SERIES			2023 SERIES		
	SERIES 2020B REFUNDING			SERIES 2023 REVENUE		
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2026	10,850,000	1,673,559	12,523,559	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2027	11,180,000	1,542,816	12,722,816	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2028	11,525,000	1,391,327	12,916,327	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2029	10,115,000	1,210,154	11,325,154	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2030	19,290,000	1,046,089	20,336,089	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2031	25,100,000	713,915	25,813,915	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2032	6,240,000	256,593	6,496,593	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2033	6,445,000	133,540	6,578,540	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2034	–	–	–	–	26,711,525	26,711,525
2035	–	–	–	510,000	26,711,525	27,221,525
2036	–	–	–	535,000	26,686,025	27,221,025
2037	–	–	–	570,000	26,659,275	27,229,275
2038	–	–	–	595,000	26,630,775	27,225,775
2039	–	–	–	620,000	26,601,025	27,221,025
2040	–	–	–	650,000	26,570,025	27,220,025
2041	–	–	–	690,000	26,537,525	27,227,525
2042	–	–	–	515,000	26,503,025	27,018,025
2043	–	–	–	825,000	26,477,275	27,302,275
2044	–	–	–	785,000	26,436,025	27,221,025
2045	–	–	–	830,000	26,394,813	27,224,813
2046	–	–	–	870,000	26,351,238	27,221,238
2047	–	–	–	915,000	26,305,563	27,220,563
2048	–	–	–	970,000	26,257,525	27,227,525
2049	–	–	–	88,085,000	26,206,600	114,291,600
2050	–	–	–	92,795,000	21,496,325	114,291,325
2051	–	–	–	97,760,000	16,534,350	114,294,350
2052	–	–	–	102,985,000	11,307,100	114,292,100
2053	–	–	–	108,495,000	5,800,725	114,295,725
2054	–	–	–	–	–	–
2055	–	–	–	–	–	–
2056	–	–	–	–	–	–
2057	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	\$ 100,745,000	\$ 7,967,993	\$ 108,712,993	\$ 500,000,000	\$ 692,870,464	\$1,192,870,464

(Continued)

**SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MATURITY JAN. 1	2025 SERIES					
	SERIES 2025A REVENUE			SERIES 2025B REVENUE		
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2026	–	51,253,151	51,253,151	–	1,733,725	1,733,725
2027	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	7,430,250	7,430,250
2028	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	7,430,250	7,430,250
2029	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	7,430,250	7,430,250
2030	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	7,430,250	7,430,250
2031	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	7,430,250	7,430,250
2032	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	16,440,000	7,430,250	23,870,250
2033	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	6,608,250	6,608,250
2034	–	56,425,488	56,425,488	–	6,608,250	6,608,250
2035	24,020,000	56,425,488	80,445,488	–	6,608,250	6,608,250
2036	25,220,000	55,224,488	80,444,488	–	6,608,250	6,608,250
2037	27,940,000	53,963,488	81,903,488	23,575,000	6,608,250	30,183,250
2038	29,340,000	52,566,488	81,906,488	11,400,000	5,429,500	16,829,500
2039	30,805,000	51,099,488	81,904,488	22,300,000	4,859,500	27,159,500
2040	32,355,000	49,559,238	81,914,238	23,365,000	3,744,500	27,109,500
2041	33,965,000	47,941,488	81,906,488	24,500,000	2,576,250	27,076,250
2042	35,870,000	46,243,238	82,113,238	27,025,000	1,351,250	28,376,250
2043	35,420,000	44,449,738	79,869,738	–	–	–
2044	37,270,000	42,678,738	79,948,738	–	–	–
2045	39,130,000	40,815,238	79,945,238	–	–	–
2046	41,090,000	38,858,738	79,948,738	–	–	–
2047	43,245,000	36,701,513	79,946,513	–	–	–
2048	45,515,000	34,431,150	79,946,150	–	–	–
2049	47,910,000	32,041,613	79,951,613	–	–	–
2050	50,425,000	29,526,338	79,951,338	–	–	–
2051	53,070,000	26,879,025	79,949,025	–	–	–
2052	55,990,000	23,960,175	79,950,175	–	–	–
2053	59,065,000	20,880,725	79,945,725	–	–	–
2054	176,610,000	17,632,150	194,242,150	–	–	–
2055	186,320,000	7,918,600	194,238,600	–	–	–
2056	–	–	–	–	–	–
2057	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	\$1,110,575,000	\$1,312,454,200	\$2,423,029,200	\$ 148,605,000	\$ 97,317,475	\$ 245,922,475

(continued)

**SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MATURITY JAN. 1	TOTAL BONDS				OTHER LONG TERM DEBT GILCREASE - USDOT TIFIA LOAN		
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	OUTSTANDING PRINCIPLE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2026	74,575,000	138,165,932	212,740,932	2,970,120,000	960,965	838,387	1,799,352
2027	77,715,000	141,719,175	219,434,175	2,892,405,000	2,072,081	1,670,929	3,743,010
2028	81,005,000	138,240,936	219,245,936	2,811,400,000	2,452,463	1,641,660	4,094,123
2029	58,815,000	134,585,763	193,400,763	2,752,585,000	2,522,534	1,608,239	4,130,773
2030	61,265,000	132,136,698	193,401,698	2,691,320,000	2,672,685	1,573,983	4,246,668
2031	60,965,000	129,705,774	190,670,774	2,630,355,000	2,902,916	1,536,897	4,439,813
2032	40,635,000	127,607,710	168,242,710	2,589,720,000	3,063,077	1,497,144	4,560,221
2033	43,885,000	125,820,969	169,705,969	2,545,835,000	3,203,218	1,455,284	4,658,502
2034	45,520,000	124,188,061	169,708,061	2,500,315,000	3,248,263	1,411,907	4,660,170
2035	72,000,000	122,240,036	194,240,036	2,428,315,000	3,348,364	1,367,720	4,716,084
2036	75,355,000	118,884,436	194,239,436	2,352,960,000	3,448,464	1,322,150	4,770,614
2037	78,885,000	115,357,436	194,242,436	2,274,075,000	3,593,610	1,275,293	4,868,903
2038	82,735,000	111,506,936	194,241,936	2,191,340,000	3,768,785	1,226,076	4,994,861
2039	86,455,000	107,784,186	194,239,186	2,104,885,000	3,898,916	1,174,728	5,073,644
2040	90,455,000	103,788,736	194,243,736	2,014,430,000	3,989,007	1,121,687	5,110,694
2041	94,795,000	99,444,636	194,239,636	1,919,635,000	4,054,072	1,067,671	5,121,743
2042	99,350,000	94,891,036	194,241,036	1,820,285,000	4,124,142	1,012,707	5,136,849
2043	104,120,000	90,120,576	194,240,576	1,716,165,000	4,194,213	956,796	5,151,009
2044	108,995,000	85,245,326	194,240,326	1,607,170,000	4,264,283	899,901	5,164,184
2045	113,905,000	80,334,764	194,239,764	1,493,265,000	4,334,354	842,137	5,176,491
2046	119,040,000	75,200,189	194,240,189	1,374,225,000	4,404,424	783,389	5,187,813
2047	124,510,000	69,728,539	194,238,539	1,249,715,000	4,574,450	723,662	5,298,112
2048	130,205,000	64,037,475	194,242,475	1,119,510,000	4,715,899	661,120	5,377,019
2049	135,995,000	58,248,213	194,243,213	983,515,000	4,779,729	597,290	5,377,019
2050	143,220,000	51,022,663	194,242,663	840,295,000	4,844,473	532,546	5,377,019
2051	150,830,000	43,413,375	194,243,375	689,465,000	4,910,094	466,925	5,377,019
2052	158,975,000	35,267,275	194,242,275	530,490,000	4,976,654	400,365	5,377,019
2053	167,560,000	26,681,450	194,241,450	362,930,000	5,044,015	333,004	5,377,019
2054	176,610,000	17,632,150	194,242,150	186,320,000	5,112,339	264,680	5,377,019
2055	186,320,000	7,918,600	194,238,600	—	5,181,589	195,430	5,377,019
2056	—	—	—	—	5,251,826	125,193	5,377,019
2057	—	—	—	—	5,322,915	54,104	5,377,019
Total	\$3,044,695,000	\$2,770,919,051	\$5,815,614,051		\$125,234,819	\$30,639,004	\$155,873,823

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Members

Oklahoma Turnpike Authority
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (Authority), which comprise the Authority's statement of net position as of December 31, 2025 and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2026, which contained an Emphasis of Matter paragraph regarding a change in accounting principles.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

**Tulsa, Oklahoma
March 31, 2026**







Love's
10 MILES
AHEAD

20 MINUTE
AHEAD

EXIT
500 FT

EXIT

I-44/Turner Turnpike

TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of OTA's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about OTA's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how OTA's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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REVENUE CAPACITY

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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which OTA's financial activities take place and to help make comparison over time.

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The jurisdiction of the OTA is limited to its Turnpike System and rights-of-way.

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain information about OTA's operations and resources to help the reader understand how OTA's financial information relates to the services OTA provides and the activities it performs.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the relevant year.

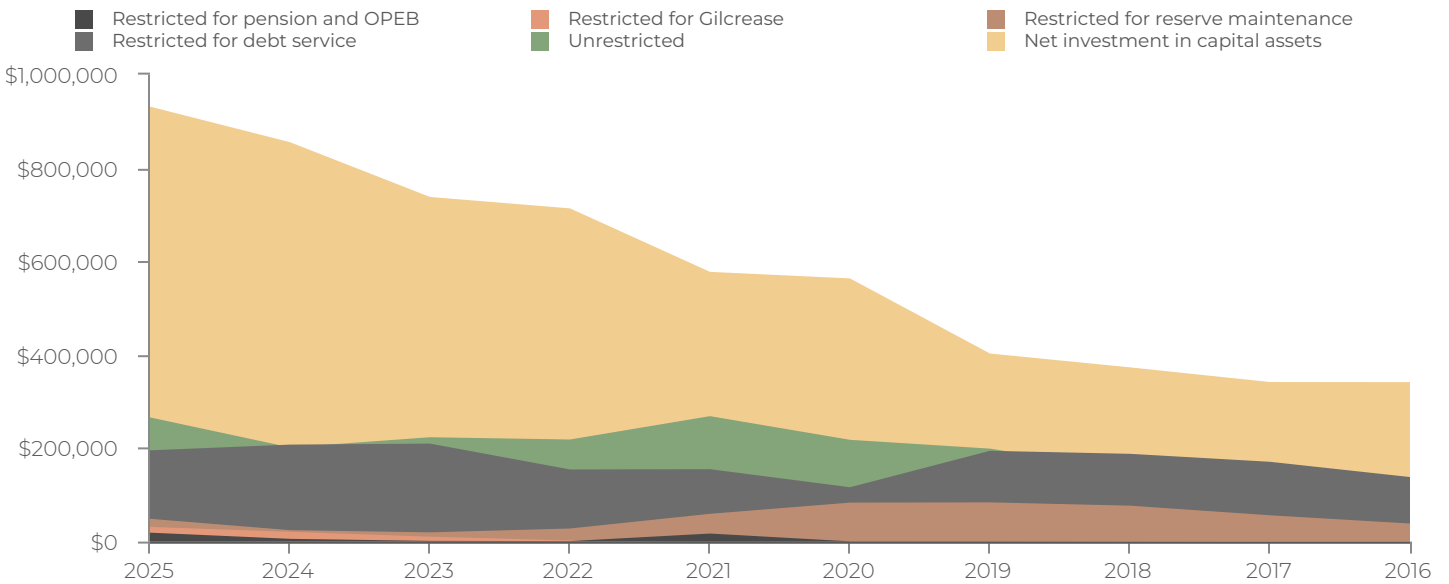
*' Indicates information is not available for the specified period.

**SCHEDULE 1: NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

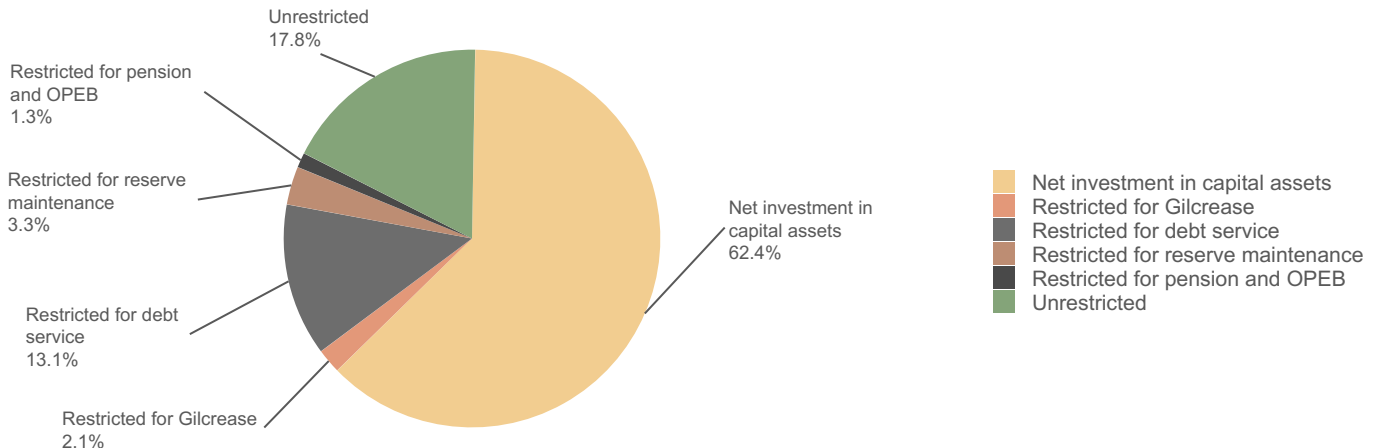
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 931,515	\$ 855,307	\$ 738,012	\$ 713,590	\$ 577,619	\$ 563,608	\$ 402,696	\$ 373,119	\$ 341,664	\$ 341,525
Restricted for Gilcrease	31,411	20,949	10,464	2,324	—	—	—	—	—	—
Restricted for debt service	195,336	207,707	209,793	154,456	155,013	116,330	194,380	187,943	170,853	138,214
Restricted for reserve maintenance	48,762	24,474	19,757	27,991	59,476	83,448	83,960	76,937	56,302	38,684
Restricted for pension and OPEB	19,085	5,899	1,491	1,077	17,204	557	471	149	—	—
Unrestricted	265,921	201,731	223,447	218,585	268,623	217,915	199,059	151,653	112,265	69,600
Total net position	\$ 1,492,030	\$ 1,316,067	\$ 1,202,964	\$ 1,118,023	\$ 1,077,935	\$ 981,858	\$ 880,566	\$ 789,801	\$ 681,084	\$ 588,023

Note: In 2024, the OTA implemented GASB 101, effective as of January 1, 2023. The net effect of this application was a restatement of 2023 unrestricted net position to reflect a reduction of \$1,118 (presented in thousands of dollars). In 2022, the OTA implemented GASB 87, effective as of January 1, 2021. The net effect of this application was a \$0.320 (presented in thousands of dollars). In 2018, the OTA implemented GASB 75, effective as of January 1, 2017. The net effect of this application was a restatement of 2017 unrestricted net position to reflect a reduction of \$2,310 (presented in thousands of dollars).

