Eligibility Documentation for Meal Application and Verification Section

INTRODUCTION

This section contains information on determining eligibility for free and reduced-price meals for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) (including charter schools and the After-School Snack Program [ASSP]) and the School Breakfast Program (SBP). It is also applicable to the Special Milk Program (SMP) when schools and institutions serve free milk to eligible children. While this eligibility guidance directly addresses the school programs, it is also generally applicable to the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) and the Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) when individual children's eligibility must be established. These programs are collectively considered the Child Nutrition Programs (CNP).

Statutory and Regulatory Authority

Statutory authority for the CNP includes the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (NSLA) and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (CNA). The statutory citations are, respectively, 42 United States Code 1751 et seq. and 42 United States Code 1771 et seq. Regulatory authority is found, as follows, in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):

- 7 CFR Part 210, National School Lunch Program (NSLP)
- 7 CFR Part 215, Special Milk Program (SMP)
- 7 CFR Part 220, School Breakfast Program (SBP)
- 7 CFR Part 225, Summer Food Service Program (SFSP)
- 7 CFR Part 226, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)
- 7 CFR Part 245, Determining Eligibility for Free and Reduced-Price Meals and Free Milk in Schools

Administration of the Programs

The school meals programs are administered at the federal level by the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). At the state level, the programs are administered by the Oklahoma State Department of Education (the *State agency*).

Resources

• To keep up-to-date, regularly check the Child Nutrition (CN) Division's Web site at **http.//www.fns. usda.gov/cnd** for recently posted regulations, policy clarifications, prototype application materials, and other information.

ADMINISTRATION

- A. General Requirements (Reference page 8 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)
 - 1. State agencies that administer the school meals programs must issue free and reduced-price policy guidance and any other instructions necessary to local educational agencies (LEAs) to ensure the awareness of federal and state requirements pertaining to free and reduced-price meals and free milk. Participating LEAs must provide free and reduced-price meal benefits to eligible children in accordance with the statutory and regulatory requirements as detailed in this manual.
 - 2. All schools participating in the NSLP or SBP must make free and reduced-price meals available to eligible children, and all schools and institutions participating in the free milk option of the SMP must make free milk available to eligible children.
 - 3. The term *school food authority* (SFA) is used for local agencies administering the school meals programs (i.e., the governing body that is responsible for the administration of one or more schools and has the legal authority to operate the school meals programs in those schools) while the term *local educational agency* (LEA) is used for those responsible for the application, certification, and verification activities of the NSLP and SBP.

4. LEA means:

- a. The public board of education or other public nonprofit authority legally constituted within a state for the administrative control of a nonprofit school in a political subdivision of a state.
- b. An administrative agency or combination of school districts or counties recognized by the state.
- c. Any other nonprofit institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a nonprofit school or residential child care institution (RCCI).
- B. Policy Statement (Reference page 8 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)

Each LEA participating in the NSLP, SBP, or the SMP (with free milk option) must have an approved free and reduced-price policy statement on file at the State agency. If an LEA is just starting its participation in the NSLP, SBP, or SMP, it must submit its policy statement to the State agency for approval. Once approved, the policy statement becomes a permanent document, amended when the LEA makes a substantive change in its free and reduced-price policy.

- 1. The free and reduced-price policy statement must contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - a. Name of determining official(s), or the position of the LEA or school official, designated to make eligibility determinations.
 - b. An assurance that the LEA will determine eligibility in accordance with the current Income-Eligibility Guidelines (IEGs).
 - c. LEA's specific procedures to accept applications for benefits and its Direct Certification procedures.
 - d. Description of the method(s) used to collect payments from children paying the full price of the meal or milk or the reduced-price of the meal that prevents the overt identification of the children receiving free or reduced-price meals or free milk.
 - e. An assurance that the school will abide by the hearing procedures and the nondiscrimination practices.
 - f. Copy of the application form and Letter to Household.

- 2. The free and reduced-price policy statement should also contain a copy of the following:
 - a. Media release
 - b. Notice to households of approval or denial of benefits
 - c. Notice to households of selection for verification
 - d. Notice to households of adverse action
 - e. In LEAs that have opted to implement Direct Certification, the notice of eligibility under Direct Certification

3. Amendments:

- a. The LEA must amend its policy statement for any substantive changes to its free and reduced-price policy and include a description of the change. In all cases, the LEA must have an approved policy statement on file at the State agency that accurately describes its current free and reduced-price policies. Amendments must be submitted for approval to the State agency by October 15. The amendment must be approved by the State agency prior to implementation.
- b. The amendments must reflect:
 - Changes made necessary by law/regulations.
 - Changes made by the LEA (e.g., changes in collection procedures, designation of new approving/hearing official[s], changes in procedures for accepting applications, revisions in the Letter to Household or free and reduced price meal/milk application).
 - Additional information specified by the State agency.
- 4. Policy Statement for the Special Milk Program (SMP)

A free policy statement must be submitted to and approved by the State agency for LEAs participating in the SMP with the free milk option. An LEA may submit a single policy statement for the NSLP/SBP and SMP when some of its schools participate in the SMP and others participate in the NSLP/SBP.

C. Public Release (7 CFR 245.5(a))

- 1. Near the beginning of each school year, the public must be notified that the NSLP, SBP, and/or SMP are available in the school or school district. This notice must include the eligibility criteria for free and reduced-price meals and/or free milk. It must be provided to the local news media such as a newspaper, the unemployment office, and any major employers who are contemplating large layoffs in the attendance area of the school.
- 2. The public release must include:
 - a. The public release must contain the same information supplied in the Letter to Household, except that the public release must contain both the free and reduced-price IEGs. A public release that only refers to the SMP should not contain the reduced-price IEGs.
 - NOTE: The Provision public release does not required to include free/reduced-price IEG.
 - b. Households will be notified of their children's eligibility for meals if they are receiving assistance form:
 - The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
 - The Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR).

- The Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) if the state program meets the statutory requirements.
- c. An application is *NOT* required if the household is receiving one of the assistance programs listed above.
- d. If any children were not listed on the eligibility notice, the household should contact the LEA or school as free meal benefits are extended *ALL* children living in the same household.
- e. Households will be notified if a child is eligible for free meals because they are considered Other Source Categorically Eligible which is:
 - Homeless, migrant, or runaway as defined by law.
 - Enrolled in an eligible Head Start or Even Start.
 - For any child not listed on the eligibility notice, the households should contact the LEA or school about any child also eligible under one of these programs or should submit an income application for other children.
 - If households/children receiving benefits under Assistance Programs or other source programs are not notified by the school of their free meal benefits, the parent/guardian should contact his/her school.
 - Households notified of their children's eligibility must contact the LEA or school if they choose to decline the free meal benefits.
- 3. Copies of the public release must be made available upon request to any interested person.
- D. Definitions and Terms (Reference page 14 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)

1. Assistance Programs

- a. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
- b. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
- c. Medicaid (through the WAVE only)
- d. Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR)

The determination is made through an application with appropriate case numbers or through *Direct Certification*.

2. Categorically eligible children are those children automatically eligible for free meal benefits because they, or any household member, receive benefits under Assistance Programs or those children who are designated as members of Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs. An individual child's eligibility under any of the Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs does not convey to other children in the household.

Two ways to be classified as categorically eligible:

• If a child or any member of the household is participating in an Assistance Programs such as SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR, as determined through Direct Certification or an application with appropriate case numbers.

OR

• If a child is considered Other Source Categorically Eligible designation which is being homeless, runaway, migrant, a foster child, or participating in a federal Head Start program, and Even Start program.

- 3. **Direct Certification** is determining a student's eligibility for free or reduced-priced meal benefits based on documentation obtained directly from the appropriate State agency or Tribe. The communication exchange is between the appropriate agency and the LEA/school. An application is not necessary if eligibility is determined through the Direct Certification process. Refer to **page E-29** for more information on direct certification.
- 4. **Direct Verification** means using public records as means to verify children's eligibility for free meals.
 - NOTE: Direct verification is only done AFTER the initial application has been processed at face value.
- 5. **Even Start** refers to a federally funded Even Start Family Literacy program and must be at prekindergarten level.
- 6. **Extension of categorical eligibility** means that all children in a household with at least one child or household member who receives benefits from Assistance Programs are considered categorically eligible for free meals. Any one child's or household member's receipt of benefits under Assistance Programs extends free school meal eligibility to all children who are members of the household.
- 7. **Foster child** is a child whose care and placement is the responsibility of an agency that administers a state plan under Part B or E of Title IV of the Social Security Act or a child who is formally placed with a relative or other caretaker household by a court or state child welfare agency. Whether placed by the state child welfare agency or a court, in order for a child to be considered categorically eligible for free meals, the state must retain legal custody of the child. For purposes of eligibility for Child Nutrition Programs, a foster child is considered a member of the foster parents' household if the child is placed through a formal arrangement by a court or state child welfare agency.
- 8. **Free meal** is a meal served in the NSLP or SBP to a child eligible for such benefits under 7 CFR Part 245. Neither the child nor any member of the household pays or is required to work in the school or in the school's food service to receive a free meal.
- 9. **Free milk** is milk served in the SMP to a child eligible for free milk under 7 CFR Part 245. Neither the child nor any member of the household pays or is required to work in the school or in the school's food service to receive free milk.
- 10. **Head Start** refers to the federal Head Start program and any state-funded prekindergarten classes using identical or more stringent eligibility criteria than the federal Head Start program.
- 11. **Household** means a group of related or nonrelated individuals who are living as one economic unit. The term *FAMILY* has the same definition. These definitions are found in 7 CFR Part 245.2.
- 12. **Income-Eligibility Guidelines (IEGs)** are the household-size and income levels prescribed annually by the Secretary of Agriculture for determining eligibility for free and reduced-price meals and for free milk. The free guidelines are at or below 130 percent of the federal poverty guidelines and the reduced-price guidelines are between 130 percent and at or below 185 percent of the federal poverty guidelines.
- 13. **Mixed households** are households that include children designated as Other Source Categorically Eligible as well as children who are not.

- 14. **Operating days** are the accredited days during which meal service is provided.
- 15. Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs are those which make children automatically eligible for free benefits, either through Direct Certification or application, because the children are:
 - a. Determined to be a foster child whose care and placement is the responsibility of the state or formally placed by a court with a caretaker household and the state retains legal custody of the child.
 - b. Enrolled in a federally funded Head Start/Even Start program and enrolled in the school district.
 - c. Determined a homeless child by the school district's homeless liaison or by the director of a homeless shelter.
 - d. Determined a migrant child by the state or local Migrant Education Program (MEP) coordinator.
 - e. Determined a runaway child who is receiving assistance from a program under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act and is identified by the local education liaison.

NOTE: A child's eligibility for free meals under Other Source Categorical Eligibility does not extend to any other child in the household.

- 16. **Overt identification.** (Reference USDA Memo SP-45-2012 and pages 18-19 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)
 - a. **Defining Overt Identification**: Overt identification is any action that may result in a child being recognized as potentially eligible to receive free or reduced-price school meals. SFAs must assure that a child's eligibility status is not disclosed at any point in the process of providing free or reduced-price meals. This includes when notifying the household of free or reduced-price benefits, certification and notification of eligibility, provision of meals in the cafeteria, the point of service, providing additional services such as educational services to low-income children, and through the method of payment.
 - b. *Preventing Overt Identification of Directly Certified Children*: SFAs are not required to provide applications to parents when children are eligible for free meals through Direct Certification, but must assure that these children are not overtly identified through the method used to distribute applications. If the SFA distributes applications to individual households, by mail, e-mail, in student packets, etc., the applications do not have to be provided to households if all the children were approved by Direct Certification. If the distribution of applications is not individualized, all households must be provided applications. (See 7 CFR §245.6[b][10].)
 - c. *Prohibited Actions*: The following actions are prevented by law and regulation:
 - Publicizing or announcing eligible households or children's names
 - Using different mediums of exchange (see Item d)
 - Having separate dining areas, service times, or serving lines
 - Limiting choices of reimbursable meals
 - Requiring that children work for their meals

 (See the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act Section 9[b][10], 42 U.S.C. 1758[b][10], and 7 CFR §245.8.)

d. *Medium of Exchange Restrictions:* Any meal cards, tickets, tokens, or other methods to obtain reimbursable meals cannot be coded or colored in a manner that would overtly identify free and reduced-price eligible children. The SFAs must take steps to assure that rosters, computer screens, or other equipment used at the point of service cannot be viewed by anyone not needing the information, especially students. The information on the rosters or screens should be masked or coded to avoid other students discerning any student's eligibility status.

SFAs are encouraged to use prepayment systems to limit exchange of money which can inadvertently indicate a student's eligibility status. SFAs must make reasonable efforts to publicize and encourage use of prepayment options by students and parents. SFAs should provide multiple ways to make prepayments, such as online; multiple locations within the school, especially when students are arriving or changing classes; and reminding parents through e-mail, written notices, or other means when a student's balance is low.

- e. *Food Service Area Considerations*: SFAs are prohibited from having separate dining areas, service times, serving lines, or limiting the choices of reimbursable meals based on a student's eligibility status. SFAs choosing to sell competitive foods during the meal service are encouraged to ensure the operation of the sale of competitive foods does not inadvertently result in eligible children being identified. Ways to limit overt identification related to the sale of competitive foods include:
 - Limit competitive foods to those also offered as part of reimbursable meals on the reimbursable lunch lines.
 - Offer competitive foods on the same lines as reimbursable meals are offered.
 - Only allow competitive foods to be purchased with a prepaid card.
- f. *Monitoring*: SFAs must avoid any policy or practice that has the effect of overtly identifying eligible children. Where necessary, LEAs should promptly update their policy statements, implementation procedures, and operations to comply with this guidance.
- 17. **Reduced-price meal** is a lunch priced at 40 cents or less, an afternoon snack priced at 15 cents or less, or a breakfast priced at 30 cents or less, to a child eligible for such benefits under 7 CFR Part 245.
- 18. **Residential child care institution (RCCI)** is generally any distinct part of a public or nonprofit private institution that:
 - a. Maintains children in residence.
 - b. Operates principally for the care of children.
 - c. If private, is licensed by the state or local government to provide residential child care services under the appropriate licensing code.

The definitions of "School" and "Child" in 7 CFR 210.2, 215.2 and 220.2, outline the requirements for eligible Residential Child Care Institutions and eligible residents.

- 19. **School year** is the period between July 1 and June 30.
- 20. **Working days** are those days when school is open, teachers and/or school administrators are onsite, but food service is not in operation.

APPLICATIONS (Reference pages 22-34 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)

- A. Submission of Free and Reduced-Price Meal Applications by Households
 - 1. The NSLA, the SBP, ASSP, and the SMP, requires SFAs to inform households of the availability of the program(s), and how a household may apply for free or reduced-price benefits (7 CFR §245.6). School officials must make families aware of the availability of free and reduced-price meals (except for RCCIs and nonpricing schools) and may even request that households apply. School officials *may not require* that a household submit a free and reduced-price meal application. A site or SFA wishing to require income information from all households with enrolled children for purposes other than Child Nutrition must secure information through means other than the household's free and reduced-price meal application. SFAs that provide households with multiuse applications (i.e., those which include both meal program benefits as well as nonfood benefits) must ensure that the process does not violate the requirements specified herein. A copy of the Letter to Household and free and reduced-price applications can be found on pages E-51-E-59.
 - 2. It is the households's responsibility to complete the application. The LEA may send households an application with the child's name and the household's name and address preprinted on it. However, no other information required for an eligibility determination may be preprinted.

B. Household Applications

Section 105 of the Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004 requires SFAs to distribute household applications rather than individual student applications.

- 1. SFAs may not request a separate application for each child in the household who attends different sites within the same district.
- 2. If a household does submit a separate application for each student in the household, the SFA should:
 - a. Staple all individual applications pertaining to the same household together.
 - b. Make sure all information on each application is the same; if so, approve or deny the application as usual.
 - c. If the information is different, contact the household to clear up any questions and document correct information. Once correct information is obtained, approve or deny the application as usual.
 - d. Count all individual student applications pertaining to the same household as *ONE* application when calculating the number that needs to be verified.
- C. Types for Applications for Free and Reduced-Price for School Meals—Refer to pages E-57-58 for a prototype application.
 - If the SFA changes the prototype, paper application, online application, or have one that was created by a software company, the application MUST be approved by the State agency before the SFA is allowed to use it.
 - Household applications and Letter to Household cannot be accepted or processed by an SFA prior to July 1 of each school year.
 - The district MUST always use the Free and Reduced-priced application for the current school year.

1. Categorically Eligible Children

Categorical applications based on *SNAP*, *TANF*, *and/or FDPIR Households (Assistance Programs)*. The application *MUST* have the following:

- a. Names of all household members.
- A SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR case number for any household member. One case number will
 qualify all enrolled students to receive free meal benefits within that household. (Reference
 USDA Policy Memo SP-38-2009)
 - (1) **SNAP**:* A valid SNAP number may begin with the letters **A**, **B**, **C**, **D**, **H**, **J**, or **T** followed by six to nine digits. All valid numbers **MUST** be Oklahoma-issued. Some numbers could also include a dash, followed by two additional numbers. **Individuals** receiving **Sooner Select benefits DO NOT automatically qualify for free meal benefits**.
 - (2) *TANF*:* A valid TANF number is recognized by a six- to nine-digit number beginning with the letter *C* or *H*. All valid numbers *MUST* be Oklahoma-issued. This number could be followed by a dash with two additional numbers.
 - (3) *FDPIR*:* FDPIR is a federal program that provides USDA Foods (commodities) to low-income households living on Indian reservations and to participating Native American families residing in the State of Oklahoma. An FDPIR number may appear to be any combination of letters and/or numbers. It has no identifiable format. *A tribal roll card is not verification of receiving FDPIR benefits*.
 - * There are no *mixed households* under the Assistance Programs. If an application contains a single case number for SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR, all enrolled children listed on the application must be approved for free meal benefits. This extension of categorical eligibility also applies to the Direct Certification process. **Any income information on an application containing a** *single/correct* **SNAP**, **TANF**, or **FDPIR case number should be disregarded.** (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-38-2009)
 - * If there is any doubt of the validity of a case number submitted on an application, the SFA should contact the appropriate SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR official and document the findings. (This is only for numbers that are not formatted as Oklahoma numbers.)
- c. The signature of an adult household member.
- 2. Other Source Categorically Eligible: Foster Children
 - a. Section 102 of the Healthy, Hunger-Free Act of 2010 amends Section 9(b)(12)(A) of the NSLA provides categorical eligibility for free meals, without an application, to any foster child whose care and placement is the responsibility of the state or who is placed by a court with a caretaker household. The LEA or other CNP institution can obtains documentation directly from an appropriate state or local agency indicating the status of the child as a foster child whose care and placement is the responsibility of the state or that the foster child has been placed with a caretaker household by a court.
 - These provisions only apply to foster children formally placed by a state child welfare agency or a court. They do not apply to informal arrangements that may exist outside of state- or court-based systems.
 - b. Households with foster and nonfoster children include the foster child as a household member, as well as any personal income earned by the foster child on the same household application

- that includes their nonfoster children. This may help the foster family's nonfoster children qualify for free or reduced-price meals based on household size and income.
- c. The SFA can certify the foster child for free meals and then make an eligibility determination for the remainder of the household based on the household's income (including personal income earned by the foster child) or other categorical eligibility information reported on the application. As before, foster payments received by the family from the placing agency are not considered income and do not need to be reported.

NOTE: A foster child in the household does NOT give eligibility for free meals to all children in the household.

- 3. Other Source Categorical Eligibility (*Except Foster Children*)
 - a. Other Source Categorical Eligibility applies to *migrant, runaway, and homeless children*. If you receive an application with the homeless box checked, to contact the district homeless liaison to see if the student is on the homeless, migrant, and runaway list. Simply checking this box does not validate a homeless student as free. CNP personnel *CANNOT* determine if a child is homeless, migrant, or runaway.
 - b. Documentation from a federally-funded Head Start program personnel will send a list of children enrolled in the Head Start/Even Start program to indicate free eligibility. To receive free meals, these children must be enrolled in the district. The Head Start authority must list those eligible Head Start children and sign off on the form. A sample form is on page E-63.
 - c. A school official may complete a temporary application on behalf of a child based on household size and income or Other Source Categorical Eligibility until status can be determined by the liaison or State agency. The source of information must be noted on the application. (Refer to page 42 in the Eligibility Manual, 2017.)
- 4. Income application must contain the following in order to be deemed a completed application: (Refer to of Eligibility Manual, 2017 for the IEGs.)
 - a. The names of all household members, including each child for whom the application is made.
 - b. The total income earned by children in the household, if applicable.
 - c. The amount of gross income *(before taxes)* received in the prior month by each adult household member
 - d. The last four digits of the social security number of the adult household member who signs the application or an indication that the household member does not have one. (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-19-2011)
 - e. The signature of an adult household member (An electronic signature is acceptable for webbased applications)

D. Applications in Foreign Language Translations

1. The application materials and other communications with households concerning eligibility determinations must be in a language that parents and guardians can understand in order to diminish any language barriers to participation for Limited English Proficient (LEP) families. (Title 6 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964) If households need information in a language other than English, LEAs must make reasonable efforts, considering the number of such households, to

provide household letters and application forms to them in the appropriate languages Failure to do so may be discrimination on the basis of national origin and in violation of the Act. (Reference Memo SP-37-2016)

- 2. Application and verification documentation in other languages can be found at http://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/translated-applications. Households can be assisted with completing the application process through the use of personnel proficient in foreign languages. If a language needed is not listed on USDA's website, contact the State agency.
- 3. LEAs must have a system in place to identify language needs of families. LEAs can use the information gained through the Home Language Survey conducted during the school enrollment process to identify the language used in households.

