THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

ACFR 2021



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021





Visitors pose for photos near the entrance to the First Americans Museum before its grand opening ceremonies.

THE FIRST AMERICANS MUSEUM: ONE PLACE, MANY NATIONS

In 1907 Oklahoma became the 46th state to enter the union. Our state's name comes from two Choctaw words: "Okla" and "Homma," meaning Red People.

Only a few tribal Nations were indigenous to what is now the State of Oklahoma. All others were removed from homelands across the contiguous U.S. to Indian Territory.

The First Americans Museum's mission is to serve as a dynamic center promoting awareness and educating the broader public about the unique cultures, diversity, history, contributions, and resilience of the First American Nations in Oklahoma today. FAM shares all this in one place, where visitors can experience the collective histories of 39 distinctive Nations.

Located at 659 First Americans Blvd. in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma at the Crossroads of America, the confluence on Interstates 35, 40, 235 and 44, FAM is open every day except Tuesdays.

This publication was printed by the Office of Management and Enterprise Services as authorized by Title 62, Section 34. Fifty bound copies have been printed at a cost of \$1,575. A copy has been submitted to Documents.OK.gov in accordance with the Oklahoma State Government Open Documents Initiative (62 O.S. 2012, § 34.11.3). This work is licensed under a Creative Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 3.0 Unported License.



OKLAHOMA 2021

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

J. Kevin Stitt Governor

Prepared by

Office of Management and Enterprise Services

Steven Harpe, Director Amanda Rodriguez, State Chief Financial Officer Lynne Bajema, State Comptroller

The Oklahoma Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is an annual publication of the Oklahoma Office of Management and Enterprise Services and is prepared by the Central Accounting & Reporting department.	Requests for additional copies, comments or questions may be directed to Stephanie Brown, Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105.

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A walkway sweeps around the First Americans Museum and continues along the top of the FAM Mound.

Report photos by Ben Bigler, OMES Public Affairs.





Lynne BajemaState Comptroller
Central Accounting & Reporting



Amanda Rodriguez State Chief Financial Officer

January 25, 2022

To the Honorable J. Kevin Stitt, Governor Members of the Legislature, and Citizens of the State of Oklahoma

The Office of Management and Enterprise Services (OMES) is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This report is presented in three sections — introductory, financial and statistical — as the primary means of reporting the state government's financial activities. Its objectives are to provide a clear picture of the government as a single, unified entity and to provide traditional fund based financial statements. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was prepared in conformity with relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board statements.

The Introductory Section contains an overview of the state's economic performance, a review of current initiatives and summary financial data. The Financial Section contains management's discussion and analysis, Government-Wide Financial Statements and fund financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units, and major component units. The Financial Section also includes the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The Statistical Section contains selected financial and demographic information. Management's Discussion and Analysis contains complementary information, and readers are encouraged to review this section.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Management of the state, through OMES, is responsible for the accuracy, fairness and completeness of the financial statements presented in this report. The statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information presented is accurate in all material respects and includes all disclosures necessary for an understanding of the state's financial position and activities. The Governor and Legislature govern all funds and accounts for every executive agency, board, commission, public trust, authority, college and university whose data are presented in this report. The financial reporting entity, the State of Oklahoma, includes these funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 61, the state financial reporting entity includes 19 component units. There are six major component units, seven nonmajor component units, and six fiduciary component units. The major and nonmajor component units are discretely presented in the financial statements. The fiduciary component units are presented in the fiduciary fund and similar component units' financial statements, along with the other fiduciary activities of the state. The fiduciary activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the state's own programs.

State finances are governed by rules designed to ensure sound, conservative management. The Legislature cannot appropriate more than 95 percent of the general revenue expected to be collected in the coming year. The state Board of Equalization, an independent board not subject to legislative control, establishes the legislative appropriation authority. Unlike many states that use seasonal borrowing to meet cash demands, Oklahoma maintains a cash flow reserve sufficient to meet fluctuating cash needs. General obligation indebtedness is prohibited without a vote of the people. When revenue receipts are less than estimated, the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services is mandated by the Oklahoma Constitution to declare a revenue shortfall and reduce appropriations, as required, to allow appropriations to be covered by current year tax collections.

The state's financial statements are audited by the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the state for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that, based upon the audit, there is a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the State of Oklahoma's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

Internal Controls

Management of the State of Oklahoma is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of internal accounting controls designed to ensure assets are safeguarded and financial transactions are properly recorded and adequately documented. Such internal controls require estimates and judgments from management so that, in attaining reasonable assurance as to the adequacy of such controls, the cost does not exceed the benefit obtained.

Budget and Fiscal Policy

The budget process begins when each agency, other than the Legislature, that expends money through the state treasury submits an annual budget request to OMES. Copies are also provided to the legislative fiscal staffs. These requests are reviewed and analyzed for the Governor by OMES. The Governor then makes formal recommendations in the executive budget which is presented to the Legislature on the first day of the legislative session. During the legislative session, legislative committees review agency needs and recommend appropriation levels. Then the Legislature must approve all appropriation bills to fund agency operations for the next fiscal year. Appropriation bills provide for state appropriated funds and establish spending limits for state agencies. The Governor can accept, reject or line-item veto particular legislative appropriations. Before encumbering or spending money in the fiscal year, each agency must submit a budget work program to OMES. The program outlines, by account, fund source and program category, how the agency plans to spend the available state, federal and revolving funds during the fiscal year. OMES must approve an agency's budget work program before agencies can encumber or spend available funds.

Oklahoma's Constitution restricts total appropriations to 95 percent of estimated general revenues. The Oklahoma State Board of Equalization is responsible for approving the official itemized estimate of revenues based upon information provided by OMES and the Oklahoma Tax Commission and sets the amount of legislative appropriations authority. The board is comprised of six elected officials and the president of the state Board of Agriculture. The six elected officials are the Governor, the state auditor and inspector, the state treasurer, the lieutenant governor, the attorney general, and the superintendent of public instruction.

The constitution requires that collections in excess of the Oklahoma State Board of Equalization's itemized estimate of general revenue fund revenues be deposited to the Constitutional Reserve or "Rainy Day" Fund each year until the balance of the "Rainy Day" Fund equals 15 percent of the prior fiscal year's General Revenue Fund certified appropriations authority. In November 2004, Oklahoma voters enacted restrictions on the use of the "Rainy Day" Fund. Up to one-fourth of the July 1 balance each year may be appropriated upon an emergency declaration by the Governor with concurrence of two-thirds of the House and Senate, or by a declaration of an emergency by the House of Representatives' speaker and Senate's president pro tempore with concurrence of three-fourths of the members of each legislative body. Up to three-eighths of the fund may be accessed if the Oklahoma State Board of Equalization is forecasting a decline in state revenues for the coming fiscal year and up to three-eighths may be utilized in the event of a current year revenue shortfall.

The state also has an oversight process for the issuance of debt. The Council on Bond Oversight is responsible for the review and approval of all debt issued by the state, its agencies and public trusts, and performs an assessment of all capital leases.

Proprietary Operations

The state's proprietary operations are comprised of governmental agencies and quasi-governmental agencies providing goods or services to the public on a user charge basis. These activities are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. They operate with the intent to recover the costs of operations from those directly benefiting from the goods or services. Some of the activities included in the state's proprietary operations are power generating plants, turnpikes, medical services, insurance, and financing services for both public and private entities.

Capital Assets

These financial statements include the capital assets of the state. A discussion of capital assets accounting is included in the Management Discussion and Analysis that are part of the basic financial statements. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

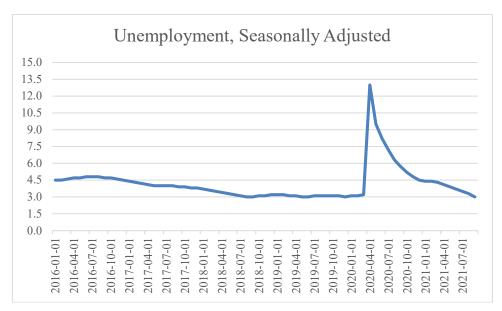
ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

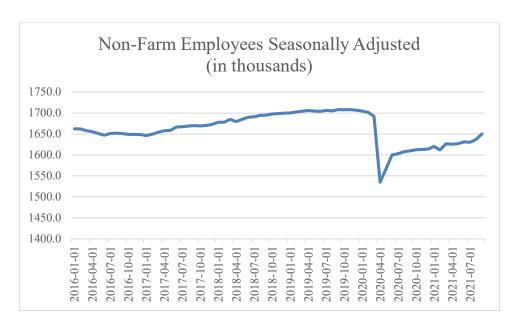
Oklahoma experienced a remarkable recovery after a challenging second half of Fiscal Year 2020. The state economy was one of the earliest to have restrictions lifted and open back for business in June 2020, before the start of the new fiscal year. Consumer demand and employment drove stronger than expected gains in the economy. Additionally, expanded unemployment benefits and federal stimulus money replaced some revenues lost to the COVID-19 impacted economy. In May 2021, Governor Kevin Stitt signed an executive order to end the COVID-19 state of emergency. Oklahoma continues to strengthen its financial position with an encouraging state economy outlook.

The FY 2021 state budget was crafted with an outlook that 2020 losses could extend into the new fiscal year. The Legislature appropriated \$1.3 billion, or 15.5%, less than their spending authority, but held cuts to agency appropriations at an average of 4% from the prior year by utilizing emergency state reserves, special cash, and other apportionment adjustments to fill the expected budget gap.

Income tax deadlines were extended to July 15, which was the first month of the fiscal year. The abnormal influx of income tax payments strengthened the cash flow position of the state and relieved the pressure of a potential revenue failure early in the fiscal year. This combined with enhanced unemployment benefits and employment recovery led to income revenues outperforming expectations.

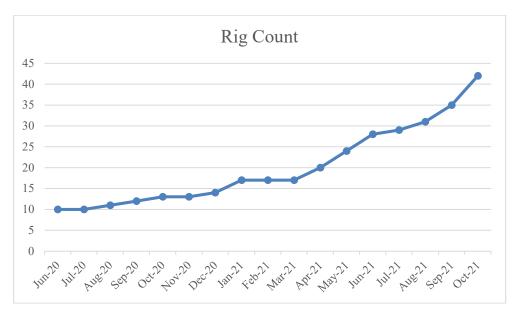
Unemployment rates continued to fall to near pre-pandemic levels to 3.7% at year-end from a high of 13.0% in April 2020. The unemployment rate is currently at the pre-pandemic low of 3% as of September 2021. However, total nonfarm employment improvement has not made a full recovery since the initial lockdown. As shown in Figure 2, it is 50,000 less than pre-pandemic levels, which poses considerable challenges as businesses seek to fill staffing needs.





Strong consumer demand as well as stimulus funds accelerated spending in the state's economy. Two major stimulus and relief packages were signed into law by the federal government. The omnibus passed in December 2020 included \$900 billion towards aid. The \$1.9 trillion American Rescue Act was signed into law in March 2021.

After a slow start in the oil and gas market recovery, pricing began to pick up in the second half of the year. Gas production was boosted by higher demand for natural gas and a cold winter nationwide. The first half of the year only added a handful of rigs to the state count. Climbing natural gas and oil pricing accelerated drilling activity and ended the year with 28 rigs (Figure 3). Drilling operations continue to expand and tallied 42 in October 2021 for the state, indicating that the state's gross oil and gas production will grow in the near future.



State government funding has benefited from Oklahoma's economic strengthening. As a result of an unexpectedly strong recovery, a surplus of \$282 million was realized from General Revenue Fund collections. The state restocked much of its reserves and on-hand cash going into FY 2022. Additionally, as of October, the state is more than 10% above the year-to-date collections estimate for the General Revenue Fund. Oklahoma's current fiscal position is on good footing for favorable performance in fiscal year 2022. Concerns going forward include rising inflation which will put strain on personal and institutional budgets. Inflation was reported at a 13-year high of 5.4% in September and remains under pressure.

Highlights of the fiscal year 2021 and fiscal year 2022 executive branch budgets include (expressed in millions):

	Δm	ount		Percent of To	O	Incr (Decrea			Percen Incre	O
	Appro		d	Appropri		Prior	,		(Decre	
	 2021	•	2022	2021	2022	 2021		2022	2021	2022
Department of Education	\$ 2,993	\$	3,164	39%	36%	\$ (78)	\$	171	(3%)	6%
Regents for Higher Education	770		813	10%	9%	(32)		43	(4%)	6%
Career & Technical Education	137		139	2%	2%	(6)		2	(4%)	1%
Other Education	 40		43	1%	0%	(1)		3	(2%)	8%
Total Education	\$ 3,940	\$	4,159	52%	47%	\$ (117)	\$	219	(3%)	6%
Department of Health	\$ 52	\$	59	1%	1%	\$ (9)	\$	7	(15%)	13%
Health Care Authority	975		1,194	13%	14%	(25)		219	(3%)	22%
Department of Mental Health	335		321	4%	4%	(16)		(14)	(5%)	(4%)
Other Health	 113		148	1%	1%	 1		35	1%	31%
Total Health	\$ 1,475	\$	1,722	19%	20%	\$ (49)	\$	247	(3%)	17%
Department of Human Services	\$ 698	\$	718	10%	9%	\$ (43)	\$	20	(6%)	3%
Office of Juvenile Affairs	93		95	1%	1%	(4)		2	(4%)	2%
Other Human Services	 82		83	1%	1%	(5)		1	(6%)	1%
Total Human Services	\$ 873	\$	896	12%	11%	\$ (52)	\$	23	(6%)	3%
Department of Corrections	\$ 531	\$	544	7%	6%	\$ (25)	\$	13	(4%)	2%
Department of Transportation	170		762	2%	9%	1		592	1%	348%
Department of Public Safety	95		103	1%	1%	(9)		8	(9%)	8%
Other	 573		643	7%	6%	(10)		70	(2%)	12%
Total	\$ 7,657	\$	8,829	100%	100%	\$ (261)	\$	1,172	(3%)	15%

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Governmental Functions

Most financial operations of the state are reported in governmental fund types, which are the general fund and the permanent funds. Following are schedules of revenues and expenditures for these governmental funds. Note that the following tables present data according to GAAP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, while previous tables have presented budgetary data for this and later periods. Transfers are primarily from the general fund to support public institutions of higher education.

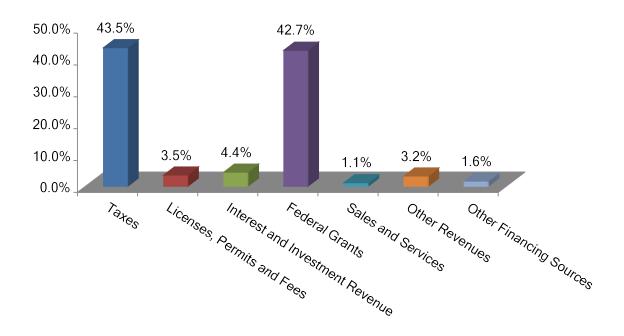
Governmental Funds: Revenues and Other Financing Sources - GAAP Basis (expressed in millions)

	_2021 Amount	Percentage of Total	(Decrea	ease se) from Year	Percentage Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$ 10,784	43.5%	\$	1,011	10.3%
Licenses, permits and fees	856	3.5%		34	4.1%
Interest and investment revenue	1,097	4.4%		875	394.1%
Federal Revenues	10,586	42.7%		2,891	37.6%
Sales and services	270	1.1%		28	11.6%
Other revenues	784	3.2%		27	3.6%
Other financing sources:					
Transfers	96	0.4%		(2)	(2.0%)
Issuance of debt	286	1.2%		91	46.7%
Other	6	0.0%		(5)	(45.5%)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 24,765	100.0%	\$	4,950	25.0%

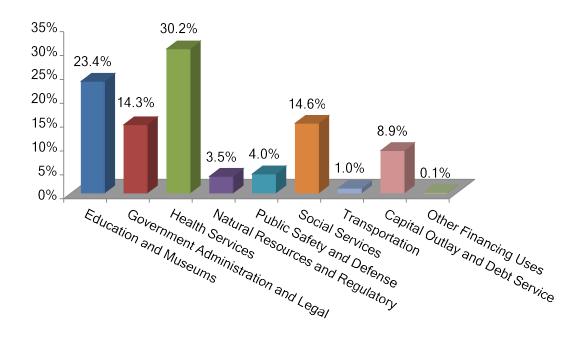
Governmental Funds: Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - GAAP Basis (expressed in millions)

	<u>2021</u> <i>A</i>	Amount_	Percentage of Total	Incre (Decreas Prior	e) from	Percentage Increase (Decrease)
Education	\$	5,236	23.3%	\$	62	1.2%
Government administration		2,945	13.1%		786	36.4%
Health services		6,788	30.2%		597	9.6%
Legal and judiciary		274	1.2%		4	1.5%
Museums		13	0.1%		0	0.0%
Natural resources		498	2.2%		199	66.6%
Public safety and defense		909	4.0%		7	0.8%
Regulatory services		286	1.3%		139	94.6%
Social services		3,281	14.6%		827	33.7%
Transportation		231	1.0%		(16)	(6.5%)
Capital outlay		1,815	8.1%		195	12.0%
Debt service		181	0.8%		(96)	(34.7%)
Other financing uses:						
Transfers		18	0.1%		(16)	(47.1%)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	22,475	100.0%	\$	2,688	13.6%
Governmental Funds -						
Net increase in fund balance	\$	2,290				

Governmental Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources (GAAP Basis) – Fiscal Year 2021



Governmental Funds Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (GAAP Basis) – Fiscal Year 2021



Revenue Collections and Estimates

As noted in a preceding subsection, the budget is prepared using cash available plus 95 percent of the itemized revenue estimate as approved by the Oklahoma State Board of Equalization. It should be noted that taxes deposited into the budgetary General Revenue Fund, as defined by Oklahoma law, are approximately 75 percent of the total tax revenues of the governmental funds, as defined by GAAP. However, the budgetary General Revenue Fund should not be confused with the general fund as presented in the accompanying GAAP-basis financial statements, as the two terms are not interchangeable. For example, the GAAP-basis general fund includes revenues deposited to the state Transportation Fund, federal grant proceeds, revolving fund revenues, fees and charges as well as other money used in the general operations of government which are not considered in the Board of Equalization's estimates of tax revenues.