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS (PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025 (PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

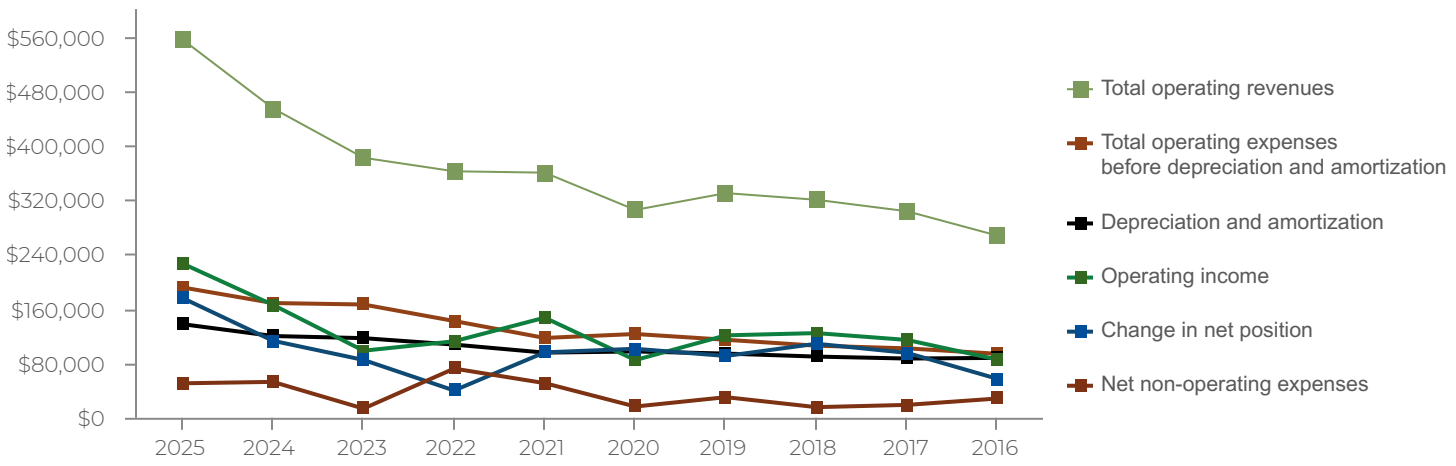


**SCHEDULE 2: CHANGES IN NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Operating revenues:										
Tolls	\$ 499,487	\$ 409,640	\$ 378,940	\$ 359,054	\$ 357,625	\$ 302,617	\$ 327,429	\$ 317,716	\$ 300,812	\$ 265,064
Concessions	2,780	2,467	2,797	2,850	2,252	2,568	2,425	2,342	2,390	2,277
Other Operating Revenue	53,296	42,248	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total operating revenues	555,563	454,355	381,737	361,904	359,877	305,185	329,854	320,058	303,202	267,341
Operating expenses:										
Toll Operations	—	16,821	20,461	25,456	27,027	32,739	24,036	22,060	19,513	19,291
Turnpike Maintenance	28,492	31,109	31,884	30,248	22,740	27,177	25,553	21,110	21,638	20,844
Engineering	2,957	2,629	2,265	2,580	3,194	2,681	1,912	1,580	3,176	4,548
Construction	1,554	985	7,561	7,610	1,908	3,028	1,435	772	601	—
Right-of-Way and Utility	1,480	1,884	1,292	675	—	—	—	—	—	—
Highway Patrol	21,835	18,807	18,918	18,126	19,648	19,978	17,174	21,787	18,616	20,256
Customer Service	21,191	19,990	20,799	15,383	14,563	12,550	22,300	19,128	18,562	15,125
Human Resources	2,152	2,656	3,450	2,362	2,321	2,267	1,826	1,813	1,744	1,718
Information Technology	36,196	21,620	16,069	13,596	12,430	12,128	10,731	8,682	6,210	5,541
Comptroller	38,095	24,364	19,300	18,117	1,180	1,569	1,329	1,317	1,291	1,117
Finance	5,605	1,254	3,882	2,048	1,590	4,810	3,693	3,929	6,990	2,240
Business Operations	26,860	20,823	13,661	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Revenue Assurance	475	389	276	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Operations Support	—	—	—	—	6,540	—	—	—	—	—
Executive Authority	4,559	5,126	6,503	5,901	4,077	4,097	4,539	3,677	3,591	3,286
Authority	11	6	7	8	4	1	5	2	2	6
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	191,462	168,463	166,328	142,110	117,222	123,025	114,533	105,857	101,934	93,972
Operating income before depreciation and amortization										
depreciation and amortization	364,101	285,892	215,409	219,794	242,655	182,160	215,321	214,201	201,268	173,368
Depreciation and amortization	(137,510)	(120,054)	(116,932)	(107,468)	(95,681)	(97,402)	(94,278)	(89,861)	(86,982)	(87,935)
Operating income	226,591	165,838	98,477	112,326	146,974	84,758	121,043	124,340	114,286	85,433
Non-operating revenues (expenses):										
Interest earned on investments	66,489	39,724	18,872	8,595	4,831	7,594	19,401	14,184	5,919	4,427
Net change in fair value of investments	14,638	2,829	8,242	(25,799)	(2,132)	5,264	5,184	(1,102)	2,307	1,186
Net increase (decrease) on sales of property and equipment	371	(6,405)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interest expense on bonds outstanding	(132,126)	(88,883)	(70,881)	(66,828)	(69,816)	(51,847)	(80,180)	(38,071)	(33,841)	(39,195)
Other	—	—	30,232	11,794	14,528	8,259	8,018	9,366	6,655	5,246
Contributed revenue	—	—	—	—	1,692	47,264	17,299	—	—	—
Net non-operating expenses	(50,628)	(52,735)	(13,535)	(72,238)	(50,897)	16,534	(30,278)	(15,623)	(18,960)	(28,336)
Change in net position	\$ 175,963	\$ 113,103	\$ 84,942	\$ 40,088	\$ 96,077	\$ 101,292	\$ 90,765	\$ 108,717	\$ 95,326	\$ 57,097

Note: In 2025, the OTA implemented GASB 103, effective for the year beginning January 1, 2024, this statement reclassifies certain revenues and expenses. In 2024, the OTA implemented GASB 101, effective January 1, 2023. The net effect of this application was \$1.118 (presented in thousands of dollars). In 2022, the OTA implemented GASB 87, effective as of January 1, 2021. The net effect of this application was a \$0.320 (presented in thousands of dollars). In 2018, the ODOT issued \$71.4 million in Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicle (GARVEE) bonds to finance a portion of the Gilcrease Expressway project. These bonds do not constitute indebtedness of the Authority but are dedicated as funding for qualified costs incurred by the OTA for the Gilcrease. GARVEE proceeds utilized by the OTA are reflected as other non-operating revenue. In 2017, the OTA recorded the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB 75. The net effect of the retroactive application was \$2,265 (presented in thousands of dollars).

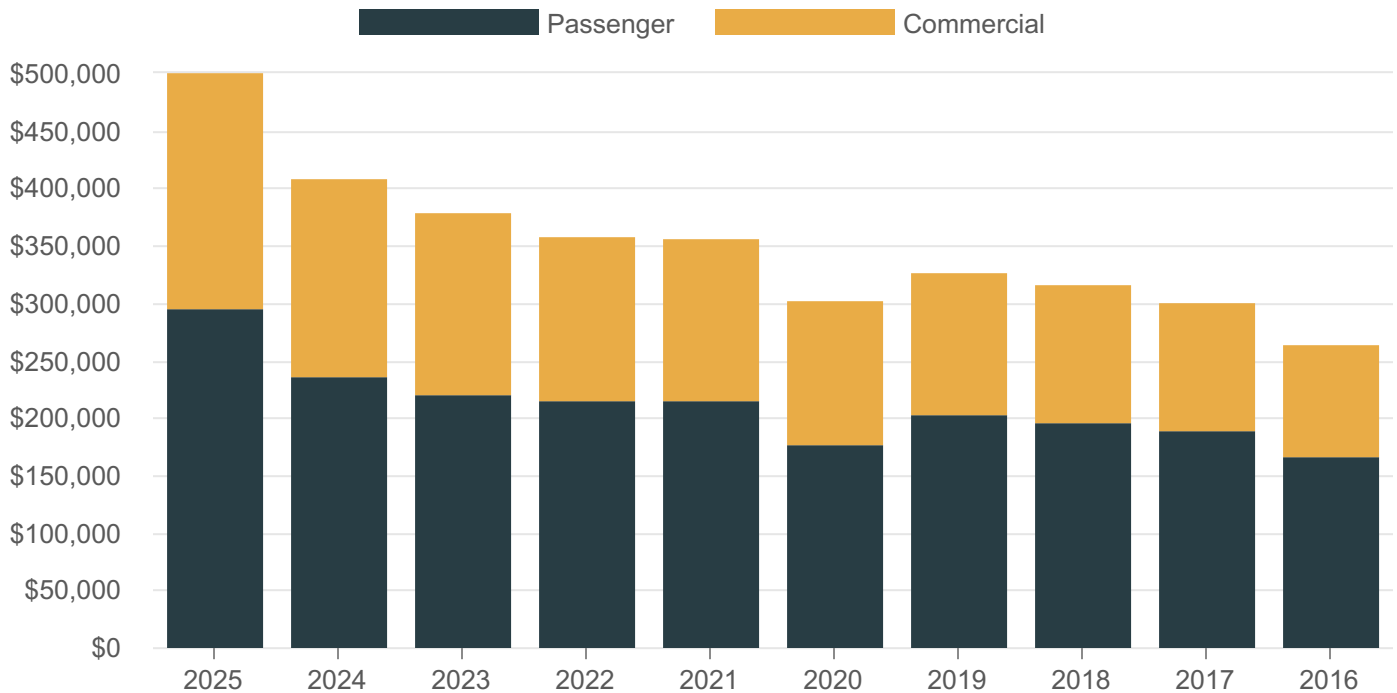
CHANGES IN NET POSITION AND COMPONENTS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)



SYSTEMWIDE REVENUE - 10-YEAR SNAPSHOT
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

TOLL REVENUE BY TYPE (PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)			
Fiscal Year	Passenger	Commercial	Total Toll Revenue
2025	\$ 296,920	\$ 202,567	\$ 499,487
2024	236,511	173,129	409,640
2023	221,931	157,009	378,940
2022	216,688	142,366	359,054
2021	216,444	141,181	357,625
2020	178,263	124,354	302,617
2019	204,120	123,309	327,429
2018	197,471	120,245	317,716
2017	189,324	111,755	301,079
2016	167,788	97,276	265,064

TOLL REVENUE BY TYPE (PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)



SCHEDULE 3: TOLL REVENUES BY TYPE & TURNPIKE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Turner Turnpike										
Passenger	\$ 53,138	\$ 42,526	\$ 38,638	\$ 37,763	\$ 38,823	\$ 32,810	\$ 39,468	\$ 38,096	\$ 36,837	\$ 32,976
Commercial	65,247	55,017	50,707	45,477	46,382	40,642	39,767	38,835	36,231	31,220
Total	118,385	97,543	89,345	83,240	85,205	73,452	79,235	76,931	73,068	64,196
Will Rogers Turnpike										
Passenger	33,796	22,392	22,641	24,196	25,277	21,174	24,207	23,756	23,005	20,443
Commercial	74,529	66,615	57,618	50,660	51,522	44,940	43,538	42,365	39,105	34,912
Total	108,325	89,007	80,259	74,856	76,799	66,114	67,745	66,121	62,110	55,355
H. E. Bailey Turnpike										
Passenger	31,970	26,697	25,111	23,803	25,442	22,214	25,242	23,844	22,948	20,335
Commercial	12,103	10,412	9,861	9,016	8,374	8,204	9,070	8,760	7,641	6,315
Total	44,073	37,109	34,972	32,819	33,816	30,418	34,312	32,604	30,589	26,650
Indian Nation Turnpike										
Passenger	13,676	11,255	10,285	10,277	10,455	8,363	10,344	9,945	9,309	8,306
Commercial	11,596	8,474	8,508	8,015	7,941	7,358	7,923	7,881	7,356	6,246
Total	25,272	19,729	18,793	18,292	18,396	15,721	18,267	17,826	16,665	14,552
Muskogee Turnpike										
Passenger	21,786	17,110	16,349	16,728	17,388	15,160	16,010	15,212	14,389	13,172
Commercial	7,992	6,717	6,144	5,798	5,932	5,592	5,695	5,853	5,767	5,217
Total	29,778	23,827	22,493	22,526	23,320	20,752	21,705	21,065	20,156	18,389
Cimarron Turnpike										
Passenger	9,370	7,540	6,889	7,202	7,788	6,683	8,050	7,855	7,908	6,877
Commercial	7,304	5,980	5,812	5,761	5,874	5,679	5,811	5,717	5,562	4,866
Total	16,674	13,520	12,701	12,963	13,662	12,362	13,861	13,572	13,470	11,743
John Kilpatrick Turnpike										
Passenger	67,101	54,985	52,580	52,897	47,797	36,729	40,727	39,562	37,316	33,208
Commercial	12,315	9,816	8,908	8,840	6,658	5,193	4,824	4,421	3,801	3,104
Total	79,416	64,801	61,488	61,737	54,455	41,922	45,551	43,983	41,117	36,312
Cherokee Turnpike										
Passenger	8,724	6,983	6,446	6,777	6,991	5,989	6,840	6,778	6,628	5,764
Commercial	4,946	4,306	4,065	3,929	3,956	3,607	3,549	3,197	3,102	2,858
Total	13,670	11,289	10,511	10,706	10,947	9,596	10,389	9,975	9,730	8,622
Chickasaw Turnpike										
Passenger	980	783	708	675	690	610	722	697	660	518
Commercial	286	271	261	313	349	286	294	291	274	292
Total	1,266	1,054	969	988	1,039	896	1,016	988	934	810
Creek Turnpike										
Passenger	44,860	36,163	34,172	32,122	33,101	28,396	32,510	31,726	30,324	26,189
Commercial	3,515	2,877	3,086	3,279	3,430	2,830	2,838	2,925	2,916	2,246
Total	48,375	39,040	37,258	35,401	36,531	31,226	35,348	34,651	33,240	28,435
Kickapoo Turnpike										
Passenger	6,017	4,837	4,472	3,976	2,692	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial	1,502	1,235	1,277	1,233	763	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	7,519	6,072	5,749	5,209	3,455	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gilcrease Turnpike										
Passenger	5,502	5,240	3,640	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial	1,232	1,409	762	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	6,734	6,649	4,402	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Totals										
Passenger	296,920	236,511	221,931	216,688	216,444	178,263	204,120	197,471	189,324	167,788
Commercial	202,567	173,129	157,009	142,366	141,181	124,354	123,309	120,245	111,755	97,276
Total Revenues	\$ 499,487	\$ 409,640	\$ 378,940	\$ 359,054	\$ 357,625	\$ 302,617	\$ 327,429	\$ 317,716	\$ 301,079	\$ 265,064