4. LEAs and state agencies must:

- Be familiar with the translated application materials available through FNS. Use the Home Language Survey, USDA's *I Speak* survey, or other surveys to help identify LEP families. Be familiar with languages used in the community and the potential need for materials in those languages.
- After assessing potential language needs, determine where information or translation services in those languages may be obtained.
- After identifying LEP households, ensure that the households applying for benefits receive language services.
- For parents or guardians who are unable to read or have limited literacy, state agencies and LEAs must provide the necessary services so that parents or guardians are assisted with completing the application process. This may entail providing oral interpretation services. Parents should not be expected to rely on family members (especially children) or friends as interpreters as they may not be able to provide quality and accurate interpretations.
- Must have a system in place to assist LEP households through the verification process. Follow up with LEP households that do not respond to the initial verification request.
- When possible, partner with other local resources, such as migrant or refugee assistance agencies.

E. Application Information—Reimbursement, Benefits Issuance, and Carry Over

1. Free and Reduced-Price Reimbursement

The SFAs *MUST* have an approved application on file or a list of directly certified students showing the name of each student served a meal or milk which meets program requirements.

2. Carry Over

- a. Before applications are approved for the school year, the SFA may only claim and be reimbursed for free and reduced-price meals or free milk served to:
 - Children from households with approved applications on file from the previous year.
 - New children in an SFA from households with children who were approved for benefits the previous year.
 - *Transfer Students*—Children who transfer from one district to another can use the application approved at the previous school. A copy of the current year or previous year application can be sent by the original district to the new LEA.

b. LEAs have flexibility concerning the effective date of certification for application approval as well as Direct Certification determination for program benefits. Section 9(b)(9)(A) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1758(b)(9)(A), states that a child in a household meeting the income limits at the time the application is submitted shall be served a free or reduced-priced meal, or the date of submission as the effective date of eligibility rather than the date the official approves it. This flexibility applies to eligibility determinations made through the application process only, and only to complete applications containing all required information at the time of submission. LEAs can use this flexibility when waiting for documentation of Other Source Categorical Eligibility (e.g., for homeless or migrant children) indicated on a household application.

LEAs must indicate in the renewal application as to what date will be used for application approval. (Reference USDA Memo SP-11-2014)

3. Carryover of Benefits

Enrolled students' eligibility status from a prior year is only valid for the first 30 operating days of the school year. It begins with the first day of school in which meals are served and claimed for reimbursement in the new school year.

If a site within the district operates a summer school in which meals are served *under the Seamless Summer Program (SSO)*, and the summer school continues into the month of July, the first day of the 30-day operating period for that particular site would begin on the first day summer school is in session in July.

- a. SFAs *MUST* carry over the eligibility status from the previous year for any child enrolled in the current school year. This applies to Direct Certification, categorical eligibility, and income applications. Carryover of the eligibility status from the previous year applies to children in Head Start programs *IF* the SFA administers both the Head Start program and the school in which the child attends kindergarten.
- b. The carryover period allows schools time to process applications. It is not the intent that schools delay the processing of applications. Schools are required to process applications within 10 operating days as they are received and promptly notify the household.
 - (1) Once a new application is obtained and approved, the carryover application is no longer valid.
- c. If a new application is not received within the 30 day period, benefits are terminated for the child on Day 31. A letter of adverse action *is not necessary* if terminating benefits for this reason. However, if the eligibility status *has changed*, the SFA would report the student's eligibility in both categories for the month that the new application was approved.
- d. If, during the same month, a student's benefits are denied on the 31st day and then an application is submitted and approved at the same eligibility as before the 31st day, the SFA would only count that student's eligibility once during that month.
- e. If students listed on the household application attend different sites and each site begins school on a different date, each child's benefit on the household application would then expire on a different date.
- f. SFAs *CANNOT* establish a shorter time frame for carryover applications.

4. Disaster Response (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-25-2012)

The following students would be eligible for free meals in situations resulting from danger or disruptions due to natural disasters such as hurricanes, tornadoes, and/or floods.

- a. Children determined to be homeless under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.
- b. Children in households receiving Disaster Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (D-SNAP).
- c. Certification by school officials.

PROCESSING APPLICATIONS (Reference pages 50-64 of USDA Eligibility Manual - 2017)

A. Time Frame for Processing Applications

1. Applications should be reviewed and eligibility determination must be made within 10 operating days of the receipt of the application. (Whenever possible, applications should be processed immediately, particularly for children who do not have approved applications on file from the previous year.)

NOTE: The SFA must not delay approval of the application if the household fails to provide only information that is not required.

- 2. Households should be notified immediately if benefits are denied or reduced from the level of the previous year in order to provide adequate time for the family to make appropriate arrangements for payment to prevent the household from accumulating meal charges. Appeal rights must be sent in writing to the household.
- 3. A new, lower eligibility determination should be implemented 10 operating days after the family has been notified. *Do not change benefits until AFTER the 10 operating days from notification in case a family appeals*. For example, if the household received free benefits in the previous year and will now receive reduced-price benefits in the new school year, adequate notice should be provided.

B. Eligibility Criteria

- 1. For a child to be eligible for free or reduced-price benefits, the child *MUST* have been directly certified or the household *MUST* have submitted a complete application and be either categorically eligible or income-eligible. This includes students attending public school during the day, but who also reside in an institution.
 - a. *Complete Application*—An application that contains all required information for making an eligibility determination.
 - b. *Categorical Eligibility*—If SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR benefits are received for a household, all enrolled children in that household are eligible for free meals or milk.
 - c. *Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs* are programs that make children automatically eligible for free benefits, either through Direct Certification or applications, because the children are:
 - Determined a homeless child by the school district's homeless liaison or by the director of a homeless shelter.

- Determined a migrant child by the state or local MEP coordinator.
- Determined a runaway child who is receiving assistance from a program under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act and identified by the local educational liaison.
- Determined to be a foster child whose care and placement is the responsibility of the state or formally placed by a court with a caretaker household.
- Enrolled in a federally-funded Head Start program.
- Enrolled in Even Start—a participant in a federally funded Even Start Family Literacy program must be at the prekindergarten level.

A child's eligibility for free meals under Other Source Categorical Eligibility does not extend to any other child in the household.

- d. *Medicaid on the Wave (DC-M)*—Children who appear on the direct certification list pulled from the Wave are approved for Free or Reduced-priced meals.
 - If a child is indicated receiving Medicaid on the Wave, benefits are extended to other children living in the household.
 - If the household list a Medicaid number on the application, it does not approve the child for benefits
 - If a letter of Medicaid benefits is given to the district or printed off the portal, it does not approve the child for benefits.
- e. *Income Eligibility*—Children from a household that submits a complete application, and the sum of the reported income for the household is at or below the income-eligibility guidelines, are eligible for either free or reduced-price benefits, as applicable.
 - (1) Applications when there is no income to report must have **ZERO** written in.
 - If a zero income application is provided and all of the household members state they do not have income, the application is considered complete it includes a social security number, date, and signature.
 - If local officials have known or available information that household income was reported incorrectly, the application will be verified for cause.
 - Income for all children is consolidated in one income field on the application.
- 2. The determining official *MUST* review each incoming application to ensure that the household has submitted a complete application. If the application is complete, the official *MUST* then determine whether the household is categorically eligible or income-eligible for benefits.
- 3. Applications for households that are not categorically eligible or income-eligible cannot be approved for benefits.
- 4. United States citizenship is *NOT* a condition of eligibility for free or reduced-price benefits. SFAs *MUST* apply the same eligibility criteria for citizens and noncitizens, regardless of immigration status.
- 5. USDA has determined that the CNP is not subject to Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA) that restricts certain welfare and public benefits for aliens.

C. Mixed Eligibility Benefits on a Household Application

- 1. On applications indicating *mixed households* where some children are Other Source Categorically Eligible and some children are not, the LEA must have a method to process different eligibility statuses that may result from these applications.
 - While the household cannot be required to submit multiple applications, the LEA may reproduce the application to accommodate more than one eligibility status or may process the application separately in a computer-based system.
- 2. The LEA must use a household's income and size to determine if the noncategorically eligible children listed on the application are eligible for meal benefits.
- 3. A Completed Mixed Application Must Include:
 - Names of all household members including Other Source Categorical Eligibility children.
 - A checked box indicating the Other Source Categorical Eligibility status of a child; for a
 foster child, list any personal income made available to the foster child and earned by the
 foster child, as appropriate.
 - Signature of an adult household member.
 - Last four digits of the social security number of the adult household member who signs the application or an indication that the household member does not have a social security number.
- 5. Other Source Categorical Eligible children will continue receive free meal benefits even if other children listed on the application are determined either eligible for reduced-price meals or ineligible for free or reduced-price meal benefits.

D. Computing of Household Income

- 1. Each household member receiving income *MUST* provide the amount of gross amount (before taxes). Income *MUST* be identified with each individual, the frequency received, and the source of the income (such as wages or welfare). It is the responsibility of the determining official to compute the household's total current income and compare the total amount to the income-eligibility guidelines. A copy of the IEG is on page E-60.
- 2. Income received at different intervals: Converting Income to Annual

Households may have income from different sources which are paid on different schedules. If the household is getting paid at different interval, all incomes are to be converted annually.

For example: The household may receive paychecks on a weekly basis and child support on a monthly basis. Refer to the following page to convert income to annual.

a. Conversion is *NOT* required if there is only one source of income or if all sources are received in the same frequency. The SFA will convert all the incomes listed on the application to annual income and then total all sources.

For example: If a household of three reported receiving a monthly social security check and monthly child support, those amounts would be added together and the result compared to the monthly IEG for a household of three.

- b. Converting to an Annual Income:
 - Weekly income multiplied by 52.
 - Every other week income multiplied by 26.
 - Twice a month income multiplied by 24.
 - Monthly income multiplied by 12.

NOTE: SFAs CANNOT use conversion factors such as 4.33 to covert weekly income or 2.15 to convert biweekly income to monthly amounts. Software used must reflect this policy.

- (1) Do not round the values resulting from each conversion.
- (2) Add all of the unrounded, converted values, and compare the unrounded total to the appropriate IEG for annual income for the household size.

NOTE: In situations where income is reported weekly, every two weeks, monthly, or twice a month, and the software has no provision for dealing with dollars and cents, calculations must be done manually.

E. Application Approval or Denial

- 1. Households that submit an incomplete application cannot be approved. If any *REQUIRED* information is missing, the information *MUST* be obtained before an eligibility determination can be made.
- 2. To get the required information, the school may return the application to the household or contact the household either in person, by phone, or in writing. The determining official must document the details of the contact and date and initial the entry. Applications missing the signature of an adult household member *MUST* be returned for a signature.
- 3. Every reasonable effort should be made to obtain the missing information prior to denying the application.
- 4. If there are any inconsistencies or questions concerning the required eligibility information provided, the household's application *MUST* be denied unless the inconsistencies or questions are resolved. For instance, if it is unclear whether the household provided weekly or monthly income, this issue *MUST* be resolved before an eligibility determination can be made. The official may contact the household prior to denial, document the details of the contact, and date and initial the entry.
- F. Homeless, Migrant, Runaway Children (Refer to pages 38-42 of the 2017 USDA Eligibility Manual)
 - 1. Documentation of Free meal eligibility:
 - a. Site officials must accept documentation from the local educational homeless, migrant, runaway liaison/coordinator or a director of a shelter where the child resides to establish free meal benefits. Documentation to substantiate free meal eligibility must consist of the child's name or a list of names, effective date(s), and the signature of the local educational liaison/coordinator or the director of the shelter. This list comes from the liaison, not Child Nutrition. Child Nutrition just accepts the list at face value unless there is a concern that something is questionable. In this case, Child Nutrition would still move forward with approval but then conduct *verification for cause*.

Exception: Because of delays in receiving documentation from appropriate agencies or officials, a school official may submit an application on behalf of a child that he or she knows to be categorically eligible if a migrant, homeless, or runaway child. These applications must be done in accordance with the temporary approval procedures.

- b. School officials must work closely with the educational liaison/coordinator or director of a shelter to ensure that the child is provided free meal benefits as soon as possible.
- c. Once the documentation is received, information must be noted on the application, if applicable, and the child's eligibility status is effective for the remainder of the school year and will carry over for up to 30 operating days in the next school year. If no documentation is received to confirm the child's status as a migrant, homeless, or runaway child, the child's benefits are terminated and a new application must be filed, either by a school official or by the child's parent or guardian.
- 2. Homeless, Migrant, Runaway Children Residing with Living with Another Household:

A child or family may temporarily reside with another household and still be considered homeless under the definition of homeless in the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. In these cases, the household size and income of the host family is *NOT* taken into consideration in determining the free meal eligibility for the child designated by the LEA liaison/coordinator.

- a. Free meal eligibility for the homeless/migrant/runaway child is based on the documentation provided by the LEA liaison/coordinator, even when the child is included on the host family's free and reduced-price meal application.
- b. When a host family applies for free or reduced-price meals for its own children, the host family may include the homeless/migrant family or runaway children as household members. Only if the host family provides financial support to the homeless/migrant family or runaway children, such as shelter, utilities, clothing, or food. In such cases, the host family must include any income received by the homeless/migrant family or runaway children. Site officials must determine eligibility for the host family in the traditional manner. If the host family meets the free or reduced-price meal eligibility criteria, school officials should provide the host family with approval for free or reduced-price meal benefits, as appropriate.

3. Continuing Certification:

Public Law 108-265 establishes that once a homeless/migrant or runaway child is certified as eligible to receive free meals, eligibility remains effective for the remainder of the school year. Further, SFAs are allowed to continue the child's eligibility from the previous year for 30 operating days into the subsequent school year or until a new eligibility determination is made. This determination must be reconfirmed with the liaison each school year.

G. Households That Fail to Apply

School officials may complete an application for a student known to be eligible if the household fails to apply. When exercising this option, the school official MUST complete an application on behalf of the student based on his or her knowledge of household-size and income information. The source of the information MUST be noted on the application. Names of household members and the last four digits of the social security number and signature of an adult household member need not be secured. These applications is excluded from verification. The household MUST be notified that the student has been certified and is receiving free meal benefits.

- 2. This option is intended for *LIMITED* use in *INDIVIDUAL* situations and *must not* be used to make eligibility determinations for categories or groups of students. This option *is not intended* to be used for households who qualified in the previous year but for some reason have failed to apply in the current school year.
- H. Notice to Households of Approval/Denial of Benefits
 - 1. All households *MUST* be notified of their eligibility status verbally, in writing, or by e-mail. The notification must advise the household of:
 - a. The reason for denial of benefits.
 - b. The right to appeal.
 - c. Instructions on how to appeal.
 - d. A statement that households may reapply for free or reduced-price benefits at any time during the school year. Nonpricing SFAs are exempt from being required to notify the household of approval/denial of benefits. However, the Notice of Direct Certification is still required.

A copy of the Notice of Approval/Denial of Benefits is located on page E-61.

- 2. Households *DENIED* benefits or approved for benefits through Direct Certification *MUST* be given written notification of denial or approval.
- 3. Duration of Eligibility
 - a. The Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004 states once a household is approved for free and reduced-price benefits, the household will remain eligible for those benefits for the remainder of the school year plus a maximum of 30 operating days in the subsequent school year. (Reference USDA Policy Memos 2004-CN-07, 2004-CN-09, 2004-SP-02, and 2004-SP-03)
 - b. There are three exceptions in which the duration of an application would not last the entire school year.
 - Application error: The SFA finds that it made an error in initial approval.
 - Verification Process: If documentation does not support initial approval.
 - Family refuses benefits: Family notifies SFA to decline any meal benefit.
- I. Change of Benefits During the School Year (Reference the USDA Eligibility Manual for Schools)
 - 1. Households may voluntarily report a change in status. If a change is reported that will *increase benefits*, the LEA must change the benefits immediately. Schools should inform families they may submit applications at any point during the school year and remind families their child may become eligible if the household experiences a change in financial circumstances (i.e., household size goes up or income goes down). Schools are encouraged to reach out to families experiencing a financial hardship which may result in a change in eligibility status for their child.
 - 2. **Reduction or Decrease in Benefits**. If a family notifies the SFA later in the year, and the change will decrease benefits (from free to reduced price) or terminate benefits (from free or reduced price to paid), the LEA must explain to the household the change is not required and will only go into effect if the household requests the change in writing, for example, by submitting a new application [7 CFR 245.6(c)(3)(i)]. If any change (such as a household's voluntary request to withdraw) is made, the determining officials must indicate the change on the application.

If benefits are voluntarily decreased, the LEA must send a notice of adverse action that includes:

- Written confirmation of the action;
- An indication that the change was made at the request of the household; and
- An explanation of the household's right to continue receiving free or reduced price benefits, should the household choose to do so.
- 3. If there are changes in application status (i.e., approval errors, verification, parental request), determining officials should note the change and the date of the change on the application and on any rosters used. Thorough annotation includes:
 - a. The date the change was reported.
 - b. Why the change was made.
 - c. Who called and reported the change.
 - d. The initials of the person making the change.

J. Record Keeping of Applications

- 1. All free and reduced-price applications, including denied and inactive applications, *MUST* be kept on file for a minimum of three years after the final claim is submitted for the fiscal year to which they pertain, and they *MUST* be readily retrievable by school site. Files *MUST* be kept longer if they are required for an audit. If audit findings have not been resolved, the applications *MUST* be maintained as long as required for resolution of the issues raised by the audit.
- 2. *Provision 2 and Provision 3 schools* must maintain base year applications for as long as the site(s) are participating in Provision 2 or Provision 3.
- 3. For applications from households approved for benefits, the determining official must indicate the date each application is approved and the level of benefit for which each child is approved. The determining official must also sign or initial the application.
- 3. For applications from households denied benefits, the determining official *MUST* identify and retain on file the reasons for the denial. Records should also include the date of the denial, the date the denial notice is sent, and the signature or initials of the determining official. These may be noted directly on the application.

K Applications of Transferring Students

- 1. When a child transfers to another site within the SFA or transfers to another district within the state, a copy of the application *MUST* be retained at both the sending and receiving sites and the date of the transfer noted, unless applications are filed centrally. Current applications *MUST* be on file, and there *MUST* be records to support transfers of students in and out of the site.
- 2. When a child transfers within the same LEA from a school using Provision 2 or 3, a new application or Direct Certification is required unless the transfer is in a base year and the child's individual eligibility information is available. If the transfer is done in a nonbase year, a new application is required. This is also applicable when a child transfers to a new school district.

L. Restrictions for Processing Applications

- 1. Distribution and processing applications *solely for information about household income* to determine the funding or benefits for programs other than the school meals programs or to determine eligibility for other programs is not permitted. Funds from the nonprofit school food service account cannot be used to pay the costs associated with collecting and processing such information.
- 2. If a school must obtain the household income information for nonprogram purposes through means other than the household's application for free or reduced-price school meal benefits, the applications *may not be labeled as applications for meal benefits* under the school meals/milk programs or give any indication that such benefits are contingent upon a household returning the application. An example of this is the Economically Disadvantaged form provided by State Aid.
- 3. If the LEAs provides households with a multiuse applications, which include both meal program benefits as well as nonfood benefits, they must ensure that the process allows submission of an application solely for free or reduced-price meal or free milk benefits.
- 4. The LEA must seek consent from the parent(s) or guardian(s) to use the information provided on the application for nonprogram purposes or for purposes not permitted in this guidance.

M. Using A Computerized System for Application Approval and Verification

- 1. If a school is using a computer software system to approve Free and Reduced-priced applications, A signature of approval is not required on each application. A copy of the Free, Reduced, and Paid roster *MUST* to be printed, signed, and dated *EVERY MONTH* to indicate approval of the applications.
- 2. LEAs are responsible for assuring that the certification and verification processes meet all regulatory requirements and policies, including the calculation of income frequencies. The LEA must assure the software used is performing correctly and meets all requirements. USDA, FNS, and state agencies do not evaluate, recommend, approve, or endorse any software used for certification or verification purposes.