During 2021, receipts for three of the five major taxes were more than revenues of the prior year. The taxes combined for \$5.9 billion, or 113.5 percent of total receipts for the same categories in the prior year. The total of major taxes collected increased \$705.1 million or 13.5 percent from that of the previous year. As compared to fiscal year 2020, collections from income taxes increased by \$596.4 million, or 22.3 percent; sales taxes increased by \$176.8 million or 8.8 percent; motor vehicle taxes decreased \$16.9 million, or 32.3 percent; and gross production taxes on gas and oil decreased by \$51.2 million, or 10.9 percent.

Oklahoma has established an enviable record in recent years for its revenue forecasting results. Since enactment of a constitutional amendment in 1985 establishing new revenue estimating procedures, collections have exceeded the estimate in 20 years and dipped below the estimate 16 years. The comparison of estimated revenues to actual collections for fiscal year 2021 is as follows:

Revenue Collections Compared to Itemized Estimate for Fiscal Year 2021 (expressed in millions)

	Itemized Estimate	Actual Collections	Over (Under) Estimate	Percentage Collected	
Individual and Corporate					
Income tax	\$ 2.938.8	\$ 3,268.8	\$ 330	111.2%	
Sales tax	2,164.0	2,196.7	33	101.5%	
Motor vehicle tax	26.0	35.5	10	136.5%	
Gross production tax	576.5	418.6	(158)	72.6%	
Subtotal Major Taxes	\$ 5,705.3	\$ 5,919.6	\$ 214	103.8%	
Other sources	1,020.4	1,088.1	68	106.6%	
Total	\$ 6,725.7	\$ 7,007.7	\$ 282	104.2%	

The 15-year comparative history of estimated to actual collections is shown in the following table:

Budgetary General Revenue Fund Comparisons (expressed in millions)

Fiscal Year	emized stimate	(Actual Collections	er (Under) Estimate	Percentage Collected
2007	5,708		5,966	258	104.5%
2008	5,845		5,981	136	102.3%
2009	5,981		5,544	(437)	92.7%
2010	5,415		4,622	(793)	85.4%
2011	4,889		5,138	249	105.1%
2012	5,236		5,564	328	106.3%
2013	5,601		5,604	3	100.1%
2014	5,889		5,627	(262)	95.6%
2015	5,857		5,727	(130)	97.8%
2016	5,746		5,205	(541)	90.6%
2017	5,220		5,044	(176)	96.6%
2018	5,473		5,854	381	107.0%
2019	6,505		6,860	355	105.5%
2020	6,989		6,273	(716)	89.8%
2021	6,726		7,008	282	104.2%
Fifteen-Year Average	\$ 5,805	\$	5,734	\$ (71)	98.8%

The status of three important fund balances affecting the new year's fiscal picture is explained as follows:

Cash-Flow Committed Fund – Each year, 10 percent of the General Revenue Fund's certified appropriation level is set aside to meet anticipated monthly cash flow needs for the new fiscal year. At the close of fiscal year 2021, the amount the state set aside was \$2.3 billion.

General Revenue Fund – In fiscal year 2021, there were amendments to the budget that netted an additional \$372.5 million. Carried-over amounts from prior years of \$146.3 million were added to the budget compared to a \$63.8 million carry-over in fiscal year 2020. Carry-over funds reflect the difference between the 95 percent appropriation limit and actual receipts up to 100 percent of the estimate. Funds required to replenish or increase the cash-flow committed fund also come from this source. An additional \$109.0 million was added to fund a portion of the ad valorem reimbursement to schools. The Oklahoma Department of Transportation received an additional \$20.0 million for the County Improvements for Roads and Bridges program. In order to improve security at the Governor's Mansion and provide funding for litigation related to the United States Supreme Court's McGirt decision, the Office of Management and Enterprise Services received an additional \$20.0 million. Oklahoma's Department of Commerce received an additional \$35.0 million to fund the Governor's "Quick Acting Closing Fund" and the incubation program for small businesses. To address a backlog of claims by existing injured workers, the Multiple Injury Trust Fund was appropriated an additional \$10.5 million.

Constitutional Reserve "Rainy Day" Fund - At the start of each fiscal year, collections that exceed the estimate for the preceding year are automatically deposited in the "Rainy Day" Fund until the total balance equals 15 percent of the prior year's certified collections for the General Revenue Fund. As a result of different triggers for making the funds available for use, any amounts deposited to the fund are split between unassigned and restricted fund balance. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, the restricted portion had a balance of \$278.0 million and the unassigned portion had a balance of \$92.7 million, giving the total Constitutional Reserve Fund a balance of \$370.7 million.

FOR THE FUTURE

As Oklahoma's economy continues to emerge from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, State government will focus on critical issues to ensure the health and safety of our citizens and to capitalize on potential for growth. Immediate goals will include continued efforts to grow and diversify the state's economy through growing new jobs and creating a more business friendly environment. The state will take steps to increase efficiencies; reduce the cost of recurring expenditures; create a more structurally balanced budget; build financial reserves; and improve the state credit rating.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Oklahoma for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR, whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The State of Oklahoma has received the Certificate of Achievement for each year since 1996. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

OMES is pleased to recognize and commend the efforts of the numerous individuals across the state that made this ACFR possible. Questions or requests for additional information related to this report can be directed to our office at 405-521-2141.

Respectfully submitted,

Amanda Rodriguez

State Chief Financial Officer

Lynne Bajema

State Comptroller

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Oklahoma

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Selected Oklahoma State Officials



LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

<u>Senate</u>

Greg Treat, President Pro Tempore

<u>House of Representatives</u> Charles McCall, Speaker of the House

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Governor J. Kevin Stitt

<u>Lieutenant Governor</u> Matt Pinnell

Secretary of State

* Brian Bingman

State Auditor and Inspector

Cindy Byrd

Attorney General

* John M. O'Connor

State Treasurer

Randy McDaniel

Superintendent of Public Instruction

Joy Hofmeister

Commissioner of Labor

Leslie Osborn

Commissioner of Insurance

Glen Mulready

Commissioners of the Corporation Commission

Dana Murphy, Chairman Bob Anthony, Vice Chairman

Todd Hiett

JUDICIAL BRANCH

* State Supreme Court Richard Darby, Chief Justice

* Court of Criminal Appeals Scott Rowland, Presiding Judge

CABINET DEPARTMENT SECRETARIES

Agriculture Education **Public Safety** Commerce & Energy & Environment Science & Innovation Workforce Development Health & Mental Health Tourism, Wildlife **Digital Transformation Human Services** & Heritage & Administration Licensing & Regulation **Transportation Economic Administration** State & Native American Veterans Affairs **Affairs** & Military

The cabinet secretaries are appointed by the governor with the approval of the Senate. Many of the secretaries are also heads of the executive branch agencies. State agencies are assigned to a cabinet department by the governor. The specific agency assignments to each cabinet are shown on the next page. Agency numbers are listed to the left of the agency name.

^{*} Appointed to position

State Agencies by Cabinet

305 440	Office of the Governor Office of the Lieutenant Governor	771 241 610	OU Health Sci. Ctr. Prof. Prac. Plan Redlands Community College Regional University System of Ok	588 630 675	Real Estate Commission Securities Commission Self-Insurance Guaranty Board
40	Agriculture Agriculture, Food and Forestry, Dept of	461 531 606	Rose State College University Center of Southern Ok	632 755	Speech Pathology & Audiology Bd. Used Motor Vehicle and Parts Comm.
39	Boll Weevil Eradication Org.	623	Seminole State College		Public Safety
645	Conservation Commission	660	Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	30	Alcohol Beverage Laws Enforcement
353 790	Horse Racing Commission Veterinary Medical Examiners Board	665 750	Southwestern Oklahoma State Univ. Tulsa Community College	772 49	Alcohol/Drug Influence, Bd. of Tests Attorney General *
1 50	vetermary medicar Examiners Board	758	University Center at Ponca City	131	Corrections, Department of
	Commerce & Workforce Dev.	120	University of Central Oklahoma	220	District Attorney's Council
160	Commerce, Department of	760	University of Oklahoma	309	Emergency Management, Dept. of
915	Capital Investment Board	761	University of Oklahoma Law School	47	Indigent Defense System
900	Development Finance Authority	765	University of Oklahoma - Tulsa	308	Investigation, Bureau of
922	Housing Finance Authority	150	Univ. of Science and Arts of Okla.	415	Law Enf. Educ. & Trng., Council on
370 391	Industrial Finance Authority Multiple Injury Trust Fund	41	Western Oklahoma State College	342 477	Medicolegal Investigations, Bd. of
346	Space Industry Development Auth.		Energy and Environment	306	Narcotics & Dang. Drugs, Bureau of Pardon and Parole Board
865	Workers' Compensation Commission	185	Corporation Commission *	585	Public Safety, Department of
	···	359	Energy Resources Board	310	State Fire Marshal, Office of
	Digital Transformation & Admin.	292	Dept. of Environmental Quality		
296	Ethics Commission	980	Grand River Dam Authority		Science and Innovation
678	Judicial Complaints, Council on	307	Interstate Oil Comp. Com.	628	Center f/t Adv. of Sci. & Technology
298	Merit Protection Commission	410	Land Office, Commissioners of the		State and Nation Associate Affairs
361 90	Native American Cultural/Ed. Auth. Office of Mgmt. & Enterprise Services	445 125	LPG Board Mines, Department of	270	State and Native American Affairs Election Board
90	Office of wight. & Effet prise Services	981	Municipal Power Authority	625	Secretary of State
	Economic Administration	835	Water Resources Board	020	Secretary of State
300	Auditor & Inspector *				Tourism, Wildlife and Heritage
105	Capital Improvement Authority		Health and Mental Health	55	Arts Council
290	Employment Security Commission	44	Anatomical Board	350	Historical Society
315	Firefighters Pension & Retirement	783	Community Hospitals Authority	204	J.M. Davis Memorial Commission
416	Law Enforcement Retirement	807	Health Care Authority	620	Qtz Mtn. Arts/Conf. Cntr/Nat. Pk.
435 557	Lottery Commission	340 452	Health, Department of Mental Health and Sub. Abuse Svc.	566 320	Tourism & Recreation, Dept. of Wildlife Conservation, Dept. of
515	Police Pension & Retirement System Public Employees' Retirement System	775	Oklahoma State Univ. Medical Auth.	320	whaline Conservation, Dept. of
695	Tax Commission	619	Physicians Manpower Trng. Comm		Transportation
				0.00	
715	Teachers Retirement System	92	Tobacco Settlement Endow. Trust Fund	060	Aeronautics Commission
715 740	Teachers Retirement System Treasurer *	92 825	University Hospitals Authority	978 345	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of
740	Treasurer * Education	825	University Hospitals Authority Human Services	978	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of
740 800	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education	825 127	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission	978 345	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military
740 800 605	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education	825 127 326	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of	978	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of
740 800 605 265	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of	825 127 326 830	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of	978 345	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military
740 800 605 265 266	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority	825 127 326 830 670	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center	978 345	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military
740 800 605 265	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of	825 127 326 830	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of	978 345	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military
740 800 605 265 266 275	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for	127 326 830 670 400	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of	978 345	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military
740 800 605 265 266 275 430 563 629	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics	127 326 830 670 400 805	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation	978 345 650	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of
740 800 605 265 266 275 430 563 629 618	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority	825 127 326 830 670 400 805	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board	978 345 650 * Age	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide
740 800 605 265 266 275 430 563 629	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board	127 326 830 670 400 805	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board	978 345 650 * Age	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of
740 800 605 265 266 275 430 563 629 618 803	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board Colleges and Universities:	127 326 830 670 400 805	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board Alcohol and Drug Coun., Bd. of Lic	978 345 650 * Age elector is ma assig	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide ed official or their controlling board ade up of elected officials. They are ned to a cabinet department for
740 800 605 265 266 275 430 563 629 618 803	Treasurer * Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board Colleges and Universities: Cameron University	127 326 830 670 400 805	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board Alcohol and Drug Coun., Bd. of Lic Banking Department	978 345 650 * Age elected is matassig purp	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide ed official or their controlling board ade up of elected officials. They are need to a cabinet department for oses of coordinating services and
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740 800 605 265 266 275 430 563 5629 618 803 100 108 1165 230 240 420 470	Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board Colleges and Universities: Cameron University Carl Albert State College East Central University Eastern Oklahoma State College Langston University Murray State College	22 20 448 65 148 145 170 190 215 635	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board Alcohol and Drug Coun., Bd. of Lic Banking Department Behavioral Health Lic., Board of Chiropractic Examiners Board Construction Industries Bd. Cosmetology and Barbering Board Dentistry, Board of Consumer Credit, Comm. for	978 345 650 * Age elected is matassig purp	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide ed official or their controlling board ade up of elected officials. They are need to a cabinet department for oses of coordinating services and
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740 800 605 265 266 275 266 618 803 100 108 165 230 420 470 480 485 530 10 761 633 770 773	Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board Colleges and Universities: Cameron University Carl Albert State College Connors State College East Central University Eastern Oklahoma State College Langston University Murray State College Northeastern Okla. A & M College Northeastern Okla. A & M College Northern Oklahoma College Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ. Oklahoma Panhandle State Univ. Oklahoma State University Oklahoma State University Law Center Oklahoma City Community College Okla. University Health Science Ctr. OSU -College of Osteopathic Medicine	22 20 448 65 148 145 170 190 215 635 285 385 405 45 622 509 450 475 510 520	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board Alcohol and Drug Coun., Bd. of Lic Banking Department Behavioral Health Lic., Board of Chiropractic Examiners Board Construction Industries Bd. Cosmetology and Barbering Board Dentistry, Board of Consumer Credit, Comm. for Funeral Board Insurance Department * Labor, Department of Licensed Architects, Board of Gov. Licensed Social Workers, Board of Long-Term Care Admin., Bd. of Exam. Medical Licensure & Supv., Bd. of Motor Vehicle Commission Nursing Board Optometry Board	978 345 650 * Age elected is matassig purp	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide ed official or their controlling board ade up of elected officials. They are need to a cabinet department for oses of coordinating services and
740 800 605 2265 2266 275 618 803 100 108 165 230 240 470 480 485 490 107 61 633 773 14	Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board Colleges and Universities: Cameron University Carl Albert State College East Central University Eastern Oklahoma State College Langston University Murray State College Northeastern Okla. A & M College Northeastern State University Northern Oklahoma College Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ. Oklahoma Panhandle State Univ. Oklahoma State University Oklahoma City Community College Okla. University Law Center Okla. University Health Science Ctr. OSU -College of Osteopathic Medicine OSU -College of Veterinary Medicine	127 326 830 670 400 805 22 20 448 65 148 145 170 190 215 635 285 385 405 45 622 509 450 475 510 520 525	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board Alcohol and Drug Coun., Bd. of Lic Banking Department Behavioral Health Lic., Board of Chiropractic Examiners Board Construction Industries Bd. Cosmetology and Barbering Board Dentistry, Board of Consumer Credit, Comm. for Funeral Board Insurance Department * Labor, Department of Licensed Architects, Board of Gov. Licensed Social Workers, Board of Long-Term Care Admin., Bd. of Exam. Medical Licensure & Supv., Bd. of Motor Vehicle Commission Nursing Board Optometry Board Osteopathic Examiners Board	978 345 650 * Age elected is matassig purp	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide ed official or their controlling board ade up of elected officials. They are need to a cabinet department for oses of coordinating services and
740 800 605 265 266 275 618 803 100 108 165 230 240 480 485 490 505 10 761 633 770 773 14 11	Education Career & Technology Education Regents for Higher Education Education, Department of Educational Television Authority Educ. Qual. & Account., Comm. for Library Department Private Vocational School, Board of School of Science & Mathematics Student Loan Authority Virtual Charter School Board Colleges and Universities: Cameron University Carl Albert State College East Central University Eastern Oklahoma State College Langston University Murray State College Northeastern Okla. A & M College Northeastern Oklahoma College Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ. Oklahoma Panhandle State Univ. Oklahoma State University Oklahoma University Law Center Oklahoma City Community College Okla. University Health Science Ctr. OSU -College of Osteopathic Medicine OSU -Experiment Station	127 326 830 670 400 805 22 20 448 65 148 145 170 190 215 635 285 385 405 45 622 509 450 475 510 520 525 343	University Hospitals Authority Human Services Children & Youth, Commission Disability Concerns, Office of Human Services, Department of J.D. McCarty Center Juvenile Affairs, Office of Rehabilitation Services Licensing and Regulation Abstractor's Board Accountancy Board Alcohol and Drug Coun., Bd. of Lic Banking Department Behavioral Health Lic., Board of Chiropractic Examiners Board Construction Industries Bd. Cosmetology and Barbering Board Dentistry, Board of Consumer Credit, Comm. for Funeral Board Insurance Department * Labor, Department of Licensed Architects, Board of Gov. Licensed Social Workers, Board of Long-Term Care Admin., Bd. of Exam. Medical Licensure & Supv., Bd. of Motor Vehicle Commission Nursing Board Optometry Board Osteopathic Examiners Board Perfusionists, State Bd. of Examiners	978 345 650 * Age elected is matassig purp	Turnpike Authority Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs & Military Veterans Affairs, Department of ency is headed by a statewide ed official or their controlling board ade up of elected officials. They are need to a cabinet department for oses of coordinating services and
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Leading the procession on Grand Opening Day, representatives of the Ton-Kon-Gah, Kiowa Black Leggings Warrior Society gather under the Touch to Above sculpture at the east edge of the FAM courtyard.







Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE GOVERNOR AND MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State of Oklahoma's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit:

- the financial statements of the Water Resources Board, the Employees Group Insurance Division of the
 Office of Management and Enterprise Services, and the Lottery Commission, which represent eighty-one
 percent of the assets, sixty-seven percent of the net position, and thirty-two percent of the revenues of the
 proprietary funds;
- the financial statements of the Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority, Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency, Grand River Dam Authority, Oklahoma Turnpike Authority, University of Oklahoma, University of Oklahoma Foundation, Oklahoma State University, Oklahoma State University Foundation, the Regents for Higher Education, and University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center, which in the aggregate represent eighty-two percent of the assets, eighty-six percent of the net position, and seventy-seven percent of the revenues for the aggregate discretely presented component units;
- the financial statements of the Commissioners of the Land Office, the Department of Wildlife Lifetime Licenses, and the Tobacco Settlement Endowment permanent funds, which in the aggregate represent onehundred percent of the assets, one-hundred percent of the fund balance, and one-hundred percent of the revenues of the permanent funds;
- the financial statements of the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, which in the aggregate represent eighty-eight percent of the assets, eighty-eight percent of the net position, and seventy-three percent of the additions of the aggregate remaining fund information;
- the financial statements of the Department of Commerce which in the aggregate represent one percent of the assets, one percent of the fund balance, and one percent of the revenues of the general fund.



Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the above-mentioned entities, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the

Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1, the Multiple Injury Trust Fund (MITF) had a net deficit or negative net position of approximately \$467,340,000 at December 31, 2020, primarily due to court awards exceeding the apportionment of special tax revenue collected.

As discussed in Note 1, effective July 2020, the State of Oklahoma adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, and GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statement numbers 14 and 61. The State of Oklahoma also early adopted GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans and GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund, the Notes to Required Supplementary Information-Budgetary Reporting, the Pension Data Required by GASB 68, and the OPEB Data required by GASB 75, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

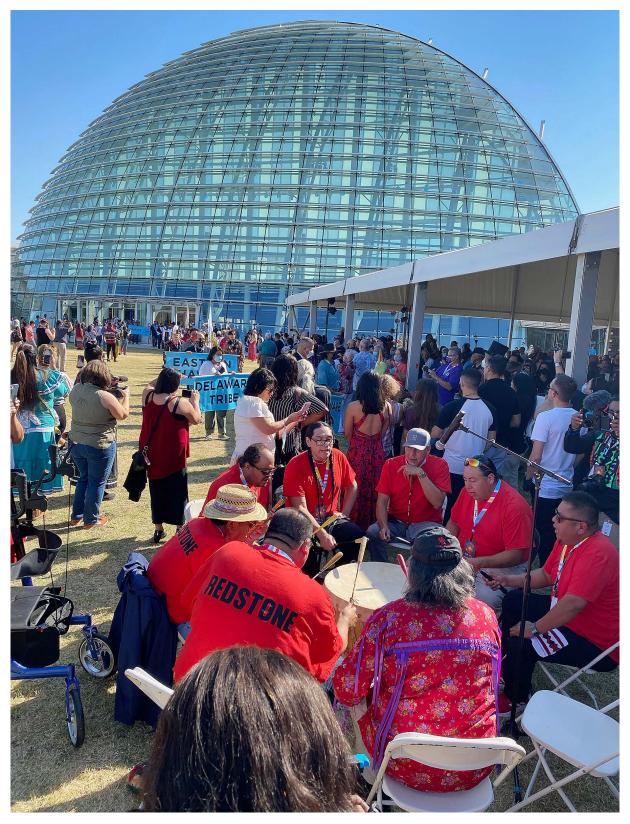
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will also issue our report dated January 25, 2022, on our consideration of the State of Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the State of Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

January 25, 2022

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The Redstone Drum Group sings a newly created song for FAM, composed by James Anquoe Sr., during the Grand Opening procession.





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of the State of Oklahoma provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of the State of Oklahoma's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for readers of the state's financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the State of Oklahoma is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the additional information that is furnished in the Letter of Transmittal, which can be found preceding this narrative, and with the state's financial statements which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Government-Wide Highlights:

Net Position - The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the state exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, by \$24.7 billion (presented as "net position"). Of this amount, \$5.9 billion was reported as "unrestricted net position." Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the state's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Position - The state's total net position increased by \$1.8 billion (an 8.0% increase) in fiscal year 2021 after a 3.2% increase during the previous fiscal year. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$2.4 billion (a 11.7% increase), while net position of the business-type activities showed a decrease of \$583.0 million after an increase of \$120.0 million in the prior fiscal year.

Fund Highlights:

Governmental Funds - Fund Balances - As of the close of fiscal year 2021, the state's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$11.6 billion, an increase of \$2.3 billion in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$4.1 billion represents nonspendable fund balance, with \$88.9 million being in the General Fund. Amounts that can be spent include \$1.1 billion of restricted fund balance, \$6.2 billion of committed fund balance, \$78.5 million of assigned fund balance, and \$92.7 million of unassigned fund balance. The portion of fund balance which is available is roughly 33.5% of the total governmental expenditures for the year.

Long-term Debt:

The state's total long-term debt obligations showed a net increase of \$150.7 million (10.6%) in governmental type activities and a net increase of \$297.9 million (33.0%) in business type activities during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the State of Oklahoma's Basic Financial Statements. The state's basic financial statements include three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains additional Required Supplementary Information (budgetary, pension and other postemployment benefit schedules) and Other Supplementary Information (Combining Financial Statements) in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. These components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the state – the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements and Combining Major Component Unit Financial Statements. These financial statements also include the Notes to the Financial Statements that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detail.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements provide a broad view of the state's operations in a manner like a private-sector business. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the state's financial position, which assists in assessing the state's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These are prepared using the flow of

economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This means they follow methods that are like those used by most businesses. They consider all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The Government-Wide Financial Statements include two statements:

The Statement of Net Position presents all the government's assets and liabilities in addition to deferred inflows and outflows, with the difference between the four reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the state's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the state is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the state.

Both above financial statements have separate sections for three different types of state programs or activities. These three types of activities are:

Governmental Activities – The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal grants). Most services normally associated with state government fall into this category, including education (support for both common public schools and higher education), government administration, health services, legal and judiciary services, museums, natural resources, public safety and defense, regulatory services, social services, and transportation.

Business-Type Activities – These functions normally are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services. These business-type activities of the state include the operations of the Oklahoma Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund (by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission), the state's program for making loans to local government units for the acquisition, development, and utilization of storage and control facilities for water and sewage systems (by the Oklahoma Water Resources Board), administering the insurance benefits for state employees and education workers (by the Employees Group Insurance Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services), and the Oklahoma Lottery Commission. These four programs operate with minimal assistance from the governmental activities of the state.

Discretely Presented Component Units – These are operations that have certain independent qualities but for which the state has financial accountability. For the most part, these entities operate like private-sector businesses and the business-type activities described above. The state's discretely presented component units are presented in two categories, major and nonmajor. This separation is determined by the relative size of the entities' assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in relation to the total of all component units.

The state's six discretely presented major component units are:

Oklahoma Student Loan Authority Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency Oklahoma Turnpike Authority Grand River Dam Authority Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority Higher Education Component Unit

The state's seven other (or nonmajor) component units are combined into a single column for reporting in the Fund Financial Statements. These nonmajor component units are:

Oklahoma Educational Television Authority
Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority
Multiple Injury Trust Fund
University Hospitals Authority
Oklahoma Development Finance Authority
Oklahoma Capital Investment Board
Oklahoma State University Medical Authority

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. Addresses and other additional information about the state's component units are presented in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements and Major Component Unit Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The state, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Fund Financial Statements focus on individual parts of the state government, reporting the state's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Financial Statements. All the funds of the state can be divided into three categories. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently. The three categories of funds are:

Governmental Funds Financial Statements – Most of the basic services provided by the state are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are essentially used to account for the same functions as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This is known as using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus approach and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the state's finances that assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the state.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances both provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each Governmental Fund Financial Statement.

The state has four governmental funds. All four governmental funds are considered major funds for financial reporting purposes. These four major funds are – the General Fund, the Commissioners of the Land Office Permanent Fund, the Department of Wildlife Conservation Permanent Fund, and the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Permanent Fund. Each major fund is presented in a separate column in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The basic Governmental Funds Financial Statements can be found immediately following the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements – These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. Like the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Proprietary Fund Financial Statements use the accrual basis of accounting. There is no reconciliation needed between the Government-Wide Financial Statements for business-type activities and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements.

The state has four enterprise funds, with all four being considered major proprietary funds for presentation purposes. As previously mentioned, they are the operations of the Oklahoma Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund (by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission), the state's program for making loans to local government units for the acquisition, development, and utilization of storage and control facilities for water and sewage systems (by the Oklahoma Water Resources Board), the administration of insurance benefits for state employees by the Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID) of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, and the Oklahoma Lottery Commission.

The basic Proprietary Funds Financial Statements can be found immediately following the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Unit Financial Statements – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the state government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-Wide Financial Statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the state's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

The state's fiduciary funds are the Pension Trust Funds, seven separate retirement plans for employees, and the agency funds, which account for the assets held for distribution by the state as an agent for other governmental units, other organizations or individuals. Individual fund detail can be found in the Combining Financial Statements described below.

The basic Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units' Financial Statements can be found immediately following the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements.

Component Unit Financial Statements – As mentioned above, these are operations for which the state has financial accountability, but they have certain independent qualities as well, and they operate similar to private-sector businesses. The Government-Wide Financial Statements present information for the component units in a single column of the Statement of Net Position. Also, some information on the Statement of Activities is aggregated for component units. The Combining Statement of Net Position and Combining Statement of Activities provide detail for each major component unit and the nonmajor component units in aggregate. Individual nonmajor component unit detail can be found in the Combining Financial Statements described below.

The basic Combining Financial Statements for major component units can be found immediately following the Fiduciary Fund and Similar Component Unit's Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found immediately following Component Unit Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information. This section includes the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis), which includes a schedule of reconciliation between the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balance for the General Fund as presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. In addition, schedules required by GASB Statement number 68 (pension) and GASB Statement number 75 (other postemployment benefits) are presented.

Budgetary Detail

The Schedule of Expenditures and Intra-Agency Transfers – Detail Budget to Actual Comparison is presented in this section. It provides detail comparisons of expenditures and intra-agency transfers at the legal level of control. Comparisons can be made between the original budget, final budget, and actual.

Pension Detail

With the implementation of GASB Statement number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement number 27, certain information related to Net Pension Liability and funding of pension plans is reported in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Other Postemployment Benefits Detail

With the implementation of GASB Statement number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), certain information related to Net OPEB Liability and funding of OPEB plans is reported in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Combining Financial Statements

The Combining Financial Statements referred to earlier in connection with fiduciary funds and nonmajor component units are presented following the Required Supplementary Information. The total of the columns of these Combining Financial Statements carry to the applicable fund financial statement.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The state's combined net position (government and business-type activities) totaled \$24.7 billion at the end of 2021 compared to \$22.9 billion at the end of the previous year.

The largest portion of the state's net position (49.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (road, bridges, and other immovable assets), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The state uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequentially, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the state's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

State of Oklahoma's Net Position-Primary Government

(expressed in thousands) Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 **Current Assets** \$ 10,498,482 \$ 9,235,834 1,528,596 \$ 2,218,961 12,027,078 11,454,795 Capital Assets 13,239,316 12,768,352 709 1,118 13,240,025 12,769,470 1,475,967 4,267,501 6,733,322 Other Assets 5,030,129 1,703,193 5,743,468 \$ \$ Total Assets 28,767,927 \$ 3,232,498 \$ 3,696,046 32,000,425 29,967,733 26,271,687 \$ \$ 747 \$ \$ **Deferred Outflows** 713,617 325,269 2,468 716,085 326,016 \$ \$ Noncurrent Liabilities \$ 2,773,530 1,949,146 \$ 1,148,779 \$ 843,986 3,922,309 \$ 2,793,132 Other Liabilities 3,669,766 540,179 4,028,455 4,484,553 3,944,374 358,689 Total Liabilities 5,893,520 1,507,468 1,384,165 \$ 7,950,764 7,277,685 \$ 6,443,296 **Deferred Inflows** 45,903 113,692 21,369 23,452 \$ 67,272 \$ 137,144 Net Investment in Capital Assets 12,117,533 11,788,532 709 1,118 12,118,242 11,789,650 Restricted 5,780,723 4,595,067 930,162 1,618,334 6,710,885 6,213,401 Unrestricted 5,094,089 4,206,145 775,258 669,724 5,869,347 4,875,869 24,698,474 2,289,176 22,878,920 **Total Net Position** 22,992,345 20,589,744 \$ 1,706,129

A portion of the state's net position (27.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the state's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the state can report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the whole government, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Changes in Net Position

The state's governmental net position increased by \$1.8 billion, or 8.0%. Approximately 44.3% of the state's total revenue came from taxes, while 47.4% resulted from grants and contributions including federal aid. Charges for various goods, services and investments provided 8.3% of the total revenues. The state's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for health services, general education, government administration and social services. In 2021, governmental activity expenses exceeded program revenues, resulting in the use of \$8.6 billion in general revenues, mostly taxes. The business-type activities' expenses exceeded program revenues for 2021 by \$504.8 million.

State of Oklahoma's Changes in Net Position-Primary Government

(expressed in thousands) **Governmental Activities** Total **Business-Type Activities** 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 **Revenues:** Program Revenues: Charges for Services \$1,964,035 \$1,845,152 \$2.038.075 \$1,730,291 \$ 4.002.110 \$3,575,443 Operating Grants and Contributions 11,545,489 7,806,615 2,857,814 2,102,239 14,403,303 9,908,854 General Revenues: Income Taxes-Individual 3,587,101 3,408,615 3,587,101 3,408,615 Income Taxes-Corporate 461,357 224,123 461,357 224,123 3,179,363 2,957,376 Sales Taxes 2,957,376 3,179,363 **Gross Production Taxes** 865,151 626,910 865,151 626,910 Motor Vehicle Taxes 885,724 970,071 885,724 970,071 504,042 492,196 504,042 492,196 Fuel Taxes 1,317,409 1,177,588 1,317,409 1,177,588 Other Taxes **Investment Earnings** 53,838 114,855 53,838 114,855 **Total Revenues** \$24,363,509 \$19,623,501 \$4,895,889 \$3,832,530 \$ 29,259,398 \$23,456,031 Expenses: \$4,469,781 \$4,368,484 \$ 4,469,781 \$4,368,484 **Education-General** Education-Payments to Higher Education 788,514 811,713 788,514 811,713 Government Administration 3,346,530 2,251,177 3,346,530 2.251.177 6,815,817 6,267,479 Health Services 6,815,817 6,267,479 281.942 281.942 Legal and Judiciary 279.033 279,033 14,492 14.492 Museums 14,757 14,757 534.998 327.901 534.998 327,901 Natural Resources Public Safety and Defense 993.098 952,793 993.098 952,793 Regulatory Services 290.286 147.529 290.286 147.529 2,453,709 2,453,709 Social Services 3,275,560 3,275,560 1,231,624 1,209,120 1,209,120 Transportation 1,231,624 60,531 61,262 61,262 Interest on Long-Term Debt 60,531 Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund 4,048,298 2,323,744 4,048,298 2,323,744 State Loan Program to Local Governments 40,730 40,730 46,636 46,636 **Group Insurance Program** 1,043,144 1,073,135 1,043,144 1,073,135 Lottery Commission 268,492 204,300 268,492 204,300 **Total Expenses** \$22,100,529 \$19,147,601 \$5,400,664 \$3,647,815 \$ 27,501,193 \$22,795,416 Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Before Transfers \$2,262,980 \$ 475,900 \$ (504,775) \$ 184,715 \$ 1,758,205 \$ 660,615 and Contribution to Permanent Funds Contribution to Permanent Funds 61,349 54,564 61,349 54,564 78,272 64,687 (78,272)(64,687)Change in Net Position \$ (583,047) \$120,028 \$ 1,819,554 \$ 715,179 \$2,402,601 \$ 595,151 20,591,535 22,880,711 22,163,741 Net Position, Beginning of Year 19,994,593 2,289,176 2,169,148 Adjustments to Beginning Net Position (1,791)(1,791)

\$22,992,345

\$20,589,744

\$1,706,129

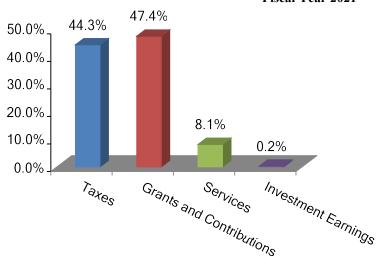
\$2,289,176

\$ 24,698,474

\$22,878,920

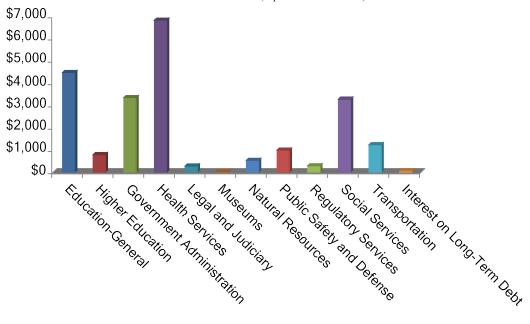
Net Position, End of Year

Revenues – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2021



Expenses – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2021

(expressed in thousands)



Governmental Activities

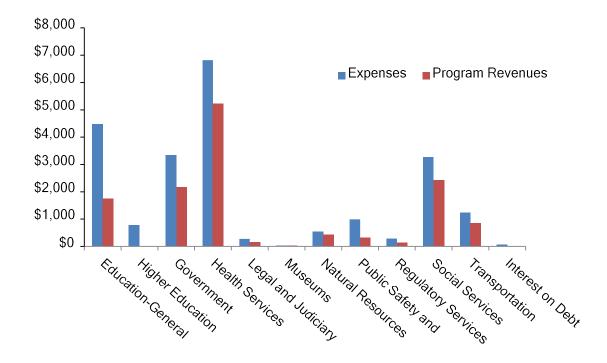
Governmental activities increased the state's net position by \$2.4 billion. Tax revenues were up in four of the five major types. Total revenues for governmental activities were up by \$4.7 billion, or 24.2%, in 2021. The state showed a \$178.5 million increase in individual income taxes, a \$222.0 million increase in sales taxes, a \$84.3 million decrease in motor vehicle taxes, a \$237.2 million increase in corporate income taxes, and a \$238.2 million increase in gross production taxes during 2021. Additionally, there was a \$3.7 billion increase in federal grant revenue.