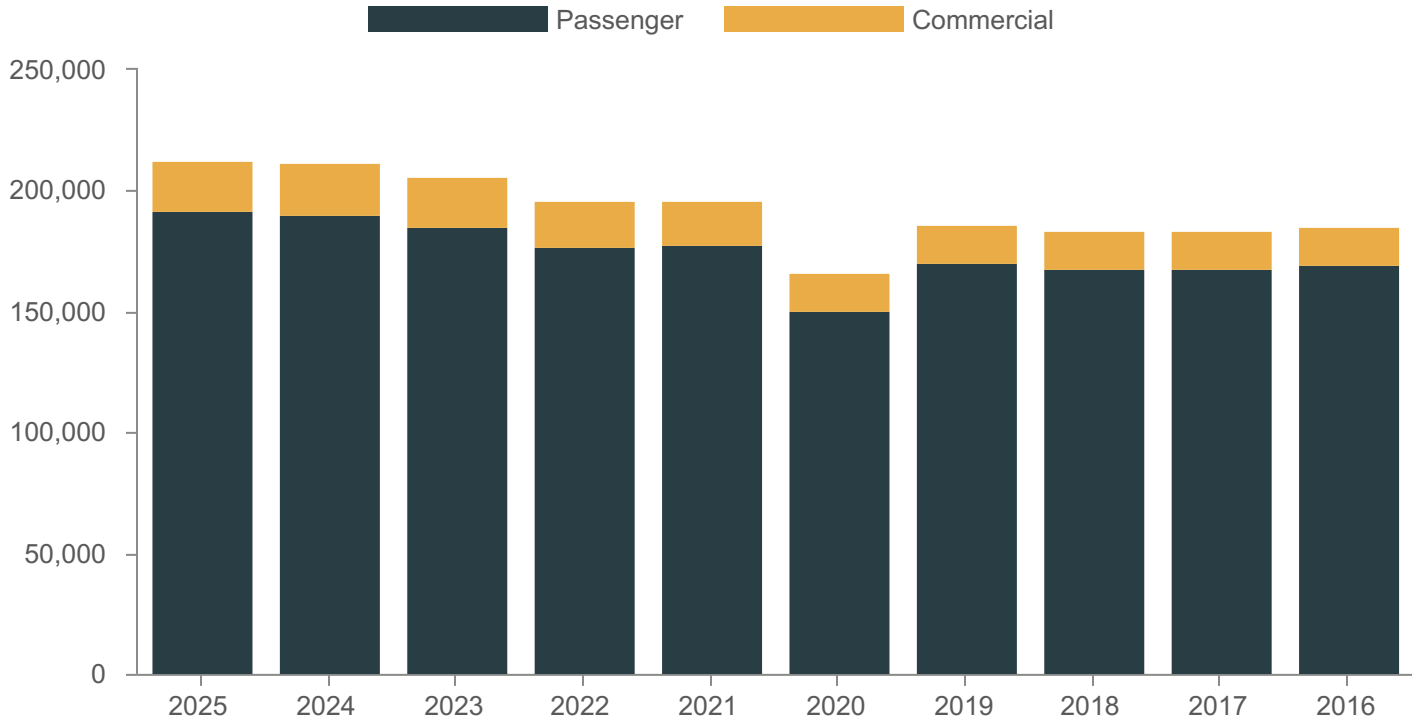
Note: In 2025, the John Kilpatrick and the Southwest John Kilpatrick turnpikes were combined.

The Gilcrease Expressway opened to the public in November 2022.

SYSTEMWIDE TRANSACTIONS: 10-YEAR SNAPSHOT
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF TRANSACTIONS)

TOLL TRANSACTIONS BY TYPE			
Fiscal Year	Passenger	Commercial	Total Toll Transactions
2025	192,409	19,989	212,398
2024	190,207	21,388	211,595
2023	185,128	21,049	206,177
2022	177,011	18,856	195,867
2021	178,121	17,868	195,989
2020	150,296	15,762	166,058
2019	170,158	16,055	186,213
2018	167,778	16,153	183,931
2017	168,085	15,801	183,886
2016	169,933	15,297	185,230

TOLL TRANSACTIONS BY TYPE *(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF TRANSACTIONS)*



SCHEDULE 4: TOLL TRANSACTIONS BY TYPE & TURNPIKE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF TRANSACTIONS)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Turner Turnpike										
Passenger	16,717	16,763	17,368	16,471	16,560	14,042	16,174	15,971	16,762	16,848
Commercial	3,115	3,428	3,379	3,195	3,234	2,813	2,766	2,795	2,735	2,582
Total	19,832	20,191	20,747	19,666	19,794	16,855	18,940	18,766	19,497	19,430
Will Rogers Turnpike										
Passenger	11,825	12,305	12,614	12,274	12,717	11,079	12,687	12,787	13,064	13,112
Commercial	3,766	4,226	4,102	4,005	4,074	3,605	3,468	3,404	3,355	3,279
Total	15,591	16,531	16,716	16,279	16,791	14,684	16,155	16,191	16,419	16,391
H. E. Bailey Turnpike										
Passenger	19,034	18,672	17,872	17,520	18,624	16,600	19,277	18,659	18,311	18,478
Commercial	2,791	3,096	3,150	2,560	2,147	2,140	2,416	2,427	2,211	2,070
Total	21,825	21,768	21,022	20,080	20,771	18,740	21,693	21,086	20,522	20,548
Indian Nation Turnpike										
Passenger	5,416	5,386	5,122	5,086	5,130	4,150	5,202	5,104	5,114	5,227
Commercial	1,765	1,524	1,486	1,463	1,437	1,322	1,454	1,445	1,370	1,313
Total	7,181	6,910	6,608	6,549	6,567	5,472	6,656	6,549	6,484	6,540
Muskogee Turnpike										
Passenger	10,363	9,781	10,279	10,798	11,062	9,729	10,588	10,368	10,290	10,672
Commercial	1,405	1,522	1,447	1,392	1,433	1,368	1,495	1,639	1,726	1,805
Total	11,768	11,303	11,726	12,190	12,495	11,097	12,083	12,007	12,016	12,477
Cimarron Turnpike										
Passenger	9,055	8,326	7,778	6,254	5,828	4,990	6,321	6,387	6,745	6,767
Commercial	2,334	2,387	2,435	1,461	1,191	1,148	1,188	1,192	1,202	1,181
Total	11,389	10,713	10,213	7,715	7,019	6,138	7,509	7,579	7,947	7,948
John Kilpatrick Turnpike										
Passenger	59	59,498	57,942	56,937	56,128	46,280	50,179	49,228	48,785	49,863
Commercial	2	2,221	2,246	2,250	1,831	1,392	1,297	1,235	1,166	1,138
Total	61	61,719	60,188	59,187	57,959	47,672	51,476	50,463	49,951	51,001
Cherokee Turnpike										
Passenger	3,466	3,117	3,068	3,660	3,827	3,372	3,929	3,993	4,058	4,241
Commercial	542	607	619	561	569	510	510	459	461	470
Total	4,008	3,724	3,687	4,221	4,396	3,882	4,439	4,452	4,519	4,711
Chickasaw Turnpike										
Passenger	1,031	948	868	899	972	857	1,037	1,029	998	904
Commercial	123	134	123	176	210	174	172	160	167	235
Total	1,154	1,082	991	1,075	1,182	1,031	1,209	1,189	1,165	1,139
Creek Turnpike										
Passenger	45,413	44,287	43,498	43,711	45,054	39,069	44,764	44,252	43,958	43,821
Commercial	1,181	1,195	1,313	1,444	1,530	1,281	1,289	1,397	1,408	1,224
Total	46,594	45,482	44,811	45,155	46,584	40,350	46,053	45,649	45,366	45,045
Kickapoo Turnpike										
Passenger	3,509	3,459	3,259	2,998	2,219	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial	278	317	334	325	212	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	3,787	3,776	3,593	3,323	2,431	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gilcrease Turnpike										
Passenger	7,902	7,665	5,460	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial	640	731	415	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	8,542	8,396	5,875	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Totals										
Passenger	192,409	190,207	185,128	177,011	178,121	150,296	170,158	167,778	168,085	169,933
Commercial	19,989	21,388	21,049	18,856	17,868	15,762	16,055	16,153	15,801	15,297
Total Transactions	212,398	211,595	206,177	195,867	195,989	166,058	186,213	183,931	183,886	185,230

Note: In 2025, the John Kilpatrick and the Southwest John Kilpatrick turnpikes were combined.

The Gilcrease Expressway opened to the public in November 2022.

**SCHEDULE 5: TOLL REVENUES BY PRINCIPAL REVENUE PAYERS, PAYMENT METHOD, CLASS & TURNPIKE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS/TRANSACTIONS)**

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Toll Revenues										
Electronic Tolls	\$499,487	\$390,311	\$338,156	\$298,716	\$271,368	\$221,631	\$233,461	\$217,339	\$198,661	\$165,832
Cash	N/A	19,329	40,784	60,338	86,257	80,986	93,968	99,729	102,418	99,232
Percentage of Total Revenues										
Electronic Tolls	100.0%	95.3%	89.2%	83.2%	75.9%	73.2%	71.3%	68.5%	66.0%	62.6%
Cash	N/A	4.7%	10.8%	16.8%	24.1%	26.8%	28.7%	31.5%	34.0%	37.4%
Toll Transactions										
Electronic Tolls	212,398	206,410	194,650	171,176	163,348	134,206	146,993	141,545	138,238	135,560
Cash	N/A	5,185	11,527	24,691	32,641	31,852	39,220	42,387	45,648	49,670
Percentage of Total Transactions										
Electronic Tolls	100.0%	97.5%	94.4%	87.4%	83.3%	80.8%	78.9%	77.0%	75.2%	73.2%
Cash	N/A	2.5%	5.6%	12.6%	16.7%	19.2%	21.1%	23.0%	24.8%	26.8%
Turner Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	42,526	38,638	37,763	38,823	32,810	39,468	38,096	36,837	32,976
3-axle vehicles	N/A	2,120	1,961	2,048	2,146	1,859	1,820	1,826	1,755	1,390
4-axle vehicles	N/A	1,000	1,221	1,726	2,004	1,732	1,730	1,786	1,733	1,544
5-axle vehicles	N/A	50,120	45,966	40,268	40,741	35,561	34,724	33,755	31,480	27,368
6-axle vehicles	N/A	1,777	1,559	1,435	1,491	1,490	1,493	1,468	1,263	918
Small	53,138	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	3,547	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	61,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$118,385	\$ 97,543	\$ 89,345	\$ 83,240	\$ 85,205	\$ 73,452	\$ 79,235	\$ 76,931	\$ 73,068	\$ 64,196
Will Rogers Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	22,392	22,641	24,196	25,277	21,174	24,207	23,756	23,005	20,443
3-axle vehicles	N/A	1,406	1,349	1,358	1,487	1,211	1,192	1,179	1,137	935
4-axle vehicles	N/A	1,222	1,376	1,921	2,221	1,882	1,860	1,908	1,865	1,685
5-axle vehicles	N/A	62,069	53,413	46,294	46,590	40,586	39,219	37,998	34,976	31,540
6-axle vehicles	N/A	1,918	1,480	1,087	1,224	1,261	1,267	1,280	1,127	752
Small	33,796	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	2,925	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	71,604	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$108,325	\$ 89,007	\$ 80,259	\$ 74,856	\$ 76,799	\$ 66,114	\$ 67,745	\$ 66,121	\$ 62,110	\$ 55,355
H.E. Bailey Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	26,697	25,111	23,803	25,442	22,214	25,242	23,844	22,948	20,335
3-axle vehicles	N/A	1,148	1,065	935	880	889	860	794	719	622
4-axle vehicles	N/A	432	328	508	740	669	703	731	703	593
5-axle vehicles	N/A	8,434	8,095	7,276	6,497	6,353	7,141	6,934	6,004	4,944
6-axle vehicles	N/A	398	373	297	257	293	366	301	215	156
Small	31,970	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	1,840	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	10,263	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 44,073	\$ 37,109	\$ 34,972	\$ 32,819	\$ 33,816	\$ 30,418	\$ 34,312	\$ 32,604	\$ 30,589	\$ 26,650

(Continued)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Indian Nation Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	11,255	10,284	10,277	10,455	8,363	10,344	9,945	9,309	8,307
3-axle vehicles	N/A	475	485	530	519	447	475	437	364	292
4-axle vehicles	N/A	386	530	590	660	544	611	620	576	537
5-axle vehicles	N/A	7,396	7,268	6,722	6,597	6,224	6,660	6,653	6,277	5,324
6-axle vehicles	N/A	217	226	173	165	143	177	171	140	92
Small	13,676	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	1,125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	10,471	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 25,272	\$ 19,729	\$ 18,793	\$ 18,292	\$ 18,396	\$ 15,721	\$ 18,267	\$ 17,826	\$ 16,666	\$ 14,552
Muskogee Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	17,110	16,349	16,728	17,388	15,160	16,010	15,212	14,389	13,172
3-axle vehicles	N/A	786	699	700	740	692	854	1,051	1,084	1,038
4-axle vehicles	N/A	151	283	370	421	374	346	355	368	339
5-axle vehicles	N/A	5,593	4,996	4,611	4,635	4,393	4,371	4,318	4,188	3,726
6-axle vehicles	N/A	187	166	117	136	133	124	129	127	114
Small	21,786	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	1,085	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	6,907	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 29,778	\$ 23,827	\$ 22,493	\$ 22,526	\$ 23,320	\$ 20,752	\$ 21,705	\$ 21,065	\$ 20,156	\$ 18,389
Cimarron Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	7,540	6,889	7,202	7,788	6,683	8,050	7,855	7,908	6,877
3-axle vehicles	N/A	425	394	280	278	252	249	253	243	219
4-axle vehicles	N/A	144	106	376	477	408	430	443	446	394
5-axle vehicles	N/A	5,238	5,139	4,986	4,982	4,885	5,004	4,880	4,763	4,162
6-axle vehicles	N/A	173	173	119	138	134	128	141	110	91
Small	9,370	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	686	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	6,618	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 16,674	\$ 13,520	\$ 12,701	\$ 12,963	\$ 13,663	\$ 12,362	\$ 13,861	\$ 13,572	\$ 13,470	\$ 11,743
John Kilpatrick Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	47,115	45,875	45,114	47,797	36,729	40,727	39,562	37,316	33,208
3-axle vehicles	N/A	565	527	537	539	442	399	402	368	379
4-axle vehicles	N/A	398	367	382	387	356	382	365	339	315
5-axle vehicles	N/A	7,039	6,720	6,664	5,396	4,144	3,827	3,443	2,966	2,323
6-axle vehicles	N/A	423	395	386	336	251	216	211	128	87
Small	67,101	7,870	6,705	7,783	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	1,369	193	130	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	10,946	1,198	769	747	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 79,416	\$ 64,801	\$ 61,488	\$ 61,737	\$ 54,455	\$ 41,922	\$ 45,551	\$ 43,983	\$ 41,117	\$ 36,312
Cherokee Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	6,983	6,446	6,777	6,991	5,989	6,840	6,778	6,628	5,764
3-axle vehicles	N/A	390	368	387	400	301	303	204	178	163
4-axle vehicles	N/A	105	110	215	247	223	211	251	244	217
5-axle vehicles	N/A	3,737	3,527	3,268	3,251	3,039	2,977	2,705	2,635	2,442
6-axle vehicles	N/A	74	60	59	57	44	58	37	45	36
Small	8,724	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	583	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	4,363	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 13,670	\$ 11,289	\$ 10,511	\$ 10,706	\$ 10,946	\$ 9,596	\$ 10,389	\$ 9,975	\$ 9,730	\$ 8,622