N. Electronic Free and Reduced-Priced Applications

- 1. Electronic applications must be approved annually by the State agency before use. Send the link to fill out an application along with a printed copy to Karen Davis at Karen.Davis@sde.ok.gov for approval. USDA, FNS, and state agencies do not evaluate, recommend, approve, or endorse any software used.
- The SFA must assure the electronic application system is accurately and reliably capturing the
 free and reduced-price meal application information. It must be capturing both the dollar and
 cent amounts reported by the household unless computed manually. (Reference USDA Policy
 Memo 2007-CN-04)
- 3. If the software is being used to determine eligibility from the electronic applications, the SFA must ensure that manual edits are in place to secure free and reduced-price determinations. (Reference USDA Policy Memo 2007-CN-04)

- 4. Access or security procedures are to be maintained and ensure confidentiality. All disclosure restrictions must be met, and acceptance of the application and electronic signatures must be in accordance with guidance issued by FNS http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/governance/Policy-Memos/2007/SP 10-2007.pdf.
- 5. Electronic application must be maintained at a minimum of three years after the submission of the final claim for reimbursement for the fiscal year or longer as required for audit resolution.
- 6. Procedures are to be developed to ensure an accurate count of the free and reduced-price meal applications.
- 7. The State agency requires electronic application be printed when requested for review or audit purposes. Applications must be accessible in a timely manner or for any other reason.
- 8. Electric applications must be retained for any sites on Provision 1, 2, or 3 for three years beyond the establishment of a new base year or longer as needed for audit resolution.
- 9. An adequate backup system is to be maintained for the electronic files.
- 10. The electronic application system must include a statement which explains how to obtain a paper application should a household decide it no longer wants to complete an electronic application.
- 11. Electronic Signatures on Electronic Applications (Public Law 108-265, Section 105).
 - A household application may be executed using an electronic signature if:
 - (a) The application is submitted electronically.

AND

(b) The electronic application filing system meets confidentiality standards established by USDA.

O. CNP Rosters

- 1. Once applications are approved, the SFA is responsible for maintaining current eligibility status of all students. Benefit issuance rosters are lists of students eligible to receive free, reduced-price, or full-price meals. As with the free and reduced-price meal application, these rosters are to be confidential and used only by persons directly involved with the CNP. An example of a CNP roster is on page E-62.
- 2. Although most SFAs are computerized in their meal-counting and meal-claiming process, most of these systems do not provide all the necessary information that the roster reflects.
 - (a) Rosters should include the following information:
 - (1) The date a student became eligible for benefits.
 - (2) The date a student withdraws from school or transfers to another school.
 - (3) The date a student's eligibility category changes as a result of verification or reported change in household status.
- 3. If multiple rosters are used (e.g., one in the office for benefit issuance and one at the point of service for meal counts), all rosters must be updated and printed on a regular basis (at least monthly) to reflect current eligibility status.

P. Definitions to Determine Household Size and Income

- 1. Determining Household Size
 - a. *Adopted Child*—An adopted child for whom a household has accepted legal responsibility is considered to be a member of that household. If the adoption is a *SUBSIDIZED* adoption (children who are difficult to place), the subsidy is included in the total household income.
 - b. *Child Attending an Institution*—A child who attends but does not reside in an institution is considered a member of the household in which he or she resides.
 - c. *Child Away at School*—A child who is temporarily away at school (e.g., attending boarding school or college) should be considered as a member of the household.
 - d. *Child Living With One Parent, Relatives, or Friends*—In cases where no specific welfare agency or court is legally responsible for the child or where the child is living with one parent, other relatives, or friends of the family, the child is considered to be a member of the household with whom he or she resides. Children of divorced or separated parents are generally part of the household that has custody.
 - e. *Emancipated Child*—A child living alone as a separate economic unit is considered to be a household of one. *No portion of a social security number is required on an application of an emancipated child.*
 - f. *Family Members Living Apart*—Family members living apart on a temporary basis are considered household members. Family members not living with the household for an extended period of time are not considered members of the household for purposes of determining eligibility, but any money made available by them or on their behalf for the household is included as income to the household.
 - g. *Foreign Exchange Student*—A foreign exchange student is considered to be a member of the household in which he or she resides; i.e., the household hosting the student.
 - h. Foster Child—A foster child is a child whose care and placement is the responsibility of an agency that administers a state plan under Part B or E of Title IV of the Social Security Act or a foster child who the court has placed with a caretaker household. These provisions only apply to children formally placed in foster care by a state child welfare agency or a court. They do not apply to informal arrangements such as caretaker arrangements or permanent guardianship placements that may exist outside of or as a result of state- or court-based systems. Whether placed by the state child welfare agency or a court, in order for a child to be considered categorically eligible for free meals, the state must retain legal custody of the child. The household keeping the foster child DOES include the foster child in its family size, and it does include as part of the household income any monies the foster child receives. However, the household does not report any monies the foster parents are receiving for the care of the foster child. NOTE: If a foster child is adopted, he or she must be determined eligible based on the economic unit. All income available to that household, including any adoption assistance, is counted when making an eligibility determination. (Reference USDA Memo SP-17-2011)
 - i. *Homeless*—An individual who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence is considered homeless. The LEA must consider the following: Can the student go to routine or consistent (regular) place (fixed) to sleep in a safe and sufficient space (adequate). The definition includes:
 - (1) Children and youths who are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative accommodations; living in emergency or transitional shelters; abandoned in hospitals; or awaiting foster care placement.

- (2) Children and youths who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.
- (3) Children and youths who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings.
- (4) Migratory/runaway children who qualify as homeless because the children are living in circumstances described on page E-18.
- (5) The definition of homeless does not include students of divorced parents when the student spends part of the time with each parent. Reference Item I for the definition of joint custody.
- j. *Household/Economic Unit*—A group of related or unrelated individuals who are not residents of an institution or boarding house, but who are living as one economic unit and who share housing and/or significant income and expenses of its members. Generally, individuals residing in the same house are an economic unit. However, more than one economic unit may reside together in the same house. Separate economic units in the same house are characterized by prorating expenses and maintaining economic independence from one another.
- k. Institutionalized Child—An institutionalized child is a child who resides in a residential-type facility that the state has determined is not a boarding school. Such a child is considered a household of one.
- 1. **Joint Custody**—In cases where joint custody has been awarded and the child physically changes residence, the SFA has the authority to assign the child's eligibility to the household that best benefits the child. This eligibility does not extend to members of the second household.
- m. *Military Family Member*—A deployed service members should be considered as family members living apart on a temporary basis. A school or an institution would instruct families to include the names and only that portion of the deployed service member's income made available by the service member, or on his or her behalf, to the household where the children are staying should be counted as income for eligibility determination purposes.

2. Determining Reportable Household Income

a. Reportable Income

- (1) Income is any money received on a recurring basis, including *GROSS* earned income, unless specifically excluded by legislation. Specifically, gross earned income means all money earned before deductions for employee's income taxes, social security taxes, insurance premiums, bonds, savings programs, and/or other income deductions.
- (2) Income includes the following:
 - (a) *Adopted Child Subsidy*—The subsidy a household receives for a child who has been adopted is counted as income.
 - (b) *Alimony and Child Support*—Any money received by a household in the form of alimony or child support is considered as income to the receiving household. However, any money paid out for alimony or child support may not be deducted from that household's reported gross income.
 - (c) *Child's Income*—The earnings of a child who is a full-time or regular part-time employee *MUST* be listed on the application as income. However, occasional earnings such as income from occasional baby-sitting or mowing lawns should not be listed on the application as income.

- (d) *Current Gross Income*—Households *MUST* report current income (before taxes) on a free and reduced-price meal application.
 - Current income is income received by the household. For the purposes of certification of eligibility for free or reduced-price meals or free milk, the household must provide its current income which is based on the most recent information available. This may be for the current month, the amount projected for the first month the application is made for, or for the month prior to application. If the household's current income is not a reflection of income that will be available over the school year, the household should contact the SFA for assistance. The SFA would determine the amount and frequency of income available during the school year for households.
- (e) *Earnings From Work*—Wages, salaries, tips, commissions, net income from self-owned businesses and farms, strike benefits, unemployment compensation, and workers' compensation.
- (f) Foster Child's Income—A foster child is a child who is living with a household but who remains the legal responsibility of the welfare agency or court. The household keeping the foster child DOES include the foster child in its family size, and it does include as part of the household income any monies the foster child receives. However, the household, does not report any monies the foster parents are receiving for the care of the foster child. NOTE: If a foster child is adopted, he or she must be determined eligible based on the economic unit and all income available to that household, including any adoption assistance, is counted when making an eligibility determination.
- (g) *Garnisheed Wages and Bankruptcy*—Income is the gross income received by a household before deductions. In the case of garnisheed wages and income ordered to be used in a specified manner, the total gross income *MUST* be considered, regardless of whatever portions are garnisheed or used to pay creditors.
- (h) *Income for the Self-Employed*—Self-employed persons may use last year's income as a basis to project their current year's net income, unless their current net income provides a more accurate measure. Self-employed persons are credited with net income rather than gross income. Net income for self-employment is determined by subtracting business expenses from gross receipts.
 - 1) Gross receipts include the total income from goods sold or services rendered by the business.
 - 2) Deductible business expenses include the cost of goods purchased, rent, utilities, depreciation charges, wages, and salaries paid, and business taxes (not personal, federal, state, or local income taxes).
 - 3) Nondeductible business expenses include the value of salable merchandise used by the proprietors of retail businesses.
 - 4) For a household with income from wages and self-employment, each amount *MUST* be listed separately. When there is a business loss, income from wages may not be reduced by the amount of the business loss. If income from self-employment is negative, it should be listed as zero income.
- (i) *Institutionalized Child's Income*—Payments from any source directly received by the institution on a child's behalf are not considered as income to the child. Only the income a child earns from full-time or regular part-time employment and/or personally receives while in residence at the institution is considered as income.

- (j) *Lump Sum Payments*—When lump sum payments are put into a savings account and the household regularly draws from that account for living expenses, the amount withdrawn is counted as income.
- (k) *Military Benefits*—Gross income, including base pay, regular housing allowance (BAH, VHA, BAQ), subsistence (BAS), clothing allowance, hazardous duty, hostile fire, flight pay, incentive, etc., must be included for military families. The only exceptions are as follows:
 - 1) *U.S. Armed Forces Family Subsistence Supplemental Allowance (FSSA).* (Reference USDA Policy Memo 2006-CN-10)
 - 2) *Privatized housing* refers to the Military Housing Privatization Initiative, a program operating at a number of military installations. This initiative puts the operation of military-owned housing under private contractors. Under this privatization initiative, a housing allowance appears on the leave and earnings statement of service members living in privatized housing. It is important to note that this income exclusion is only for service members living in housing covered under the Military Housing Privatization Initiative. It is not an allowable exclusion for households living off base in the general commercial/private real estate market.
 - 3) *Military Combat Pay* exclusion is authorized by the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010 (P.L. 111-80, October 21, 2009).
 - Combat pay is defined as an additional payment made under Chapter 5 of Title 37 of the United States Code, or as otherwise designated by the Secretary to be excluded, that is received by the household member who is deployed to a designated combat zone. Combat pay is excluded if it is:
 - Received in addition to the service member's basic pay.
 - Received as a result of the service member's deployment to or service in an area that has been designated as a combat zone.
 - Not received by the service member prior to his or her deployment to or service in the designated combat zone.

A combat zone is any area that the President of the United States designates by Executive Order as an area in which the U.S. Armed Forces are engaging or have engaged in combat. As with other types of income commonly received by military personnel (such as the Basic Allowance for Housing or Basic Allowance for Subsistence payments), combat pay received by service members is normally reflected in the entitlements column of the military Leave and Earning Statement (LES). Information regarding deployment to or service in a combat zone may also be available through military orders or public records on deployment of military units. Deployed service members are considered members of the household for purposes of determining income eligibility for the CNP. (Reference USDA Memo SP-06-2010)

4) **Deployment Extension Incentive Pay (DEIP)** exclusion of combat pay, as described in P.L. 111-80, is extended to DEIP. DEIP is given to active-duty service members who agree to extend their military service by completing deployment with their units without reenlisting. This exemption applies only until the service members return to their home station. Any additional DEIP payments provided to service members serving at their home station is considered income as they are no longer considered deployed. (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-06-2011)

- 5) *The Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)*. (Reference USDA Policy Memo 2003-CN-13)
- 6) Any payments made under the *Agent Orange Compensation Exclusion Act*.
- 7) Any payments made or any mandatory salary reduction related to the *Veteran's Educational Assistance Act of 1964 (GI Bill)*.
- (l) *Other Income*—Net rental income; annuities; net royalties; disability benefits; interest; dividend income; cash withdrawn from savings; income from estates, trusts, and/or investments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; any other money that may be available to pay for the children's meals.
- (m) *Pensions/Retirements/Social Security*—Pensions, retirement income, social security, supplemental security income (SSI), and veterans' payments.
- (n) *Seasonal/Temporary Workers*—Seasonal workers such as migrants and others whose income fluctuates. They usually earn more money in some months than in other months. In these situations, the household may project its annual rate of income and report this amount as its current income. If the prior year's income provides an accurate reflection of the household's current annual rate of income, the prior year may be used as a basis for the projected annual rate of income.
- (o) *Welfare*—Public assistance payments/welfare receipts (General Assistance, General Relief, etc.).
- b. **Income Exclusions**—Income *NOT* to be reported or counted as income in the determination of a household's eligibility for free or reduced-price benefits includes:
 - (1) Any *cash income* or value of benefits excluded by statute, such as the value of benefits under SNAP or FDPIR and some Federal educational benefits;
 - (2) Payments received from a foster care agency or court for the care of foster children;
 - (3) **Student financial assistanc**e provided for the costs of attendance at an educational institution, such as grants and scholarships awarded to meet educational expenses and not available to pay for meals;
 - (4) *Loans*, such as bank loans, since these funds are only temporarily available and must be repaid; and
 - (5) *Infrequent earnings* received on an irregular basis, such as payment for occasional baby-sitting or yard work.

Examples of income exclusions are on pages 31-34 in the USDA Eligibility Manual for School Meals (v. 2017). For the full list of income sources excluded by other Federal laws, see: Appendix to Subpart K of Part 416—List of Types of Income Excluded under the SSI Program as Provided by Federal Laws Other Than the Social Security Act (http://www.socialsecurity.gov/OP_Home/cfr20/416/416-app-k.htm).

- Q. Preprimary, Head Start, and Even Start and Eligibility
 - 1. Preprimary

Preprimary is defined as a child ranging from birth to school age. Preprimary children are **NOT** eligible to participate in NSLP and SBP. If these children are **NOT** enrolled in the school district, the meals *cannot* be claimed. They are not to be reported on the site's free and/or reduced-price eligible counts on the claim for reimbursement, and cannot be added to the Low-Income Student Count Report.

NOTE: The only three-year-olds enrolled in a district are those with an IEP or 504 plan as they are receiving services. (Reference FNS Instruction 776-7, Rev. 1, 6/6/88)

- (a) Allowable Preprimary Options:
 - (1) Preprimary children can participate in the regular CACFP program and claim meals for reimbursement.
 - Note: These children cannot participate in the At-Risk program as it is only allowed for school age children.
 - (2) Preprimary meals can be paid for out of General Fund. If the district pays for all or a portion of preprimary meals. The district needs to keep track of how much is owed to Child Nutrition. A Preprimary Lunch and Breakfast Cost form is located in Other Documents.
 - (3) The district can bill the parents the adult/contract price listed in Schedule B in the online application and agreement.
 - (4) Head Start and Even Start children who are not enrolled in the school district *cannot* be claimed. The school can bill the Head Start/Even Start for contract meals.
 - —It is required by the federal government for Head Start/Even Start programs to participate in the regular CACFP program. The district should bill the Head Start/Even Start program for all reimbursable meals served, and the Head Start/Even Start program will claim these meals directly with Child Nutrition.

2. Head Start

- a. Children enrolled in a *FEDERALLY* funded Head Start *AND* enrolled in the school district are considered categorically eligible for free meals no matter what the income level of the household. Public Law 110-134 makes any child enrolled in a federally-funded Head Start automatically eligible for free meals without further application or eligibility documentation. (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-40-2013) The following documentation is needed for meeting this criteria:
 - (1) **Documentation for Head Start Enrollees**—The SFA must obtain documentation of Head Start participants in order to confirm automatic eligibility for free meals. The documentation is a list of the names of the Head Start participants. The documentation must include the signature of a Head Start employee authorized to provide the certification on behalf of the Head Start office, and the date. Refer to **page E-63** for a copy of the Even Start/Head Start **Federally** Funded Enrollment form.
 - (2) *Annual Update*—At the beginning of each year, the determining official must establish whether each child continues to be enrolled in Head Start. Carryover of the eligibility status from the previous year also applies to children in Head Start programs *IF* the SFA administers both the Head Start program and the school in which the child attends kindergarten.
 - (3) **Record Retention**—The list Head Start of participants must be maintained on file and readily available for review by USDA, the State agency, or other appropriate agencies for a minimum of three years from the end of the fiscal year to which the information applies or as otherwise specified in program regulations.
- b. The categorical eligibility of a Head Start child does *NOT* extend to the other children in the household.

3. Even Start

a. For a child to be categorically eligible for free meals based on his or her participation in Even Start, the child *MUST* be enrolled as a participant in a *FEDERALLY* funded Even Start

Family Literacy Program, *MUST* be at the prekindergarten level, and *MUST* be enrolled in the school district. The following documentation is needed for meeting this criteria:

- (1) **Documentation for Even Start Enrollees**—The SFA must obtain documentation of the Even Start participants. The documentation may be a list of the names of the Even Start participants and a statement certifying that those children are currently enrolled as participants in the Even Start program. The documentation must include the signature of an Even Start employee authorized to provide the certification on behalf of the Even Start office, and the date. Refer to **page E-63** for a copy of the Even Start/Head Start **Federally** Funded Enrollment form.
- (2) *Recertification of Categorical Eligibility*—At the beginning of each year, the official responsible for determining Even Start participation must update each child on the list to ensure each one has not entered kindergarten.
- b. Categorical eligibility does *NOT* apply to other family members.
- c. Meal Requirements for Adults Participating in Even Start
 - (1) Reimbursements may be claimed for adults participating in Even Start programs when the adults are enrolled in a General Educational Development (GED) program that meets in the school during the school day. GED students are not enrolled in the school; thus, they cannot be counted in the school's free and/or reduced-price eligible counts.

 NOTE: If the adult is not enrolled in a daytime GED program, he or she should be treated as a visitor.
 - (2) In the case where the adult student is enrolled in a school of high school level or under (not in a GED program), meals served may be claimed for reimbursement. The adult student would be included in the SFA's total enrollment of students for funding and other purposes the same as other students of high school level or under. Any adults meeting either of these criteria who wish to obtain free or reduced-price benefits under the NSLP/SBP must complete an application for meal benefits.
 - (3) If an adult is only enrolled in English as a Second Language (ESL) classes that are not part of a regular high school completion program, he or she should be treated as a visitor.

DIRECT CERTIFICATION (Reference page 65 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)

- A. Direct Certification (DC) is a simplified method of determining some children's eligibility for free meals under the NSLP, SBP, or free milk under the SMP without having the family complete a free and reduced-price meal application or a free milk application. *ALL SFAs ARE REQUIRED TO PARTICIPATE IN DIRECT CERTIFICATION*.
 - 1. All students' eligibility status must be recorded in the State agency Student Information System—the WAVE.
 - If one child in the household is directly certified, then *ALL* children in the household who are enrolled in the school must be given free or reduced-priced meal benefits. (Reference SP-38-2009)

3. Every district is required to send a written notice to each household that has students identified as being directly certified, even if a school is on provision, CEP, or is nonpricing. Refer to page E-64 for a copy of the Notice of Direct Certification form. If not using the USDA prototype, the SFA must send a copy of their form to the State agency for approval

Once the notice is sent to families, the district may begin claiming every meal served to these students at the free or reduced-priced reimbursement rate.

B. Direct Certification Through the WAVE

- 1. The WAVE is Oklahoma's secure electronic student information system (SIS). There is a mandatory element in the SIS where a district must indicate whether a student qualifies for free, reduced-price, or no (paid) meal benefits. Since this is confidential information, the, meal-eligibility information must be entered into the SIS or provided to SIS staff in same manner. The WAVE is located in Single Sign-on or at https://sde.ok.gov/wave-system or email studentdatainfo@sde.ok.gov.
- 2. The WAVE identifies each student as follows:

01	Identified through Direct Certification—SNAP only
02	Identified as foster child (not subject to verification)—Foster child who was directly certified
03	Identified as foster child (categorically eligible)—Foster child who was NOT directly certified
04	Identified through homeless/migrant/runaway liaison list—Directly certified
05	Identified through income-eligible Head Start—Directly certified
06	Identified through Even Start
07	Identified as residential students in RCCIs
08	Identified as nonapplicants approved by local officials
09	Identified based on SNAP/TANF/FDPIR case number submitted on an application (categorically eligible)
10	Identified based on income/household size information submitted on an application (do not include foster children)
12	Identified through Direct Certification—TANF only
13	Identified through Direct Certification—FDPIR only
14	Identified as homeless/migrant/runaway based on application (not directly certified)
15	Identified as directly certified other (do not include these categories: SNAP, TANF, FDPIR, foster, homeless, migrant, runaway, Head Start, Even Start)
16	Identified through Direct Certification - Medicaid (This does not override SNAP or TANF)
ОТ	Identified in some other way other than listed above. OSDE does not expect to receive code OT for Lunch Eligibility Determination. This code is reserved for emergency legislative updates or mid-year policy changes and is not valid for any other reason.
NA	The student is NOT eligible for free or reduced-price lunch (Does not qualify for free or reduced-price eligibility)

3. The Direct Certification reports contain students who are enrolled in the district, and who are directly certified through DHS or the Health Department. The list of students listed on these reports will automatically receive *FREE or REDUCED-PRICED* meal benefits. A *Direct Certification Application Manual* containing instructions for using this application is provided on the WAVE Web site at https://thewave.sde.ok.gov/thewave/Portals/0/District%20Documents/Direct%20Certification%20Manual%20v2.0.pdf.