A comparison of the cost of services by function for the state's governmental activities is shown below, along with the revenues used to cover the net expenses of the governmental activities (expressed in thousands):

	Govern	mental Activities
Expenses Net of Program Revenues:		
Education-General	\$	(2,717,218)
Education-Payment to Higher Education		(788,514)
Government Administration		(1,177,437)
Health Services		(1,581,491)
Legal and Judiciary		(127,819)
Museums		(12,218)
Natural Resources		(96,187)
Public Safety and Defense		(671,117)
Regulatory Services		(140,467)
Social Services		(845,350)
Transportation		(372,656)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(60,531)
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$	(8,591,005)
General Revenues:		
Taxes	\$	10,800,147
Investment Earnings		53,838
Contributions to Permanent Funds		61,349
Transfers		78,272
Total General Revenues	\$	10,993,606
Increase in Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	2,402,601

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2021

(expressed in thousands)



Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities decreased the state's net position by \$583.0 million, a 25.5% decrease, to \$1.7 billion. This decrease follows an increase of 5.5% in the prior year. The decrease primarily resulted from an increase in benefit payments, and claims submitted to the Oklahoma Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund (OUITF). The OUITF net position decreased by \$697.5 million, the Oklahoma Water Resources Board's (OWRB) net position increased by \$25.6 million, EGID of OMES increased by \$90.1 million, and the Oklahoma Lottery Commission had a decrease in net position of \$1.2 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the state uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the state's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the state's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the state's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11.6 billion, an increase of \$2.3 billion from the prior year. Of this total amount, \$4.1 billion (35.1%), constitutes nonspendable fund balance, which includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Additionally, \$1.1 billion (9.8%) of fund balance is classified as restricted, meaning that the funds can only be used for specific purposes defined by enabling legislation or externally imposed limitations. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints of the government's highest level of decision-making authority are reported as committed fund balance. Committed fund balance represents \$6.2 billion (53.6%) of total fund balance. Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted, nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Assigned fund balance represents \$78.5 million (0.7%) of total fund balance. The remaining funds that are not classified in any of the other four categories represent unassigned fund balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the state has \$92.7 million classified as unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the state. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance increased \$1.5 billion to \$6.9 billion. This 27.0% increase is primarily related to improved tax collections and increases in operating grant revenue.

As a measure of the Governmental Funds' liquidity, it may be useful to compare the portion of fund balance not classified as nonspendable (spendable) and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Spendable fund balance represents 33.5% of total Governmental Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 51.6% of that same amount.

The Commissioners of the Land Office manages land and cash set aside by the federal government for the use and benefit of public education in Oklahoma to generate maximum earnings for trust beneficiaries. The trust beneficiaries are common education and thirteen Oklahoma colleges and universities. This year total program revenues were \$588.9 million compared to \$17.2 million for the prior year. The change was primarily due to a net increase in fair value of investments. Distributions to beneficiaries totaled \$118.3 million for fiscal year 2021 with \$30.2 million disbursed to universities and colleges and \$86.1 million disbursed to public schools, and \$2.0 million disbursed for public buildings. This was a decrease of \$4.6 million from the apportionments of fiscal year 2020.

The Department of Wildlife's Lifetime Licenses' fund balance increased by 3.9% to \$96.5 million. This increase occurred due to collections for licenses.

The Tobacco Settlement Endowment Permanent Fund holds certain monies that are received in settlement of claims by the state against tobacco manufacturers. Earnings from these monies are utilized for research, education, prevention and treatment of tobacco related diseases and certain other health programs. This fund reported \$356.9 million net increase in fund balance with \$55.7 million coming from the settlement payment by tobacco manufacturers for 2021. The prior year's payment was about \$49.7 million. The state now has \$1.7 billion in this permanent fund.

Proprietary Funds

The state's Proprietary Fund Financial Statements provide the same type of information found in the Government-Wide Financial Statements for business-type activities. This information is presented on the same basis of accounting but provides more detail.

As discussed in the business-type activities section above, the state's net position decreased by \$583.0 million as a result of operations in the proprietary funds. This resulted from a \$697.5 million decrease in net position by OUITF, an increase in net position of \$25.6 million by OWRB's program for making loans to local government units for drinking and wastewater facilities, an increase of \$90.1 million by EGID for insurance benefit administration, and a decrease in net position of \$1.2 million by the Oklahoma Lottery Commission.

OUITF decreased in net position primarily as a result of an increase in benefit payments and claims that arose from the COVID-19 pandemic.

OWRB increased net position by \$25.6 million which was more than the \$24.0 million increase in the prior year. This was primarily due to increase in federal, interest and investment revenue.

EGID increased net position by \$90.1 million, which was more than the \$55.0 million increase during the prior year. The largest change resulted from a decrease of \$39.9 in benefit payments due to favorable claims experience.

Oklahoma Lottery Department decreased net position by \$1.2 million. The decrease was primarily attributable to the unclaimed prizes collected for fiscal year 2021 being less than the amount used for prize enhancements and payments to Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The differences between the original budget and the final amended budget amounted to \$372.5 million with \$146.3 million coming from budget carried over from prior years. To reimburse school districts for ad valorem tax shortfalls related to state property, the Department of Education was transferred \$109.0 million. The Department of Transportation was transferred \$20.0 million to provide additional funding to the County Improvements for Roads and Bridges Fund. To improve security at the Governor's Mansion and provide funding for litigation related to the United States Supreme Court's McGirt decision, the Office of Management and Enterprise Services received an additional \$20.0 million. Oklahoma's Department of Commerce received an additional \$35.0 million in funding for the Governor's "Quick Acting Closing Fund" and the incubation program for small businesses. To address a backlog of claims by existing injured workers, the Multiple Injury Trust Fund was appropriated an additional \$10.5 million.

The difference between the final budget and the actual collections amounted to \$463.0 million less than the budget. This variance was caused by timing differences between assignment and disbursement of budget amendments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The state's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$27.0 billion, less accumulated depreciation of \$13.8 billion, leaving a net book value of \$13.2 billion. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the state, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items.

The total increase in the state's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was about 3.7% in terms of net book value. Actual expenditures to purchase or construct assets that are capitalized were \$1.1 billion for the year, a \$140.3 million (14.1%) increase from the prior year. Most of this amount was used to construct or reconstruct roads and bridges. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$621.4 million. Additional information on the state's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

Debt Administration

The authority of the state to incur debt is described in Article X, Section 25, of the Oklahoma Constitution. In 1987, the state created the Council of Bond Oversight. The Council meets to review all proposed debt issuances. The Council must approve each financing plan before obligations are issued. The legislation that created the Council of Bond Oversight also created the position of State Bond Advisor, who advises the Council and must approve the pricing and fees associated with any debt issuance.

The State of Oklahoma's total debt for the general fund increased by \$150.7 million, or 10.6%, during the current fiscal year. Business-type activities' debt increased by \$297.9 million or 33.0%.

Additional information on the state's long-term debt obligations can be found in Notes 9, 10, and 11 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Oklahoma unemployment rate was consistently lower than that for the nation between 1997 and 2020. The national unemployment rate as of October 2021 was 4.6% while Oklahoma's was at 2.7% for the same time period.

Inflationary trends in the region continue to compare favorably to national indices.

These factors are considered by legislative leaders and management in preparing the state's budget for future years. (See below.)

Budget and Revenue Collections

The State Constitution requires adoption of a balanced budget. The revenue certification provided by the State Board of Equalization is the basis for development of the state's General Revenue Fund (GRF) budget. The GRF is a budgetary cash account included in the state's General Fund.

If new laws or changes in existing laws are passed that affect revenues, the State Board of Equalization meets to certify the effects of these changes on the official estimate. Appropriations in any fiscal year may not exceed 95.0% of the official revenue estimate (plus any cash funds on-hand and available for appropriation).

If collections to a certified cash account are insufficient to cover the appropriations from that account, the Constitution requires that appropriations be reduced proportionately to all agencies receiving an appropriation from that source. OMES has the statutory duty to monitor revenue collections and, if warranted, to make reductions in appropriations to prevent deficit spending.

The Legislature may, in regular or special session, make selective reductions in spending or consider revenue increases.

Fiscal Year 2022

General revenue collections have outpaced estimates over the first four months of the fiscal year. At the end of October 2021, fiscal year 2022 collections were \$291.4 million above the estimate, and \$70.3 million above prior year collections for the same period.

"Our state's economy and workforce are again proving to be resilient and strong," said state Chief Operating Officer and Executive Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services Steven Harpe. "Our oil and gas markets continue to showcase growth and sales tax records indicate that consumers are investing in Oklahoma's local economies."

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State of Oklahoma's finances for all of Oklahoma's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the state's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: State of Oklahoma, Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 or servicedesk@omes.ok.gov.

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Scenes of people recording their time at the First Americans Museum with cellphones is a common occurrence.

Top and left: Visitors and participants at the grand opening. Above: Dignitaries during Indigenous Peoples Day. Below: Visitors pose with Grandma Turtle (Choctaw) who represents the future FAMily Discovery Center.











Members of the Oklahoma Fancy Dancers perform at the First Americans Museum grand opening.

Above: Kevin Connywerdy, Comanche\Kiowa, leads participants from the audience in a snake dance.

Left: Boye Ladd Jr., right, HoChunk Nation, and Thaumaroi Connywerdy, Comanche\Kiowa, dance on the FAM festival plaza.





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State of Oklahoma Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

(expressed in thousands)

	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type			Component		
		Activities	1	Activities		Total		Units	
Assets									
Current Assets									
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	8,017,390	\$	837,296	\$	8,854,686	\$	2,290,269	
Investments		81,035		294,983		376,018		1,560,090	
Securities Lending Investments		375,077		-		375,077		-	
Accounts Receivable		119,129		129,136		248,265		770,847	
Interest and Investment Revenue Receivable		25,186		14,179		39,365		16,330	
Federal Grants Receivable		857,920		1,814		859,734		23,364	
Taxes Receivable		894,189		128,793		1,022,982		-	
Leases Receivable		5,189		-		5,189		-	
Leases Receivable - Component Units		26,275		-		26,275		-	
Notes Receivable		-		89,085		89,085		34,732	
Other Receivables		145		20		165		29,201	
Internal Balances		2		(2)		-		-	
Receivable from External Parties		48		-		48		1	
Due from Component Units		1,703		34		1,737		2,316	
Due from Primary Government		-		-		-		129,240	
Inventory		87,089		_		87,089		89,937	
Prepaid Items		1,974		-		1,974		25,735	
Other Current Assets		6,132		33,258		39,390		44,993	
Total Current Assets	\$	10,498,483	\$	1,528,596	\$	12,027,079	\$	5,017,055	
Noncurrent Assets		<u>.</u>							
Cash/Cash Equivalents, Restricted	\$	69,482	\$	22,793	\$	92,275	\$	704,211	
Short Term Investments, Restricted	Ψ	4,529,742	Ψ	22,775	Ψ	4,529,742	Ψ	3,550,966	
Long Term Investments		1,525,712		3,706		3,706		1,893,083	
Long Term Investments, Restricted		_		45,076		45,076		-	
Leases Receivable		15,108		-		15,108		_	
Leases Receivables - Component Units		281,904		_		281,904		4,000	
Long Term Notes Receivable, Net		201,704		1,626,643		1,626,643		167,888	
Long Term Notes Receivable, Restricted				1,020,043		1,020,043		2,690	
Net Pension Asset		17,357				17,357		5	
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Asset		35,180		148		35,328		6,732	
Long Term Due from Comp Units		53,777		140		53,777		0,752	
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net		10,960,033		709		10,960,742		8,229,966	
Capital Assets - Land		1,988,308		, 0,		1,988,308		566,605	
Capital Assets - Construction in Progress		290,975		_		290,975		1,321,333	
Other Noncurrent Assets		2,0,,7,5		4,827		4,827		278,163	
Other Noncurrent Assets - Restricted		27,579		1,027		27,579		36	
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	18,269,445	\$	1,703,902	\$	19,973,347	\$	16,725,678	
Total Assets	\$	28,767,928	\$	3,232,498	\$	32,000,426	\$	21,742,733	
Defound Outflows	===		_		=		_		
Deferred Outflows	Φ.	666.156	•	2.246	6	((0.502	ø	722 525	
Deferred Outflows from Pensions	\$	666,156	\$	2,346	\$	668,502	\$	733,525	
Deferred Outflows from OPEB		47,461		122		47,583		86,327 24,456	
Lease Restructuring		-		-		-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Advance Refunding of Bonds Defeasance of Bonds		-		-		-		125,460	
		-		-		-		546	
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Derivatives		-		-		-		1,388	
Deferred Outflows from Asset Retirement Obligations Total Deferred Outflows	\$	713,617	\$	2,468	\$	716,085	\$	971,984	
Total Detelled Outliows	Φ	/13,01/	φ	2,400	Φ	/10,063	Φ	7/1,704	

	G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total	Component Units		
Liabilities	_	recevities		tenvines		Total		Omts	
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,493,484	\$	118,607	\$	1,612,091	\$	522,827	
Unearned Revenue		369,182		1,794		370,976		202,282	
Payable Under Securities Lending Agreements		375,077		-		375,077		-	
Claims and Judgements		19,038		-		19,038		53,806	
Interest Payable		31,945		137,568		169,513		69,908	
Compensated Absences		85,663		281		85,944		83,691	
Tax Refunds Payable		571,616		-		571,616		-	
Due to Others		402,292		-		402,292		-	
Revenue Bonds, net		107,339		65,590		172,929		145,256	
Payable to External Parties		81,754		1,589		83,343		732	
Due to Component Units		129,197		-		129,197		2,414	
Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		1,737	
Capital Leases		-		-		-		35,185	
Capital Leases - Primary Government		-		-		-		26,275	
Notes Payable		3,180		-		3,180		9,172	
Other Current Liabilities		-		33,260		33,260		580,741	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	3,669,767	\$	358,689	\$	4,028,456	\$	1,734,026	
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Claims and Judgements	\$	75,974	\$	-	\$	75,974	\$	426,961	
Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		53,777	
Capital Leases		-		-		-		546,404	
Capital Leases-Primary Government		-		-		-		281,905	
Compensated Absences		99,292		786		100,078		61,577	
Net Pension Liability		987,355		3,675		991,030		2,196,203	
Notes Payable		53,150		-		53,150		114,431	
General Obligation Bonds		-		-		-		30,000	
Revenue Bonds (including Premiums)		1,408,603		1,136,290		2,544,893		5,480,942	
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		149,156		485		149,641		376,669	
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		-		7,543		7,543		80,114	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	2,773,530	\$	1,148,779	\$	3,922,309	\$	9,648,983	
Total Liabilities	\$	6,443,297	\$	1,507,468	\$	7,950,765	\$	11,383,009	
Deferred Inflows					_				
Restructured Debt	\$	_	\$	21,173	\$	21,173	\$	8,246	
Service Concession Arrangements	•	_		-	•	-	•	7,790	
Accumulated Increase in Fair Value		_		_		_		114	
Derivative Instruments		_		_		_		149	
Deferred Inflows from Pensions		13,221		20		13,241		275,076	
Deferred Inflows from OPEB		32,682		176		32,858		72,757	
Deferred Regulation Inflows		-		-		-		125,933	
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	45,903	\$	21,369	\$	67,272	\$	490,065	
	Ė		_	,,,,,,,	=		$\dot{=}$		
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	12,117,533	\$	709	\$	12,118,242	\$	4,436,846	
Restricted for:									
Federal Programs		342,098		-		342,098		-	
Debt Service		527,647		359,211		886,858		341,378	
Lottery Benefits		-		9,391		9,391		-	
Educational Systems		2,851,711		-		2,851,711		-	
Stabilization		277,987		-		277,987		-	
Preservation of Wildlife		96,542		-		96,542		-	
Unemployment Benefits		-		561,560		561,560		-	
Tobacco Cessation and Public Health									
Nonexpendable		1,483,035		-		1,483,035		1,144,091	
Expendable		201,703		-		201,703		4,061,140	
Unrestricted		5,094,089		775,258		5,869,347		858,188	
Total Net Position	\$	22,992,345	\$	1,706,129	\$	24,698,474	\$	10,841,643	
	_				_		=		