(Continued)

SCHEDULE 5: TOLL REVENUES BY PRINCIPAL REVENUE PAYERS, PAYMENT METHOD, CLASS & TURNPIKE (Continued)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Chickasaw Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	783	708	675	690	610	722	697	660	517
3-axle vehicles	N/A	20	13	60	97	82	66	43	52	104
4-axle vehicles	N/A	8	6	13	20	16	18	21	21	21
5-axle vehicles	N/A	237	239	235	224	182	198	217	188	153
6-axle vehicles	N/A	6	3	6	8	6	12	10	12	15
Small	980	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	258	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 1,266	\$ 1,054	\$ 969	\$ 989	\$ 1,039	\$ 896	\$ 1,016	\$ 988	\$ 933	\$ 810
Creek Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	31,821	30,862	32,122	33,101	28,396	32,510	31,726	30,324	26,189
3-axle vehicles	N/A	337	328	440	477	403	407	455	441	312
4-axle vehicles	N/A	270	259	326	417	348	315	335	322	289
5-axle vehicles	N/A	1,905	2,163	2,377	2,423	1,994	2,022	2,020	2,007	1,554
6-axle vehicles	N/A	130	136	136	113	85	94	115	146	91
Small	44,860	4,342	3,311	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	764	55	44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	2,751	180	155	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 48,375	\$ 39,040	\$ 37,258	\$ 35,401	\$ 36,531	\$ 31,226	\$ 35,348	\$ 34,651	\$ 33,240	\$ 28,435
Kickapoo Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	N/A	4,837	4,472	3,976	2,692	135	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-axle vehicles	N/A	271	255	233	190	8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-axle vehicles	N/A	36	32	31	26	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5-axle vehicles	N/A	867	939	929	512	11	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-axle vehicles	N/A	61	51	39	35	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Small	6,017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	382	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	1,120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 7,519	\$ 6,072	\$ 5,749	\$ 5,208	\$ 3,455	\$ 158	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gilcrease Turnpike										
2-axle vehicles	5,502	5,240	3,640	272	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-axle vehicles	261	279	187	11	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-axle vehicles	33	31	18	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5-axle vehicles	900	1,057	534	32	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-axle vehicles	38	42	23	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 6,734	\$ 6,649	\$ 4,402	\$ 317	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
All Turnpikes										
2-axle vehicles	5,502	224,299	211,915	208,905	216,444	178,263	204,120	197,471	189,324	167,788
3-axle vehicles	261	8,222	7,631	7,519	7,753	6,586	6,625	6,644	6,341	5,454
4-axle vehicles	33	4,183	4,636	6,459	7,620	6,554	6,606	6,815	6,617	5,934
5-axle vehicles	900	153,692	138,999	123,662	121,848	107,372	106,143	102,923	95,484	83,536
6-axle vehicles	38	5,406	4,645	3,855	3,960	3,842	3,935	3,863	3,313	2,352
Small	291,418	12,212	10,016	7,783	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium	14,334	248	174	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Large	187,001	1,378	924	747	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$499,487	\$409,640	\$378,940	\$359,054	\$357,625	\$302,617	\$327,429	\$317,716	\$301,079	\$265,064

**SCHEDULE 6: TOLL RATES BY TURNPIKE, CLASS & TYPE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS**

TURNER TURNPIKE								
Toll Rates Effective:		2025						
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large		
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	
Oklahoma City	Luther	1.02	2.64	1.40	3.29	2.72	5.93	
	Wellston-SH 66	1.50	3.72	2.32	5.49	5.36	10.83	
	Chandler-SH 18	1.98	4.20	3.30	7.05	8.64	17.67	
	Stroud-SH 99	2.64	5.82	4.80	10.43	11.69	24.06	
	Bristow-US 66	3.36	10.50	6.68	19.46	15.50	44.03	
	Heyburn	3.96	10.50	7.11	19.46	16.85	44.03	
	Kellyville-SH 33	4.56	10.50	7.54	19.46	18.27	44.03	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	4.98	10.50	8.40	19.46	20.26	44.03	
	Creek West	4.98	10.50	8.38	19.46	20.05	44.03	
Tulsa	5.40	10.50	9.12	19.46	22.12	44.03		
Luther	Wellston-SH 66	0.54	3.72	0.93	5.49	2.64	10.83	
	Chandler-SH 18	1.02	4.20	1.91	7.05	5.93	17.67	
	Stroud-SH 99	1.68	5.82	3.42	10.43	8.98	24.06	
	Bristow-US 66	2.40	10.50	5.28	19.46	12.78	44.03	
	Heyburn	3.00	10.50	5.72	19.46	14.14	44.03	
	Kellyville-SH 33	3.60	10.50	6.16	19.46	15.56	44.03	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	4.02	10.50	7.02	19.46	17.56	44.03	
	Creek West	4.02	10.50	7.29	19.46	17.65	44.03	
	Tulsa	4.44	10.50	7.78	19.46	19.42	44.03	
Wellston-SH 66	Chandler-SH 18	0.60	4.20	0.99	7.05	2.27	17.67	
	Stroud-SH 99	1.26	5.82	2.03	10.43	5.01	24.06	
	Bristow-US 66	2.46	10.50	4.18	19.46	10.16	44.03	
	Heyburn	3.00	10.50	5.03	19.46	12.10	44.03	
	Kellyville-SH 33	3.48	10.50	5.90	19.46	14.16	44.03	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	3.66	10.50	6.26	19.46	15.20	44.03	
	Creek West	3.60	10.50	6.22	19.46	15.25	44.03	
	Tulsa	4.02	10.50	6.92	19.46	16.37	44.03	
Chandler-SH 18	Stroud-SH 99	0.66	5.82	1.58	10.43	3.53	24.06	
	Bristow-US 66	1.98	10.50	2.87	19.46	7.73	44.03	
	Heyburn	2.22	10.50	3.48	19.46	8.91	44.03	
	Kellyville-SH 33	2.40	10.50	4.05	19.46	10.16	44.03	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	2.64	10.50	4.89	19.46	12.10	44.03	
	Creek West	2.64	10.50	5.46	19.46	11.65	44.03	
	Tulsa	3.06	10.50	5.90	19.46	13.60	44.03	
	Bristow-US 66	1.56	10.50	1.92	19.46	3.98	44.03	
Stroud-SH 99	Heyburn	1.80	10.50	2.36	19.46	5.27	44.03	
	Kellyville-SH 33	1.98	10.50	2.79	19.46	6.64	44.03	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	2.40	10.50	3.64	19.46	8.90	44.03	
	Creek West	1.98	10.50	3.56	19.46	8.48	44.03	
	Tulsa	2.40	10.50	4.12	19.46	10.41	44.03	
	Bristow-US 66	0.42	3.72	0.80	5.91	2.03	13.47	
Bristow-US 66	Kellyville-SH 33	0.66	3.72	1.14	5.91	2.73	13.47	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	1.56	3.72	2.01	5.91	4.65	13.47	
	Creek West	1.14	3.72	1.84	5.91	4.22	13.47	
	Tulsa	1.56	3.72	2.45	5.91	6.32	13.47	
	Kellyville-SH 33	0.42	3.00	0.80	5.04	2.03	10.49	
Heyburn	Sapulpa-SH 97	1.02	3.00	1.44	5.04	3.44	10.49	
	Creek West	0.78	3.00	1.35	5.04	2.92	10.49	
	Tulsa	1.14	3.00	2.03	5.04	5.08	10.49	
	Oklahoma City	4.56	10.50	7.54	19.46	18.27	44.03	
Kellyville-SH 33	Luther	3.60	10.50	6.16	19.46	15.56	44.03	
	Wellston-SH 66	3.48	10.50	5.90	19.46	14.16	44.03	
	Chandler-SH 18	2.40	10.50	4.05	19.46	10.16	44.03	
	Stroud-SH 99	1.98	10.50	2.79	19.46	6.64	44.03	
	Bristow-US 66	0.66	3.72	1.14	5.91	2.73	13.47	
	Heyburn	0.42	3.00	0.80	5.04	2.03	10.49	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	0.42	2.10	0.80	4.04	2.03	7.11	
	Creek West	0.36	2.10	0.80	4.04	1.55	7.11	
	Tulsa	0.66	2.10	1.54	4.04	3.59	7.11	
	Sapulpa-SH 97	Tulsa	0.36	1.62	0.78	2.21	1.61	3.83

SCHEDULE 6: TOLL RATES BY TURNPIKE, CLASS & TYPE (Continued)

WILL ROGERS TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Tulsa	SH-266	0.66	2.10	1.13	2.86	2.03	4.80
	Flint Road	0.66	2.10	1.41	3.52	2.93	6.12
	Claremore-SH 20	0.66	2.10	1.58	3.93	3.53	7.00
	Adair-SH 28	1.98	4.20	2.87	6.45	7.73	16.00
	Big Cabin-US 69	2.40	5.28	4.05	9.35	10.67	21.38
	Vinita-US 60	2.64	10.50	4.89	19.46	12.26	44.03
	Afton-US 60	3.48	10.50	6.39	19.46	15.14	44.03
	Miami-SH 10	4.32	10.50	7.54	19.46	17.56	44.03
State Line	5.40	10.50	9.12	19.46	22.12	44.03	
SH-266	Flint Road	0.66	2.10	0.81	3.52	1.19	6.12
	Claremore-SH 20	0.66	2.10	0.81	3.93	1.19	7.00
	Adair-SH 28	1.14	4.20	2.69	6.45	4.68	16.00
	Big Cabin-US 69	1.98	5.28	3.53	9.35	8.46	21.38
	Vinita-US 60	2.40	10.50	4.61	19.46	10.10	44.03
	Afton-US 60	3.06	10.50	6.17	19.46	12.98	44.03
	Miami-SH 10	3.96	10.50	7.30	19.46	16.04	44.03
State Line	4.92	10.50	8.80	19.46	20.22	44.03	
Flint Road	Claremore-SH 20	0.66	2.10	0.81	3.93	1.19	7.00
	Adair-SH 28	1.08	4.20	2.12	6.45	4.02	16.00
	Big Cabin-US 69	1.98	5.28	3.14	9.35	7.46	21.38
	Vinita-US 60	2.16	10.50	4.07	19.46	9.41	44.03
	Afton-US 60	2.82	10.50	5.42	19.46	12.46	44.03
	Miami-SH 10	3.54	10.50	6.74	19.46	15.33	44.03
State Line	4.74	10.50	8.26	19.46	19.31	44.03	
Claremore-SH 20	Adair-SH 28	1.02	4.20	1.64	6.45	3.54	16.00
	Big Cabin-US 69	1.98	5.28	2.79	9.35	6.69	21.38
	Vinita-US 60	1.98	10.50	3.64	19.46	8.86	44.03
	Afton-US 60	2.64	10.50	4.89	19.46	12.02	44.03
	Miami-SH 10	3.18	10.50	6.33	19.46	14.79	44.03
	State Line	4.56	10.50	7.86	19.46	18.63	44.03
Big Cabin-US 69	Vinita-US 60	0.36	10.50	0.74	19.46	1.76	44.03
	Afton-US 60	1.56	10.50	2.01	19.46	4.28	44.03
	Miami-SH 10	1.68	10.50	3.23	19.46	7.66	44.03
	State Line	2.64	10.50	4.89	19.46	11.31	44.03
Vinita-US 60	Afton-US 60	0.66	5.28	1.19	9.35	3.11	20.40
	Miami-SH 10	1.32	5.28	2.40	9.35	5.63	20.40
	State Line	2.40	5.28	4.05	9.35	10.16	20.40
Afton-US 60	Miami-SH 10	0.66	3.72	1.12	6.34	2.51	14.06
	State Line	1.68	3.72	2.79	6.34	6.69	14.06
Miami-SH 10	State Line	1.02	2.64	1.64	4.04	3.98	8.51

INDIAN NATION TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
I 40-Henryetta	Hugo	7.31	16.74	9.37	21.46	22.82	47.28
	SH 9- Eufaula	0.98	2.53	1.26	3.16	2.39	5.21
	US 270-McAlester	2.53	5.58	3.17	6.76	8.28	16.93
SH 9- Eufaula	US 270-McAlester	1.50	3.57	1.74	3.97	4.46	9.19
US 270-McAlester	US 69-McAlester	0.35	1.56	0.72	2.12	1.68	3.72
US 69-McAlester	SH 43-Daisy	2.30	5.06	2.85	6.28	7.34	15.48
SH 43-Daisy	SH 3-Antlers	1.50	3.57	1.84	4.65	3.81	8.16
	Hugo	2.48	6.10	3.35	8.42	7.20	14.87
SH 3-Antlers	Hugo	0.98	2.53	1.51	3.77	3.39	6.71

H.E. BAILEY TURNPIKE

Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
I 44-Oklahoma City	State Line	5.89	12.60	8.22	18.51	16.34	37.71
	US 81 / Chickasha	1.79	4.03	2.90	6.35	4.65	9.86
US 81 / Chickasha	Chickasha / US 62	0.35	0.75	0.35	0.75	0.38	0.81
	Lawton	2.25	4.55	2.75	6.18	7.05	14.40
Elgin-US 62/277	Lawton	0.35	0.75	0.75	1.45	1.50	3.22
Lawton	State Line	1.85	4.03	2.57	5.98	4.64	13.47
	Walters	0.81	1.73	1.14	2.76	2.32	6.73
Walters	State Line	1.04	2.30	1.43	3.22	2.32	6.74
SH 4	SH 76	0.69	1.44	1.25	2.58	2.26	4.66
	SH 9 US 62/277	0.69	1.44	1.25	2.58	2.26	4.66
	Chickasha / US 62	1.79	4.03	2.90	6.35	4.65	9.86
	I 44-Oklahoma City	0.41	1.04	0.75	1.68	1.98	3.93
SH 9 US 62/277	Chickasha / US 62	1.79	5.47	2.90	8.93	4.65	14.51
	I 44-Oklahoma City	0.69	1.44	1.25	2.58	2.26	4.66
	SH 76	0.41	1.04	0.75	1.68	1.98	3.93
State Hwy 76	Chickasha / US 62	1.79	5.47	2.90	8.93	4.65	14.52
	I 44-Oklahoma City	0.69	1.44	1.25	2.58	2.26	4.66

MUSKOGEE TURNPIKE

Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Tulsa	Webber Falls	3.80	8.06	5.52	11.91	11.94	24.10
	SH-51 Coweta	1.27	3.05	1.84	4.65	3.39	6.71
	Muskogee	1.90	4.03	3.35	6.96	6.69	13.78
SH-51 Coweta	Muskogee	0.64	2.02	1.51	3.77	3.39	6.71
US 69-Wagoner	Muskogee	0.64	2.02	0.75	2.22	1.95	4.60
Muskogee	Webber Falls	1.90	4.03	2.17	4.95	5.25	10.32