- 4. The Direct Certification report first match of the school year is available in August, barring any computer issues. DHS and Oklahoma Department of Health direct certification information is then updated the first Monday of every month for the rest of the year. All students contained in this report are a Direct Certification Match.
 - a. Direct Certification Reports on the WAVE
 - (1) **Full Report**—This report shows students who are directly certified for free lunch for this entire current school year. It displays students directly certified in the match process conducted by the WAVE and will display data based on the filters you will provide.
 - (2) Full Report Address and Case Number—This report shows students who are directly certified for free lunch for the entire current school year. This report is best viewed when exported to an Excel format as it contains a large amount of data. From Excel, you can modify the report and use only the data you need. If the data is blank or empty, it is because that data was not supplied to the WAVE by DHS. It will display students directly certified in the match process conducted by the WAVE and will display data based on the filters you will provide.
 - (3) Eligible First 30 Days—This report will show all students, based on the filters provided by the user, who only qualify for free lunch for the first 30 days of school. They qualify because they were directly certified from the previous school year. However, they are not directly certified for the current school year. NOTE: A student can drop from this list and move to the Full Report if they qualify for the appropriate services from DHS again.
 - (4) Eligible First 30 Days Address and Case Number—This report will show all students, based on the filters you provide, who currently qualify for free lunch for the first 30 days of school (see Eligible First 30 Days description). This report is best viewed when exported to an Excel format as it contains a large amount of data. From Excel, you can modify the report and use only the data you need. If the data is blank or empty, it is because that data was not supplied to the WAVE by DHS.
 - (5) **Remaining Records**—This contains all of the records by zip code for which the WAVE was unable to find a direct match. With this file, you will need to search for students to directly certify using your own match criteria and your own student level data. **This report is not currently working.**
 - b. Filters available on the WAVE reports
 - (1) Select Student Filter
 - (a) *All matched students for this report*—Provides every student found in the current database who matches the DHS Direct Certification and the Oklahoma Health Department and meets the criteria of the report you select.
 - NOTE: This may contain data on students from the previous school year until September 30.
 - (b) All matched students who have attended this school year for this report—Provides every student in the WAVE who matches the DHS Direct Certification data and attended your district at some point during this current year and who meets the criteria of the report you select.
 - (c) All matched students without an enrollment for this school year for this report—
 Provides every student in the WAVE who matches the DHS Direct Certification but who does NOT yet have an enrollment in the WAVE at your school district at some point during this school year and who meets the criteria of the report you select. This

- filter is available only until September 30 of each year to make sure all data has time to process into the WAVE from school districts and allows you to identify students who qualify prior to the start of school.
- (d) *Only currently attending matched students for this report*—Provides every student found in the WAVE who matches the DHS Direct Certification data and is shown to be currently attending your school district/site based on enrollment information sent from Student Information System and who meets the criteria of the report you select.

(2) Match Date Filter—This filter is not currently working

- (a) All Records—Provides every matched record regardless of the data to which it was matched. NOTE: The Match Date will update only once during each school year. It will show the first time the student is matched for that particular year.
- (b) *Only records matched on this date*—Provides every record matched new on the date supplied.
- (c) *Only records matched on or before the following dates*—Provides every record that matched new on or between the dates supplied.
- 5. The WAVE generates a report that will show students who have the same address of a student that has been directly certified. The LEA will need to verify the information, and when it is accurate, also directly certify these students.
- 6 The Data Validation Wizard validates the actual codes being supplied by the school districts.

C. Other Direct Certification Methods

1. Direct Certification: SNAP and TANF

- a. SNAP and TANF may also be conducted using letters provided to eligible participants from agencies that the family submits to the LEA/school.
- b. The use of eligibility letters does not fulfill the Direct Certification requirement for households receiving SNAP benefits. No application is necessary if eligibility is determined through the Direct Certification process.

2. Direct Certification: FDPIR Listing

- a. SFAs may request and accept a list provided by tribal authorities indicating households that are receiving FDPIR or tribal food assistance program benefits. *This is not a list of children that are on a tribe roll.*
- b. Upon receipt of the FDPIR list from the tribe, it is the responsibility of the SFA to compare each child enrolled in the SFA, using at least two identifying pieces of information; i.e., name of child, social security number, birth date, name of parent or legal guardian, or sex. When a child matches on at least two identifying pieces of information, the child automatically qualifies for free meal benefits. In addition, any other children within the same household who are enrolled in school will also qualify for free meal benefits. The SFA should identify the children on the FDPIR list *AND* who are enrolled in the SFA along with any other children identified as part of that household who are also enrolled. An example of this would be highlighting each child's name on the list that matches the SFA's enrollment. The SFA must then notify the parent or legal guardian of the child's/children's eligibility.

3. Direct Certification: Foster Children

If the SFA can obtain a list of foster children who are enrolled in its district from the local DHS foster care office, these children can then be counted on the SFA's certification list.

3. Direct Certification: Medicaid Children

- a. Medicaid information used to qualify students can *ONLY* be pulled from *The WAVE* located in Single Sign-on or at https://sde.ok.gov/wave-system
 - A letter from the portal or from the family CANNOT be accepted for benefits.
- b. The child is approved for either Free or Reduced-priced depending on what it states on the Direct Certification Report
 - Medicaid benefits are extended to other children living in the household.
- c. SNAP benefits supercede Medicaid benefits

4. Direct Certification: Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs

Other Source Categorically Eligible is conducted through a computer/electronic match between appropriate officials from Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs and the LEA.

a. Direct Certification may be conducted using lists of eligible participants for *Head Start/Even Start* and provided to the LEA from appropriate officials from Other Source Categorically Eligible Programs. Letters provided by such programs to eligible participants may also be used for Direct Certification.

D. Frequency of Direct Certification

1. LEAs must conduct Direct Certification at least three times during the school year. More frequent Direct Certification efforts are permissible and encouraged. Schools who are district-wide Provision 2, 3, or CEP are required to pull the Direct Certification list at least one time per year.

Recommended times to conduct direct certification:

- At or around the beginning of the school year.
- Three months after the beginning of the school year.
- The beginning of the calendar year (after Christmas break).
- ALWAYS pull direct certification in April. This is the required month direct certification must be pulled for sites participating in CEP. Even if the district is not interested in CEP at that time, the school may change their mind once April has passed.
- 2. Check the DC reports to find out if the new students are directly certified once the district receives a Student Testing Number (STN). The WAVE will update this information nightly so that students may be readily identified upon enrollment. If information is received on a student from another district and Direct Certification information did not come with the student's transfer papers or the student is received before the records arrive, check the WAVE Web site to ensure that every child possible is identified.
- 3. LEAs may make the effective date of eligibility for free school meal or milk benefits to be the date of the automated data matching file (or benefit recipient file from another agency) which first identifies the student as eligible for Direct Certification, rather than the date the LEA accesses and processes the automated data matching file into its local point-of-service (POS) system. To

- be used for this purpose, the data file must have been generated and received by the LEA *in the current school year*. (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-51-2014)
- 4. If an application for directly certified children is received at any time during the school year, the school will disregard the application. Once a household is approved for free or reduced-price benefits, the household will remain eligible for those benefits for the remainder of the school year plus a maximum of 30 operating days in the subsequent school year.
- 5. Direct Certification documentation *MUST* be retrievable by the school to ensure proper delivery of benefits and to allow substantiation of the number of children eligible for free meals or milk.

Note: The district should print or save the DC list every time the direct certification list is downloaded. Include the date in the title of the day it was pulled and saved. If printing the DC list, sign and date the day it was pulled.

- 6. Benefit Issuance from Direct Certification
 - a. The SFA *MUST* provide benefits promptly. Eligible students may receive benefits immediately. The SFA may assume consent if refusal has not been received by a certain number of days as determined by the SFA.
 - b. If the household refuses benefits, the SFA *MUST* discontinue benefits immediately and document the refusal. Even though the family refuses the benefit, the LEA can still use that benefit for eligibility on reports.

CONFIDENTIALITY/DISCLOSURE OF ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

(Reference page 83 of USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)

A. General Information

- 1. The issues of privacy and confidentiality of personal data are complicated as well as sensitive. SFAs may disclose children's free or reduced-price meal eligibility information to programs, activities, and individuals who are specifically authorized access under the NSLA. This is an option, not a requirement; therefore, funds in the nonprofit school food service account cannot be used to pay the costs associated with collecting and processing such information.
- 2. The eligibility status of a child by a noncustodial parent must not be released without a court order.
- 3. The SFA may opt to disclose children's eligibility information to Sooner Select Benefits officials if the household does not decline to have its children's eligibility information released. The Oklahoma Health Care Authority (which administers the Sooner Select Benefits Program) receiving children's free and reduced-price meal or free milk eligibility information *MUST* use that information to enroll eligible children in the Sooner Select Benefits Program.
- 4. The SFA may disclose aggregate information to any program or individual, such as the number of children eligible for free or reduced-price meals. Information in the aggregate does not identify individual children. Therefore, parental notification and parental consent are not needed.
- 5. The NSLA specifies that persons directly connected to the administration or enforcement of certain programs or activities are permitted to have access to children's eligibility information. The Disclosure Chart for Eligibility Information on page E-65 lists programs, the extent of

- information that may be disclosed (only eligibility status or all eligibility information), and whether the program may have access to children's eligibility information without parental consent or without the opportunity to decline the disclosure.
- 6. Although a program or person may be authorized under the NSLA to receive free and reduced-price eligibility information, there *MUST* be a legitimate need to know to provide a service or carry out an authorized activity.
- 7. Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)—ESSA is the nation's federal education law. School district officials may disclose a child's eligibility status to persons directly connected with, and who have a need to know a child's free or reduced-price meal eligibility status in order to administer and enforce ESSA requirements. However, other information obtained from a free and reduced-price meal application or obtained through Direct Certification cannot be disclosed. School district officials must keep in mind that the intent of the confidentiality provisions is to limit the disclosure of a child's eligibility status to those who have a *need to know* for proper administration and enforcement of a federal education program. School districts must establish procedures that limit access to a child's eligibility status to as few individuals as possible.
- 8. National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP)
 - a. LEAs may disclose, without parent/guardian consent, children's names and eligibility status to persons who are directly connected to the administration or enforcement of NAEP because NAEP is a federal education program. Additionally, LEAs may disclose children's names and eligibility status to persons directly connected with the administration or enforcement of state educational assessment programs to the extent that the state assessment is part of the NAEP or the assessment program is established at the state, not local, level. Other state education programs also are eligible to have access to participants' names and eligibility status, without parent/guardian consent, but the program must be established at the state, not local, level.
 - b. The term *persons directly connected* for the purpose of disclosure to NAEP includes federal, state, and local program operators responsible for NAEP program administration or program compliance and their contractors. This does not imply that these persons have routine access to participants' eligibility status. There must be a *need to know* for legitimate NAEP purposes.
 - c. LEAs are encouraged to inform households when they plan to disclose or use eligibility information outside the originating program and to have a written agreement with NAEP officials.
- 9. Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

The federal Department of Education has established that education records are under the purview of FERPA. However, for school meals and milk programs, the restrictions imposed by the laws governing these programs apply, not FERPA.

- B. Sharing Student Eligibility Information: On a Need to Know Basis
 - 1. The LEA may disclose children's eligibility status only to persons determined to be *directly connected* with the administration or enforcement of a federal education program, state education program, state health program, or a means-tested nutrition program, as well as to persons directly connected with the Comptroller General Office or law enforcement for an authorized activity.

- 2. Although a program or person may be authorized to receive free and reduced-price eligibility information, there must be a legitimate *need to know* to provide a service or carry out an authorized activity. State agencies, LEAs, and schools must ensure that data systems, records, and other means of accessing a student's eligibility status are limited to officials directly connected with administration or enforcement of a federal or state program or activity. This includes federal, state, or local program operators responsible for the ongoing operation of the program or activity or responsible for program compliance.
- 3. Eligibility information cannot be made available to all school officials. Access must be limited to a student's teachers who are directly responsible for the administration of a federal education program (e.g., NCLB) or who are providing tutorial or other assistance under such a program. Teachers, guidance counselors, principals, etc., who *are not* providing such assistance under the appropriate statutory or regulatory requirements cannot have access. Online data systems must have masking or identification capability to prevent unauthorized access to free or reduced-price eligibility status.

C. Parental Notification for Disclosure

- 1. Unless otherwise indicated, SFAs should inform households if they plan to disclose or use eligibility information outside the originating program (i.e., disclosure to a means-tested federal or state nutrition program, federal education program, law enforcement, the United States Comptroller General for audit purposes, or other child nutrition programs).
 - a. The notice of potential disclosure is in the Letter to Household that accompanies the free and reduced-price meal application or free milk application; on the application; or for children directly certified in the document informing households of the participants' eligibility through Direct Certification.
 - b. The notification should state that the children's names, eligibility status, and other information provided on the application or obtained through Direct Certification may be disclosed to certain other federal, state, or local agencies as authorized by the NSLA.
- 2. Parents or guardians *MUST* be notified of the potential disclosure and given the opportunity to elect *NOT* to have their children's information disclosed in certain cases (i.e., Federal Education Program).
 - a. The notification *MUST* inform the parents or guardians:
 - (1) They are not required to consent to the disclosure.
 - (2) The information will be used to facilitate the enrollment of eligible children in a health insurance program.
 - (3) Their decision will not affect their children's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals or free milk.

D. Agreements/Memorandum of Understanding with other Agencies

- 1. An agreement is not needed for federal, state, or local agencies evaluating or reviewing CNP operations. Similarly, an agreement is not necessary for disclosure to the Comptroller General. These activities are part of routine CNP operations and enforcement.
- 2. Non-Medicaid Sooner Select Agencies: The SFA should enter into a written agreement (refer to the Disclosure of Free and Reduced-Price Information Agreement form on page E-66-68) with other entities, including NAEP, requesting the information prior to disclosing children's eligibility information. The agreement must:

- a. Be signed by both the SFA and receiving entity.
- b. Identify the entity receiving the information.
- c. Describe the information to be disclosed and how it will be used. Eligibility information may only be used for the purpose for which the disclosure was made.
- d. Describe how the information will be protected from unauthorized uses and disclosures. Further use or disclosure to other parties is prohibited.
- e. Describe the penalties for unauthorized disclosure. A violation of this provision may result in a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment of not more than one year, or both.

3. Medicaid/Sooner Select Agencies

- a. For any disclosures to Medicaid or Sooner Select agencies, the LEA and receiving agency must have an agreement or Memorandum of Understanding that includes:
 - Health insurance program or health agency receiving child's eligibility information.
 - Information that will be disclosed, specifying that the information must only be used to seek to enroll children in state Medicaid or Sooner Select.
 - How the information will be used and how it will be protected from unauthorized uses and disclosures.
 - Penalties for unauthorized disclosure.
 - Signature of the determining agency and the state Medicaid/Sooner Select or agency receiving the children's eligibility information.
- b. The receiving entity must be informed in writing that:
 - Eligibility information may only be used for the purpose for which the disclosure was made.
 - Further use or disclosure to other parties is prohibited.
 - A violation of this provision may result in a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment of not more than one year, or both.

4. Other Disclosures That Require Parental Consent

- a. Parents or guardians may always provide consent for the disclosure of any or all of the information related to their children's eligibility status (i.e., whether children are eligible for free or reduced-price meals) or the information that the household provided through the free and reduced-price meal eligibility process. In addition, parents or guardians may request release of information to programs. The LEA must obtain written consent signed by a parent or guardian that follows the guidelines below.
- b. A disclosure to any other federal, state, or local program or individual not included in the NSLA requires parental consent. Other programs that require parental consent are local health and local educational programs and other local-level activities. For example, the disclosure of children's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals to determine children's eligibility for free textbooks or reduced-price fees for summer school requires consent when these are local initiatives and not state programs.
- c. The disclosure of information other than names and eligibility status to the programs authorized only to receive participants' names and eligibility status also requires written consent. For example, determining agencies may disclose names and eligibility status to a federal education program, but if the program requests family size, determining agencies *MUST* obtain consent prior to disclosure.

5. Consent Statement Requirements

- a. The consent statement *MUST* be in writing. It may be obtained at the time of application or at a later time. The consent statement must:
 - Be obtained each school year, and consent forms cannot be extended from one school year to the next. (Reference page 91, USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)
 - Identify the information that will be shared and how the information will be used.
 - Be signed and dated. In the case of a child participant, the consent statement *MUST* be signed by the parent or guardian of the applicant's household, even though the free and reduced-price meal application or free milk application may be signed by any adult household member.
 - State that failing to sign the consent statement will not affect eligibility or participation for the program and that the information will not be shared by the receiving program with any other entity or program.
 - Enable the parent/guardian to limit consent to only those programs with which he or she wishes to share information. For example, the consent statement could use a checkoff system under which the applicant would check or initial a box to indicate that he or she wants to have information disclosed to determine eligibility for benefits from a particular program.

6. Requirement for Social Security Number

The free and reduced-price meal application requires the last four digits of the social security number of the adult household member who signs the application, or the No SS# box checked if the adult household member does not have a social security number.

VERIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY (Reference page 96 USDA Eligibility Manual—2017)

A. General Information

Section 9(b)(3) of the NSLA and regulations at 7 CFR §245.6a(c)(1) establish requirements for LEAs in conducting verification of eligibility for free and reduced price meals based on applications in participating schools. Verification is only required when eligibility is determined through the application process, and is not required for eligibility determinations made through the direct certification process. Verification can begin after October 1 and MUST be completely finished by November 15th of each year.

1. Definitions

- a. **Verification** is confirmation of eligibility for free and reduced-price meals under the NSLP and SBP. Verification is only required when eligibility was determined through the application process. Verification must include confirmation of income eligibility or confirmation that the child or any member of the household is receiving assistance under SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR, or that a child is Other Source Categorically Eligible.
- b. **Direct verification** is using records from public agencies to verify income and/or program participation.
- c. **Error-prone** means applications within \$100 per month of the applicable IEGs.

- d. **Random sampling** means each application has an equal chance of being selected. A statistically valid random sample is not required. The LEA must determine a selection interval by dividing the number of applications by the required sample size.
- e. **Written Evidence**—Written evidence is the primary source of eligibility confirmation for all households, including SNAP, TANF, FDPIR households; Other Source Categorical Eligibility Programs; and foster child households.
- 2. Verification must take place *AFTER* the application has been approved.
- 3. Prior to any verification activity, each SFA must ensure to provide a toll-free phone number for households to use during the verification process. The toll-free phone number must be included in the SFA's written notice to the household. USDA has indicated that if an SFA has no *long-distance* telephone patrons, a regular phone number will suffice. A toll-free phone number must be provided, the household can get help from the SFA without any expense to the household. If an SFA could provide a *collect call* number to households to meet this requirement.

B. Verification Process Requirements

1. Definitions

- a. Sample pool means the total number of applications approved as of October 1
 - Any student approved for benefits by an application will be in the sample pool for verification including *students who were MED REDUCED on the WAVE but are free based on an application ARE to in the verification pool.*
- b. **Sample size** means the number of applications subject to verification; the minimum and maximum sample size is 3 percent total.
- 2. Exempt From Verification (7 CFR §245.6a(c)(2))
 - a. For children who have been Directly Certified, including children documented as eligible migrant, runaway, homeless children; foster children; and children participating in Head Start/Even Start.
 - b. Children in a RCCI, except for applications for any day students attending the institution.
 - c. Schools participating only in the SMP.
 - d. Schools where all children are served with no separate charge for food service and no special cash assistance is claimed (i.e., nonpricing programs claiming only the paid rate of reimbursement).
 - e. In districts where all sites participate in Provision 2 and 3, except in those years in which applications are taken for all students in attendance (i.e., the base year).
 - f. Sites may choose not to count applications for students in split-session kindergarten programs participating in the SMP when determining the verification sample size.
 - g. LEAs where all schools participate in CEP.
- 3. Suggested Verification Time Line

Each SFA may develop its own time frame calendar. The process can start on October 1 and *the entire verification process must be completed by November 15*. The following is an example of dates that could be used:

OCTOBER 1—(First notice required) Select applications and notify households and/or SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR agency. The SFA must indicate the date that the information from the household or agency is due.