State of Oklahoma Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(expressed in thousands)

				Program	ı Rev	venues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
			_			Operating			P	rimai	ry Gover	nmei	nt				
			(Charges for		Grants and	Gov	ernm			usiness-Ty				_	Co	omponent
Functions		Expenses	•	Services		Contributions		ctiviti			Activitie	•		Total		٠.	Units
Primary Government		<u> </u>	_									_	_		_		
Governmental Activities:																	
Education - General	\$	4,469,781	\$	14,275	\$	1,738,288	\$ 0	2 717	,218)				\$	(2,717,21	8)		
Education - Payment to Higher Education	-	788,514	-		-	-,	- (,514)				-	(788,51	-		
Government Administration		3,346,530		441,143		1,727,950	(•	,437)					(1,177,43	-		
Health Services		6,815,817		606,022		4,628,304	(1,581	,491)					(1,581,49	1)		
Legal and Judiciary		279,033		103,376		47,838		(127	,819)					(127,81	9)		
Museums		14,757		1,641		898		(12	,218)					(12,21	8)		
Natural Resources		534,998		365,874		72,937		(96	,187)					(96,18	7)		
Public Safety and Defense		993,098		142,325		179,656		(671	,117)					(671,11	7)		
Regulatory Services		290,286		142,068		7,751		(140	,467)					(140,46	7)		
Social Services		3,275,560		27,614		2,402,596			,350)					(845,35			
Transportation		1,231,624		119,697		739,271			,656)					(372,65			
Interest on Long Term Debt	_	60,531	_	-	_	-		(60	,531)					(60,53	1)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	22,100,529	\$	1,964,035	\$	11,545,489	\$ (8,591	,005)				\$	(8,591,00	(5)		
Business-Type Activities:																	
Employment Security Commission	\$	4,048,298	\$	497,588	\$	2,853,179				\$	(697,5	31)	\$	(697,53	1)		
Office of Management and Enterprise Services		1,043,144		1,133,241		-					90,0			90,0	9 7		
Oklahoma Lottery Commission		268,492		347,500		-					79,0	800		79,0	08		
Water Resources Board		40,730		59,746		4,635					23,0	651		23,6	51		
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	5,400,664	\$	2,038,075	\$	2,857,814	_			\$	(504,7	75)	\$	(504,77	_		
Total Primary Government	\$	27,501,193	\$	4,002,110	\$	14,403,303		8,591	,005)	\$	(504,7	_	\$	(9,095,78	_		
Common and Haritan	_		_		_		= ====						_				
Component Units:	•	10.202	•	21.07	Φ.											Ф	0.774
Oklahoma Student Loan Authority	\$	18,293	\$	21,067	\$	145 175										\$	2,774
Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency Oklahoma Turnpike Authority		167,483 272,275		39,034 373,567		145,175											16,726 101,292
Grand River Dam Authority		399,745		433,317		-											33,572
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority		176,949		177,192													243
Higher Education		4,954,201		3,732,281		1,878,439											656,519
Nonmajor Component Units		549,691		447,046		46,343											(56,302)
Total Component Units	\$	6,538,637	\$		\$	2,069,957	-									\$	754,824
General Revenues	=				=		=										
Taxes:																	
Income Taxes - Individual						\$	3,587,	101	\$		-	\$		3,587,101	\$		-
Sales Tax							3,179,3	363			-			3,179,363			-
Gross Production Taxes							865,	151			-			865,151			-
Income Taxes - Corporate							461,3				-			461,357			-
Motor Vehicle Taxes							885,				-			885,724			-
Fuel Taxes							504,0				-			504,042			-
Tobacco Taxes							460,8				-			460,871			-
Other Business Taxes							320,				-			320,181			-
Insurance Taxes							177,4				-			177,472			-
Beverage Taxes Other Taxes							150,0				-			150,074			-
Payments from Primary Government							208,8	011			-			208,811			909,203
Investment Earnings							53,8	020			-			53,838			909,203
Contributions to Permanent Funds							61,3				-						-
										(7	-			61,349			-
Transfers						•	78,2	_	•	_	(8,272)	Ф.	- 1	0.015.224	Φ.		000 202
Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position						<u>\$</u>	2,402,6		\$ \$		(8,272)	\$		0,915,334 1,819,554	\$ \$		909,203
· ·						ф			φ	`	, ,	Ф			Ф		
Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated)						•	20,589,		•		89,176	\$		2,878,920	•		9,177,616
Net Position - End of Year						\$	22,992,3	343	\$	1,/	06,129	\$	2	4,698,474	\$	1	0,841,643





Above: A model animates the pathway of the sun as it crosses the grounds of the First Americans Museum.

Left: The FAMstore features one-of-a-kind products by Oklahoma Native artists.





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State of Oklahoma Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

	General			mmissioners of the Land	I	oartment of Wildlife Lifetime		Tobacco Settlement Endowment	G	Total overnmental
		General		Office		Licenses		Trust		Funds
Assets										
Assets	•	7 070 052	•	72 500	ø	F ((0)	e	27.642	e	0.006.073
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	7,970,053 81,035	\$	73,508 2,776,996	\$	5,668	\$	37,643	\$	8,086,872
Investments				2,770,990		90,506		1,662,240		4,610,777
Security Lending Investments		278,588		-		-		96,489		375,077
Accounts Receivable Interest and Investment Revenue Receivable		119,129		12 220		-		2 270		119,129
		25,186		12,329		-		3,379		40,894
Federal Grants Receivable		857,920		-		-		-		857,920
Taxes Receivable		894,189		-		-		-		894,189
Leases Receivable		20,296		-		-		-		20,296
Leases Receivable - Component Units		308,179		0.006		-		1.005		308,179
Other Receivables		145		9,886		-		1,985		12,016
Due from Other Funds		144		-		360		-		504
Due from Fiduciary Funds		48		-		-		-		48
Due from Component Units		1,703		-		-		-		1,703
Due From Component Units - Noncurrent		53,777		-		-		-		53,777
Inventory		87,089		-		-		-		87,089
Prepaid Items		1,974		-		-		-		1,974
Other Assets		5,768		356		8				6,132
Total Assets	\$	10,705,223	\$	2,873,075	\$	96,542	\$	1,801,736	\$	15,476,576
Liabilities										
	6	1 450 502	•	12.520	e.		\$	20.267	e	1 402 400
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,459,582	\$	13,539	\$	-	3	20,367	\$	1,493,488
Payable Under Securities Lending Agreements Unearned Revenue		278,588 361,357		7,825		-		96,489		375,077
		571,616		7,823		-		-		369,182
Tax Refunds Payable Due to Other Funds		360		-		-		142		571,616 502
		81,754		-		-		142		81,754
Due to Fiduciary Funds				-		-		-		
Due to Component Units		129,197		-		-		-		129,197
Due to Others		402,292			-					402,292
Total Liabilities	\$	3,284,746	\$	21,364	\$	-	\$	116,998	\$	3,423,108
Deferred Inflows										
Unavailable Revenue	\$	471,499	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	471,499
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	471,499	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	471,499
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$	88,921	\$	2,397,836	\$	96,542	\$	1,483,035	\$	4,066,334
Restricted	Ψ	1,135,999	Ψ	2,377,630	Ψ	70,542	Ψ	1,405,055	Ψ	1,135,999
Committed		5,631,396		453,875		_		123,243		6,208,514
Assigned		3,031,390		733,073		-		78,460		78,460
Unassigned		92,662		-		-		70,400		92,662
	•		•	2 051 711	\$	06.542	\$	1 604 720	•	
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,948,978	\$	2,851,711	2	96,542	2	1,684,738	\$	11,581,969

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 11,581,969
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land \$ Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Construction in Progress Accumulated Depreciation	1,988,308 1,719,361 705,291 22,315,381 290,975 (13,780,000)	13,239,316
Some of the state's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are considered to be unearned.		471,499
The state's portion of pension accruals determined by the actuarial calculations of the pension systems created by statute:		
Net Pension Asset Deferred Pension Plan Outflows Net Pension Liability Deferred Pension Plan Inflows	17,357 666,156 (987,355) (13,221)	(247.042)
The state's portion of the net other postemployment benefit accruals as determined by the actuarial calculations of the pension systems created by statute:		(317,063)
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Asset Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Outflows Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Inflows	35,180 47,461 (149,156) (32,682)	(99,197)
Timing differences caused by the component units with alternative year end dates resulted in differences in due to/from other funds.		(99,197)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Notes Payable \$ Revenue Bonds Bond Issue Premiums Accrued Interest on Bonds Compensated Absences Claims and Judgments	(56,330) (1,373,632) (142,310) (31,945) (184,955) (95,012)	
	, ,	(1,884,184)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	_	\$ 22,992,345

State of Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

				D	epartment of				
		Co	mmissioners of the		Wildlife Lifetime		Tobacco Settlement	C	Total overnmental
	General	L	and Office		Licenses		ndowment	G	Funds
Revenues									
Taxes									
Income Taxes - Individual	\$ 3,573,364	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,573,364
Sales Tax	3,158,947		-		-		-		3,158,947
Gross Production Tax	864,090		-		-		-		864,090
Income Taxes - Corporate	456,186		-		-		-		456,186
Motor Vehicle Taxes	889,607		-		-		-		889,607
Fuel Taxes	504,101		-		-		-		504,101
Tobacco Taxes	460,757		-		-		-		460,757
Other Business Taxes	321,926		-		-		-		321,926
Insurance Taxes	177,539		-		-		-		177,539
Beverage Taxes	150,000		-		-		-		150,000
Other Taxes	227,157		-		-		-		227,157
Licenses, Permits and Fees	852,001		-		3,591		-		855,592
Interest and Investment Revenue	177,873		569,499		-		349,921		1,097,293
Federal Revenue	10,586,296		-		-		-		10,586,296
Sales and Services	269,563		-		-		-		269,563
Other Grants and Reimbursements	364,679		-		-		-		364,679
Fines and Penalties	67,905		-		-		-		67,905
Other	 271,571		19,396		-		61,349		352,316
Total Revenues	\$ 23,373,562	\$	588,895	\$	3,591	\$	411,270	\$	24,377,318
Expenditures									
Education	\$ 5,111,053	\$	125,830	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,236,883
Government Administration	2,891,051		-		-		54,358		2,945,409
Health Services	6,788,138		-		-		-		6,788,138
Legal and Judiciary	273,784		-		-		-		273,784
Museums	13,199		-		-		-		13,199
Natural Resources	498,354		-		-		-		498,354
Public Safety and Defense	908,312		-		-		-		908,312
Regulatory Services	286,465		-		-		-		286,465
Social Services	3,281,031		-		-		-		3,281,031
Transportation	231,180		-		-		-		231,180
Capital Outlay	1,814,849		-		-		2		1,814,851
Debt Service									
Principal Retirement	122,507		-		-		-		122,507
Interest	58,380				-				58,380
Total Expenditures	\$ 22,278,303	\$	125,830	\$	-	\$	54,360	\$	22,458,493
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures	\$ 1,095,259	\$	463,065	\$	3,591	\$	356,910	\$	1,918,825
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In	\$ 96,284	\$	117	\$	-	\$	-	\$	96,401
Transfers Out	(8,822)		(9,307)		-		_		(18,129)
Bonds Issued	231,930		-		-		_		231,930
Bond Issue Premiums	33,499		-		-		-		33,499
Bond Refunding	22,135		-		-		-		22,135
Sale of Capital Assets	5,826		-		-		-		5,826
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 380,852	\$	(9,190)	\$		\$		\$	371,662
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,476,111	\$	453,875	\$	3,591	\$	356,910	\$	2,290,487
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 5,472,867		2,397,836		92,951		1,327,828		9,291,482
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 6,948,978	\$	2,851,711	\$	96,542	\$	1,684,738	\$	11,581,969

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	2,290,487
$Amounts\ reported\ for\ governmental\ activities\ in\ the\ statement\ of\ activities\ are\ different\ because:$			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$1,101,297) exceeded depreciation (\$620,855) in the current period.			480,442
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.			(9,478)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			48,196
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which bond proceeds (\$254,065) exceeded payments (\$122,429).			(131,636)
Bond issuance premiums and discounts are other financing sources or uses to governmental funds, but are deferred liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of bond issue premiums.			(33,499)
The amount by which the actuarial calculated accruals from pension plans changed compared to the prior fiscal year:			
Decrease in net pension asset Increase in deferred outflows from pension plans Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows from pension plans	\$ (21,076) 372,900 (666,759) 57,267)	(257,668)
The amount by which the actuarial calculated accruals for other postemployment benefits changed compared to the prior fiscal year:			(237,000)
Increase in net other postemployment benefits asset Increase in deferred outflows from other postemployment benefits Decrease in net other postemployment benefits liability Decrease in deferred inflows from other postemployment benefits	\$ 5,554 15,448 994 10,522		32,518
For assets acquired as capital leases, the amount financed is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. However, capital leases are long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which the payment of principal (\$78) exceeded the addition of new			78
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Accretion of bond premiums Decrease in entity-wide interest payable Increase in compensated absences Timing difference of due from/to other funds Decrease in claims and judgments payable	\$ 14,375 (2,151] (8,558] (19] (20,486)		
	(20,100)		(16,839)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	2,402,601

State of Oklahoma Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

				Enterp	orise F	unds				
		nployment		Water		Office of		T		
		Security ommission		Resources Board		Management and Enterprise Services	C	Lottery Commission		Total
Assets				Doura		Emerprise services				10411
Current Assets										
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	469,186	\$	187,986	\$	135,010	\$	45,114	\$	837,296
Investments		- 1 125		-		294,983		- 11.072		294,983
Accounts Receivable		1,125		12 157		116,038 860		11,973		129,136
Interest and Investment Revenue Receivable Federal Grants Receivable		1,162 1,314		12,157 500		860		-		14,179 1,814
Taxes Receivable		128,793		500		-		_		128,793
Notes Receivable		120,775		89,085		_		_		89,085
Other Receivables		_		20		_		_		20
Due from Component Units		34		-		_		-		34
Other Current Assets		-		-		33,258		-		33,258
Total Current Assets	\$	601,614	\$	289,748	\$	580,149	\$	57,087	\$	1,528,598
Noncurrent Assets	-					·				
Cash/Cash Equivalents, Restricted	\$	-	\$	22,793	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,793
Long Term Investments		-		3,706		-		-		3,706
Long Term Investments, Restricted		-		45,076		-		-		45,076
Long Term Notes Receivable		-		1,626,643		-		-		1,626,643
Net Other Postemployment Benefits		-		-		148		-		148
Capital Assets, Net		-		437		29		243		709
Other Noncurrent Assets				(1)		-		4,828		4,827
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$		\$	1,698,654	\$	177	\$	5,071	\$	1,703,902
Total Assets	\$	601,614	\$	1,988,402	\$	580,326	\$	62,158	\$	3,232,500
Deferred Outflows of Resources								-		
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	122	\$	-	\$	122
Deferred Pension Plan Outflows		-		-		1,720		626		2,346
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,842	\$	626	\$	2,468
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	38,043	\$	21	\$	30,258	\$	50,283	\$	118,605
Unearned Revenue	Ψ	1,624	Ψ		Ψ	50,250	ų.	172	ų.	1,796
Interest Payable				10,165		127,403		-		137,568
Compensated Absences		-		124		-		157		281
Revenue Bonds, net		-		65,590		-		-		65,590
Due to Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-		1,589		1,589
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		2		2
Other Current Liabilities		387		1,176		31,697				33,260
Total Current Liabilities	\$	40,054	\$	77,076	\$	189,358	\$	52,203	\$	358,691
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Revenue Bonds (including Premiums)	\$	-	\$	1,136,290	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,136,290
Net Pension Liability		-		-		2,812		863		3,675
Compensated Absences		-		53		654		79		786
Other Postemployment Benefits Other Noncurrent Liabilities		-		-		485		-		485
	6		•	1 126 242	6	7,543	•	042	6	7,543
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	40.054	\$	1,136,343	\$	11,494	<u>\$</u>	942	\$ \$	1,148,779
Total Liabilities	3	40,054	3	1,213,419	Þ	200,852	3	53,145	3	1,507,470
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred Inflows from Pensions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	\$	5	\$	20
Deferred Inflows from OPEB		-		-		176		-		176
Refinancing of Debt				21,173						21,173
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	-	\$	21,173	\$	191	\$	5	\$	21,369
Net Position										
Invested in Capital Assets	\$	-	\$	437	\$	29	\$	243	\$	709
Restricted for:										
Debt Service		-		359,211		-		-		359,211
Lottery Benefits		-		-		-		9,391		9,391
Unemployment Benefits		561,560		204.162		201.025		-		561,560
Unrestricted		-		394,162	Ć	381,096	_	-		775,258
Total Net Position	\$	561,560	\$	753,810	\$	381,125	\$	9,634	\$	1,706,129