CIMARRON TURNPIKE

Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Tulsa	I-35	3.65	8.20	5.04	11.64	12.40	25.98
	US 177	2.49	5.78	3.77	8.83	9.01	19.01
	Morrison	2.16	5.28	2.91	7.30	6.47	14.33
	Stillwater	1.83	4.79	3.15	7.79	7.33	15.71
	State Hwy 18	1.22	2.86	1.92	4.78	4.54	9.88
	Sh 99-Hallet	0.61	1.43	0.94	2.39	2.27	4.94
SH 99-Hallet	State Hwy 18	0.61	1.43	0.98	2.39	2.27	4.94
State Hwy 18	I-35	2.43	5.34	3.12	6.86	7.86	16.10
	US 177	1.27	2.92	1.85	4.05	4.47	9.13
	Morrison	0.94	2.42	0.99	2.52	1.93	4.45
	Stillwater	0.61	1.93	1.23	3.01	2.79	5.83
US 177	I-35	1.16	2.42	1.27	2.81	3.39	6.97

JOHN KILPATRICK TURNPIKE

Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
I-40	SW 15th St	0.36	0.78	1.16	2.37	2.60	5.32
	Sara Rd.	0.36	0.78	0.58	1.26	1.30	2.72
	Morgan Rd.	0.54	1.20	0.89	1.91	1.98	4.26
	SH 152	0.78	1.62	1.28	2.61	2.85	5.74
SW 29th Street	Morgan Rd.	0.36	1.20	0.58	1.91	1.30	4.26
	SH 152	0.48	1.62	0.77	2.61	1.73	5.74
Morgan Road	SH 152	0.36	1.62	0.58	2.61	1.30	5.74

SCHEDULE 6: TOLL RATES BY TURNPIKE, CLASS & TYPE (Continued)

JOHN KILPATRICK TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
I-35	Eastern	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.42	4.02
	US 77-Brdwy Ext	0.66	1.68	0.99	2.82	2.27	4.98
	Western	0.84	3.18	1.30	5.58	2.78	10.32
	Pennsylvania	1.02	3.18	1.50	5.58	3.26	10.32
	May Ave	1.08	3.18	1.83	5.58	3.69	10.32
	Hefner Pkwy	1.32	3.18	2.10	5.58	4.60	10.32
	Meridian	1.50	3.18	2.21	5.58	5.09	10.32
	MacArthur	1.56	3.18	2.34	5.58	5.44	10.32
	Rockwell	1.68	4.26	3.10	7.68	5.58	14.34
	SH 3-NW Exp	2.16	4.86	3.44	8.40	7.36	15.30
	Wilshire	2.46	6.36	3.65	11.16	8.30	20.64
	SH 66-39th Exp	2.64	6.36	3.76	11.16	9.20	20.64
	NW 10th	2.94	6.36	4.14	11.16	10.17	20.64
	I-40	3.06	6.36	4.28	11.16	10.60	20.64
Eastern	US 77-Brdwy Ext	0.42	1.68	0.71	2.82	1.24	4.98
	Western	0.42	3.18	0.71	5.58	1.40	10.32
	Pennsylvania	0.60	3.18	0.90	5.58	1.90	10.32
	May Ave	0.84	3.18	1.23	5.58	2.78	10.32
	Hefner Pkwy	1.02	3.18	1.42	5.58	3.26	10.32
	Meridian	1.08	3.18	1.61	5.58	3.69	10.32
	MacArthur	1.20	3.18	1.74	5.58	4.12	10.32
	Rockwell	1.38	4.26	2.40	7.68	4.60	14.34
	SH 3-NW Exp	1.68	4.86	2.84	8.40	6.00	15.30
	Wilshire	1.98	6.36	3.09	11.16	6.87	20.64
	SH 66-39th Exp	2.22	6.36	3.22	11.16	7.79	20.64
US 77-Brdwy Ext	NW 10th	2.58	6.36	3.60	11.16	8.76	20.64
	I-40	2.64	6.36	3.76	11.16	9.20	20.64
	Western	0.42	3.18	0.71	5.58	1.24	10.32
	Pennsylvania	0.42	3.18	0.71	5.58	1.24	10.32
	May Ave	0.60	3.18	0.90	5.58	1.90	10.32
	Hefner Pkwy	0.66	3.18	1.10	5.58	2.27	10.32
	Meridian	0.84	3.18	1.24	5.58	2.78	10.32
	MacArthur	1.02	3.18	1.43	5.58	3.26	10.32
	Rockwell	1.20	4.26	2.13	7.68	3.90	14.34
	SH 3-NW Exp	1.50	4.86	2.56	8.40	5.03	15.30
	Wilshire	1.56	6.36	2.72	11.16	6.15	20.64
Western	SH 66-39th Exp	2.04	6.36	2.79	11.16	7.19	20.64
	NW 10th	2.22	6.36	3.22	11.16	7.78	20.64
	I-40	2.46	6.36	3.38	11.16	8.28	20.64
	Pennsylvania	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.24	4.02
	May Ave	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.42	4.02
	Hefner Pkwy	0.42	1.08	0.78	2.10	1.88	4.02
	Meridian	0.42	1.08	0.78	2.10	2.04	4.02
	MacArthur	0.42	1.08	0.78	2.10	2.06	4.02
	Rockwell	0.84	2.16	1.48	4.20	3.26	8.04
	SH 3-NW Exp	1.08	2.76	1.92	4.92	4.60	9.00
	Wilshire	1.50	4.26	2.26	7.68	5.54	14.34
SH 66-39th Exp	SH 66-39th Exp	1.86	4.26	2.66	7.68	6.50	14.34
	NW 10th	1.98	4.26	2.74	7.68	7.30	14.34
	I-40	2.04	4.26	2.80	7.68	7.36	14.34

JOHN KILPATRICK TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Pennsylvania	May Ave	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.24	4.02
	Hefner Pkwy	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.42	4.02
	Meridian	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.89	4.02
	MacArthur	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	2.04	4.02
	Rockwell	0.84	2.16	1.42	4.20	2.78	8.04
	SH 3-NW Exp	1.08	2.76	1.79	4.92	4.12	9.00
	Wilshire	1.50	4.26	2.15	7.68	5.08	14.34
	SH 66-39th Exp	1.68	4.26	2.40	7.68	6.00	14.34
	NW 10th	1.98	4.26	2.79	7.68	6.87	14.34
	I-40	2.04	4.26	2.80	7.68	7.30	14.34
May	Hefner Pkwy	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.42	4.02
	Meridian	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.59	4.02
	MacArthur	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.59	4.02
	Rockwell	0.84	2.16	1.37	4.20	2.64	8.04
	SH 3-NW Exp	1.08	2.76	1.79	4.92	3.62	9.00
	Wilshire	1.38	4.26	2.09	7.68	4.59	14.34
	SH 66-39th Exp	1.56	4.26	2.24	7.68	5.33	14.34
	NW 10th	1.80	4.26	2.57	7.68	6.26	14.34
I-40	1.86	4.26	2.66	7.68	6.64	14.34	
LHP-Portland	Meridian	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.24	4.02
	MacArthur	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.24	4.02
	Rockwell	0.84	2.16	1.42	4.20	2.51	8.04
	SH 3-NW Exp	1.08	2.76	1.79	4.92	3.06	9.00
	Wilshire	1.32	4.26	1.92	7.68	4.07	14.34
	SH 66-39th Exp	1.38	4.26	1.98	7.68	4.60	14.34
	NW 10th	1.62	4.26	2.27	7.68	5.58	14.34
I-40	1.68	4.26	2.40	7.68	6.02	14.34	
MacArthur	Rockwell	0.42	1.08	0.71	2.10	1.24	4.02
	SH 3-NW Exp	0.66	1.68	1.14	2.82	2.52	4.98
	Wilshire	1.14	3.18	1.52	5.58	3.71	10.32
	SH 66-39th Exp	1.38	3.18	1.94	5.58	4.60	10.32
	NW 10th	1.50	3.18	2.13	5.58	5.33	10.32
	I-40	1.56	3.18	2.21	5.58	5.44	10.32
Rockwell	SH 3-NW Exp	0.66	1.68	0.90	2.82	2.27	4.98
	Wilshire	1.08	3.18	1.32	5.58	3.51	10.32
	SH 66-39th Exp	1.20	3.18	1.68	5.58	4.17	10.32
	NW 10th	1.50	3.18	2.12	5.58	5.09	10.32
	I-40	1.56	3.18	2.21	5.58	5.33	10.32
Council	SH 3-NW Exp	0.42	1.68	0.71	2.82	1.11	4.98
	Wilshire	0.72	3.18	0.96	5.58	2.03	10.32
	SH 66-39th Exp	1.08	3.18	1.17	5.58	2.78	10.32
	NW 10th	1.14	3.18	1.50	5.58	3.69	10.32
	I-40	1.20	3.18	1.73	5.58	4.12	10.32
SH 3-NW Exp	Wilshire	0.42	3.18	0.65	5.58	1.62	10.32
	SH 66-39th Exp	0.60	3.18	0.78	5.58	1.90	10.32
	NW 10th	0.84	3.18	1.17	5.58	2.78	10.32
	I-40	0.90	3.18	1.30	5.58	3.21	10.32
Wilshire	SH 66-39th Exp	0.42	1.68	0.57	3.42	1.24	6.84
	NW 10th	0.66	1.68	0.90	3.42	2.15	6.84
	I-40	0.72	1.68	1.14	3.42	2.64	6.84
SH 66-39th Exp	NW 10th	0.42	1.08	0.76	2.10	1.04	4.02
	I-40	0.42	1.08	0.76	2.10	1.42	4.02

SCHEDULE 6: TOLL RATES BY TURNPIKE, CLASS & TYPE (Continued)

CHEROKEE TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Flint Bridge/State Line	Kansas-SH 10	0.33	1.49	0.68	2.23	1.69	4.94
	Leach-US 412	1.54	6.27	2.42	9.96	5.17	22.06
	Locust Grove-SH 82	2.70	6.27	3.96	9.96	9.04	22.06
	US 69	3.08	6.27	4.67	9.96	10.72	22.06
Kansas-SH 10	Leach-US 412	1.10	6.27	1.68	9.96	3.88	22.06
	Locust Grove-SH 82	2.26	6.27	2.63	9.96	7.46	22.06
	US 69	2.70	6.27	3.96	9.96	9.04	22.06
Leach-US 412	Locust Grove-SH 82	1.05	3.85	1.60	5.53	3.65	9.93
	US 69	1.65	3.85	2.42	5.53	5.05	9.93
Locust Grove-SH 82	US 69	0.33	1.49	0.70	2.23	1.69	4.40

CHICKASAW TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Roff ML	US 177-Sulphur	0.72	1.65	1.05	2.24	2.45	6.00
	SH-7	0.72	1.65	1.05	2.24	2.45	6.00

KICKAPOO TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Turner Turnpike	E.Britton Rd/93rd	0.72	4.74	1.16	7.80	2.60	17.28
	NE 23rd St.	1.32	4.74	2.12	7.80	4.76	17.28
	Reno Ave.	1.56	4.74	2.50	7.80	5.62	17.28
	SE 29th St.	1.80	4.74	2.88	7.80	6.48	17.28
	IH 40	2.28	4.74	3.65	7.80	8.21	17.28
E.Britton Rd/93rd	NE 23rd St.	0.66	3.72	1.08	6.14	2.42	13.52
	Reno Ave.	0.90	3.72	1.47	6.14	3.28	13.52
	SE 29th St.	1.14	3.72	1.85	6.14	4.14	13.52
	IH 40	1.56	3.72	2.50	6.14	5.62	13.52
NE 23rd Street	Reno Ave.	0.36	2.10	0.58	3.39	1.30	7.60
	SE 29th St.	0.54	2.10	0.89	3.39	1.98	7.60
	IH 40	0.96	2.10	1.54	3.39	3.46	7.60
Reno Avenue	SE 29th St.	0.36	1.62	0.58	2.75	1.30	5.98
	IH 40	0.72	1.62	1.16	2.75	2.60	5.98
SE 29th Street	IH 40	0.48	1.08	0.77	1.72	1.73	3.83

GILCREASE EXPRESSWAY											
Toll Rates Effective:		2025									
Vehicle Classification		2 axle		3 axle		4 axle		5 axle		6 axle	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
US 412 / Sand Springs	21st St	1.00	2.00	1.50	3.00	2.00	4.00	3.50	7.00	4.50	9.00
	Red Fork	1.65	3.30	2.50	5.00	3.30	6.60	5.80	11.60	7.45	14.90
	I-44 / 51st	2.05	4.10	3.10	6.20	4.10	8.20	7.20	14.40	9.25	18.50
21st St	Red Fork	0.65	1.30	1.00	2.00	1.30	2.60	2.30	4.60	2.95	5.90
	I-44 / 51st St	1.05	2.10	1.60	3.20	2.10	4.20	3.70	7.40	4.75	9.50
Red Fork	I-44 / 51st St	0.40	0.80	0.60	1.20	0.80	1.60	1.40	2.80	1.80	3.60

CREEK TURNPIKE

Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Admiral Brg-412	11th Street	0.41	1.04	0.41	2.02	0.65	3.86
	31st Street	0.41	1.04	0.75	2.02	1.50	3.86
	Omaha-51st	0.87	2.36	1.12	3.80	2.21	6.67
	Kenosha-71st	1.04	2.36	1.41	3.80	3.04	6.67
	Muskogee Tpk	1.10	2.36	1.64	3.80	3.44	6.67
	BA Expwy-SH 51	1.50	3.40	2.04	5.81	4.04	10.53
	New Orleans-101st	1.50	3.40	2.44	5.81	5.39	10.53
	County Line-193rd	1.61	3.57	2.64	6.16	5.75	11.33
	Elm Pl-161st	1.79	3.97	2.89	6.73	6.17	12.14
	Aspen-145th	1.90	4.09	2.95	6.96	6.34	12.65
	Olive-129th	1.96	4.20	3.05	7.08	6.57	12.83
	Mingo V-US 64	2.13	4.72	3.21	7.59	6.84	13.34
	Yale	2.54	5.76	3.89	9.61	8.85	17.20
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	2.54	5.76	3.94	9.61	8.85	17.20
	Peoria-Elm	3.00	6.45	4.30	10.58	9.77	18.81
	US 75-Glenpool	3.11	6.68	4.77	10.87	9.82	19.21
	S 49th West Ave	3.46	7.71	5.50	12.88	11.63	23.06
SH 66-Sapulpa	3.46	7.71	5.50	12.88	11.63	23.06	
11th Street	31st Street	0.41	0.90	0.67	1.75	1.17	3.35
	Omaha-51st	0.81	2.05	1.11	3.30	1.86	5.80
	Kenosha-71st	0.87	2.05	1.32	3.30	2.63	5.80
	Muskogee Tpk	0.98	2.05	1.50	3.30	3.04	5.80
	BA Expwy-SH 51	1.33	2.95	1.84	5.05	3.63	9.15
	New Orleans-101st	1.33	2.95	2.22	5.05	4.97	9.15
	County Line-193rd	1.50	3.10	2.49	5.35	5.34	9.85
	Elm Pl-161st	1.61	3.45	2.67	5.85	5.81	10.55
	Aspen-145th	1.67	3.55	2.78	6.05	5.88	11.00
	Olive-129th	1.79	3.65	2.93	6.15	6.17	11.15
	Mingo V-US 64	2.02	4.10	3.09	6.60	6.42	11.60
	Yale	2.43	5.00	3.77	8.35	8.43	14.95
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	2.43	5.00	3.82	8.35	8.43	14.95
	Peoria-Elm	2.89	5.60	4.18	9.20	9.35	16.35
US 75-Glenpool	3.00	5.80	4.65	9.45	9.40	16.70	
S 49th West Ave	3.35	6.70	5.38	11.20	11.21	20.05	
SH 66-Sapulpa	3.35	6.70	5.38	11.20	11.21	20.05	
31st Street	Omaha-51st	0.41	2.36	0.65	3.80	1.17	6.67
	Kenosha-71st	0.69	2.36	1.01	3.80	1.86	6.67
	Muskogee Tpk	0.81	2.36	1.33	3.80	2.26	6.67
	BA Expwy-SH 51	1.15	3.40	1.68	5.81	2.95	10.53
	New Orleans-101st	1.15	3.40	2.09	5.81	4.25	10.53
	County Line-193rd	1.33	3.57	2.27	6.16	4.56	11.33
	Elm Pl-161st	1.50	3.97	2.53	6.73	5.03	12.14
	Aspen-145th	1.56	4.09	2.59	6.96	5.26	12.65
	Olive-129th	1.61	4.20	2.72	7.08	5.44	12.83
	Mingo V-US 64	1.90	4.72	2.95	7.59	5.70	13.34
	Yale	2.31	5.76	3.63	9.61	7.71	17.20
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	2.31	5.76	3.68	9.61	7.71	17.20
	Peoria-Elm	2.77	6.45	4.04	10.58	8.63	18.81
	S 49th West Ave	3.23	7.71	5.24	12.88	10.49	23.06
SH 66-Sapulpa	3.23	7.71	5.24	12.88	10.49	23.06	