OCTOBER 18—(Second notice required) Contact households who have not responded or those who submitted insufficient written documentation.

NOVEMBER 4—Send ten calendar days' advance Notice of Adverse Action to households that have not responded or have not submitted the required information in full or are no longer eligible for meal benefits by the established due date.

NOVEMBER 14—Terminate benefits to families who did not respond. If a household appeals, benefits must continue as approved until the hearing official's decision is rendered.

NOVEMBER 15—All verification efforts must be completed.

- 4. Initial Steps for Verification (Reference USDA Policy Memos 2005-SP-09 and 2005-SP-1)
 - a. Annually, each SFA *MUST* select and verify a sample of applications approved for benefits unless the SFA is otherwise exempt. At least one application must be verified.
 - b. Number of Application to Verify—Selecting the Sample Size:
 - (1) The required sample size is based on the total number of approved applications on file as of October 1. *NOTE: SFAs must remove any applications for students who have been directly certified prior to counting the number of approved applications on file as of October 1.* Verification may begin prior to October 1 if the SFA projects the number of approved applications that will be on file as of October 1. SFAs following this procedure must check the number of applications on file as of October 1 to ensure that the minimum required sample size has been verified. (Memo SP-42-2017)
 - *NOTE*: If the school's 30th operating day happens to fall on or after October 1, do not include carryover applications in this pool because they are temporary.
 - (2) An application is counted as one application, regardless of the number of children represented on the application.
 - (3) The sample size depends on the number of paper applications, not the number of children represented. When calculating sample sizes, all fractions or decimals *MUST* be rounded upward to the nearest whole number.
 - NOTE: If one household has submitted an individual application for each student, the SFA should staple all of them together and count them as one application.
 - (4) School districts *CANNOT* verify more than or less than the sample size chosen.
- 5. Types of Sample Sizes.
 - a. **Standard Sample Size**—The standard sample size is the lesser of 3 percent of all approved applications or 3,000 applications and must be drawn *from error-prone applications*. *Fractions must be rounded up.*

	Standard Sample Size [7 CFR 245.6a(c)(3)]
Standard	Sample size equals the lesser of: • Three percent of all applications approved by the LEA for the school year, as of October 1 of the school year, selected from error prone applications; or • 3,000 error prone applications approved by the LEA for the school year, as of October 1 of the school year,

- b. **Error-Prone Application:** An application with incomes of \$1,200 annually or \$100 monthly **BELOW** the free scale or **BELOW** the reduced-price scale. In cases in which there are not enough error-prone applications to comply with the required sample size options, SFAs must randomly select additional applications to fulfill the percentage or number requirement. **An Error Prone Scale is available in Other Documents**
- c. Qualifying to Use an Alternate Sample Size: In lieu of the standard sample size, SFAs may elect to use one of two *alternate sample sizes ONLY* if the district had a verification nonresponse rate of less than 20 percent in the previous school year. This means 80% of those selected for verification responded in the previous school year

If the district uses an alternate sample size, the Verification Response Worksheet from the previous year is required be maintained. The worksheet can be found on **page E-70**. (**Page E-71** for Large SFAs) (Reference USDA Policy Memo 2005-SP-27)

An LEA with more than 20,000 children approved by application as eligible, as of October 1 of the school year, may use an alternate sample size for any school year when its non-response rate for the preceding school year was at least 10 percent below the non-response rate for the second preceding school. (7 CFR 245.6a(d)(3)

- d. Alternate Sample Sizes
 - Alternate One
 - Alternate Two

	ate Sample Sizes Available to Qualified SFAs [7 CFR 245.6a(c)(4)] rict must have a response rate of 80% or higher to conduct Alternate Sample Size)
Alternate	Sample size equals the lesser of:
One	• Three percent of all applications approved by the LEA for the school year, as of October 1 of the school year, selected at random; or
	• 3,000 applications approved by the LEA for the school year, as of October 1 of the school year, selected at random.
Alternate	Sample size equals the lesser of the sum of either:
Two	• 1,000 of all applications approved by the LEA, as of October 1 of the school year, selected from error prone applications; or
	• One percent of all applications approved by the LEA, as of October 1 of the school year, selected from error prone applications.
	PLUS the lesser of:
	• 500 applications approved by the LEA, as of October 1 of the school year, which provide case numbers in lieu of income information; or
	• One-half of one percent (.05 percent) of applications approved by the LEA, as of October 1, of the school year that provide case numbers in lieu of income information.

C. Confirmation Review

1. Prior to conducting any verification activities, the SFA must ensure that the initial eligibility determination is reviewed for accuracy by an individual other than the determining official. Any LEA that conducts a confirmation review of all applications at the time of certification is not required to conduct confirmation reviews prior to verification.

NOTE: The State agency may waive the confirmation review requirement if the local SFA is using a computer software program that demonstrates a high level of accuracy in processing an initial eligibility determination in accordance with the IEGs. The district will need to contact the program specialist.

2. Outcome of Confirmation Review

No Change in Status	The SFA verifies the application			
Changed from Reduced to Free	Increase the benefits to Free immediately;Notify the household of the change in benefits; andVerify the application			
Changed from Free to Reduced	 Do not change the child's status Verify the application Notify the household of the correct eligibility status after verification is completed, and if required, send the household a notice of adverse action. 			
Changed from Free or Reduced to Paid	 Immediately send the household a notice of adverse action. Do not verify the application Select a similar application, such as another error-prone application. Follow the confirmation of review procedures for the newly selected application. 			

If there are status changes during the confirmation review, SFAs must notify households by using the Confirmation Review of Benefits Notification and Adverse Action form located on page E-72.

- 3. **Replacing Applications from the Original Sample:** After completing the confirmation reviews, the LEA may, on a case-by-case basis, replace up to five percent of applications selected [7 CFR 245.6a(e)(2)]. Applications may be replaced when the LEA believes the household would be unable to satisfactorily respond to the verification request.
 - a. Any application removed must be replaced with another approved application selected on the same basis. For example, an error prone application must be substituted for a withdrawn error prone application. The newly selected application must then have confirmation review.
 - b. If the 5 percent of total applications results in less than one application, one application may still be replaced. *ALWAYS ROUND UP*.
- D. **Direct Verification** is only to be used during the verification process (Reference USDA Policy Memos SP-08-2005 and SP-29-2005)—When the SFA uses the WAVE direct certification list, or contacts a State agency directly to verify SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR to verify eligibility. The household's eligibility may be confirmed through the use of information maintained by other government agencies to which the SFA has legal access. **Direct verification must be conducted prior to contacting the household for documentation**. When verification is made through other agency records, such agencies may have their own notification requirements.
 - 1. The LEA must only submit the names of school children to the agency administering an eligible program (for example, the SNAP program). The names of other household members (all adults, children who are not attending school, or children not approved for free or reduced-price meals) cannot be submitted for direct verification purposes. (Refer to page E-74-75 for a copy of a Direct Verification form.)

- a. If information obtained through direct verification indicates a child is participating in one of these programs, no additional verification is required. The eligibility status of the child or children listed on the application is considered verified.
- b. If information provided by the public agency does not verify eligibility or they do not respond in a timely, the LEA must proceed with regular verification activities.

2. Direct Verification Time Line

- The latest available information for one month (no older than 180 days prior to the date of the free and reduced-price application).
- Information for all months from the month prior to application through the month direct verification is conducted.

E. Notification of Selection for Verification

- 1. When a household is selected for verification, the SFA *MUST* send the household a notice informing of its selection and the types of information acceptable to the SFA. 7 CFR §245.6a(f).
 - a. Any communications with households concerning verification must be in an understandable and uniform format and, to the maximum extent practicable, in a language that parents and guardians can understand [7 CFR 245.6a(f)]. State agencies and LEAs are expected to have a system in place to provide written verification notices in the parent or guardian's primary language, and to provide oral assistance if the parent or guardian has difficulty understanding the written request. Translations of FNS prototype verification materials are available at: http://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/translated-applications.
 - b. The household may provide proof that the child is currently certified for SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR household instead of providing income information or that a child is Other Source Categorically Eligible. Documentation must include effective dates.
 - c. Information *MUST* be provided by a date specified by the SFA and that failure to do so will result in termination of benefits.
 - d. The name and toll-free/collect/local telephone number of a site official who can answer questions and provide assistance.
 - e. **Collateral Contacts**—A collateral contact is a person outside of the household who is knowledgeable about the household's circumstances and can give confirmation of a household's income or SNAP, TANF, FDPIR, or Other Source Categorical Eligibility Program status.
 - (1) Collateral contacts include employers, social service agencies, migrant workers' agencies, and religious or civic organizations.
 - (2) The verifying official must give the household the opportunity to designate the collateral contact. However, the verifying official may select a collateral contact if the household fails to designate a collateral contact or designates a contact that is unacceptable to the verifying official. In either case, no contact may be made without first notifying the household and obtaining its consent.

- (3) At the time of the notice, the household may consent to the contact or provide acceptable documentation in another form. If the household refuses to choose one of these options, the household's eligibility will be terminated in accordance with normal verification procedures.
- (4) All information provided by collateral contacts (written or oral) must be documented, dated, and initialed. The LEA will examine any written information provided by the collateral contact or evaluate any oral information. If the collateral contact is unwilling or unable to provide the requested information, the LEA must contact the household to complete the verification process.
- 2. Verification Notice *MUST* be sent to households. Refer to **page E-72-73** for a copy of *Notification of Selection for Verification of Eligibility*. The notification includes:
 - a. The household has been selected for verification.
 - b. Use of Information Statement.
 - c. The types of acceptable information that may be provided to confirm current income, including pay stubs, award letters from assistance agencies for benefits such as social security or supplemental security income, and support payment decrees from courts.
 - d. The household is to provide documentation of income for any point in time between the month prior to application and the time the household is required to provide income documentation. (Reference USDA Policy Memo 2004-SP-5)
- 3. Zero Income Application Selected for Verification

If a household is selected for verification or is verified for cause and the application indicates zero income, the LEA must request an explanation of how living expenses are met and may request additional written documentation or collateral contacts.

F. Household Verification Documentation—Written Evidence

Acceptable documentation of income or receipt of assistance from any of the following sources may be provided for any point in time between the month prior to application and the time the household is required to provide income documentation.

- 1. Written evidence MAY be in the form of:
 - Pay stubs from employers
 - An award letter from a welfare departments, other government agencies or tribe.
 - A copy of the direct certification list where the child appeared during the verification process.
- 2. Acceptable written evidence for *income-eligible households* contains:
 - The name of the household member;
 - The amount of income received;
 - The frequency received; and
 - The date the income was received. For example, a pay stub with no dates would be insufficient.

If the household submits a pay stub including overtime, the determining official should work with the household to determine whether the overtime for the month being verified is representative of overtime received in other months. If overtime is a one-time or sporadic source of income, income should be calculated based on the regular monthly income without overtime.

- 3. Acceptable written evidence for *categorically eligible* households contains:
 - A written statement from the SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR agency that specifies that the child is a member of a household currently receiving benefits.
 - For Other Source Categorical Eligibility Programs, an official letter, notice, or list from the appropriate State agency; from a social services agency or court system for foster children;
 - Head Start/Even Start enrollees, from the office or coordinator for those programs will suffice as written evidence.
 - The verifying official should examine the document provided to ensure that the child for whom the application was made is part of a household currently participating in any of these programs or is a foster child.
- 4. Unacceptable written evidence for categorically eligible households contains:
 - Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) cards cannot be used to confirm eligibility in SNAP and therefore cannot be used for categorical eligibility purposes.
 - A document from an assistance program that does not specify the certification period is not adequate for documentation. For example, the SNAP identification card is not acceptable because it usually does not have an expiration date.
 - A household that does not have satisfactory documentation from the assistance office, state or local agency for other source categorical eligibility may request a signed, dated letter from these offices verifying that the child is part of a household currently receiving their benefits.
- 5. Acceptable written evidence for other source categorically eligible
 - An official letter, notice, or list from the appropriate State agency, social service agency, program office or coordinator, or court would be acceptable written evidence.
- G. Second Notice to the Household—Verification Follow-up
 - 1. It is *REQUIRED* the district send out a second notice if the household does not respond to the initial verification request. All households not responding to the initial verification notice *MUST* be contacted again in writing, by e-mail, by phone, or by text. This information *MUST* be documented.
 - The site officials advise the household that failure to comply or designate a collateral contact will result in termination of benefits. The Verification Results and Adverse Action form on page E-76 may be used for this purpose.
 - 2. *Nonresponse* includes no response and incomplete or ambiguous responses from the household that do not permit the LEA to resolve children's eligibility for free and reduced price meals.
 - a. The LEA must ensure LEP households are provided adequate language assistance and understand the need to respond to the verification request, as outlined in Section 9(b)(8) of the NSLA and USDA LEP guidance.

- b. The following are considered a nonresponse:
 - If the household does not contact the SFA when the initial request for verification is sent or when the SFA attempts follow-up.
 - If the household responds to the initial request but provides incomplete information, and the SFA is unable to determine if the eligibility determination was correct.
 - If the household responds to the initial request but fails to provide the SFA with documents or is otherwise unable to provide appropriate documentation. (Reference USDA Policy Memo 2009-SP-13)
- 3. The SFA must make a follow-up attempt when:
 - The household does not respond to the initial request for verification;
 - The household submits insufficient or obsolete written evidence.
 - The household does not designate collateral contacts; or
 - The collateral contacts are unable or unwilling to provide the requested evidence
- 4. If, after the follow-up attempt, the household responds and provides all needed evidence, verification is considered complete for the household.
- 5. A household's refusal to cooperate with efforts to verify will result in the termination of household benefits. Households refusing to complete the verification process are counted toward meeting the LEA's required sample of verified applications [7 CFR §245.6a(f)4)]
- 6. SFAs may contract with a third party to assist in the follow-up process.
- G. Verification Documentation Submitted from the Household
 - 1. To continue the verification process subsequent to household notification, the LEA must either determine:
 - If the household submitted adequate information to complete its individual verification activity.
 - If follow-up with the household is needed.
 - 2. When the Household Complies
 - a. If the household submits written evidence, review the document for the name, date, and amounts stated to determine if it is sufficient to determine total *CURRENT* income. If the written evidence is current and confirms the eligibility determination previously made, the verification requirement has been satisfied.
 - b. If the written evidence confirms a higher or lower income and changes the eligibility determination previously made, the verification requirement has been satisfied.
 - If written evidence confirms a higher income and benefits are reduced or terminated, procedures below need to be implemented.
 - If written evidence confirms a lower income and benefits are increased, the household must be notified, per Item H (c) listed below.

c. Complete the verification section at the bottom of each free and reduced-price meal application verified in order to document the verification process. *If this information is computer-generated, this step is not required.*

3. When the Household Does Not Comply

- a. If the household does not submit sufficient written evidence or fails to respond, send the 10 calendar days' advance notice of adverse action and the verification requirement has been satisfied.
- b. If the household selected for verification transfers out of the district before the information can be verified, verification cannot be completed. To meet the minimum verification requirements, a new application *MUST* be selected.

H. Verification Results

- 1. Parents should be notified through whatever channels the SFA uses to notify the household of approval for benefits. Verification of a household's income eligibility for free or reduced-price meals *MUST* result in one of the following:
 - a. **No change in benefit level**—The household's current documentation supports the level of benefits for which the household has been approved.
 - b. **Reduction in benefit level**—The household's current documentation identifies income too high for the level of benefits for which the child has been approved. Therefore, the household's eligibility *MUST* be changed from free to reduced-price, free to full-price, or from reduced-price to full-price.
 - c. **Increase in benefits level**—The household's current documentation qualifies the household for free meals rather than reduced-price meals. The household's eligibility *MUST* be changed from reduced-price to free meals.
 - d. **Termination of Benefits**—Free or reduced-price benefits *MUST* be terminated for households that do not respond to verification efforts or whose current documentation does not support eligibility for either free or reduced-price meals.

2. Change in Benefits Due to Verification Results

a. Reduction in Benefits

If verification results in a change in benefit level or termination, the change *MUST* be extended to all children in the household who were determined eligible by information that no longer supports the benefit level. *Notify the household by sending the Letter of Verification Results and Adverse Action, but wait 10 days to change the eligibility status.*

b. Increase in Benefits

If verification results in higher benefits (e.g., a child who is moved from the reduced-price to free category), this change is effective immediately and *MUST* be implemented no later than three operating days after verification.

H. Letter of Verification Results and Adverse Action

All households for whom benefits are to be reduced or terminated *MUST* be given ten calendar days' written advance notice of the change.

Exception: If the SFA is *NONPRICING* and all students eat free, regardless of whether they are *REDUCED-PRICE* or *PAID*, written notification is not required.

- 1. The first day of the advance notice period is the day the notice is sent.
- 2. The notice *MUST* advise the household of the following:
 - a. The change in benefits.
 - b. The reason(s) for the change.
 - c. An appeal *MUST* be filed within the ten calendar days' advance notice period to ensure continued benefits while awaiting a hearing and decision.
 - d. The instructions on how to appeal.
 - e. The household may reapply for benefits at any time during the school year. (Verification documentation must be submitted before approval can be given.)
 - f. Assistance Program households may submit an application containing household names and income information and provide written evidence of current household income.
- 3. If the household reapplies for benefits, by submitting a new application, after the ten-day notice of adverse action has been processed. The SFA must verify the household's verification documentation prior to approving the application.

I. Benefits During Appeal

When a household appeals a reduction or termination of benefits within the ten calendar days' advance notice period, the SFA *MUST* continue to provide the benefits for which the child was originally approved until a final determination is made. The SFA may continue to claim reimbursement at that level during this period.

When a household does not appeal a reduction or termination of benefits during the ten calendar days' advance notice period, or the hearing official rules that benefits *MUST* be reduced, the actual reduction or termination of benefits *MUST* take place no later than ten operating days or ten calendar days after the decision of the hearing official.

J. Hearing Procedures

- The hearing procedure is in the SFA's Policy Statement in the CARS application checklist and *MUST* be followed.
- The hearing official *MUST* be an individual who was not connected with the approval or verification process. *The hearing official is listed the policy statement.*
- The household may request a school conference prior to a formal hearing. Any such conference *must not* prejudice a later appeal.

K. Households That Reapply for Program Benefits Once Verification has Been Completed and had Reduction in Benefits or a Termination of Benefits

Households affected by a reduction or termination of benefits may reapply for benefits at any time during the school year. *However, if benefits to a household have been reduced or terminated and the household reapplies in the same school year,* the household must be required to submit income documentation or proof of participation in Assistance Programs at the time of reapplication. The SFA may verify the household's eligibility prior to approval. These are not considered new applications.

L. Verification for Cause

1. An SFA has the authority and is obligated to verify all questionable applications (*verification for cause*) at any time. *For cause* applications are verified outside the basic sample process. A *for cause* verification is when an SFA has reason to believe that an application is not correct or information has come to the SFA's attention that questions the validity of the application. Please remember that an *application cannot be verified until it has been approved*. SFAs should be cautioned that *for cause* verification should be handled in such a manner that there is no discrimination or intended harassment in the selection.

NOTE: Directly certified students cannot be included for verification for cause.

- 2. To verify an approved application for cause, the SFA must send the household a letter explaining that it must submit verification of eligibility information for continued eligibility. The verification letter may be sent at the same time as a notice of eligibility.
- 3. The SFA verifies applications for cause following the same procedures as normal verification procedures. Any household that fails to submit requested verification information by the date specified by the SFA or that submits verification information that does not support the initial determination of eligibility must be sent a Notice of Adverse Action.
- 4. Verification for Cause for School District Employees

The LEAs can verify for cause to review approved applications when known or available information indicates school district employees may have misrepresented their income on the application. For example, the LEA could identify children of school district employees and use available salary information to identify questionable applications, and then conduct verification for cause on those questionable applications. *It is recommended that an LEA consult with legal counsel in establishing the parameters of verification for cause for school district employees.* (Reference USDA Policy Memo SP-13-2012)

M. Record Keeping for Verification

Documentation *MUST* be kept by the SFA to demonstrate compliance with the verification requirements when SFAs are reviewed by state or federal reviewers. Documentation would also be needed in case of an applicant's appeal.

- 1. The Verification process documentation must include:
 - A summary of the verification efforts, such as the selection process and the source of information used.
 - The total number of applications on file October 1.