State of Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

						Office of					
		mployment Security ommission	F	Water Resources Board		fanagement d Enterprise Services	_ C	Lottery		Total	
Operating Revenues											
Sales and Services	\$	489,381	\$	-	\$	1,097,922	\$	346,751	\$	1,934,054	
Federal Revenue		2,853,179		4,635		-		-		2,857,814	
Interest and Investment Revenue		-		42,325		-		-		42,325	
Other		33		-		5,640		310		5,983	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	3,342,593	\$	46,960	\$	1,103,562	\$	347,061	\$	4,840,176	
Operating Expenses											
Facilities Operations and Maintenance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	294	\$	294	
Administration and General		537		6,750		49,094		6,732		63,113	
Prizes, Commissions and Other		-		-		-		260,628		260,628	
Interest		-		33,829		-		-		33,829	
Depreciation		-		151		345		87		583	
Benefit Payments and Refunds		4,047,761		-		993,705				5,041,466	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	4,048,298	\$	40,730	\$	1,043,144	\$	267,741	\$	5,399,913	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(705,705)	\$	6,230	\$	60,418	\$	79,320	\$	(559,737)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)											
Interest and Investment Revenue	\$	5,728	\$	2,634	\$	29,679	\$	439	\$	38,480	
Other Nonoperating Revenues		2,446		104		-		-		2,550	
Nonoperating Federal Grants		-		14,683		-		-		14,683	
Other Nonoperating Expenses		-		-		-		(751)		(751)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)	\$	8,174	\$	17,421	\$	29,679	\$	(312)	\$	54,962	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	\$	(697,531)	\$	23,651	\$	90,097		79,008	\$	(504,775)	
Transfers In		-		8,705		-		-		8,705	
Transfers Out		-		(6,741)		-		(80,236)		(86,977)	
Change in Net Position	\$	(697,531)	\$	25,615	\$	90,097	\$	(1,228)	\$	(583,047)	
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,259,091		728,195		291,028		10,862		2,289,176	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	561,560	\$	753,810	\$	381,125	\$	9,634	\$	1,706,129	
			_				_		_		

State of Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

				Business-Typ Enterpris						
		nployment Security ommission	R	Water lesources Board	M:	Office of anagement and interprise Services		Lottery mmission		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Receipts from Federal Grants Payments of Benefits Pawments to Suppliers	\$	470,349 2,857,477 (4,251,251)	\$	3,802 - (1,961)	\$	1,405,745 - (1,294,825) (33,923)	\$	321,455 - - (17,756)	\$	2,197,549 2,861,279 (5,546,076) (53,640)
Payments to Employees Payments to Prize Winners Payments to fund deposit with Multi-State Lottery Payments of Operating Interest Expense		- - -		(2,756)		(9,634) - -		(2,969) (217,887) 279		(15,359) (217,887) 279 (36,702)
Collections of Interest on Loans to Governmental Units Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(923,425)	\$	41,373	\$	67,363	\$	83,122	\$	41,373 (769,184)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Federal Grants and Other Contributions Transfers In	\$	2,833	\$	412,062 8,691	\$	-	\$	-	\$	414,895 8,691
Transfers Out Nonoperating expenses Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes Payable		-		(2,181) (96,393)		-		(69,032) (750)		(71,213) (750) (96,393)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	2,833	\$	322,179	\$	-	\$	(69,782)	\$	255,230
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments for Acquistion of Capital Assets	\$	_	\$	(36)	\$	_	\$	(139)	\$	(175)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	-	\$	(36)	\$	-	\$	(139)	\$	(175)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest and Investment Revenue Proceeds from Sale and Maturity of Investments Payments to Purchase Investments Collections of Principal on Loans to Governmental Units	\$	9,764 - -	\$	2,706 14,191 - 142,679	\$	3,887 189,628 (209,116)	\$	488	\$	16,845 203,819 (209,116) 142,679
Payments to Issue Notes Receivable Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		9,764	\$	(371,550)	\$	(15,601)	\$	488	\$	(371,550)
Net Increase in Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	(910,828)	\$	113,925	\$	51,762	\$	13,689	\$	(731,452)
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	Ψ	1,380,014	Ψ	96,854	Ψ	83,248	Ψ	31,425	Ψ	1,591,541
Cash/Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	469,186	\$	210,779	\$	135,010	\$	45,114	\$	860,089
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used by Ope	erating.	Activities								
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	(705,705)	\$	6,230	\$	60,418	\$	79,320	\$	(559,737)
Depreciation Expense Amortization (Accretion) and Other Noncash Expenses Decrease (Increase) in Assets		-		151 (3,962)		345		87 7		583 (3,955)
Accounts Receivable Federal Receivable Interest and Investment Receivable		(8,514) 4,298		- - (1.07E)		10,044		(3,564)		(2,034) 4,298
Deposit with Multi-State Lottery Other Receivables		-		(1,875) - -		(16,344)		279 -		(1,875) 279 (16,344)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Interest Payable		(202,955)		(30) 1,844		7,321		588 -		(195,076) 1,844
Prizes Payable Compensated Absences		-		(34)		43		6,002		6,002
Due to other funds Unavailable Revenue		(10,549)		1 422		- - -		115 4		115 (10,545)
Other Current Liabilities Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(923,425)	\$	1,432 3,756	\$	5,536 67,363	\$	284 83,122	\$	7,252 (769,184)

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State of Oklahoma Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units June 30, 2021

(expressed in thousands)

	Po	ension Trust Funds	C	Custodial Funds
Assets				
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	1,209,122	\$	352,244
Investments, at fair value				
Equity Securities		22,570,134		-
Governmental Securities		4,836,859		-
Debt Securities		5,040,487		-
Mutual Funds		4,942,535		-
Other Investments		5,397,159		_
Securities Lending Investments		2,219,574		_
Taxes Receivable		_		179,105
Accounts Receivable		_		4,170
Interest and Investment Revenue Receivable		89,930		-
Employer Contributions Receivable		51,377		_
Employee Contributions Receivable		29,878		_
Other Receivables		138		_
Due from Broker		577,073		_
Due from Primary Government		83,343		_
Due from Component Units		732		_
Inventory		_		11,120
Capital Assets, Net		5,501		_
Other Assets		1,085		_
Total Assets	\$	47,054,927	\$	546,639
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	243,213	\$	806
Securities Lending Payable		2,219,574		_
Tax Refunds Payable		-		1,603
Due to Brokers		1,258,106		_
Due to Other Funds		48		_
Due to Component Units		1		_
Due to Others		_		533,445
Unearned Revenue		_		10,785
Benefits in the Process of Payment		112,182		_
Other Liabilities		10,541		_
Total Liabilities	\$	3,843,665	\$	546,639
Net Position			_	_
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$	43,211,262		

State of Oklahoma Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(expressed in thousands)

	Pe	nsion Trust Funds	Custodial Funds					
Additions								
Contributions								
Employer Contributions	\$	870,411	\$	0				
Employee Contributions		476,333		0				
Other Contributions		433,349		0				
Total Contributions	\$	1,780,093	\$	0				
Investment Income								
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	\$	9,974,006	\$	0				
Interest and Investment Revenue		558,511		69,805				
Total Investment Earnings	\$	10,532,517	\$	69,805				
Less Investment Expenses		122,522		67,361				
Net Investment Earnings	\$	10,409,995	\$	2,444				
Taxes Collected for Other Governments	\$	0	\$	2,307,310				
Collections for Beneficiaries		0		452,156				
Federal Grants		0		38				
Other Collections		0		30,109				
Total Additions	\$	12,190,088	\$	2,789,613				
Deductions								
Administrative and General Expenses	\$	16,849	\$	0				
Benefit Payments and Refunds		2,956,255		452,115				
Taxes Disbursed to Other Governments		0		2,326,030				
Other Expenditures		0		13,912				
Total Deductions	\$	2,973,104	\$	2,792,057				
Net Increase	\$	9,216,984	\$	0				
Net Position Reserved for Employees' Pension Benefits								
Beginning of Year	\$	33,994,278						
End of Year	\$	43,211,262						

Description of Major Component Units

The State of Oklahoma has six major component units which are described below:

OKLAHOMA STUDENT LOAN AUTHORITY

525 Central Park Drive, Suite 600, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 https://public.osla.org

The Authority provides loans to qualified persons at participating educational institutions through the issuance of tax-exempt revenue bonds or other debt obligations.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY P.O. Box 26720, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73126

https://www.ok.gov/ohfa

The Agency is authorized to issue revenue bonds and notes in order to provide funds to promote the development of adequate residential housing and other economic development for the benefit of the State of Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY

3500 N. Martin Luther King Avenue, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73111 https://www.pikepass.com

The Authority is authorized to construct, maintain, repair, and operate tumpike projects at locations authorized by the legislature and approved by the Department of Transportation. The Authority receives revenues from tumpike tolls and a percentage of the tumpike concessions sales. The Authority issues revenue bonds to finance the cost of tumpike projects.

GRAND RIVER DAM AUTHORITY

P.O. Box 669, Chouteau, Oklahoma 74337 https://www.grda.com

The Authority controls the waters of the Grand River system to generate waterpower into electric energy and to promote irrigation, conservation and development of natural resources. The Authority produces and distributes electrical power for sale to customers primarily located in northeastern Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL POWER AUTHORITY P.O. Box 1960, Edmond, Oklahoma 73083 http://ompa.com

The Authority provides a means for the municipal electric systems in the state to jointly plan, finance, acquire, and operate electrical power supply facilities necessary to meet the electrical energy requirements of their consumers. The Authority also sells electric power to its member municipalities.

HIGHER EDUCATION

Higher education is primarily comprised of colleges and universities which are members of the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education. The system includes the following colleges and universities:

COMPREHENSIVE UNIVERSITIES

The University of Oklahoma Oklahoma State University

OTHER FOUR-YEAR UNIVERSITIES

University of Central Oklahoma
East Central University
Northeastern State University
Northwestern Oklahoma State University
Southeastern Oklahoma State University
Southwestern Oklahoma State University
Cameron University
Langston University
Oklahoma Panhandle State University
Rogers State University
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma

TWO-YEAR COLLEGES

Carl Albert State College
Connors State College
Eastern Oklahoma State College
Redlands Community College
Murray State College
Northeastern Oklahoma A & M College
Northern Oklahoma College
Oklahoma City Community College
Rose State College
Seminole State College
Tulsa Community College
Western Oklahoma State College

Each institution which is a member of the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education (the system) is governed by a Board of Regents. The Boards of Regents consist of five to ten members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The colleges and universities are funded through state appropriations, tuition, federal grants, and private donations and grants. Also included in the higher education component unit are the following entities:

Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education serves as the coordinating board of control for the system.

Regional University System of Oklahoma Regents has legislative powers and duties to manage, supervise, and control operation of the six regional state universities which are the University of Central Oklahoma, East Central University, Northeastern State University, Northwestern Oklahoma State University, southeastern Oklahoma State University, and Southwestern Oklahoma State University.

University Center of Southern Oklahoma was established to make higher education available to those persons who might otherwise not be able to attend an institution of higher learning in southern Oklahoma. Students enrolled in the program earn credit applicable toward academic degrees and certificates at participating institutions in the system.

University Center at Ponca City was established to make higher education available to those persons who might otherwise not be able to attend an institution of higher learning in northern Oklahoma. Students enrolled in the program earn credit applicable toward academic degrees and certificates at participating institutions in the system.

Rose State College Technical Area Education District, South Oklahoma City Area School District, and Tulsa Community College Area School District #18 were created to provide secondary vocational, technical, and adult education programs for persons within their defined geographical boundaries.

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State of Oklahoma Combining Statements of Net Position Major Component Units June 30, 2021

(expressed in thousands)

	Oklahoma Student Loan Authority		I	klahoma Housing Finance Agency	Oklahoma Turnpike Authority		Grand River Dam Authority		Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority			Higher Education Component Unit	Nonmajor Component Units Total		(All Component Units Total	
Assets																	
Current Assets																	
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	79	\$	21,453	\$	192,809	\$	34,103	\$	53,592	\$	1,764,450	\$	223,783	\$	2,290,269	
Investments		20,463		5,259		11,793		59,234		3,017		1,389,035		71,289		1,560,090	
Accounts Receivable		-		30		8,054		34,958		14,496		683,164		30,145		770,847	
Interest and Investment																	
Revenue Receivable		7,239		1,408		2,357		1,837		52		3,304		133		16,330	
Federal Grants Receivable		-		716		-		-		-		22,648		-		23,364	
Notes Receivable		28,846		-		-		-		267		5,351		268		34,732	
Other Receivables		-		-		-		814		-		25,925		2,462		29,201	
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-		-		-		1		-		1	
Due from Component Units		-		-		-		1,251		-		810		255		2,316	
Due from Primary Government		-		-		1,627		579		-		32,990		94,044		129,240	
Inventory		-		-		8,858		54,308		3,852		22,919		-		89,937	
Prepaid Items		-		459		269		5,032		-		17,455		2,520		25,735	
Other Current Assets		-		-		-		-		1,306		38,914		4,773		44,993	
Total Current Assets	\$	56,627	\$	29,325	\$	225,767	\$	192,116	\$	76,582	\$	4,006,966	\$	429,672	\$	5,017,055	
Noncurrent Assets																	
Cash/Cash Equivalents -																	
Restricted	\$	_	\$	25,567	\$	221,664	\$	896	\$	34,995	\$	420,901	\$	188	\$	704,211	
Investments - Restricted				313,192		283,440		197,066		63,803		2,693,450		15		3,550,966	
Long Term Investments				,		,				,							
Unrestricted		_		64,623		_		209,348		_		1,613,411		5,701		1,893,083	
Leases Receivables - Component Units		_		4,000		_		-		_		-		· -		4,000	
Net Pension Asset		_		_		_		_		_		5		_		5	
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Asset		_		118		557		_		_		6,004		53		6,732	
Long Term Notes Receivable, Net																	
Unrestricted		140,869		_		_		_		615		26,404		_		167,888	
Restricted		_		_		_		_		_		_		2,690		2,690	
Capital Assets																	
Depreciable, Net		348		2,683		880,988		1,153,557		414,020		5,470,782		307,588		8,229,966	
Land		-		550		299,589		39,177		_		221,919		5,370		566,605	
Construction in Progress		-		-		1,110,422		35,472		2,426		162,731		10,282		1,321,333	
Other Noncurrent Assets																	
Unrestricted		440		-		_		11,159		116,449		102,494		47,621		278,163	
Restricted		_		_		_				_				36		36	
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	141,657	\$	410,733	\$	2,796,660	\$	1,646,675	\$	632,308	\$	10,718,101	\$	379,544	\$	16,725,678	
Total Assets	\$	198,284	\$	440,058	\$	3,022,427	\$	1,838,791	\$	708,890	\$	14,725,067	\$	809,216	\$	21,742,733	
Deferred Outflow of Resources																	
Deferred Outflows from Pensions	\$	4,251	\$	802	\$	6,993	\$	13,485	\$	1,725	\$	704,622	\$	1,647	\$	733,525	
Deferred Outflows from OPEB		_		76		507		3,409		_		82,335		_		86,327	
Lease Restructuring		_		_		_				_		24,456		_		24,456	
Advance Refunding of Bonds		-		-		65,056		27,811		12,247		20,346		-		125,460	
Defeasance of Bonds		_		_								544		2		546	
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Derivatives		_		_		_		333		1,055				_		1,388	
Asset Retirement Obligations		-		_		_		-		-		282		_		282	
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	4,251	\$	878	\$	72,556	\$	45,038	\$	15,027	\$	832,585	\$	1.649	\$	971,984	
. San Deletied Outflows	φ	-r,2J1	φ	070	Φ	12,330	φ	73,030	φ	15,027	φ	052,505	φ	1,047	φ	7,1,704	