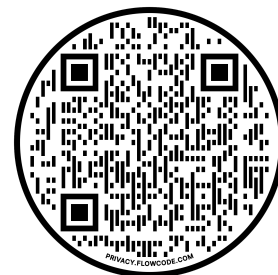
SCHEDULE 6: TOLL RATES BY TURNPIKE, CLASS & TYPE (Continued)

CREEK TURNPIKE							
Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
Omaha-51st	Kenosha-71st	0.41	1.04	0.67	2.02	1.17	3.86
	Muskogee Tpk	0.41	1.04	0.78	2.02	1.60	3.86
	BA Expwy-SH 51	0.81	2.07	1.18	4.03	2.20	7.71
	New Orleans-101st	0.81	2.07	1.58	4.03	3.55	7.71
	County Line-193rd	0.98	2.25	1.78	4.37	3.90	8.51
	Elm Pl-161st	1.10	2.65	2.03	4.95	4.37	9.32
	Aspen-145th	1.21	2.76	2.09	5.18	4.50	9.84
	Olive-129th	1.27	2.88	2.21	5.29	4.79	10.01
	Mingo V-US 64	1.50	3.40	2.44	5.81	5.00	10.53
	Yale	1.91	4.44	3.12	7.83	7.01	14.39
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	1.91	4.44	3.17	7.83	7.01	14.39
	Peoria-Elm	2.37	5.13	3.53	8.80	7.93	16.00
	US 75-Glenpool	2.48	5.36	4.00	9.09	7.98	16.40
	S 49th West Ave	2.83	6.39	4.73	11.10	9.79	20.25
SH 66-Sapulpa	2.83	6.39	4.73	11.10	9.79	20.25	
Kenosha-71st	Muskogee Tpk	0.41	1.04	0.41	2.02	0.65	3.86
	BA Expwy-SH 51	0.81	2.07	0.81	4.03	1.29	7.71
	New Orleans-101st	0.81	2.07	1.18	4.03	2.58	7.71
	County Line-193rd	0.98	2.25	1.41	4.37	2.95	8.51
	Elm Pl-161st	1.10	2.65	1.63	4.95	3.42	9.32
	Aspen-145th	1.21	2.76	1.73	5.18	3.59	9.84
	Olive-129th	1.27	2.88	1.83	5.29	3.82	10.01
	Mingo V-US 64	1.50	3.40	2.04	5.81	4.04	10.53
	Yale	1.91	4.44	2.72	7.83	6.05	14.39
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	1.91	4.44	2.77	7.83	6.05	14.39
	Peoria-Elm	2.37	5.13	3.13	8.80	6.97	16.00
	US 75-Glenpool	2.48	5.36	3.60	9.09	7.02	16.40
	S 49th West Ave	2.83	6.39	4.33	11.10	8.83	20.25
	SH 66-Sapulpa	2.83	6.39	4.33	11.10	8.83	20.25
Muskogee Tpk	BA Expwy-SH 51	0.41	1.04	0.41	2.02	0.65	3.86
	New Orleans-101st	0.41	1.04	0.72	2.02	1.95	3.86
	County Line-193rd	0.52	1.21	0.99	2.36	2.25	4.66
	Elm Pl-161st	0.64	1.61	1.17	2.94	2.72	5.47
	Aspen-145th	0.81	1.73	1.33	3.17	2.96	5.98
	Olive-129th	0.87	1.84	1.37	3.28	3.02	6.16
	Mingo V-US 64	1.04	2.36	1.58	3.80	3.34	6.67
	Yale	1.45	3.40	2.26	5.82	5.35	10.53
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	1.45	3.40	2.31	5.82	5.35	10.53
	Peoria-Elm	1.91	4.09	2.67	6.79	6.27	12.14
	US 75-Glenpool	2.02	4.32	3.14	7.08	6.32	12.54
	S 49th West Ave	2.37	5.35	3.87	9.09	8.13	16.39
	SH 66-Sapulpa	2.37	5.35	3.87	9.09	8.13	16.39
	New Orleans-101st	County Line-193rd	0.52	1.21	0.88	2.36	2.07
Elm Pl-161st		0.64	1.61	1.10	2.94	2.53	5.47
Aspen-145th		0.75	1.73	1.21	3.17	2.72	5.98
Olive-129th		0.81	1.84	1.32	3.28	2.94	6.16
Mingo V-US 64		1.04	2.36	1.56	3.80	3.29	6.67
Yale		1.45	3.40	2.24	5.82	5.30	10.53
Riverside Pkwy/Delaware		1.45	3.40	2.29	5.82	5.30	10.53
Peoria-Elm		1.91	4.09	2.65	6.79	6.22	12.14
US 75-Glenpool		2.02	4.32	3.12	7.08	6.27	12.54
S 49th West Ave		2.37	5.35	3.85	9.09	8.08	16.39
SH 66-Sapulpa		2.37	5.35	3.85	9.09	8.08	16.39

CREEK TURNPIKE

Toll Rates Effective:		2025					
Vehicle Classification		Small		Medium		Large	
Begin	End	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT	PPS	PLT
County Line-193rd	Elm Pl-161st	0.52	1.61	0.87	2.94	2.36	5.47
	Aspen-145th	0.58	1.73	0.94	3.17	2.52	5.98
	Olive-129th	0.64	1.84	1.09	3.28	2.64	6.16
	Mingo V-US 64	0.98	2.36	1.48	3.80	3.03	6.67
	Yale	1.39	3.40	2.16	5.82	5.04	10.53
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	1.39	3.40	2.21	5.82	5.04	10.53
	Peoria-Elm	1.85	4.09	2.57	6.79	5.96	12.14
	US 75-Glenpool	1.96	4.32	3.04	7.08	6.01	12.54
	S 49th West Ave	2.31	5.35	3.77	9.09	7.82	16.39
	SH 66-Sapulpa	2.31	5.35	3.77	9.09	7.82	16.39
Elm Pl-161st	Aspen-145th	0.41	1.73	0.88	3.17	2.33	5.98
	Olive-129th	0.41	1.84	0.88	3.28	2.33	6.16
	Mingo V-US 64	0.81	2.36	1.21	3.80	2.44	6.67
	Yale	1.22	3.40	1.89	5.82	4.45	10.53
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	1.22	3.40	1.94	5.82	4.45	10.53
	Peoria-Elm	1.68	4.09	2.30	6.79	5.37	12.14
	US 75-Glenpool	1.79	4.32	2.77	7.08	5.42	12.54
	S 49th West Ave	2.14	5.35	3.50	9.09	7.23	16.39
	SH 66-Sapulpa	2.14	5.35	3.50	9.09	7.23	16.39
	Aspen-145th	129th-Olive	0.35	1.84	0.88	3.28	2.11
Mingo V-US 64		0.75	2.36	1.09	3.80	2.16	6.67
Yale		1.16	3.40	1.77	5.82	4.17	10.53
Riverside Pkwy/Delaware		1.16	3.40	1.82	5.82	4.17	10.53
Peoria-Elm		1.62	4.09	2.18	6.79	5.09	12.14
US 75-Glenpool		1.73	4.32	2.65	7.08	5.14	12.54
S 49th West Ave		2.08	5.35	3.38	9.09	6.95	16.39
SH 66-Sapulpa		2.08	5.35	3.38	9.09	6.95	16.39
Olive-129th	Mingo V-US 64	0.64	2.36	1.02	3.80	1.81	6.67
	Yale	1.05	3.40	1.70	5.82	3.82	10.53
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	1.05	3.40	1.75	5.82	3.82	10.53
	Peoria-Elm	1.51	4.09	2.11	6.79	4.74	12.14
	US 75-Glenpool	1.62	4.32	2.58	7.08	4.79	12.54
	S 49th West Ave	1.97	5.35	3.31	9.09	6.60	16.39
	SH 66-Sapulpa	1.97	5.35	3.31	9.09	6.60	16.39
Mingo V-US 64	Yale	0.41	1.04	0.68	2.02	2.01	3.86
	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	0.41	1.04	0.73	2.02	2.01	3.86
	Peoria-Elm	0.87	1.73	1.09	2.99	2.93	5.47
	US 75-Glenpool	0.98	1.96	1.56	3.28	2.98	5.87
	S 49th West Ave	1.33	2.99	2.29	5.29	4.79	9.72
	SH 66-Sapulpa	1.33	2.99	2.29	5.29	4.79	9.72
Yale	Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	0.41	1.04	0.68	2.02	1.19	3.86
	Peoria-Elm	0.58	1.73	0.68	2.99	1.81	5.47
	US 75-Glenpool	0.98	1.96	1.14	3.28	2.98	5.87
	S 49th West Ave	1.33	2.99	2.26	5.29	4.16	9.72
	SH 66-Sapulpa	1.33	2.99	2.29	5.29	4.79	9.72
Riverside Pkwy/Delaware	Peoria-Elm	0.41	1.73	0.68	2.99	1.19	5.47
	US 75-Glenpool	0.58	1.96	0.73	3.28	1.81	5.87
	S 49th West Ave	1.04	2.99	1.64	5.29	2.98	9.72
	SH 66-Sapulpa	1.33	2.99	2.26	5.29	4.16	9.72
Peoria-Elm	US 75-Glenpool	0.41	1.96	0.68	3.28	1.19	5.87
	S 49th West Ave	0.81	2.99	1.33	5.29	2.45	9.72
	SH 66-Sapulpa	1.15	2.99	1.99	5.29	3.57	9.72
US 75-Glenpool	S 49th West Ave	0.35	1.04	0.68	2.02	1.19	3.86
	SH 66-Sapulpa	0.35	1.04	0.76	2.02	1.71	3.86
Hickory Hill	SH 66-Sapulpa	0.35	1.04	0.41	2.02	0.65	3.86

**SCHEDULE 6: TOLL RATES BY TURNPIKE, CLASS & TYPE
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND PRIOR EIGHT YEARS**



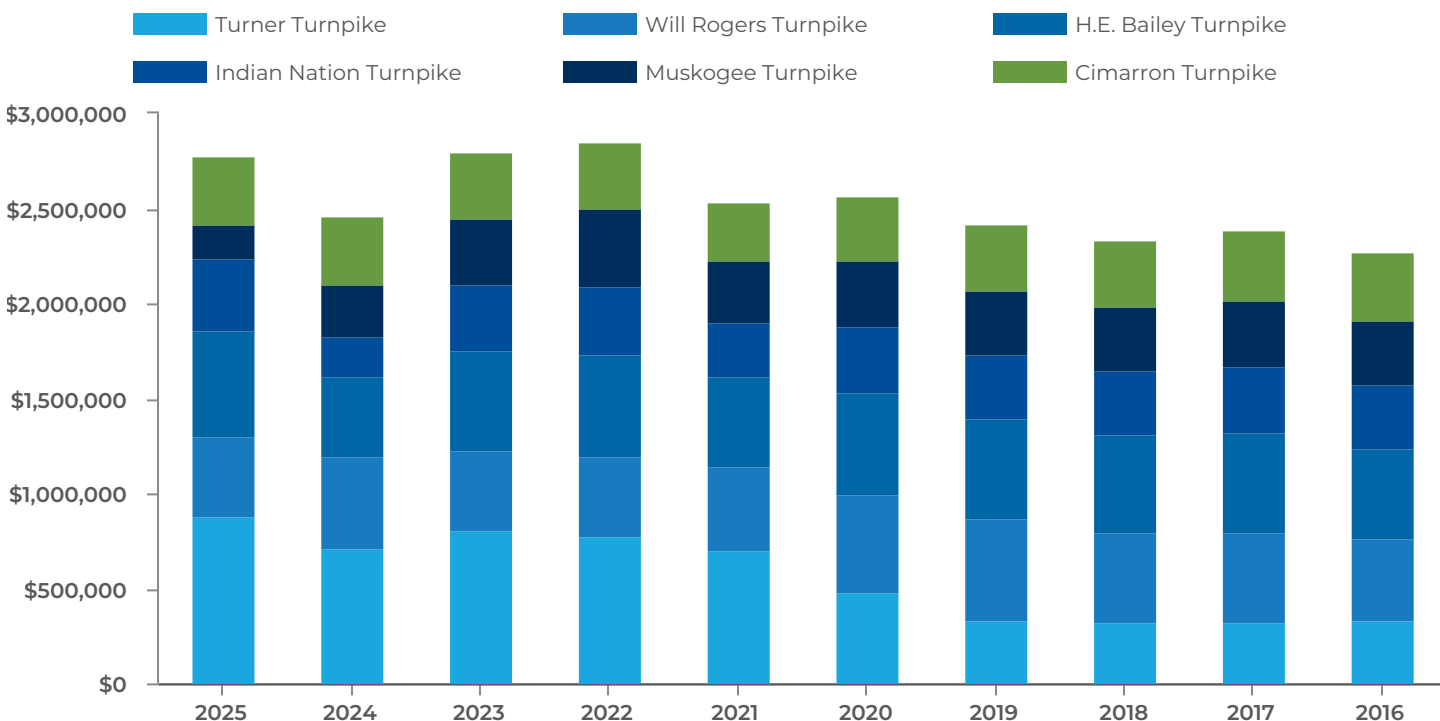
To view Toll Rates by Turnpike, Class and Type for the years ended December 31, 2024 and prior eight years, please visit www.oklahoma.gov/ota/investor-relations/annual-financial-report or scan the QR Code.