- The percentage and number of applications verified. (Remember to always round fractions upward when figuring the number of applications to be verified.)
- 2. The verifying official's signature on the free and reduced-price meal application must be completed by the SFA to document verification results.
- 3. SFAs must submit the Verification Summary Report through CARS before the December claim may be submitted.
- 4. The Documentation to be Maintained on File Each Year:
 - A copy of the Verification Summary of Applications and the Verification Summary Report submitted to the State agency.
 - A copy of each free and reduced-price meal application selected for verification.
 - Written evidence submitted by households, including a *stamped-in* date and/or the envelope in which the documents were sent to the SFA.
 - Calculation information used in comparing the income documents submitted and the amount of income originally reported by the households.
 - A copy of any correspondence to the households concerning verification efforts, including notice of reduction or termination of benefits.
 - Annotation of any information obtained through telephone or *in-person* contacts that resulted in some type of action being taken in completing the verification process.

O. Verification Report

ALL SFAs, including districts that did not collect household applications, are required to complete and certify a Verification Summary Report after November 15. This report must be completed prior to the SFA being able to access its December claim for reimbursement. (Refer to **pages E-76-79** for an example)

P. CNP Reports Time Line

- Step 1: Once the October claim is submit and certify your, the Low-Income report will be unlocked.
- Step 2: Once the Low-Income is approved by the State Agency, the November claim will be unlocked.
- Step 3: After the November claim is submitted and certified, the Verification Summary Report will be unlocked.
- Step 4: Once the Verification Summary Report is approved by the State Agency, the December claim will be unlocked.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE SCHOOL MEALS

Dear Parent/Guardian:

Children need healthy meals to learn. (Name of School/School District) offers healthy meals every school day. Breakfast costs (\$); lunch costs (\$). Your children may qualify for free meals or for reduced-price meals.

Reduced-price is (\$) for breakfast and (\$) for lunch. This packet includes an application for free or reduced-price meal benefits and a set of detailed instructions. Below are some common questions and answers to help you with the application process.

- 1. WHO CAN GET FREE OR REDUCED-PRICE MEALS?
 - All children in households receiving benefits from (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program [SNAP]), (Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations [FDPIR], or (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families [TANF]) are eligible for free meals.
 - Foster children who are under the legal responsibility of a foster care agency or court are eligible for free meals.
 - Children participating in their school's Head Start program are eligible for free meals.
 - Children who meet the definition of homeless, runaway, or migrant are eligible for free meals.
 - Children may receive free or reduced-price meals if your household's income is within the limits on the federal Income-Eligibility Guidelines (IEGs). Your children may qualify for free or reduced-price meals if your household income falls at or below the limits on this chart.

FEDE	RAL ELIGIBIL	ITY INCOME	CHART FOR S	CHOOL YEAR	R 2026
Household Size	Annual	Monthly	Twice Per Month	Every Two Weeks	Weekly
1	28,953	2,413	1,207	1,114	557
2	39,128	3,261	1,631	1,505	753
3	49,303	4,109	2,055	1,897	949
4	59,478	4,957	2,479	2,288	1,144
5	69,653	5,805	2,903	2,679	1,340
6	79,828	6,653	3,327	3,071	1,536
7	90,003	7,501	3,751	3,462	1,731
8	100,178	8,349	4,175	3,853	1,927
For each additional member, added:	10,175	848	424	392	196

- 2. HOW DO I KNOW IF MY CHILDREN QUALIFY AS HOMELESS, MIGRANT, OR RUNAWAY? Do the members of your household lack a permanent address? Are you staying together in a shelter, hotel, or other temporary housing arrangement? Does your family relocate on a seasonal basis? Are any children living with you who have chosen to leave their prior family or household? If you believe children in your household meet these descriptions and have not been told your children will get free meals, please call or e-mail (school, homeless liaison, or migrant coordinator).
- 3. DO I NEED TO FILL OUT AN APPLICATION FOR EACH CHILD? No. *Use one Free and Reduced-Price School Meals Application for all students in your household.* We cannot approve an application that is not complete, so be sure to fill out all required information. Return the completed application to: (Name, Address, Phone Number).
- 4. SHOULD I FILL OUT AN APPLICATION IF I RECEIVED A LETTER THIS SCHOOL YEAR SAYING MY CHILDREN ARE ALREADY APPROVED FOR FREE MEALS? No, but please read the letter you got carefully and follow the instructions. If any children in your household were missing from your eligibility notification, contact (Name, Address, Phone Number, E-Mail) immediately.
- 5. CAN I APPLY ONLINE? Yes! You are encouraged to complete an online application instead of a paper application if you are able. The online application has the same requirements and will ask you for the same information as the paper application. Visit (Web site) to begin or to learn more about the online application process. Contact (Name, Address, Phone Number, E-Mail) if you have any questions about the online application.

- 6. MY CHILD'S APPLICATION WAS APPROVED LAST YEAR. DO I NEED TO FILL OUT A NEW ONE? Yes. Your child's application is only good for that school year and for the first few days of this school year, through (*date*). You must send in a new application unless the school told you that your child is eligible for the new school year. If you do not send in a new application that is approved by the school or you have not been notified that your child is eligible for free meals, your child will be charged the full price for meals.
- 7. I GET WIC. CAN MY CHILDREN GET FREE MEALS? Children in households participating in WIC *MAY* be eligible for free or reduced-price meals. Please send in an application.
- 8. WILL THE INFORMATION I GIVE BE CHECKED? Yes. We may also ask you to send written proof of the household income you report.
- 9. IF I DO NOT QUALIFY NOW, MAY I APPLY LATER? Yes, you may apply at any time during the school year. For example, children with a parent or guardian who becomes unemployed may become eligible for free and reduced-price meals if the household income drops below the income limit.
- 10. WHAT IF I DISAGREE WITH THE SCHOOL'S DECISION ABOUT MY APPLICATION? You should talk to school officials. You also may ask for a hearing by calling or writing to: (Name, Address, Phone Number, E-Mail).
- 11. MAY I APPLY IF SOMEONE IN MY HOUSEHOLD IS NOT A UNITED STATES (U.S.) CITIZEN? Yes. You, your children, or other household members do not have to be U.S. citizens to apply for free or reduced-price meals.
- 12. WHAT IF MY INCOME IS NOT ALWAYS THE SAME? List the amount that you *NORMALLY* receive. For example, if you normally make \$1000 each month, but you missed some work last month and only made \$900, put down that you made \$1000 per month. If you normally get overtime, include it, but do not include it if you only work overtime sometimes. If you have lost a job or had your hours or wages reduced, use your current income.
- 13. WHAT IF SOME HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS HAVE NO INCOME TO REPORT? Household members may not receive some types of income we ask you to report on the application or may not receive income at all. Whenever this happens, please write a *0* in the field. However, if any income fields are left empty or blank, those will *ALSO* be counted as zeroes. Please be careful when leaving income fields blank, as we will assume you *MEANT* to do so.
- 14. WE ARE IN THE MILITARY. DO WE REPORT OUR INCOME DIFFERENTLY? Your basic pay and cash bonuses must be reported as income. If you get any cash value allowances for off-base housing, food, or clothing, it must also be included as income. However, if your housing is part of the Military Housing Privatization Initiative, do not include your housing allowance as income. Any additional combat pay resulting from deployment is also excluded from income.
- 15. WHAT IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH SPACE ON THE APPLICATION FOR MY FAMILY? List any additional household members on a separate piece of paper, and attach it to your application. Contact (Name, Address, Phone Number, E-Mail) to receive a second application.
- MY FAMILY NEEDS MORE HELP. ARE THERE OTHER PROGRAMS WE MIGHT APPLY FOR? To find out how to apply for (SNAP) or other assistance benefits, contact your local assistance office or call 1-877-760-0114 or scan the QR code:

If you have other questions or need help, call (Phone Number).

Sincerely,

(Signature)

bit.ly/Food4MyFamily

HOW TO APPLY FOR FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE SCHOOL MEALS

Please use these instructions to help you fill out the application for free or reduced-price school meals. You only need to submit *ONE* application per household, even if your children attend more than one school in (School District). The application must be filled out completely to certify your children for free or reduced-price school meals.

Please follow these instructions in order! Each step of the instructions is the same as the steps on your application. If at any time you are not sure what to do next, please contact (School/School District Contact Here—Phone and E-Mail Preferred).

PLEASE USE A PEN (NOT A PENCIL) WHEN FILLING OUT THE APPLICATION, AND DO YOUR BEST TO PRINT CLEARLY.

STEP 1: LIST ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS WHO ARE INFANTS, CHILDREN, AND STUDENTS UP TO AND INCLUDING GRADE 12

Tell us how many infants, children, and school students live in your household. They do *NOT* have to be related to you to be a part of your household.

Who should I list here?

When filling out this section, please include ALL members in your household who are:

- Children aged 18 or under *AND* are supported with the household's income.
- In your care under a foster arrangement or qualify as homeless, migrant, or runaway youth.
- Students attending (School/School System Here), regardless of age.
- A. *List each child's name*. For each child, print his/her first name, middle initial, and last name. Use one line of the application for each child. If there are more children present than lines on the application, attach a second piece of paper with all required information for the additional children.
- B. Is the child a student at (Name of School/School System Here)? Mark Yes or No under the column titled Student to tell us which children attend (Name of School/School District Here).
- C. **Do you have any foster children?** If any children listed are foster children, mark the *Foster Child* box next to the child's name. If you are **ONLY** applying for foster children, after completing STEP 1, skip to STEP 4 of the application and these instructions. If you are applying for both foster and nonfoster children, go to STEP 3. **Foster children who live with you may count as members of your household and should be listed on your application.**
- D. Are any children homeless, migrant, or runaway? If you believe any child listed in this section may meet this description, please mark the *Homeless*, Migrant, Runaway box next to the child's name and complete all steps of the application.

STEP 2: DO ANY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (INCLUDING YOU) CURRENTLY PARTICIPATE IN ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS: SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP), TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF), OR FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS (FDPIR)? If Yes, record the proper case number (only one per household) in the box. Skip to STEP 4.

If anyone in your household participates in the assistance programs, your children are *ELIGIBLE* for free school meals.

If <u>NO ONE</u> in your household participates in any of the above programs:

• Leave STEP 2 blank and go to STEP 3

If <u>ANYONE</u> in your household participates in any of the above programs:

- Write a case number for SNAP, TANF, OR FDPIR. You only need to provide one case number. If you participate in one of these programs and do not know your case number, contact your caseworker..
- Go to STEP 4.

STEP 3: REPORT INCOME FOR ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

How do I report my income?

- Use the charts titled *Sources of Income for Adults* and *Sources of Income for Children* printed on the back side of the application form to determine if your household has income to report.
- Report all amounts in GROSS INCOME ONLY. Report all income in whole dollars. Do not include cents.
 - Gross income is the total income received before taxes.
 - Many people think of income as the amount they *take home* and not the total **gross** amount. Make sure that the income you report on this application has *NOT* been reduced to pay for taxes, insurance premiums, or any other amounts taken from your pay.
- Write a 0 in any fields where there is no income to report. Any income fields left empty or blank will also be counted as a zero. If you write 0 or leave any fields blank, you are certifying (promising) that there is no income to report. If local officials suspect that your household income was reported incorrectly, your application will be verified for cause.
- Mark how often each type of income is received using the check boxes to the right of each field.
- A. *Report all income earned or received by children.* Report the combined gross income for ALL children listed in **STEP 1** in your household in the box marked "Child Income." Only count foster children's income if you are applying for them together with the rest of your household.

What is Child Income?

Child income is money received from outside your household that is paid *DIRECTLY* to your children. Many households do not have any child income.

Sources of Inc	come for Children
Sources of Child Income	Example(s)
Earnings from work	A child has a regular full- or part-time job where he/she earns a salary or wages
Social Security Disability payments Survivor's benefits	 A child is blind or disabled and receives social security benefits A parent is disabled, retired, or deceased, and his/her child receives social security benefits
Income from persons <i>OUTSIDE</i> the household	A friend or extended family member <i>REGULARLY</i> gives a child spending money
Income from any other source	A child receives income from a private pension fund, annuity, or trust

FOR EACH ADULT HOUSEHOLD MEMBER:

Who should I list here?

When filling out this section, please include ALL ADULT members in your household who are:

 Living with you and share income and expenses, even if not related and even if they do not receive income of their own.

Do *NOT* include people who:

- Live with you but are not supported by your household's income AND do not contribute income to your household.
- Infants and children and students already listed in STEP 1.

How do I fill in the income amount and source?

FOR EACH TYPE OF INCOME:

- Use the charts in this section to determine if your household has income to report.
- Report all amounts in **gross income** *ONLY*. Report all income in whole dollars. Do not include cents.
 - Gross income is the total income received before taxes or deductions.
 - Many people think of income as the amount they *take home* and not the total *gross* amount. Make sure that the income you report on this application has *NOT* been reduced to pay for taxes, insurance premiums, or any other amounts taken from your pay.

FOR EACH ADULT HOUSEHOLD MEMBER: continued

- Write a θ in any fields where there is no income to report. Any income fields left empty or blank will be counted as zeroes. If you write θ or leave any fields blank, you are certifying (promising) that there is no income to report. If local officials have known or available information that your household income was reported incorrectly, your application will be verified for cause.
- Mark how often each type of income is received using the check boxes to the right of each field.
- B. List adult household members' names. Print the name of each household member in the boxes marked Names of Adult Household Members (First and Last). Do not list any household members you listed in STEP 1. If a child listed in STEP 1 has income, follow the instructions in STEP 3, Part A.
- C. **Report earnings from work.** Refer to the chart titled *Sources of Income for Adults* in these instructions, and report all income from work in the *Earnings From Work* field on the application. This is usually the money received from working at jobs. If you are a self-employed business or farm owner, you will report your net income. This is calculated by subtracting the total operating expenses of your business from its gross receipts or revenues.
- D. Report income from public assistance/child support/alimony. Refer to the chart titled Sources of Income for Adults in these instructions, and report all income that applies in the Public Assistance/Child Support/Alimony field on the application. Do not report the value of any cash value public assistance benefits NOT listed on the chart. If income is received from child support or alimony, only court-ordered payments should be reported here. Informal regular payments should be reported as Other income in the next part.
- E. Report income from pensions/retirement/all other income. Refer to the chart titled Sources of Income for Adults in these instructions, and report all income that applies in the Pensions/Retirement/All Other Income field on the application.
- F. Report total household size. Enter the total number of household members in the field Total Household Members (Children and Adults). This number MUST be equal to the number of household members listed in STEP 1 and STEP 3. If there are any members of your household that you have not listed on the application, go back and add them. It is very important to list all household members, as the size of your household affects your eligibility for free or reduced-price meals.
- G. **Provide the last four digits of your social security number.** The household's primary wage earner or another adult household member must enter the last four digits of his/her social security number in the space provided. **You are eligible to apply for benefits even if you do not have a social security number.** If no adult household member has a social security number, leave this space blank and mark the box to the right labeled *Check if no SSN*.

	Sources of Income for Adults	
Earnings From Work	Public Assistance/Alimony/ Child Support	Pensions/Retirement/ All Other Income
 Salary, wages, cash bonuses <i>NET</i> income from self-employment (farm or business) 	Unemployment benefitsWorker's compensationSupplemental Security Income (SSI)	 Social Security (including railroad retirement and black lung benefits) Private pensions or disability benefits
 If you are in the U.S. Military: Basic pay and cash bonuses (do NOT include combat pay, FSSA, or privatized housing allowances) Allowances for off-base housing, food, and clothing 	 Cash assistance from state or local government Alimony payments Child support payments Veteran's benefits Strike benefits 	 Regular income from trusts or estates Annuities Investment income Earned interest Rental income REGULAR cash payments from outside household

STEP 4: CONTACT INFORMATION AND ADULT SIGNATURE

All applications must be signed by an adult member of the household. By signing the application, that household member is promising that all information has been truthfully and completely reported. Before completing this section, please also make sure you have read the privacy and civil rights statements on the application.

- A. *Provide your contact information*. Write your current address in the fields provided if this information is available. If you have no permanent address, this does not make your children ineligible for free or reduced-price school meals. Sharing a phone number, e-mail address, or both is optional, but helps us reach you quickly if we need to contact you.
- B. *Print and sign your name.* Print your name in the box *Printed Name of Adult Completing the Form.* Sign your name in the box *Signature of Adult Completing the Form.*
- C. Today's date. In the space provided, write today's date.
- D. Share children's racial and ethnic identities (optional). On the back of the application, we ask you to share information about your children's race and ethnicity. This field is optional and does not affect your children's eligibility for free or reduced-price school meals.

125-2026 Application for Free and Reduced-Price School Meals Complete one application per household. Please use a pen (not a pencil).

Apply online at

TEP1 List ALL househ	EP1 List ALL household members who are infants, children, and stu	, childre	n, and s	tudents,	up to and	includ	dents, up to and including Grade 12 (if more spaces are required for additional names, attach another sheet of pap	: 12 (if mo	re space	s are re	quired 1	or additio	nal nam	ıes, atta	ch ano	ther she	et of pa
Definition of Household	Child's First Name	M		Child's L	Id's Last Name	63		School Name	ıme	5	Grade 1	Birth Date	⊢	Student?		Foster	Homeles
													Yes	No No		Child	Runawa
															lds ts		
efinition of homeless,															dt IIs I		
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)		
chool Meals for more nformation.										\square							
	EP 2 Do any household members (including you) currently participa	urrently	partici	pate in o	ne or mor	e of th	te in one or more of the following assistance programs: SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR?	g assistan	ce progr	ams: SI	IAP, TA	NF, or FD	PIR?				
•	No, go to $SIEF$ 3. If res , write a case number here, then go to $SIEF$ 4. (Do not complete $SIEF$ 3.)	re, then	go to 2	I EF 4.	Do not c	omple	te STEP	J.)			Ű	Case Number:					
EP3	Report income for ALL household members (Skip this step if ${f y}$	Skip this	s step if		ou answered <i>YES</i> to STEP 2)	S to ST	EP 2)						Write	Vrite only one case number in this space.	case nur	aber in this	s space.
		,	•				`										
	Sometimes children in the household earn or receive income. Please include the TOTAL income received by all children in the household listed in STEP 1 here.	en in the ildren in	househo the hous	ld earn o ehold lis	r receive ii ted in STE	ncome. IP 1 her	Please incree.	clude the 1	FOTAL ii		ا تا تا	Child Income		Weekly	How Often Bi- 2x weekly Month	Often 2x Monthly Month	
The Sources of Income for Critation and the Child come section. The Sources of Income for Adults art will help you with the All	All Adult Household Members (Including Yourself) List all household members not listed in STEP 1 (including yourself), even if they do not receive income. For each household member listed, if he/she dod receive income, report gross income (before taxes) for each source in whole dollars (no cents) only. If they do not receive income from any source, write θ . you enter θ or leave any fields blank, you are certifying (promising) that there is no income to report.	member port gros	nbers (I s not lis ss incom lds blan	ncluding ted in ST e (before k, you ar	Yourself) EP 1 (inc taxes) for secrifying	luding each s	Luding Yourself) d in STEP 1 (including yourself), even if they do not receive income. For each household member listed, if he/she dy (before taxes) for each source in whole dollars (no cents) only. If they do not receive income from any source, write θ . you are certifying (promising) that there is no income to report.	even if the hole dolla there is n	ey do nor rs (no ce o incomé	t receive nts) only to repo	income 7. If the rt.	e. For each y do not re	h housek sceive in	hold mei icome fr	mber l om an	isted, if J y source,	he/she de, write 0.
dult House Members section	on. Forning From T		How Often	ften	Γ	Publi	Public Assistance/		How Often)ften		Pensi	Pensions/Retire-	-a.		How Often	en
Names of Adult Household Members (First and Last)		Weekly	Bi- weekly	th	Monthly	Chi	Child Support/ Alimony	Weekly	Bi- weekly	<u> </u>	Monthly	ment	ment/All Other Income	•	Weekly w	Bi- weekly M	2x Mont
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otal Household Members (Children and Adults)	(Children and Adults)	Last of Pr	Four Digi imary Wa	its of Soci ge Earner	al Security or Other Ac	Number dult Hou	Last Four Digits of Social Security Number (SSN) of Primary Wage Eamer or Other Adult Household Member	nber X	XXX	XX			Ch	Check if No SSN	SSN		
EP 4: Contact inform	Contact information and adult signature	Mail	Complet	ted Forn	to: Insei	rt Your	Mail Completed Form to: Insert Your School District Mailing Address Here	strict Mai	ling Add	ress He	e.						
artify (promise) that all infuseck) the information. I am	ertify (promise) that all information on this application is true and that all income is leck) the information. I am aware that if I purposely give false information, my chil	and that a	III income	is reporte	d. I unders	tand tha I benefit	reported. I understand that this information is given in connection with the receipt of federal funds and that school officials may verify ldren may lose meal benefits and I may be prosecuted under applicable state and federal laws.	nation is giv	ven in con	nection w applicab	ith the re e state ar	ceipt of fedend Ind federal la	eral funds tws.	s and that	t school	officials	may verif
						\Box											
et Address (if available)	Aŗ	Apt#	City		State		Zip Code	Daytime	Daytime Phone and E-Mail (Optional)	Mail (Optio	lar L						
T. 1			;								E						

Sources of Income INSTRUCTIONS

Sources of Income Earnings From Work Public Assistance/Alimon	• Salary, wages, cash bonuses • NET income from self- • Worker's compensati	business) If you are in the U.S. Military: Basic pay and cash bonuses (do NOT include combat	pay, FSSA, or privatized housing allowances)	housing, food, and clothing
hild Income Example(s)	A child has a regular full- or part-time job where he/she carns a salary or wages	 A child is blind or disabled and receives social security benefits A parent is disabled, retired, or deceased, and his/her child receives social security benefits 	• A friend or extended family member REGULARLY gives a child spending money	• A child receives income from a private pension fund, annuity, or
Sources of Child Income Sources of Child Income	Earnings from work	Social Security —Disability payments —Survivor's benefits	• Income from persons • OUTSIDE the household	Income from any other source

Children's Racial and Ethnic Identities

We are required to ask for information about your children's race and ethnicity. This information is important and helps to make sure we are fully serving our community. Responding to this section is optional and does not affect your children's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals.