	Oklahoma Student Loan Authority		Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency			Oklahoma Turnpike Authority		Grand River Dam Authority		Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority		Higher Education Component Unit	Nonmajor Component Units Total		(All Component Units Total
Liabilities																
Current Liabilities																
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,087	\$	2,167	\$	35,761	\$	28,803	\$	15,718	\$	317,497	\$	121,794	\$	522,827
Unearned Revenue		-		3,835		38,568		-		_		159,789		90		202,282
Claims and Judgements		-		-		-		-		-		1,855		51,951		53,806
Interest Payable		709		677		32,904		3,640		12,850		18,915		213		69,908
Compensated Absences		-		1,120		733		3,639		-		77,697		502		83,691
Revenue Bonds		-		6,605		10,930		39,240		22,035		66,446		-		145,256
Due to Fiduciary Funds		-		75		-		563		72		-		22		732
Due to Other Component Units		-		-		6		44		1,345		933		86		2,414
Due to Primary Government		5		7		119		48		-		1,547		11		1,737
Capital Leases		-		-		-		2		-		35,147		36		35,185
Capital Leases - Primary Government		-		-		-		-		-		26,275		-		26,275
Notes Payable		-		-		-		-		2,834		1,214		5,124		9,172
Other Current Liabilities		-		-		1,036		927		462		563,891		14,425		580,741
Total Current Liabilities	\$	1,801	\$	14,486	\$	120,057	\$	76,906	\$	55,316	\$	1,271,206	\$	194,254	\$	1,734,026
NI I i. l. iliai									-							
Noncurrent Liabilities	6		s		6		•		e		e	2 120	6	422.022	e	426.061
Claims and Judgements	\$	-	3	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,128	\$	423,833	\$	426,961 53,777
Due to Primary Government		-		-		53,777		-		-		546 200		16		
Capital Leases		-		-		-		-		-		546,388 281,905		16		546,404 281,905
Capital Leases-Primary Government Compensated Absences		-		-		1,786		2,032		-		57,603				61,577
1		10.052		405				2,032		2 020				156		
Net Pension Liability		10,953		405		10,601 50,000		23,192		2,839		2,146,037 11,229		2,176 1,414		2,196,203 114,431
Notes Payable		26,574		-		30,000		-		25,214		11,229		30,000		30,000
General Obligation Bonds Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		-		-		1,949		19,462		-		355,093		165		376,669
Unamortized Premium (Discount) on refunding		(449)		8,856		149,824		86,811		23,781		96,447		103		365,270
Revenue Bonds		97,190		231,138		1,710,235		864,620		548,920		1,660,569		3,000		5,115,672
Other Noncurrent Liabilities				231,136		1,710,233		10,923		594		66,392		3,000		80,114
	_	385	_	-	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	134,653	\$	240,399	\$	1,979,958	\$	1,007,040	\$	601,348	\$	5,224,791	\$	460,794	\$	9,648,983
Total Liabilities	\$	136,454	\$	254,885	\$	2,100,015	\$	1,083,946	\$	656,664	\$	6,495,997	\$	655,048	\$	11,383,009
Deferred Inflow of Resources																
Accumulated Increase in Fair Value	S	_	\$	114	\$	_	s	_	S	_	\$	_	\$		\$	114
Service Concession Arrangements	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ.	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	7,790	Ψ.	_	Ψ	7,790
Derivative Instruments		_		_		_		_		_		149		_		149
Deferred pension plan inflows		420		223		86		604		15		273,635		93		275,076
Deferred OPEB plan inflows		.20		109		1,433		634		-		70,581		-		72,757
Restructured Debt		_				-,		-		_		8,246		_		8,246
Deferred Regulation inflows		_		_		11,591		88,635		25,707		-,		_		125,933
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	420	\$	446	\$	13,110	\$	89,873	\$	25,722	\$	360,401	\$	93	\$	490,065
Total Deletted lilliows	J.	420	J.	440	J.	13,110	J.	07,073	φ	23,722	φ	300,401	J.	73	Ĵ	490,003
Net Position																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	348	\$	3,233	\$	563,608	\$	305,481	\$	(28,179)	\$	3,273,293	\$	319,062	\$	4,436,846
Restricted for:																
Debt Service		-		92,381		116,330		22,890		35,562		74,215		-		341,378
Other Special Purpose																
Nonexpendable		-		-		-		-		-		1,144,091		-		1,144,091
Expendable		49,439		42		83,448		42,589		-		3,881,649		3,973		4,061,140
Unrestricted		15,874		89,949		218,472		339,050		34,148		328,006		(167,311)		858,188
Total Net Position	\$	65,661	\$	185,605	\$	981,858	\$	710,010	\$	41,531	\$	8,701,254	\$	155,724	\$	10,841,643
	_		=		_		_		_		_		_		_	

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Activities Major Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

		Program	Reve	nues			Ge	eneral Revenue				
		harges for	Operating Grants and			t (Expense)	P	ayments from Primary	hange in	let Position eginning of	N	let Position End of
	Expenses	Services	Contributions			Revenue		Government	Net Asset	 Year		Year
Component Units:												
Oklahoma Student Loan Authority	\$ 18,293	\$ 21,067	\$	-	\$	2,774	\$	-	\$ 2,774	\$ 62,887	\$	65,661
Housing Finance Agency	167,483	39,034		145,175		16,726		-	16,726	168,879		185,605
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority	272,275	373,567		-		101,292		-	101,292	880,566		981,858
Grand River Dam Authority	399,745	433,317		-		33,572		-	33,572	676,438		710,010
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority	176,949	177,192		-		243		-	243	41,288		41,531
Higher Education Component Unit	4,954,201	3,732,281		1,878,439		656,519		788,514	1,445,033	7,256,221		8,701,254
Nonmajor Component Units	 549,691	447,046		46,343		(56,302)		120,689	 64,387	91,337		155,724
Total Component Units	\$ 6,538,637	\$ 5,223,504	\$	2,069,957	\$	754,824	\$	909,203	\$ 1,664,027	\$ 9,177,616	\$	10,841,643





Above: Native American rappers Lil Mike and Funny Bone perform at the grand opening of the First Americans Museum. The Oklahoma City brothers, members of the Pawnee Tribe, also appear in the FX television series, "Reservation Dogs," as Mose and Mekko.

Right: Madonna Myers, Oklahoma City, Navajo, poses with Lil Mike and Funny Bone after their performance at the FAM grand opening.







NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Oklahoma (the state) are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

In January of 2017, GASB issued Statement number 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is on whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists.

The state was required to implement this standard for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

In August of 2018, GASB issued Statement number 90, Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statement numbers 14 and 61, to improve consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.

The state was required to implement this standard for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement number 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, has several primary objectives. This statement increases consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units, mitigates the costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit plans, and other employee benefit plans, and enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans.

The state initiated early adoption of this standard which is required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

In October of 2021, GASB issued Statement number 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, which establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

The state initiated early adoption of this standard which is required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

New Accounting Statements Issued Not Yet Adopted:

GASB Statement number 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contracts. The statement also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

GASB Statement number 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of the construction period.

GASB Statement number 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and related note disclosures.

GASB Statement number 92, *Omnibus 2020*, is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.

GASB Statement number 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, addresses the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate, most notably the London Interbank Offered Rate or LIBOR. As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021.

GASB Statement number 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements.

GASB Statement number 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA), establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability, provides capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments and requires note disclosure regarding a SBITA.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the state and the various funds and fund types, results of operations of the state and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of June 30, 2021, and for the year then ended. The financial statements include the various agencies, boards, commissions, public trusts, authorities, and other organizational units governed by the Oklahoma state legislature and/or Constitutional officers of the State of Oklahoma.

A. Reporting Entity

The state has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the state are such that exclusion would cause the state's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the state to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the state. Local school districts (the state's support of the public education system is reported in the general fund) and other local authorities of various kinds that may meet only one of the criteria for inclusion in this report have not been included.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the State of Oklahoma, the primary government, and its component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Component units are entities which are legally separate from the state, but are financially accountable to the state, or whose relationships with the state are such that exclusion would cause the state's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Separately issued independent audit reports may be obtained from the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105. The audit reports may also be obtained from the respective component units at the addresses presented on the description page of the fund financial statements section for the major component units, and the description page in the combining financial statement section of this report for the non-major component units.

The component units' column of the Government-Wide Financial Statements includes the financial data of the following entities:

MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

Oklahoma Student Loan Authority provides loan funds to qualified persons at participating educational institutions through the issuance of tax-exempt revenue bonds or other debt obligations. The authority is composed of five members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the authority by its ability to veto or modify the authority's decisions. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 26, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency is authorized to issue revenue bonds and notes in order to provide funds to promote the development of residential housing and other economic development for the benefit of citizens. In addition, the agency administers Section 8 housing assistance payments programs for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The board of trustees consists of five members appointed by the governor. A resident board member is also appointed by the governor. The state can impose its will on the agency by its ability to veto or modify the agency's decisions. The agency was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended September 30, 2020, and their report, dated January 25, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Turnpike Authority constructs, maintains, repairs, and operates turnpike projects at locations authorized by the legislature and approved by the state Department of Transportation. The authority receives its revenues from turnpike tolls and a percentage of turnpike concession sales. The authority issues revenue bonds to finance turnpike projects. The authority consists of the governor and six members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the authority by its ability to veto or modify the authority's decisions. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended December 31, 2020, and their report, dated March 30, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Grand River Dam Authority controls the waters of the Grand River system to develop and generate waterpower and electric energy, and to promote irrigation, conservation, and development of natural resources. The authority produces and distributes electrical power for sale to customers primarily located in northeastern Oklahoma. The customers consist of rural electric cooperatives, municipalities, industries, and off-system sales. The seven-member board of directors consists of the general manager of the Oklahoma Association of Electric Cooperatives, the executive director of the Municipal Electric Systems of Oklahoma, and appointees by the governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the president pro tempore of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the authority by its ability to veto or modify the authority's decisions. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended December 31, 2020, and their report, dated March 31, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority provides a means for the municipal electric systems in the state to jointly plan, finance, acquire, and operate electrical power supply facilities. Facilities are financed through the issuance of revenue bonds, which are approved by the state's Bond Oversight Commission. Exclusion of the component unit would cause the state's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended December 31, 2020, and their report, dated March 31, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Higher Education Component Unit - This component unit is primarily comprised of the 25 colleges and universities that are members of the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education (the system). All the colleges and universities have foundations that receive and hold economic resources for the benefit of their associated entity. These foundations are component units of their respective college or university and are included as part of the higher education component unit. Separately issued independent audit reports for each college, university, foundation, or other included entity may be obtained from the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105. Each institution in the system is governed by a board of regents. The boards of regents consist of five to ten members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on each institution by its ability to modify and approve their budget. The colleges and universities are funded through state appropriations, tuition, federal grants, and private donations and grants.

For fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the foundation for Murray State College received an adverse opinion from its independent auditors. The foundation's financial information included in the higher education component unit is measured as of June 30, 2020.

Also included in the Higher Education Component Unit are the following entities:

- Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education serves as the coordinating board of control for the system. The board of regents for higher education consists of nine members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the state regents for higher education by its ability to modify and approve their budget.
- Regional University System of Oklahoma has legislative powers and duties to manage, supervise, and control operation of the six regional state universities which are the University of Central Oklahoma, East Central University, Northeastern State University, Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Southeastern Oklahoma State University, and Southwestern Oklahoma State University. The board consists of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and eight members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the board of regents by its ability to modify and approve their budget. Each of the six regional state universities has one or more foundations that are component units of their respective university and are included in the higher education component unit.
- University Center of Southern Oklahoma was established to make higher education available to those persons who might otherwise not be able to attend an institution of higher learning. Students enrolled in the center earn credit applicable toward academic degrees and certificates at participating institutions in the system. Participating institutions are: East Central University, Murray State College, and Southeastern Oklahoma State University. The center is administered by a board of ten trustees appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the center by its ability to modify and approve their budget.
- Rose State College Technical Area Education District, South Oklahoma City Area School District, and Tulsa Community College Area School District #18 were created to provide postsecondary vocations, technical, and adult education programs for person within their defined geographical boundaries. The primary source of operating fund is ad valorem taxes assessed against real property located in their districts. The districts are component units of Rose State College, Oklahoma City Community College, and Tulsa Community College, respectively.
- University Center at Ponca City was established to make educational program resources in the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education available to the citizens in northern Oklahoma and the Ponca City community. The center is administered by a board of trustees consisting of nine members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the Center by its ability to modify and approve their budget.

NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

Oklahoma Educational Television Authority (OETA) was created to make educational television services available to all Oklahoma citizens on a coordinated statewide basis. The board of directors is comprised of thirteen members, seven of which are appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the state and OETA. OETA also has a non-profit foundation, "Friends of OETA", that was established to receive private donations and contributions for the benefit of OETA. This foundation qualifies as a component unit of OETA and is combined with OETA. OETA was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated December 30, 2021, was previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority assists with the state's industrial development by making loans to authorized industrial development agencies or trusts and new or expanding industries within Oklahoma. These loans are secured by first or second mortgages on real estate and equipment. The authority's loans are financed by issuance of general obligation bonds. The board of directors is comprised of seven members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In addition, the state treasurer is included as an ex officio, non-voting member of the board of directors. The state can impose its will on the authority by its ability to veto or modify the authority's decisions. The authority was audited by other independent auditors

for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 20, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Multiple Injury Trust Fund provides benefits to a worker with a pre-existing disability who suffers a second on-the-job injury. The state can impose its will on the fund by its ability to remove management (appointees) at will. The fund was audited by other independent auditors for the period ended December 31, 2020, and their report, dated June 15, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

University Hospitals Authority consists of The University Hospital and Children's Hospital of Oklahoma, and their related clinics and other services. The authority is affiliated with the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center whose medical school residents and staff provide patient care, in-service education, and certain administrative duties for the benefit of the authority. The authority is governed by a six-member board consisting of appointees of the governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the president pro tempore of the Senate, and officials from the state Medicaid program, the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center, and the authority. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the state and the authority. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 29, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Development Finance Authority provides financing for both public and private entities in the state. The authority obtains funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Private entities qualifying for financing are generally agricultural, civic, educational, health care, industrial, or manufacturing enterprises. Financing is also provided to governmental agencies and instrumentalities of the state. The governing board, appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, is comprised of seven members: one person selected from each of the six congressional districts of the state as they existed in 1960 and the director of the Department of Commerce. The state can impose its will on the authority by its ability to veto or modify the authority's decisions. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 20, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Capital Investment Board assists the state with industrial development by mobilizing equity and near-equity capital making investments for the potential creation of jobs and growth that will diversify and stabilize the economy. The board of directors is comprised of five members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The state can impose its will on the board by its ability to veto or modify the board's decisions. The board, in order to mobilize investments, owns the Oklahoma Capital Formation Company LLC (OCFC), a formerly independent corporation. During fiscal year 2006, the board purchased 100% of the ownership of the OCFC. In fiscal year 2007, OCFC changed its corporate structure and name from a corporation to an Oklahoma limited liability company. Operations of the OCFC are included in the financial results of the board. The board was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated September 7, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma State University Medical Authority is affiliated with the Oklahoma State University Center for Health Sciences to provide funding, teaching, and training for graduate medical students. It also serves as a site for conducting medical research by faculty and providing patient care. The board is governed by seven members which consists of the following: a member appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a member appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, a member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chief executive officer of the Oklahoma Health Care Authority, or his or her designee, the president of the Oklahoma State University Center for Health Sciences, chief executive officer of the Oklahoma State University Medical Authority and an appointee of the president of Oklahoma State University. A financial benefit/burden exists between the authority and the state. The authority was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 28, 2021, and has been issued under separate cover. In October 2013, Oklahoma State University Medical Trust, Oklahoma State University Medical Center Trust, and the authority entered into a Tripartite Agreement and Plan of Merger. Under the terms of the merger agreement the Oklahoma State University Medical Center Trust merged with the Oklahoma State University Medical Trust. Oklahoma State University Medical Trust, the surviving entity, is deemed to be a component unit of the authority due to the common governance.

FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

Six public employee retirement systems administer pension funds for the state and its political subdivisions. The six public employee retirement systems are subject to state legislative and executive controls and the administrative expenses are subject to legislative budget controls. These legally separate component units, while meeting the definition of a component unit, are presented in the fund financial statements along with other primary government fiduciary funds of the state. They have been omitted from the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Separately issued independent audit reports are available even though they are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements. They may be obtained from the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105, or the respective fiduciary component units at the addresses presented on the description page of the Combining Financial Statement section of this report.

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System provides retirement benefits for municipal firefighters. The system is administered by a board comprised of thirteen members: The president of the Professional Firefighters of Oklahoma (or designee), the president of the Oklahoma State Retired Firefighters Association (or designee), the State Insurance Commissioner (or designee), and the director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (or designee), the five members of the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Firefighters Association, and appointees by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the president pro tempore of the Senate, and the president of the Oklahoma Municipal League. The system was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 12, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System provides retirement benefits for qualified law enforcement officers. The system is administered by a board comprised of thirteen members: The Commissioner of Public Safety (or designee), the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (or designee), members of the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, and the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, and appointees by the governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the president pro tempore of the Senate. The system was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 18, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System administers the Oklahoma Public Employee Retirement Plan which provides retirement benefits for state, county, and local employees. The board is comprised of fourteen members: the State Insurance Commissioner (or designee), and the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (or designee), a member of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission (or designee) selected by the Oklahoma Corporation Commission, the director of Human Capital Management of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, a member of the Oklahoma Tax Commission selected by the Tax Commission, the State Treasurer (or designee), three appointees by the governor, one member appointed by the Supreme Court, two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and two members appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate. The system was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 20, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges is administered by the Oklahoma Public Employee Retirement System and provides retirement benefits for justices and judges. The board of trustees is comprised of fourteen members: the State Insurance Commissioner (or designee), and the director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (or designee), a member of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission (or designee) selected by the Oklahoma Corporation Commission, the director of Human Capital Management of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, a member of the Oklahoma Tax Commission selected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, the State Treasurer (or designee), three appointees by the governor, one member appointed by the Supreme Court, two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and two members appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate. The system was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 13, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System provides retirement benefits for police officers employed by participating municipalities. The system is administered by a board comprised of thirteen members: seven members elected from the seven board districts, the State Insurance Commissioner (or designee) and the director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (or designee), and appointees by the governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the president pro tempore of the Senate, and the president of the Oklahoma Municipal League. The system was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated September 8, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma provides retirement allowances and benefits for qualified persons employed by state-supported educational institutions. The system is administered by a board consisting of fifteen members: State Superintendent of Public Instruction (or designee), director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (or designee), director of the Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education (or designee), State Treasurer (or designee), two appointed by the governor with Senate approval, four appointed by the governor, two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and one retired educators representative. The system was audited by other independent auditors for the year ended June 30, 2021, and their report, dated October 13, 2021, and has been previously issued under separate cover.