**SCHEDULE 7: CONCESSION REVENUE BY TURNPIKE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS**

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Turner Turnpike	\$ 883,087	\$ 713,963	\$ 814,290	\$ 776,915	\$ 701,565	\$ 487,339	\$ 333,396	\$ 327,430	\$ 328,076	\$ 334,564
Will Rogers Turnpike	423,950	488,649	416,347	422,896	442,282	510,748	539,961	473,059	470,439	438,204
H.E. Bailey Turnpike	553,530	414,734	530,425	540,481	476,738	540,053	525,718	515,055	526,806	474,055
Indian Nation Turnpike	377,018	211,167	349,044	355,106	285,605	350,410	340,186	338,467	345,773	335,821
Muskogee Turnpike	186,223	279,428	346,828	408,850	326,965	341,522	337,018	335,262	354,614	329,231
Cimarron Turnpike	356,078	358,675	340,572	345,575	304,667	337,890	348,786	352,334	364,342	364,977
Subtotals	\$ 2,779,886	\$ 2,466,616	\$ 2,797,506	\$ 2,849,823	\$ 2,537,822	\$ 2,567,962	\$ 2,425,065	\$ 2,341,607	\$ 2,390,050	\$ 2,276,852
Effect of Implementation of GASB 87*	-	-	-	-	55,773	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 2,779,886	\$ 2,466,616	\$ 2,797,506	\$ 2,849,823	\$ 2,593,595	\$ 2,567,962	\$ 2,425,065	\$ 2,341,607	\$ 2,390,050	\$ 2,276,852

*Note: GASB 87 was implemented in 2022, this included a restatement adjustment for 2021.

CONCESSION REVENUE BY TURNPIKE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



SCHEDULE 8: RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net revenue bonds outstanding	\$ 3,238,633	\$ 2,132,083	\$ 2,214,102	\$ 1,779,086	\$ 1,847,651	\$ 1,870,989	\$ 1,970,348	\$ 2,040,338	\$ 1,755,771	\$ 935,259
Other long-term debt	125,235	123,561	121,908	170,116	50,000	50,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	69,700
Leases	1,044	1,693	2,214	2,007	—	—	—	—	—	—
SBITAs	504	157	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total outstanding debt	\$ 3,365,416	\$ 2,257,494	\$ 2,338,224	\$ 1,951,209	\$ 1,897,651	\$ 1,920,989	\$ 1,985,348	\$ 2,055,338	\$ 1,770,771	\$ 1,004,959
Electronic Tolls transactions	212,398	206,410	194,650	171,176	163,348	134,206	146,993	141,545	138,238	135,560
Cash transactions	—	5,185	11,527	24,691	32,641	31,852	39,220	42,387	45,648	49,670
Total toll transactions	212,398	211,595	206,177	195,867	195,989	166,058	186,213	183,932	183,886	185,230
Debt per Electronic Tolls transaction	\$ 15.84	\$ 10.93	\$ 12.00	\$ 11.39	\$ 11.62	\$ 14.31	\$ 13.51	\$ 14.52	\$ 12.81	\$ 7.41
Debt per cash transaction	—	435.03	202.66	78.94	58.14	60.31	50.62	48.49	38.79	20.23
Debt per total transaction	15.84	10.66	11.33	9.95	9.68	11.57	10.66	11.17	9.63	5.43

Note: For comparative purposes, the unamortized net debit has been excluded from the calculation of net revenue bonds outstanding, in accordance with GASB 63. As of the end 2024 all toll lanes are completely cashless.

SCHEDULE 9: PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Gross revenues (1)	\$ 622,053	\$ 494,079	\$ 399,609	\$ 370,499	\$ 364,708	\$ 312,779	\$ 349,255	\$ 334,242	\$ 309,121	\$ 271,768
Operating expenses (2)	191,462	168,463	166,328	142,110	117,222	123,025	114,533	105,857	101,888	93,972
Net revenues available for debt service	\$ 430,591	\$ 325,616	\$ 233,281	\$ 228,389	\$ 247,486	\$ 189,754	\$ 234,722	\$ 228,385	\$ 207,233	\$ 177,796
Debt service for revenue bonds outstanding:										
Principal	\$ 74,575	\$ 71,880	\$ 69,300	\$ 67,250	\$ 56,345	\$ 10,930	\$ 57,780	\$ 56,645	\$ 54,590	\$ 56,505
Interest (3)	138,166	92,044	73,465	71,425	72,969	72,968	82,807	40,407	33,676	37,992
Total current debt service	\$ 212,741	\$ 163,924	\$ 142,765	\$ 138,675	\$ 129,314	\$ 83,898	\$ 140,587	\$ 97,052	\$ 88,266	\$ 94,497
Debt service coverage (4)	1.75	1.63	1.65	1.65	1.92	2.26	1.67	2.35	2.35	1.88

Note: The 2024 gross revenues and operating expenses have been updated in accordance with GASB103. In 2023, operating revenues and debt service coverage were restated for the implementation of GASB 101.

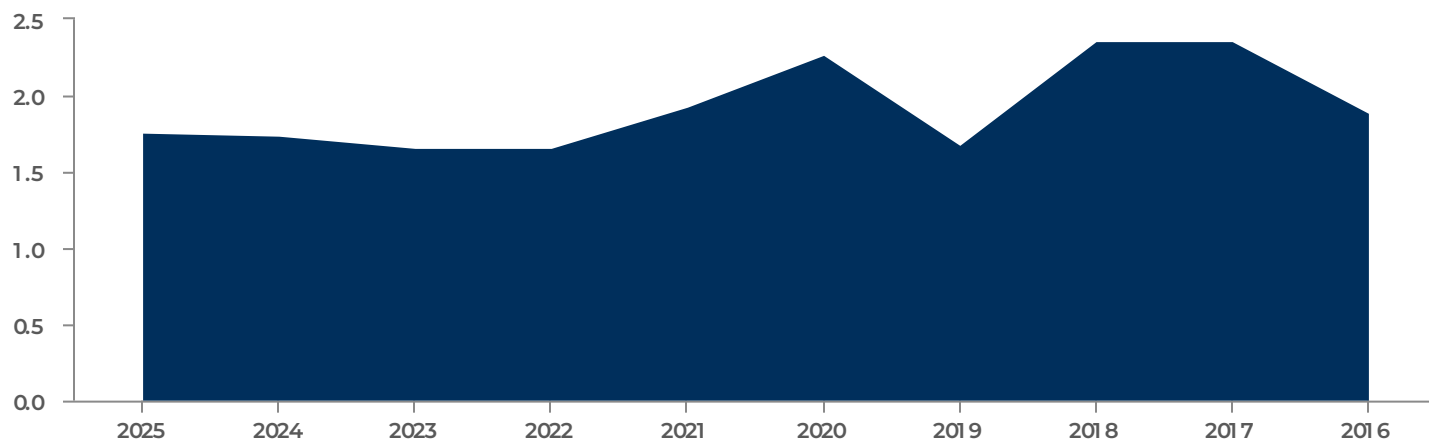
(1) Includes total operating revenues and interest earnings from investments

(2) Total operating expenses excluding depreciation

(3) Net of amounts capitalized during construction

(4) Debt Service Coverage equals Net Revenues Available for Debt Service divided by Total Current Debt Service

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

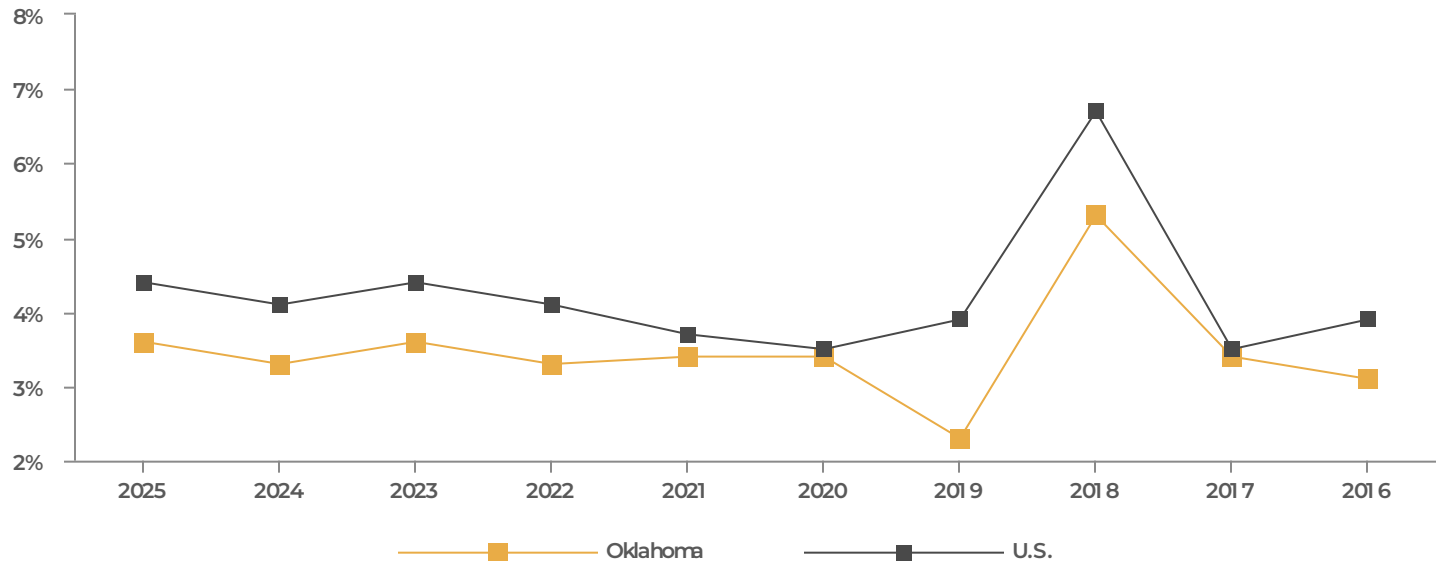


SCHEDULE 10: DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC STATISTICS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Population:										
Oklahoma (thousands)	4,123	4,095	4,054	4,020	3,987	3,981	3,957	3,943	3,931	3,924
U.S. (thousands)	341,785	340,111	334,915	333,288	331,894	329,484	328,240	327,167	325,719	323,128
Per capita income:										
Oklahoma	* \$ 62,661	\$ 60,545	\$ 56,298	\$ 53,870	\$ 49,878	\$ 47,341	\$ 45,843	\$ 43,794	\$ 42,692	
U.S.	77,160	72,500	68,542	65,148	63,551	58,955	56,690	53,694	50,395	49,495
Total personal income:										
Oklahoma (millions)	\$ 277	\$ 258	\$ 238	\$ 222	\$ 208	\$ 195	\$ 190	\$ 182	\$ 171	\$ 179
U.S.(billions)	26,512	25,346	23,382	22,224	20,987	19,499	18,922	18,017	16,719	16,290
Gross product:										
Oklahoma (millions)	\$ 277	\$ 267	\$ 257	\$ 248	\$ 228	\$ 194	\$ 202	\$ 199	\$ 185	\$ 183
U.S. (billions)	30,779	29,184	27,358	25,461	22,993	21,488	21,429	20,501	19,058	18,566
Total labor force:										
Oklahoma (thousands)	2,020	1,990	1,974	1,884	1,862	1,846	1,846	1,837	1,842	1,824
U.S. (thousands)	171,495	168,547	167,451	164,966	162,294	160,567	164,556	163,240	160,597	159,640
% rate of unemployment:										
Oklahoma	3.6%	3.3%	3.4%	3.4%	2.3%	5.3%	3.4%	3.1%	4.1%	4.8%
U.S.	4.4%	4.1%	3.7%	3.5%	3.9%	6.7%	3.5%	3.9%	3.9%	4.9%

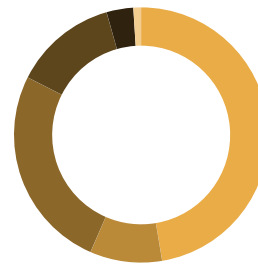
Sources: Web sites of the U.S. Census Bureau, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis and Bureau of Labor Statistics
 ** Indicates information is not available for the specified period.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



**SCHEDULE 11A: PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE TURNPIKE SYSTEM
DECEMBER 31, 2025**

	2025
OTA Employees	486
OHP (troopers assigned to OTA)	94
McDonald's Employees (concessionaire)	266
Love's Employees (concessionaire)	135
Kum & Go Employees (concessionaire)	35
Subway Employees (concessionaire)	10
Total	1026



- OTA Employees
- OHP (troopers assigned to OTA)
- McDonald's Employees (concessionaire)
- Love's Employees (concessionaire)
- Kum & Go Employees (concessionaire)
- Subway Employees (concessionaire)

**SCHEDULE 11B: PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE TURNPIKE SYSTEM
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS**

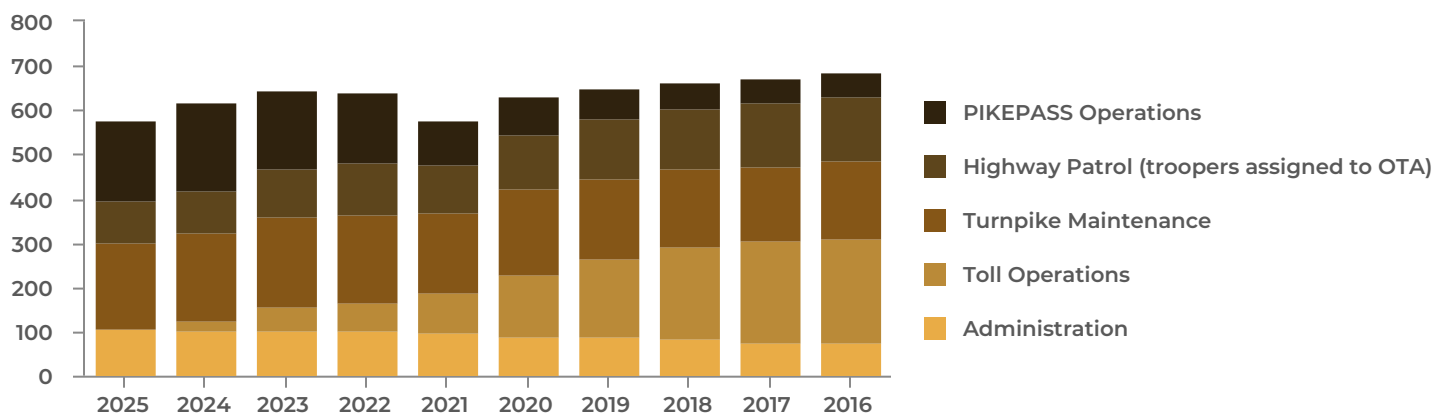
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
OTA Office Employees	257	274	242	263	195	179	160	146	131	128
OTA Field Employees	229	252	294	262	272	332	357	384	400	411
OHP (troopers assigned to OTA)	94	95	109	119	110	123	135	136	143	146
McDonald's Employees (concessionaire)	266	266	254	258	273	259	290	314	312	313
Love's Employees (concessionaire)	135	135	154	132	114	139	99	104	106	106
Kum & Go Employees (concessionaire)	35	35	58	34	40	57	42	40	34	32
Subway Employees (concessionaire)	10	10	10	10	10	11	13	14	15	18
Total	1,026	1,067	1,121	1,078	1,014	1,100	1,096	1,138	1,141	1,154

Note: There are no other employers within the jurisdiction of the Turnpike System, which is limited to the Turnpike System and rights-of-way.