Asian The Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act requires the information on this application. You do not have to give the information, but if you do not, American Indian or Alaskan Native Race (Check One or More):

Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Program or Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR) of the lunch and breakfast programs. We MAY share your eligibility information who signs the application. The last four digits of the social security number is not we cannot approve your child for free or reduced price meals. You must include eligible for free or reduced price meals, and for administration and enforcement that the adult household member signing the application does not have a social required when you apply on behalf of a foster child or you list a Supplemental with education, health, and nutrition programs to help them evaluate, fund, or determine benefits for their programs, auditors for program reviews, and law security number. We will use your information to determine if your child is the last four digits of the social security number of the adult household member case number or other FDPIR identifier for your child or when you indicate enforcement officials to help them look into violations of program rules.

Rights (ASCR) about the nature and date of an alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or email: program. be submitted to USDA by: mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 discrimination complaint, a Complainant should complete a Form AD-3027, USDA Program Discrimination Complaint means of communication to obtain program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language) a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistant Secretary for Civil should contact the responsible state or local agency that administers the program or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) information may be made available in languages other than English. Persons with disabilities who require alternative gender identity and sexual orientation), disability, age, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity. Program 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. To file a program P-Complaint-Form-0508-0002-508-11-28-17Fax2Mail.pdf, from any USDA office, by calling (866) 632-9992, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and In accordance with federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (including Form which can be obtained online at: https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/USDA-OASCR%20 intake@usda.gov This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

For School Use Only Do not fill out

Annual Income Conversion: Weekly x 52, Every 2 Weeks x 26, Twice a Month x 24, Monthly x 12

Eligibility:	Reduced Denied		Date	
I	Free	Categorical Eligibility	Verifying Official's Signature	
			Date	
	Household Size		Confirming Official's Signature	
0,000 Omo II	Moekly Bi-Weekly 2 v Month Mon		Date	
	Total Income	(impulity)	Determining Official's Signature	

ance/Alimony/Child Support Pensions/Retirement/All Other

of Income for Adults

Social Security (including

railroad retirement and

black lung benefits) Private pensions or disability benefits

nental Security Income (SSI)

loyment benefits

s compensation

sistance from state or local

Regular income from trusts

Investment income

Annuities or estates

ipport payments

Earned interest Rental income REGULAR cash payments

rom outside household

☐ White

☐ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander

☐ Black or African American

☐ Not Hispanic or Latino

☐ Hispanic or Latino

Ethnicity (Check One):

SHARING INFORMATION WITH OTHER PROGRAMS

Dear Parent/Guardian:

To save you time and effort, the information you gave on your Free and Reduced-Price School Meals Application may be shared with other programs for which your children may qualify. For the following programs, we must have your permission to share your information. Sending in this form will not change whether your children get free or reduced-price meals.

	Yes! I DO want school officials to share in Application with (Name of Program Specification Specif	_	
	Yes! I DO want school officials to share in Application with (Name of Program Specification Specif	_	
	Yes! I DO want school officials to share in Application with (Name of Program Specification Specif	•	
	No! I DO NOT want school officials to sl Meals Application.	hare information from my	Free and Reduced-Price School
•	checked <i>Yes</i> to any or all of the boxes above for the children listed below. Your inform		•
Child's	s Name:	School:	
Child's	s Name:	School:	
Child's	s Name:	School:	
Child's	s Name:	School:	
Signati	ure of Parent/Guardian:		Date:
Printed	Name:		
Addres	ss:		
For mo	ore information, you can call (Name)		_at (Phone)
or e-ma	ail		
Return	this form to: (Address)		
by <i>(Da</i>	te)		

INCOME-ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR SCHOOL YEAR 2025-2026 FOR FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE MEALS

(Effective from July 1, 2025 to June 30, 2026)

(The Free Scale Should Not Be Distributed to Families)

	ELIGI	BILITY SCALE	FOR FREE N	IEALS		
	1	30 Percent of	Poverty Leve	l	,	
Household Size			Income			
	Annual	Annual Monthly Twice Per Every Two Weekly Weeks				
1	20,345	1,696	848	783	392	
2	27,495	2,292	1,146	1,058	529	
3	34,645	2,888	1,444	1,333	667	
4	41,795	3,483	1,742	1,608	804	
5	48,945	4,079	2,040	1,883	942	
6	56,095	4,675	2,338	2,158	1,079	
7	63,245	5,271	2,636	2,433	1,217	
8	70,395	5,867	2,934	2,708	1,354	
For each additional family member, add:	7,150	596	298	275	138	

	ELIGIBILITY	SCALE FOR	REDUCED-PF	RICE MEALS	
		185 Percent of	Poverty Leve	el	
Household Size			Income		
	Annual	Monthly	Twice Per Month	Every Two Weeks	Weekly
1 1	28,953	2,413	1,207	1,114	557
2	39,128	3,261	1,631	1,505	753
3	49,303	4,109	2,055	1,897	949
4	59,478	4,957	2,479	2,288	1,144
5	69,653	5,805	2,903	2,679	1,340
6	79,828	6,653	3,327	3,071	1,536
7	90,003	7,501	3,751	3,462	1,731
8	100,178	8,349	4,175	3,853	1,927
For each additional family member, add:	10,175	848	424	392	196

NOTICE TO HOUSEHOLDS OF APPROVAL/DENIAL OF BENEFITS

Dear	Parent/Guardian:		
You app	Approved for free meals. Approved for reduced-price meals at \$		for breakfast, and
	\$ for snacks.	101 14HeH, #	ror or carriably and
	Denied for the following reason(s):		
	Income over the allowable amount		
	Incomplete application		
	Other:		
If you do	o not agree with the decision, you may discuss it with the sch	ool.	
lf you w followin	vish to review the decision further, you have a right to a fairing official:	hearing. This can be	done by calling or writing the
Name:			
Address	:		
Toll/Fre	e, Collect, or Local Phone Number:	E-Mail:	
	re not eligible now but have a decrease in household income out an application at that time.	e, become unemployed,	or have an increase in family
Sincerel	ly,		
	(Name)	(Da	ate)
	(Title)		

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To file a program discrimination complaint, a Complainant should complete a Form AD-3027, USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form which can be obtained online at: https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/USDA-OASCR%20P-Complaint-Form-0508-0002-508-11-28-17Fax2Mail.pdf, from any USDA office, by calling (866) 632-9992, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights (ASCR) about the nature and date of an alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must be submitted to USDA by:

mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or
fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or

email: program.intake@usda.gov

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Child Nutrition Programs (CNP) Roster

	STUDENT NAME	CATEGORY F OR R	DATE APPROVED	DATE DROPPED OR TRANSFERRED	DATE OF STATUS CHANGE
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					
12.					
13.					
14.					
15.					
16.					
17.					
18,					
19.					
20.					
21.					
22.					
23.					
24.					
25.					

EVEN START/HEAD START FEDERALLY FUNDED ENROLLMENT

me of School:	Manager:			
NAME OF CHILD (List every child enrolled in Head Start)	Age	Entry Date	Drop Date	Head Start
rtify that the children listed above are currently endren enrolled at the school district.	rolled as part	cicipants in a Head	Start/Even Start Pr	rogram ar
Signature of Person Authorized to Provide Co on Behalf of Head Start	ertification	<u> </u>	Date	

ATTACHMENT G NOTICE OF DIRECT CERTIFICATION

_	D		1	•
llanr	Paren	t/(÷11	1010	1011
ואמו	\mathbf{I} and \mathbf{I}	I/ V III.	เสเน	11411.

Dear Farent/Guardian.	
We want to let you know that the child(ren) in your <i>Medicaid</i> , or <i>FDPIR</i> and will receive free or reduced-	household were directly certified through <i>SNAP</i> , <i>TANF</i> priced lunches, breakfasts, and snacks at school.
The children listed on this form will receive: Free I	Meals ☐ Reduced-Priced Meals ☐
1 0 1	gulations require that if one person within a household is ring SNAP, TANF, Medicaid, or FDPIR benefits, then al
Name of Child	Name of School
Please contact the school your child/children attends in	n the following situations:
• If there are other children in your household who benefits at school.	are not listed above and you would like them to receive
If you do not want your children to have free or re-If you have any additional questions.	duced-priced meals.
Name of Contact	

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mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture

available in languages other than English.

Phone Number: __

Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights

1400 Independence Avenue, SW

Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or

fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov

E-Mail Address:

Signature of School Official:

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DISCLOSURE CHART FOR ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

Recipient of Information	Information That May Be Disclosed to Recipient	Required Notification and Content
Child Nutrition Programs (CNP) under the National School Lunch Act (NSLA) or Child Nutrition Act (CNA)	All eligible information	Prior notice and consent not required
Federal, state, or local means-tested nutrition programs with eligibility standards comparable to the National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	Eligibility STATUS Only	Prior notice and consent not required
Federal education programs, including Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)	Eligibility STATUS Only	Prior notice and consent not required
The WAVE (Student Information System)	Eligibility STATUS Only	Prior notice and consent not required
State Education programs, administered by a State agency or local education agency	Eligibility STATUS Only	Prior notice and consent not required
Local education program	NO eligibility information unless parental consent is obtained	Must obtain parental consent
Sooner Select Benefits, administered by a state or local agency authorized under Title XIX or XX of the Social Security Act to identify and enroll eligible children	All eligibility information unless parents elect not to have information disclosed	Must give prior notice to parents and opportunity for parents to decline to have their information disclosed
State health programs other than Sooner Select administered by a State agency or local education agency.	Eligibility STATUS Only	Prior consent not required
Federal health programs other than Medicad/Sooner Select	NO eligibility information unless parental consent is obtained	Must obtain prior parental consent
Local health programs	NO eligibility information unless parental consent is obtained	Must obtain prior parental consent
Comptroller General of the United States for purpose of audit and examination	All eligibility information	Prior notice and consent not required
Federal, state, or local law enforcement officials investigating alleged violations of any of the programs under the NSLA or Can or investigating violations of any of the programs that are authorized to have access to names and eligibility status	All eligibility information	Prior notice and consent not required

SFA may use the form on the next page for parents to complete for release of eligibility information that requires parental approval.

Page 1 of 3

DISCLOSURE OF FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE INFORMATION AGREEMENT

1	ſ	ΡI	TR	P	O	ST	C.A	N	n	S	C()	ΡĮ	7

	and	acknowledge and agree that children's free
and (Insert Name of LEA)	(Insert Name of Receiving A	-gency)
National School Lunch Act (NS	SLA) (42 USC 1751 et. seq.) ons implementing those Acts	ned under provisions of the Richard B. Russell or Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 USC 1771 is confidential information. This Agreement the to the
to the		(Insert Name of LEA Agency)
(Insert Name of Receiving	Agency)	
about children eligible for free	or reduced-price meals or free	e milk will be used only for purposes specified
in this Agreement and that the	-	and the
	(Insert Name of LEA)	(Insert Name of Receiving Agency)
recognize that there are penaltic	es for unauthorized disclosure	es of this eligibility information.

II. **AUTHORITY**

Section 9(b)(6)(A) of the NSLA (42 USC 1758[b][6][A]) authorizes the limited disclosure of children's free or reduced-price meal or free milk eligibility information to specific programs or individuals without prior parent/guardian consent. Except that, the parent/guardian must be provided the opportunity to decline to share eligibility information prior to the disclosure for identifying children eligible for benefits under or enrolling children in the state Medicaid program and the Sooner Select program. Additionally, the statute specifies that, for any disclosures not authorized by the statute, the consent of children's parents/guardians must be obtained prior to the disclosure.

The receiving agency certifies that it is currently authorized to administer the following program(s) and that information requested will only be used by the program(s) indicated.

NOTE: Section 9(b)(6)(A) specifies that certain programs may receive children's eligibility status only, without parental consent. Parental consent must be obtained to disclose any additional eligibility information. Section 9(b)(6)(D)(ii) specifies that for state Medicaid or Sooner Select, parents must be notified and given the opportunity to elect not to have information disclosed. Social security numbers may only be disclosed if households are given notice of the disclosure and the uses to be made of their social security numbers as required by Sec. 7 of the Privacy Act.

RESPONSIBILITIES III.

	will:
(Insert Name of LEA)	

- When required, secure parents/guardians consent prior to any disclosure not authorized by the NSLA or any regulations under that act, unless prior consent is secured by the receiving agency and made available to the LEA.
- For state Medicaid and Sooner Select, notify parents/guardians of potential disclosures and provide the opportunity for parents/guardians to elect not to have information disclosed.
- Disclose eligibility information only to persons directly connected to the administration or enforcement of programs authorized access under the NSLA or regulations under the Act or to programs or services for which parents/guardians gave consent.

(Ir	will: sert Name of Receiving Official)
• of t	Ensure that only persons who are directly connected with the administration or enforcement of the and whose job responsibilities require use the eligibility information will have access to children's eligibility information:
•	Specify by name(s) or title(s):
•	Use children's free and reduced-price eligibility information for the following specific purpose(s): (Describe):
•	Inform all persons that have access to children's free and reduced-price meal eligibility information that the information is confidential, that children's eligibility information must only be used for purposes specified above, and the penalties for unauthorized disclosures.
•	Protect the confidentiality of children's free and reduced-price meal or free milk eligibility information as follows:
• dise	Specifically describe how the information will be protected from unauthorized uses and further closures.

Description of Procedures to Transfer Meal Eligibility Information (May be completed by either the LEA or receiving agency) Describe the procedures for transferring students' meal-eligibility information from the LEA to the requesting agency/program so as to limit the number of individuals who have access to the information. (Describe): IV. **EFFECTIVE DATES** This agreement shall be effective from ______ to _____. V. **PENALTIES** Any person who publishes, divulges, discloses, or makes known in any manner, or to any extent not authorized by federal law (§9[b][6][C] of the NSLA; 42 USC 1758[b][6][C]) or a regulation, any information about a child's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals or free milk shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment of not more than one year or both. VI. **SIGNATURES** The parties acknowledge that children's free or reduced-price meal and free milk eligibility information may be used the specific purposes stated; that unauthorized use of free or reduced-price meal and free milk information or further disclosure to other persons or programs is prohibited and a violation of federal law which may result in civil and criminal penalties. Requesting Agency/Program Administrator Printed Name: Title: _____ Phone: _____ **LEA Administrator** Title: Phone:

NOTE: Any attachments will become part of this agreement.

Signature:

VERIFICATION RESPONSE WORKSHEET

This form MUST be used and kept on file if selecting an alternate sample size for verification. Approval of the alternate sample size is granted by the State agency if all required conditions are met.

requirea conditions are met.
School Food Authority (SFA):County/District Code:
For all SFAs except Oklahoma City Public Schools and Tulsa Public Schools:
Current School Year: Number of applications on file as of October 1:
Previous School Year:
2. Number of applications selected for verification in previous school year: 3. Number of responses from verification in the previous school year: 4
Number of applications from verification in the previous year (#2 answer) If Item 3 is equal to or exceeds the product in Item 4, the SFA may use any verification method in the current school year.

VERIFICATION RESPONSE WORKSHEET LARGE SFAs

Large SFAs are those that have 20,000 or more free or reduced applications on file as of October 1

This form MUST be used and kept on file if selecting an alternate sample size for verification. Approval of the alternate sample size is granted by the State agency if all required conditions are met.

2.	Number of applications on file as of October 1:
	This number should be the sam as the sum of Items 4.2, 4.3, and under Column B of the Summa Verification Report
1.	Previous School Year:
2.	Number of applications selected for verification:
3.	Number of households (applications) that did not respond:
4.	${\text{Number 3}} \div {\text{Number 2}} = {\text{Nonresponse rate from the previous school year}}$
5.	Second Preceding School Year:
6.	Number of applications selected for verification:
7.	Number of households (applications) that did not respond:
8.	Number 7 : Number 6 = Nonresponse rate from the second preceding school years.
9.	2nd preceding year nonresponse rate x .10 = Percentage of improvement needed
10.	2nd preceding Previous (+/—) Nonresponse rate improvement year nonresponse rate sponse rate (Number 8 (Number 4 answer) = (+/—) Nonresponse rate improvement year nonresponse rate (Number 4 answer)

CONFIRMATION REVIEW OF BENEFITS NOTIFICATION AND ADVERSE ACTION

Childre	ren's Names:	
School	ol:	Date:
Dear _	:	
We have error w your ch	ave completed a confirmation review of your children's eligibility. This was made in the children's initial determination of benefits. Starting children's eligibility for meal benefits will be:	s review brought to our attention that are (10 calendar days from the date sent)
	Changed from free to reduced-price. The reduced-price charge is for breakfast.	cents for lunch and cents
	Stopped for the following reason(s):	
	Starting immediately, your children's eligibility for meal benefits will Changed from reduced-price to free. Your children will receive mea	
increas	u are not eligible for benefits now but have a decrease in household in ase in the size of your household, you may fill out a form at that time to	reapply for benefits.
If you o	do not agree with the decision, you may discuss it with	
You als	also have the right to a fair hearing. If you request a hearing by	(Verifying Official)
your ch	children will continue to receive(Free or Reduced-Price Me	(Date) until the decision
	e hearing official is made. You may request a fair hearing by calling or w	
Na	Name:	
Ad	Address:	
To	Toll-Free/Collect/Local Telephone Number: (Circle One)	
Sincere	erely,	

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mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture

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NOTIFICATION OF SELECTION FOR VERIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY WE MUST CHECK YOUR APPLICATION

	must send the information we need, or contact <i>(Name)</i> by <i>(Date)</i> , or your child(ren) will stop getting or reduced-price meals.	
Sch	ool: Date:	
	r:	
this	are checking your Free and Reduced-Price School Meals Application. Federal rules require that we do to make sure only eligible children get free or reduced-price meals. You must send us information to we that (Name[s] of Child[ren]) is/are eligible.	
•	ossible, send copies, not original papers. If you do send originals, they will be sent back to you only if ask.	
	IF YOU WERE RECEIVING BENEFITS FROM (SNAP) , (TANF) , OR (FDPIR) WHEN YOU APPLIED FOR FREE OR REDUCED-PRICE MEALS, OR AT ANY TIME SINCE THEN, SEND US A COPY OF ONE OF THESE:	
	 (SNAP), (TANF), or (FDPIR) Certification of Notice that shows dates of certification. Letter from (SNAP), (TANF), or (FDPIR) office that shows dates of certification. Do not send your EBT card. 	
	. IF YOU GET THIS LETTER FOR A HOMELESS, MIGRANT, RUNAWAY, OR HEAD START CHILD PLEASE CONTACT (School, Homeless Liaison; Runaway, Migrant, or Head Start Coordinator, FOR HELP.	
	IF THE CHILD IS A FOSTER CHILD: Provide written documentation that verifies the child is the legal responsibility of the agency or court, or provide the name and contact information for a person at the agency or court who can verify that the child is a foster child.	
	IF NO ONE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD RECEIVES (SNAP), (TANF), OR (FDPIR) BENEFITS: Send this page along with papers that show the amount of money your household gets from each source of income. The papers you send must show the <i>NAME</i> of the person who received the income, the <i>DATE</i> it was received, <i>HOW MUCH</i> was received, and <i>HOW OFTEN</i> it was received. <i>Send information to:</i> (<i>Address</i>)	
	Acceptable papers include:	

JOBS: Paycheck stub or pay envelope that shows the amount and how often pay is received; letter from employer stating gross wages and how often you are paid; or, if you work for yourself, business or farming papers such as ledger or tax books.

SOCIAL SECURITY, PENSIONS, or RETIREMENT: Social Security retirement benefit letter, statement of benefits received, or pension award notice.

UNEMPLOYMENT, DISABILITY, or **WORKER'S COMP:** Notice of eligibility from state employment security office, check stub, or letter from the Worker's Compensation office.

WELFARE PAYMENTS: Benefit letter from the (TANF) office.

CHILD SUPPORT or **ALIMONY:** Court decree, agreement, or copies of checks received.

OTHER INCOME (SUCH AS RENTAL INCOME): Information that shows the amount of income received, how often it is received, and the date received.

NO INCOME: A brief note explaining how you provide food, clothing, and housing for your household and when you expect an income.

MILITARY HOUSING PRIVATIZATION INITIATIVE: Letter or rental contract showing that your housing is part of the Military Privatized Housing Initiative.

TIME FRAME OF ACCEPTABLE INCOME DOCUMENTATION: Please submit proof of one month's income; you could use the month prior to application, the month you applied, or any month after that.

If you have questions or need help, please call (Name) at (Telephone Number). The call is free. (Toll Free or Reverse Charge Explanation) You may also e-mail us at (E-Mail Address).

Sincerely,

(Signature)

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DIRECT CERTIFICATION/VERIFICATION FORM

LETTER TO THE SNAP, TANF, FOSTER, OR FDPIR OFFICE FROM THE SCHOOL FOOD AUTHORITY

Date:

Dear :
The regulations for the <i>Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP)</i> , <i>Temporary Assistance to Needy Families</i> (TANF), and <i>Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations</i> (FDPIR) permit SNAP, TANF, Foster, and FDPIR offices to release eligibility information to administrators of the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs to ensure that only eligible children receive free meal benefits.
The receipt of SNAP, TANF, Foster, and/or FDPIR automatically qualifies children for free school meals. Enclosed is a listing of approved free meal applicants who have been selected for verification and who have indicated that the child for whom application was made now receives SNAP, TANF, Foster, and/or FDPIR benefits. On the enclosed listing, please indicate if these household members are currently participating in the SNAP, TANF, Foster, and/or FDPIR program(s). This information will be used only to confirm the approved applicant's eligibility for free meal benefits.
The information used for direct verification must be the <i>most recent information available</i> that is defined as data that is no older than 180 days prior to the date of the free and reduced-price application. To be consistent with policy established for <i>regular</i> verification, direct verification efforts may use information from any point in time between the month prior to application and the time the LEA conducts direct verification.
Your prompt return of the listing will be appreciated. A self-addressed return envelope is also enclosed for your convenience. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact:
at telephone number
Printed Name
Signature Date
Address
Telephone Number
Name of District Requesting This Information:
Enclosures

Price Meals as well as this form.

To ensure better accuracy, consider e-mailing the front page of the Application for Free and Reduced-

DIRECT CERTIFICATION/VERIFICATION FORM — SNAP, TANF, FDPIR, FOSTER, OR OTHER SOURCE CATEGORICAL ELIGIBILITY PROGRAM RECIPIENTS

CHILD'S NAME (Last Name, First Name)	DATE OF BIRTH	SNAP, TANF, OR FDPIR NUMBER, FOSTER Applicable for Other Source Categorical Eligible Programs	FOSTER CHILD	PARTICIP. SNAP, TAN FOSTER, C SOU CATEGO PROG	ATION IN NF, FDPIR, DR OTHER RCE DRICAL IBLE
				120	110
SIGNATURE OF SNAP, TANF, FDPIR, FOSTER, CATEGORICAL ELIGIBLE PROGRAMS		TELE	PHON	NE NUMBER	
	ADDRESS				
			Г	OATE	

VERIFICATION RESULTS/ADVERSE ACTION WE HAVE CHECKED YOUR APPLICATION

School: Date:	
Dear:	
We checked the information you sent us to prove that <i>(Name[s] of Child[ren])</i> is/are eligible for free or reduced-price and have decided that:	meals
 ☐ Your child(ren)'s eligibility has not changed. ☐ Starting (Date), your child(ren)'s eligibility for meals will be changed from reduced-price to free because income is within the free meal-eligibility limits. Your child(ren) will receive meals at no cost. ☐ Starting (Date), your child(ren)'s eligibility for meals will be changed from free to reduced-price because income is over the limit. Reduced-price meals cost (\$) for lunch and (\$) for breakfast. ☐ Starting (Date), your child(ren) is/are no longer eligible for free or reduced-price meals for the following rease Records show that no one in your household received (SNAP), (TANF), or (FDPIR) benefits. ☐ Records show that the child(ren) is/are not homeless, runaway, migrant, or Head Start. ☐ Your income is over the limit for free or reduced-price meals. ☐ You did not provide: 	your
You did not respond to our request. Meals cost (\$) for lunch and (\$) for breakfast. If your household income goes down or your household size goes up, may apply again. If you were previously denied benefits because no one in the household received (\$NAP), (TANF (FDPIR)) benefits, you may reapply based on income eligibility. If you did not provide proof of current eligibility, you may reapply based on income eligibility.), or
If you disagree with this decision, you may discuss it with <i>(Name)</i> at <i>(Phone)</i> . You also have the right to a fair hearing you request a hearing by <i>(Date)</i> , your child(ren) will continue to receive free or reduced-price meals until the decision of the hearing official is made. You may request a hearing by calling or writing to: <i>(Name)</i> , <i>(Address)</i> , <i>(Phone Numor (E-Mail)</i> .	sion
Sincerely,	
(Signature)	

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EXAMPLE OF VERIFICATION SUMMARY REPORT

	Total	**All SFAs must report Section 1**	A. Number of Schools	B. Number of		
	Schools,	An or As must report decision r	OR Institutions	Students		
Z Z	Residential Child Care	1-1:Total Schools (Do not include RCCIs):	12	5,135		
SECTION	Institutions (RCCIs) and	1-2: Total RCCIs (Do not include schools counted in 1-1):	0			
SE	Enrolled	1-2a:RCCIs with day students(Report ONLY day students in 1-2a):				
	Students	1-2b:RCCIs with NO day students:				
		ONLY SFAs with alternative provisions must report Section 2	B. Number of Students			
		2-1:Operating Provision 2/3 in a BASE year for NSLP and SBP:	0	0		
2	SFAs With	2-2:Operating Provision 2/3 in a NON BASE year for NSLPand SBP:	0	0		
NO	Schools Operating	2-2a:Provision 2/3 students reported as FREE in a NON BASE year:		0		
SECTION	Alternate Provisions	2.2b:Provision 2/3 students reported as REDUCED PRICE in a NON BAS	SE year:	0		
0,		2-3:Operating the Community Eligibility Option:	1	255		
	, , ,	2-4:Operating other alternatives for NSLP and SPB:	0	0		
) 	2-5:Operating an alternative provision(s) for only SPB or only NSLP:	0	0		
		ALL SFAs must report section 3 or check box 3-1 if applicable Check the box only if all schools and/or RCCIs in the SFA were not required to perform direct certification with SNAP (i.e.NON BASE year Provision 2/3 for all schools) 3-2: Students directly certified through Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP):				
	Students	3-3: Students directly certified through Other Programs: Include those directly certified through Other Programs: Include those directly certified through Other Programs: Include those directly Camporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Food Distribution Program of (FDPIR), or Medicaid (if applicable, those documented as homeless, migrant, runon-applicant but approved by local officials. DO NOT include SNAP students Do not include students certified with SNAP through the letter method. Program Students	n Indian Reservations Inaway, foster, Head Start, or	101		
NO.	Approved as FREE or	TANF 3				
SECTION 3	REDUCED Eligible NOT	FDPIR				
SE	subject to	Medicaid Free 64		(See table to		
	Verification	Medicaid Reduced 34		the left for a breakdown by		
		Homeless		program)		
		Migrant				
		Runaway				
		Foster				
		Head Start				
		Non-Applicant				
		3-4:Students certified categorically FREE eligible through SNAP letter met certified for free meals through the family providing a letter from the SNAP agen		0		

	Students approved	**All SFA/RCCIs collecting applications must report Section 4**	A .Number of Applications	B. Number of Students
as FREE of REDUCED PRICE eligible through a household	as FREE or REDUCED PRICE	4-1: Approved as categorically FREE Eligible: Based on those providing documentation (e.g. a case number for SNAP, TANF, FDPIR on an application)	0	0
	through a	4-2:Approved as FREE eligible: Based on household size and income information	0	0
	household application	4-3-:Approved as REDUCED PRICE eligible: Based on household size and income information	0	0

T-1:Total FREE Eligible Students Reported: 0 T-2:Total REDUCED PRICE Eligible Students Reported:

**All SFA/RCCIs must report Section 5 of Check the box if ALL Schools and/or RCCIs are checked, no further reporting in Section 5 is req	exempt from verifica			mptions). If 5-7	1 is
5-2: Was Verification performed and completed? Yes, completed by November 15 Yes, completed after November 15 No, Verification was NOT performed or the process was not completed. 5-3: Type of Verification Used: Alternate One (Lesser of 3% or 3,000 select 3		% or 3,000 error-prone) of 3% or 3,000 selected of 1% or 1,000 error-prorecent or 500 applications were	ne applications		
If 1 or 3 is checked in 5-3, report 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 3 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 3 is checked in 5-3, report 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4 If 2 is checked in 5-3, enter "N/A" in 5-4	RONE applications:		5-5:Number of applications selected for Verification sample:		0
5-6: X ** ALL SFAs must report 5-7 or check box 5-Check the box if direct verification was not cond one of the schools and/or RCCIs in the SFA perform is checked, skip 5-7.	lucted in the SFA (i.	.e. not n) If 5-6	A. Number of Applications	A. Numb Applica	
Report if FREE and/or REDUCED PRICE eligibility is confirmed through direct verification with SNAP, TANF, FDPIR, or MEDICAID as of Novebmer 15th	5-7 Confirmed through direct verification:		0		

5-8: Results of Verification by Original Benefit Type

For each original benefit type (A, B, & C), report the number of applications and students as of November 15th for reach result category (1, 2, 3, & 4). Do NOT include students and applications already reported in 5-7A or 5-7B.

For each original benefit type (A, B, & C), repo & 4). Do NOT in A. FREE - Categorically Eligible Certified as FREE based on SNAP/TANF/ FDPIR documentation (e.g. case number) on application			B. FREE - Income Certified as FREE based on income/ household size application			A. REDUCED PRICE - Income Certified as REDUCED PRICE based or income/household size application		ased on on
Result Category	a. Applications	b. Students	Result Category	a. Applications	b. Students	Result Category	a. Applications	b. Students
1. Responded, NO CHANGE	0	0	1. Responded, NO CHANGE	0	0	1. Responded, NO CHANGE	0	0
2. Responded, Changed to REDUCED	0	0	2. Responded, Changed to REDUCED	0	0	2. Responded, Changed to REDUCED	0	0
3. Responded, Changed to PAID	0	0	3. Responded, Changed to PAID	0	0	3. Responded, Changed to PAID	0	0
4. NOT Responded, Changed to PAID	0	0	4. NOT Responded, Changed to PAID	0	0	4. NOT Responded, Changed to PAID	0	0

VC-1:Total questionable applications verified for cause (Enter N/A if not applicable): Report the number of applications as of November 15th verified for cause **in addition** to the verification requirements. N/A

Additional Instructions for Verification Summary Report

For additional guidance on verification requirements and procedures, refer to the Eligibility Manual (http://www.fns.usda/gov/cnd/guidance/EliMan.pdf). Enter the State agency name, SFA name, SFA ID, SFA city, SFA zip code for each SFA with schools and/or RCCIs operating the NSLP and/or SBP. Select if the SFA overall is a public or a private/nonprofit entity, and enter the school year for which the report is completed. Include schools and/or RCCIs and the enrolled students *only once* if operating both NSLP and SBP.

All SFAs with schools or RCCIs operating the NSLP and/or SBP must complete this section regardless if all schools are exempt from verification. Report schools or institutions operating the NSLP and/or SBP and students with access to the NSLP and/or SBP as of October 31st.

1-1A & B: TOTAL number of schools (not including RCCIs) operating the NSLP and/or SBP and the TOTAL number of enrolled students with access to the NSLP and/or SBP as of October 31st.

1-2A &B: TOTAL number of RCCIs operating the NSLP and/or SBP and the TOTAL number of enrolled students with access to the NSLP and/or SBP in RCCIs.

1-2aA &1-2aB: Of the RCCIs reported in 1-2A, enter the number of RCCIs with DAY students and ONLY the DAY students with access to the NSLP and/or SBP in RCCIs (day students are those students NOT institutionalized and eligibility is determined individually by application or direct certification as applicable).

1-2bA & 1-2bB: Of the RCCIs reported in 1-2A, enter the number of RCCIs with NO day students and the TOTAL number of institutionalized students.

Note: The sum of the students reported in 1-2aB and 1-2bB will NOT equal the total in 1-2B.

All SFAs with some or all schools and/or RCCIs operating under an alternative provision must complete this section. For RCCIs operating an alternate provision, include both day and residential students. Report students with access to the NSLP and/or SBP as of October 31st. 2-1 through 2-4 should be reported only if the school operates alternate provisions for BOTH programs, resulting in no collection of applications for the school. Schools operating Provision 2/3 for only one program and collecting household applications for the other program should report applicable provision data in 2-5.

2-1A & B: BASE year is when certification procedures are conducted.

2-2A &B: NONBASE year is when **NO** certification procedures are conducted.

2-2aB & 2-2bB: Multiply the most recent base year FREE percentage by the enrollment reported in 2-2B to determine 2-2aB Multiply the base year REDUCED-PRICE percentage by the enrollment reported in 2-2B to determine 2-2bB.

2-3A & B: Number of schools operating the Community Eligibility Option and the number of enrolled students in the schools with access to the NSLP and/or SBP.

2-4A &B: Other alternatives include Provision 1 and universal meal service through census data or socioeconomic surveys.

2-5A & B: Enter the number of schools and/or RCCIs and students enrolled operating an alternate provision for **ONLY SBP** of **ONLY NSLP**. Include schools/RCCIs operating in both a base year and nonbase year.

All SFAs must complete this section. If all schools and/or RCCIs in the SFA were not required to perform Direct Certification with SNAP, then check Box

3-1. Check the box only if the entire district is CEP and/or Provision 2 or 3 in a NONBASE year. All schools in the SFA and/or RCCIs were not required to perform direct certification with SNAP, TANF, or Medicaid. Direct certification is the process by which the student is certified eligible based on documentation received directly from the applicable program (e.g. SNAP, TANF, or Medicaid agency). This process eliminates the need for the household to submit an application. Report students approved FREE eligible as of the last operating day in October

3-2B: Include students directly certified with SNAP. If a student is directly certified with SNAP as well as with another program (e.g., TANF/eligible homeless), include the student in *THIS* SNAP count (3-2B). Also include in this count any student in the SFA deemed eligible based on extended categorical eligibility via an eligible student in the primary household who has been directly certified with SNAP. *DO NOT* include SNAP letter method certifications in this SNAP count; report these in 3-4B below. (SNAP letter method certifications are when the family submits a letter from the SNAP agency to document receipt of SNAP benefits. This is no longer considered to be Direct Certification.)

3-3B: Include students directly certified through programs other than SNAP. Include students in the SFA deemed eligible due to extended categorical eligibility via an eligible student in the primary household directly certified with TANF, FDPIR, Medicaid, Homeless, Migrant, and Runaway. **DO NOT** include SNAP students already reported in 3-2 or to be reported in 3-4 as certified categorically through SNAP letter method.

3-4B: Include ONLY students certified as categorically FREE eligible based on a letter submitted by family from the SNAP agency. Include students in the SFA deemed eligible due to extended categorical eligibility via an eligible student in the primary household certified as FREE categorically eligible with the letter method with SNAP.

All SFAs and/or RCCIs collecting individual household applications must report this section, including schools and/or RCCIs in a Provision 2/3 base year. Report number of **applications** (A) **approved as of** *October 1*. Report number of **students** (B) **as of October 31st.**

4-1A & B: Number of applications approved FREE eligible based on documentation submitted on an application (i.e., case number for SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR on an application) on file as of October 1 and the number of students as of the last operating day in October approved FREE eligible based on documentation submitted on an application (i.e., case number for SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR on an application). Include students in the SFA deemed eligible due to extended categorical eligibility via an eligible student in the primary household categorically FREE eligible with SNAP, TANF, or FDPIR.

4-2A & B: Number of applications approved FREE eligible based on income information submitted by the household on file as of October 1 and the number of students as of the last operating day in October approved FREE eligible based on income information submitted by the household.

4-3A & B: Number of applications approved REDUCED-PRICE eligible based on income information submitted by the household on file as of October 1 and the number of students as of the last operating day in October approved REDUCED-PRICE eligible based on income information submitted by the household.

ection 3

Section 4

T-1: Enter the total number of students reported as FREE eligible.(3-2B) + (3-3B) + (3-4B) + (4-1B) + (4-2B) + (2-2aB, if applicable)

T-2: Enter the total number of students reported as REDUCED-PRICE eligible: (4-3B) + (2-2bB, if applicable)

If *ALL* schools and/or RCCIs in the SFA are exempt from verification activities, check Box 5-1 and no further reporting is required in Section 5. Verification activities are *NOT* required for:

- Schools/RCCIs in which *ALL* children have been certified under direct certification procedures, including children *DOCUMENTED* as eligible foster, migrant, runaway, or homeless children.
- RCCIs which do not have day students.
- Schools electing the Community Eligibility Option.
- Schools/RCCIs in which FNS has approved universal meal service through census data or using socioeconomic surveys; e.g., special cash assistance claims based on economic statistics regarding per capita income (Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands).
- Schools participating only in the Special Milk Program.
- Schools in which all children are served with no separate charge for food service and no special cash assistance is claimed (i.e., nonpricing programs claiming only the paid rate of reimbursement).
- All schools are Provision 2/3 schools in a nonbase year.
- Schools which do not have any free or reduced-price eligible students.
- Other FNS-determined exemptions on a case-by-case basis.

Select one box in (5-2 and 5-3):

- **5-2:** Indicate whether verification was performed and completed by the deadline of November 15. If verification was completed after the deadline, report the remainder of Section 5 was applicable.
- 5-3: If verification was completed, check the type of verification process used to comply with the requirements of 7 CFR 245.6a. Please note the qualification requirements in 7 CFR 245.6a(d) must be met to use the two alternate sample sizes.
- <u>Standard</u>: Verify 3% or 3,000 of approved applications, whichever is less, selected from error-prone applications on file as of Oct. 1. If there are not enough error-prone applications, LEAs must select at random additional applications to complete sample size.
- <u>Alternate one</u>: Verify 3% or 3,000, whichever is less, of all randomly selected approved applications on file as of Oct. 1.
- <u>Alternate two</u>: Verify the lesser of 1% or 1,000 approved applications as of Oct. 1 selected from error-prone applications **PLUS** the lesser of one-half of 1% or 500 applications approved as of Oct. 1 that provided a case number in lieu of income.
- 5-4: Error-prone applications are household applications approved as of Oct. 1 indicating monthly income within \$100 of the monthly limit or annual income within \$1,200 of the annual limit of the applicable income-eligibility guidelines.
- 5-5: Enter the total number of applications initially selected for the verification process as indicated in 5-3.
- **5-6:** Check if direct verification was not conducted in the SFA (not one school in the SFA conducted direct verification). Direct verification is using records from public agencies to verify income and/or Program participation.
- 5-7A & B: Only report applications and students if FREE and/or REDUCED-PRICE eligibility is confirmed through direct verification.
- **5-8:** For the purposes of this report, verification is complete:
 - For households whose eligibility does not change as of the date of the confirmation of eligibility by a reviewing official.
 - For households which do not appeal a change in eligibility as of the first operating day following the last date for filing an appeal in response to a notice of change of eligibility.
- For households which appeal a change in eligibility as of the first operating day following a decision by the hearing official. **Responded:** The household provided sufficient documentation. This includes verbal or written notification that the household declines benefits.

NOT Responded: The household did not provide sufficient documentation or the household did not provide a response.

- A1, B1, and C1: Number of applications with no change and the number of students on these applications.
- A2 and B2: Number of applications changed to REDUCED-PRICE based on sufficient documentation provided by the household and the number of students on the applications.
- **C2:** Number of applications changed to FREE based on sufficient documentation provided by the household and the number of students on the applications.
- A3, B3, and C3: Number of applications for which the eligibility was changed to PAID based on sufficient documentation by the household and the number of students on the applications.
- A4, B4, and C4: Number of applications for which the eligibility was changed to PAID because documentation necessary to complete the verification process was NOT provided and the number of students on the applications.

The number of applications reported in 5-8 should include both the results of verification from verification process and the results from any applications verified for cause reported in VC-1.

VC-1: If applicable in at least one school and/or RCCI, report all applications verified for cause outside of the verification process (7 CFR 245.6a) as of November 15. Applications verified for cause are NOT considered part of the required sample size. Include the results of verification for cause by original benefit type in the appropriate category in 5-8.



USDA MEMOS AND RESOURCES FOR ELIGIBILITY SECTION

Applications and Verification forms in a Foreign Language	http://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/ translated-applications
Disclosure Information in Child Nutrition	SP-16-2016
Duration of Income Eligibility Determinations: Guidance and Q&As	SP-01-2015
Eligibility Guidance Manual (2017)	SP-36-2017
Preventing Overt Identification	SP-45-2012
Verification Information	SP-36-2017

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