**SCHEDULE 12: FULL-TIME EMPLOYERS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS**

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Administration	109	106	106	104	99	91	89	84	75	75
Toll Operations	–	21	53	62	92	138	178	209	231	239
Turnpike Maintenance	193	197	202	200	180	194	179	175	169	172
Highway Patrol (troopers assigned to OTA)	94	95	109	119	110	123	135	136	143	146
PIKEPASS Operations	184	202	175	159	96	88	71	62	56	53
Total	580	621	645	644	577	634	652	666	674	685

FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



SCHEDULE 13: CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Turnpikes under operation (total length in miles)	630.1	630.1	630.1	630.1	624.4	616.7	607.0	600.9	600.9	600.9
Turner (opened 1953)	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0
Will Rogers (opened 1957)	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.5
H.E. Bailey (opened 1964, 1987 and 2001)	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6	94.6
Indian Nation (opened 1966 and 1970)	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2
Muskogee (opened 1969)	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1
Cimarron (opened 1975)	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7	67.7
John Kilpatrick (opened 1991, 2000, 2001 and 2022)	30.3	30.3	30.3	30.3	30.3	30.3	31.4	25.3	25.3	25.3
Cherokee (opened 1991)	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8
Chickasaw (opened 1991)	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3
Creek (opened 1992, 2000, 2001 and 2002)	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4
Kickapoo (opened 2020)	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	10.8	—	—	—	—
Gilcrease (opened 2022)	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane miles:	2,559.6	2,559.6	2,559.6	2,559.6	2,471.0	2,462.9	2,449.0	2,433.0	2,413.0	2,413.0
Right-of-Way area: (000's acres)	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Facilities:	337	335	307	307	300	312	303	303	303	304
Interchanges	104	102	102	102	98	94	88	88	88	88
Service areas	17	17	17	17	17	18	16	16	16	17
Maintenance buildings	211	211	183	183	180	195	195	195	195	195
Administration building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PIKEPASS customer service centers/stores	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Total number of crossings over/under turnpikes:	896	896	932	932	905	873	789	789	789	789
Other highways or interchange ramps	529	529	565	565	550	533	499	499	499	499
Railroads	32	32	32	32	32	33	29	29	29	29
Rivers and streams	335	335	335	335	323	307	261	261	261	261
Notes:										
<i>In 2022, total lane miles were increased by addition of the Gilcrease Expressway.</i>										
<i>In 2021, total lane miles were increased by the remaining 7.7 miles for Kickapoo Turnpike.</i>										
<i>In 2020, total lane miles were increased by the new construction of 10.8 miles of 4-lane for the Kickapoo Turnpike from Turner to 23rd Street</i>										
<i>In 2020, total lane miles were expanded by adding 4.98 miles of 4-lane to the John Kilpatrick Turnpike.</i>										
<i>In 2019, total lane miles were expanded by completion of the widening project on the Turner Turnpike.</i>										
<i>In 2018, total lane miles were expanded by partial completion of the widening project on the Turner Turnpike.</i>										
<i>Sources: Various OTA Divisions.</i>										

**SCHEDULE 14: INSURANCE IN FORCE
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025**

INSURANCE	POLICY TERM	POLICY	COVERAGE	SUMMARY	DEDUCTIBLE	ANNUAL OR LAST PREMIUM
Buildings/Contents/Computers/Other Bridges	08/01/2025 - 07/31/2026	State of Oklahoma - Certificate #978	\$ 148,296,888 386,377,202	Buildings & Contents Bridges (100%)	\$ 1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ 355,285 429,910
Auto liability	07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	State of Oklahoma - Certificate #978	175,000 25,000 1,000,000	Bodily injury Property damage Per occurrence		44,222
Auto Physical Damage (Specialty Vehicle)	08/01/2025 - 07/31/2026	State of Oklahoma - Certificate #978			5% of vehicle value	11,989
Comprehensive general liability, personal	07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	State of Oklahoma - Certificate #978	175,000 25,000 1,000,000	Bodily injury Property damage Per occurrence	- - -	18,837
Director's, Officer's, & Employee's Insurance	10/30/2025 - 10/29/2026	State of Oklahoma - Certificate #978	35,000,000 5,000,000	Aggregate Per occurrence	150,000	17,465
Public Employee Dishonesty Insurance	07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	State of Oklahoma - Certificate #978	50,000	Per employee	5,000	N/A
Cyber Insurance	11/01/2025 - 10/31/2026	Cowbell Cyber Insurance Policy # CIC-CB-SSHU88HXL-002	1,000,000	\$1,000,000 Aggregate Limit	50,000	71,658
Workers compensation	07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	State Risk Management - #00338640	100,000,000 100,000	Liabilities (Okla) Employee injuries	-	414,295
Health benefits	01/01/2025 - 12/31/2025	State of Oklahoma #0001	Various	Life, hospital, surgical, major medical & dental	Various	5,900,055
Surety bond	07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	#107119226	25,000	John Jones	n/a	100
	04/01/2026 - 03/31/2027	#106461440	25,000	Dana Weber	n/a	100
	11/01/2025 - 10/31/2026	#108376634	25,000	David Madigan	n/a	100
	04/01/2026 - 03/31/2027	#107077778	25,000	John Titsworth	n/a	100
	04/01/2026 - 03/31/2027	#107077794	100,000	Todd Cone	n/a	350

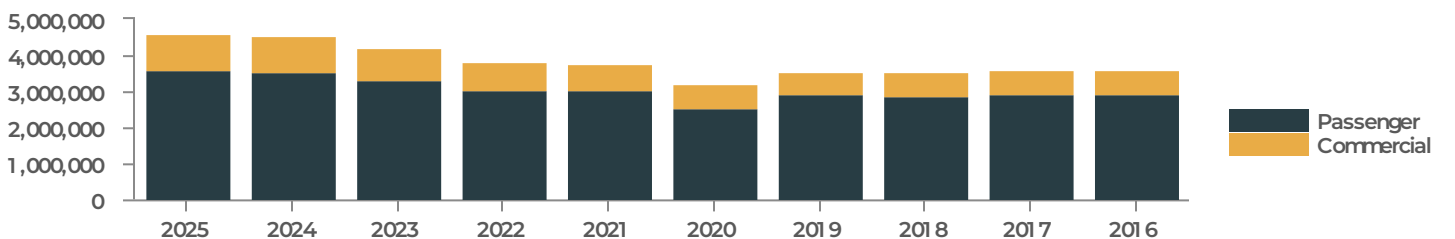
SCHEDULE 15: OPERATING INDICATORS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(CONCESSION INFORMATION PRESENTED IN 000'S OF DOLLARS/GALLONS)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Concessions:										
Concessionaire restaurant sales (\$)	20,145	22,611	21,915	21,554	21,509	17,224	20,646	20,321	23,742	22,867
Concessionaire service station sales (\$)	25,636	25,925	24,977	22,997	22,125	17,405	18,837	18,184	14,991	14,738
Concessionaire gasoline sales (gallons)	19,543	21,763	22,501	22,566	23,234	19,380	22,463	22,380	19,534	20,052
Concessionaire diesel sales (gallons)	21,021	20,929	16,869	17,101	17,835	14,854	13,492	15,864	14,493	15,089
Concessionaire rent paid to OTA (\$)	3,125	2,468	2,797	2,850 *	2,253	2,568	2,425	2,342	2,390	2,277
Highway Patrol:										
Total citations	16,064	11,901	14,887	16,394	21,005	19,542	24,012	23,838	26,968	29,180
Total warnings	48,509	32,607	34,320	33,981	49,060	69,606	88,002	96,115	112,493	100,959
Motorist assists	12,562	8,549	7,951	12,605	14,862	17,224	18,598	20,504	21,449	20,467
Accidents	2,024	1,599	1,426	1,451	1,582	1,368	1,560	1,594	1,434	1,513
Accidents per 100 million miles	53.87	36.68	30.01	36.88	40.21	45.07	43.67	44.86	39.99	42.21
Fatalities	31	18	25	31	20	25	18	28	25	33
Fatalities per 100 million miles	0.83	0.41	0.53	0.79	0.51	0.82	0.50	0.79	0.70	0.92
PIKEPASS:										
Total active PIKEPASS accounts	1,251,120	1,147,842	1,062,950	972,914	855,348	828,560	787,193	744,672	705,584	715,127
Total active PIKEPASS transponders	3,838,645	3,590,301	3,369,389	2,350,690	2,185,894	2,705,813	1,949,652	1,873,581	1,777,499	1,748,180
Total customer service calls received	1,068,534	1,010,610	1,076,317	948,749	765,444	596,064	740,319	709,974	703,857	677,614
Turnpike maintenance:										
Joint and crack sealing (linear feet)	991,880	2,075,313	1,645,413	1,435,196	1,762,592	2,430,203	976,971	1,615,582	2,433,341	1,778,351
Fence Repair/Replacement (linear feet)	17,380	15,206	59,462	31,783	17,399	8,392	68,169	188,447	101,156	182,750
Vegetation management (acres)	59,685	76,039	87,337	36,695	19,090	26,874	34,804	51,951	58,115	72,526
Snow removal operations (lane miles)	101,554	151,230	51,449	142,863	96,301	135,656	75,533	70,857	69,833	33,963
Turnpike operations:										
Average toll collected (\$): (toll revenues / transactions)										
Passenger	1.62	1.26	1.20	1.22	1.22	1.20	1.20	1.18	1.13	0.99
Commercial	9.40	7.46	7.46	7.90	7.90	7.68	7.68	7.48	7.07	6.36
Average trip length (miles): (mileage / transactions)										
Passenger	18.9	17.4	18.1	17.3	17.1	17.2	17.2	17.4	17.6	17.5
Commercial	48.7	38.8	40.7	39.7	41.3	40.7	40.7	40.3	40.2	40.3
Average toll/mile (¢) (toll revenues / mileage)										
Passenger	8.6	7.3	6.6	7.0	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.4	5.7
Commercial	19.3	18.4	18.3	18.9	19.1	18.9	18.9	18.6	17.6	15.8
Sources: Various OTA Divisions.										
*Note: GASB 87 was implemented in 2022; this included a restatement adjustment for 2021.										

SCHEDULE 16: MILEAGE BY TYPE & TURNPIKE
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND PRIOR NINE YEARS
(PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF MILES)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Turner Turnpike										
Passenger	875,879	873,210	802,270	726,559	740,804	627,187	750,991	743,350	757,489	757,721
Commercial	311,112	317,486	276,988	236,572	240,863	210,137	205,665	203,490	199,541	190,940
Total	1,186,991	1,190,696	1,079,258	963,131	981,667	837,324	956,656	946,840	957,030	948,661
Will Rogers Turnpike										
Passenger	555,962	523,863	499,846	469,093	486,527	408,675	478,684	489,693	520,497	532,815
Commercial	352,782	352,610	303,452	266,423	270,589	235,434	231,542	228,131	225,626	223,236
Total	908,744	876,473	803,298	735,516	757,116	644,109	710,226	717,824	746,123	756,051
H. E. Bailey Turnpike										
Passenger	464,196	456,417	442,017	402,124	397,990	351,516	411,059	397,822	392,253	395,135
Commercial	78,831	77,834	75,391	63,324	53,041	53,047	58,310	56,917	51,524	47,591
Total	543,027	534,251	517,408	465,448	451,031	404,563	469,369	454,739	443,777	442,726
Indian Nation Turnpike										
Passenger	189,291	190,237	171,401	162,664	163,325	130,626	166,576	163,324	165,703	168,221
Commercial	65,273	53,619	51,652	48,672	48,007	44,030	48,108	47,929	46,387	43,814
Total	254,564	243,856	223,053	211,336	211,332	174,656	214,684	211,253	212,090	212,035
Muskogee Turnpike										
Passenger	322,715	325,202	289,403	274,463	282,223	247,676	261,923	257,302	255,785	267,656
Commercial	46,176	45,882	38,966	34,731	35,727	33,723	35,082	37,436	39,091	40,316
Total	368,891	371,084	328,369	309,194	317,950	281,399	297,005	294,738	294,876	307,972
Cimarron Turnpike										
Passenger	141,786	135,762	129,820	123,905	126,846	108,506	135,061	135,680	143,046	144,280
Commercial	42,095	39,527	38,714	32,191	31,058	29,837	30,736	30,685	31,021	30,369
Total	183,881	175,289	168,534	156,096	157,904	138,343	165,797	166,365	174,067	174,649
John Kilpatrick Turnpike										
Passenger	524,604	522,805	502,140	473,570	423,946	330,708	330,655	327,107	324,885	322,702
Commercial	36,671	35,195	32,835	31,445	23,361	17,272	16,028	15,026	13,610	12,660
Total	561,275	558,000	534,975	505,015	447,307	347,980	346,683	342,133	338,495	335,362
Cherokee Turnpike										
Passenger	88,455	89,212	86,495	76,942	78,639	67,681	79,124	80,661	82,105	83,678
Commercial	19,236	19,153	18,280	15,470	15,774	14,111	14,086	12,744	12,863	13,004
Total	107,691	108,365	104,775	92,412	94,413	81,792	93,210	93,405	94,968	96,682
Chickasaw Turnpike										
Passenger	22,888	21,616	20,381	17,488	16,610	14,638	17,723	17,588	17,052	15,448
Commercial	2,106	2,275	2,104	3,003	3,581	2,995	2,936	2,724	2,851	4,024
Total	24,994	23,891	22,485	20,491	20,191	17,633	20,659	20,312	19,903	19,472
Creek Turnpike										
Passenger	376,890	364,705	341,785	289,969	297,449	256,179	287,187	293,263	292,723	280,208
Commercial	13,008	11,901	12,912	12,426	12,997	10,748	10,833	12,078	11,990	10,220
Total	389,898	376,606	354,697	302,395	310,446	266,927	298,020	305,341	304,713	290,428
Kickapoo Turnpike										
Passenger	51,357	50,583	47,208	41,971	26,679	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial	5,381	5,286	5,398	5,168	2,936	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	56,738	55,869	52,606	47,139	29,615	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gilcrease Turnpike										
Passenger	14,156	14,474	10,211	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial	1,251	1,396	794	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	15,407	15,870	11,005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Totals										
Passenger	3,628,179	3,568,086	3,342,977	3,059,504	3,041,038	2,544,667	2,918,983	2,905,790	2,951,538	2,967,864
Commercial	973,922	962,164	857,486	749,472	737,934	651,427	653,326	647,161	634,504	616,174
Total Mileage	4,602,101	4,530,250	4,200,463	3,808,976	3,778,972	3,196,094	3,572,309	3,552,951	3,586,042	3,584,038

MILEAGE BY TYPE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PRESENTED IN THOUSANDS OF MILES)





I-344/John Kilpatrick Turnpike



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