Related Organizations and Related Parties

Organizations, for which a primary government is accountable because the state appoints a voting majority of the board, but is not financially accountable, are considered to be related organizations. The Oklahoma Ordnance Works Authority is a related organization of the state. The state appoints a voting majority of the Trustees of the Oklahoma Ordnance Works Authority but has no further accountability.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information for all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these Government-Wide Financial Statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, segment, or component unit. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. The state does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions.

Net position is restricted when constraints placed on it is either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the state's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units, and major component units. However, the fiduciary funds are not included in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – The Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the state considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal year end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include federal grants, interest on investments, sales and income taxes, and lease payments receivable. Some revenue items that are considered measurable and available to finance operations during the year from an accounting perspective are not available for expenditure due to the state's present appropriation system. These revenues have been accrued in accordance with GAAP since they have been earned and are expected to be collected within sixty days of the end of the period. Other revenues are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the state.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Modifications to the accrual basis of accounting include:

- Employees' vested annual leave is recorded as an expenditure as it is utilized. Unused reimbursable leave following an employee's resignation or retirement that is unpaid at year end is recognized as an expenditure and a liability of the fund.
- Interest on general long-term obligations is recognized when paid.
- Executory purchase orders and contracts are recorded as a commitment of fund balance.
- Debt service expenditures and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units, and Component Unit Financial Statements – The financial statements of the proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units, and component units are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the Government-Wide Financial Statements described above.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the state's enterprise funds are requisitioned from the Oklahoma Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund held by the U.S. Treasury for payment of unemployment benefits, monthly premiums for self-funded insurance benefits provided to statutorily defined state employees by the Employees Group Insurance Department, interest revenue charges for loans made to local entities by the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, and the sale of lottery tickets and related chance games by the Lottery Commission. The Oklahoma Water Resources Board reports federal grants as both operating and nonoperating, depending on the types of grants received.

D. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the state are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The state uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The financial activities of the state that are reported in the accompanying financial statements have been classified into the following major governmental and proprietary funds. In addition, a description of the fiduciary and component units follows:

1. Governmental Funds

General Fund - This fund accounts for all activities of the state not specifically required to be accounted for in other funds. Included are transactions for services such as education, general government, health services, legal and judiciary, museums, natural resources, public safety and defense, regulatory services, social services, and transportation. Debt service transactions and related cash balances are reported in the general fund with balances held to service imminent debt activity presented as a component of restricted fund balance.

Commissioners of the Land Office Permanent Fund – This fund accounts for the land and cash granted to the state by the United States Congress for the use and benefit of educational systems in Oklahoma. This fund's assets are held by the state and only the income derived from the principal may be expended for designated operations. The principal must be preserved intact, and all net position for the fund is considered nonexpendable.

Department of Wildlife Conservation Permanent Fund – This fund accounts for monies held in trust for the improvement and preservation of wildlife. The monies have been accumulated from the sale of lifetime hunting and fishing licenses. This fund's assets are held by the state and only the income derived from the principal may be expended for designated operations. The principal must be preserved intact, and all net position for the fund is considered nonexpendable.

Tobacco Settlement Endowment Permanent Fund – This fund accounts for certain monies transferred from the general fund that were received in settlement of claims by the state against tobacco manufacturers. The earnings from these monies are to be utilized for research, education, prevention and treatment of tobacco related diseases and certain other health programs. The principal must be preserved intact.

2. Proprietary Funds

These funds account for those activities for which the intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public, or where sound financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate.

Employees Group Insurance Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services provides group health, life, dental, disability and other benefits to active state employees and local government employees, as well as varying coverages for active education employees and certain participants of the state's retirement systems, survivors, and persons covered by the Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1985. Coverages are funded by monthly premiums paid by employers and employees.

Employment Security Commission Enterprise Fund - This fund accounts for the deposit of monies requisitioned from the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund held by the U.S. Treasury for payment of unemployment benefits and administrative costs.

Oklahoma Water Resources Board Enterprise Fund - This fund is comprised of Oklahoma Water Resources Board and the Department of Environmental Quality bond issues and revolving loan programs. These programs make loans to local government units for the acquisition, development, and utilization of storage and control facilities for water and sewage systems.

Oklahoma Lottery Commission Enterprise Fund – This fund operates the state-wide lottery program and related chance games, seeking to generate additional revenues for the benefit of the state's educational system.

3. Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The state presents as fiduciary funds those activities that account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units.

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds - These funds account for the transactions, assets, liabilities, and net position of the Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan in the primary government, and six public employee retirement systems that meet the definition of a component unit of the state.

Custodial Funds - These funds account for the assets held, primarily taxes collected, for distribution by the state as an agent for other governmental units, other organizations or individuals.

4. Component Units

These entities are legally separate from the state but are considered part of the reporting entity. These funds meet the definition of both a component unit and that of an enterprise fund as previously described. The six public employee retirement systems meet the definition of a component unit but are presented with the other fiduciary funds of the state.

5. Financial Statement Reporting Periods

The accompanying financial statements of the state are presented as of June 30, 2021, and for the year then ended, except for the following funds and entities which were audited by other independent auditors.

Multiple Injury Trust Fund	12-31-20
Employees Group Insurance Department	12-31-20
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority	12-31-20
Grand River Dam Authority	12-31-20
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority	12-31-20
Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency	09-30-20

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The state's annual budget is prepared on the cash basis utilizing encumbrance accounting. Encumbrances represent executed but unperformed purchase orders. In the accompanying financial statements, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures for budgetary purposes if expected to be presented for payment by November 15 following the end of the fiscal year and as a component of either restricted or committed fund balance for GAAP purposes. Since the budgetary basis differs from GAAP, budget and actual amounts in the accompanying Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Schedules are presented on the budgetary basis. A reconciliation of revenues in excess of (less than) expenditures and other financing sources (uses) on a budgetary basis on June 30, 2021, to revenues in excess of (less than) expenditures and other financing sources (uses) presented in conformity with GAAP is set forth in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

The governor prepares and submits to the legislature at the beginning of each annual legislative session a balanced budget based on budget requests prepared by the various state agencies. The general fund is the only fund for which an annual budget is legally adopted. Budgeted expenditures cannot exceed the amount available for appropriation as certified by the Oklahoma State Board of Equalization. The legislature may modify the governor's proposed budget as it deems necessary and legally enacts an annual state budget through the passage of appropriation bills. The governor has the power to approve or veto each line-item appropriation.

The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the line-item level (i.e., general operations, duties, etc.) identified in the appropriation acts. Budgets may be modified subject to statutory limits on transfers. The Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services can approve transfers of up to 25% between line items. The Contingency Review Board (a three-member board comprised of the governor, the president pro tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives) can approve transfers between line items of up to 40%. All transfers are subject to review by the Joint Legislative Committee on Budget and Program Oversight to determine if the transfer tends to effectuate or subvert the intention and objectives of the legislature.

Current policy allows agencies to use unexpended monies for one-time purchases or non-recurring expenditures in the next fiscal year. This policy provides an incentive for agency managers to distribute resources efficiently; however, it is subject to annual approval by the legislature. Unexpended balances not carried forward to the new fiscal year by November 15 may: 1) lapse to unrestricted balances and be available for future appropriation, 2) lapse to restricted balances and be available for future appropriations restricted for specific purposes as defined by statute, or 3) be non-fiscal, and may be spent from one to thirty months from the date of appropriation.

If revenue collections from appropriated funding sources are not sufficient to cover appropriations from the general revenue fund, the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services is required to reduce the budget by the amount of

such deficiency as verified by the Oklahoma State Board of Equalization. Any other changes to the budget must be approved by the legislature. All fiscal year 2021 appropriated line items were within their authorized spending level.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The state uses a pooled cash concept in maintaining its bank accounts. All cash is pooled for operating and investment purposes and each fund has relative equity in the pooled amount. For reporting purposes, cash and related time deposits have been allocated to each fund based on its equity in the pooled amount. Interest earned on investments is allocated to the general fund except for those investments made specifically for the proprietary fund type, fiduciary fund type, proprietary component units, and higher education component unit, for each of which investment revenue is allocated to the investing fund.

The State Treasurer requires that financial institutions deposit collateral securities to secure the deposits of the state in each such institution. The State Treasurer also promulgates all rules and regulations regarding the amount of collateral securities that must be pledged to secure public deposits.

The Oklahoma Employment Security Commission Trust Fund is maintained to account for the collection of unemployment contributions from employers and the payment of unemployment benefits to eligible claimants. As required by federal law, all resources not necessary for current benefit payments are placed on deposit with the U.S. Treasury. Interest from these resources is retained in the fund.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to cash.

G. Investments

Investments, which may be restricted by law or legal instruments, are under control of either the State Treasurer or other administrative bodies as determined by law.

Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy for the determination and measurement of fair value. This hierarchy is based on the type of valuation inputs needed to measure the fair value of an asset. The hierarchy generally is as follows:

- 1. Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- 2. Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable or other forms of market corroborated inputs
- 3. Level 3 Pricing based on best available information, including primarily unobservable inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset

H. Receivables

Accounts receivable in all funds report amounts that have arisen in the ordinary course of business and are stated net of allowances for uncollectible amounts.

Governmental fund type receivables consist primarily of amounts due from the federal government. Interest and investment revenue receivable in all funds consist of revenues due on each investment. Taxes receivable in governmental funds represent taxes subject to accrual, primarily income taxes and sales taxes. Lease payments receivable in the general fund consists primarily of capital lease payments due for equipment and railroad lines owned by the Department of Transportation. Collectability of these lease payments is reasonably assured and no allowance for uncollectible amounts has been established.

Taxes receivable in enterprise funds represents unemployment taxes due at year end, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The uncollectible amounts are based on collection experience and a review of the status of existing receivables.

I. Inter/Intrafund Transactions

Interfund Transactions - The state has two types of interfund transactions:

- Services rendered transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.
- Operating appropriations/subsidies are accounted for as transfers in the funds involved.

Intrafund Transactions - Intrafund transfers, as a result of contracts among departments and/or agencies within the same fund, are considered expenditures by the contractor and revenues by the contracted for budgetary purposes. The Required Supplementary Information — Budgetary Schedules includes these transactions. However, as a general rule recorded intrafund revenues and expenditures have been eliminated in the GAAP-basis Government-Wide Financial Statements. A portion of motor fuel excise taxes collected on fuels consumed on the state's turnpikes is made available to the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (OTA) from the Oklahoma Tax Commission. These taxes are apportioned to OTA monthly to fund debt service, but only to the extent amounts are not otherwise available to OTA. If the motor fuel excise taxes apportioned to OTA are not needed in the month of apportionment, the taxes are transferred to the Department of Transportation (DOT). Before these monthly transfers were mandated, a balance owed to DOT had accumulated and at year end this balance is presented as a noncurrent due to other funds on the financial statements of OTA.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories of materials and supplies are determined both by physical counts and through perpetual inventory systems. Generally, inventories are valued at cost and predominantly on either the first-in first-out or weighted average basis. Inventories of federal surplus properties are valued at a percentage of federal acquisition cost. General fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased by recording adjustments to the inventory account on the balance sheet. The general fund inventories on hand at year-end are reflected as a component of nonspendable fund balance on the balance sheet, except for \$142,000 in food commodities which is recorded as inventory and unearned revenue. Upon distribution, the food commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

The value of the inventory of food commodities in the general fund is calculated by using a weighted average cost based on the U.S. Department of Agriculture commodity price list at the inventory receipt date. The value of the inventory of food stamps in the general fund is valued at coupon value.

Higher education component unit inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost being determined on either the first-in first-out or average cost basis.

Prepaid expenses are recorded using the "purchases method," meaning that they are initially recorded as expenditures. At fiscal year-end, significant amounts of prepaid expenditures are shown as a component of nonspendable fund balance, indicating they do not constitute available expendable resources.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (which are normally immovable and of value only to the state, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the state as assets which have a cost of \$25,000 or more at the date of acquisition and have an expected useful life of five or more years. Purchased and constructed capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value, rather than fair value. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value, rather than fair value.

The estimates of historical costs of buildings and other improvements were based on appraised value, as of August 4, 1994, indexed to the date of acquisition. Infrastructure constructed prior to July 1, 2000, was recorded at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost for years 1916-2000 was based on capital outlay expenditures reported by DOT and the Federal Highway Administration, less an amount estimated for the historical cost of the acquisition of land for right-of-way. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset's value or materially extend an asset's useful life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during construction of capital facilities is not capitalized.

Capital assets utilized in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Depreciation expense is recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, as well as the proprietary funds and component unit's financial statements.

Capital assets of the primary government and the component units are depreciated on the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful life. There is no depreciation recorded for land and construction in progress. Generally, estimated useful lives are as follows:

Machinery and Equipment 3 - 20 years Buildings and Other Improvements 7 - 60 years Infrastructure 30 years

Collections and works of art are not included in capital assets of the primary government on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. GASB Statement number 34 does not require capitalization of collections if they meet all of the following criteria: held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of service, rather than financial gain; protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved; and subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for collections. The state elected not to capitalize collections and works of art since they meet all the above conditions.

L. Other Assets

Included in other assets (noncurrent for component units) are costs to be recovered from future revenues. Certain items included in the operating costs of Grand River Dam Authority, an unregulated enterprise, are recovered through rates set by the Board of Directors. Recognition of these costs, primarily depreciation on debt funded capital assets, amortization of debt discount and expense, and amortization of losses on advance refunding of long-term debt, is deferred to the extent that such costs will be included in rates charged in future years. The Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority enters into power sales contracts with participating municipalities that provide for billings to those municipalities for output and services of the projects. Revenues from these contracts provide for payment of current operating and maintenance expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization), as well as payment of scheduled debt principal and interest, and deposits into certain funds as prescribed in the bond resolutions. For financial reporting purposes, Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority currently recognizes depreciation of assets financed by bond principal and amortization expense. The difference between current operating expenses and the amounts currently billed under the terms of the power sales contracts are delayed to future periods in which these amounts will be recovered through revenues.

M. Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

Unearned revenues at the fund level arise when potential revenue does not meet the available criterion for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the state before it has a legal claim to them. Also included in unearned revenue at both levels are the undistributed food commodity inventories. In subsequent periods, when the revenue recognition criterion is met, or when the state has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined statement of net position or statement of fund balance, and revenue is recognized.

During fiscal year 2021, the state received \$987,000 from the federal government's Coronavirus Relief Fund to distribute for coronavirus relief efforts. At the end of the prior fiscal year, \$1,173,267,000 remained in undisbursed funds. Disbursements of \$1,117,277,000 were made to cities, counties, and state agencies for qualified expenses. The remaining \$80,213,000 in undisbursed funds have been classified as unearned revenue.

The state also received \$276,480,000 in Emergency Rental Assistance Program funds from the federal government. Disbursements of \$36,950,000 were used to assist eligible households having difficulty with timely rent and utility payments due to the coronavirus pandemic. The remaining \$239,530,000 in undisbursed funds have been classified as unearned revenue.

Medical, public health, economic support and other related expenses incurred and reasonably necessary in respect to this national health emergency are eligible for reimbursement.

Available revenue is defined as due (or past due) on June 30 and collected within sixty days thereafter to pay obligations due at June 30. Revenue that is not collected within sixty days of fiscal year end is classified as unavailable and recorded as a deferred inflow on the statement of fund balance.

N. Compensated Absences

Employees earn annual vacation leave at the average rate of 10 hours per month for the first 5 years of service, 12 hours per month for service of 5 to 10 years, 13.33 hours per month for service of 10 to 20 years, and 16.67 hours per month for over 20 years of service. Unused annual leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 240 hours for employees with less than 5 years of continuous service or 480 hours for employees with 5 years or more of continuous service. All accrued annual leave is payable upon termination, resignation, retirement, or death. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements record expenditures when employees are paid for leave. The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the cost of accumulated vacation leave as a liability. The liability is valued based on current rate of pay. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the state does not have a policy to pay this amount when employees separate from service.

O. Risk Management

The Risk Management Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services is responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the state, or administration of any self-insurance plans and programs adopted for use by the state or for certain organizations and bodies outside of state government, at the sole expense of such organizations and bodies.

The Risk Management Division is authorized to settle claims of the state and oversee the dispensation and/or settlement of claims against a state political subdivision. In no event shall self-insurance coverage exceed the limitations on the maximum dollar amount of liability specified by the Oklahoma Governmental Tort Claims Act. The Risk Management Department oversees the collection of liability claims owed to the state incurred as the result of a loss through the wrongful or negligent act of a private person or other entity.

The Risk Management Division is also charged with the responsibility to immediately notify the Attorney General of any claims against the state presented to Risk Management.

P. Federal Grants

In addition to monetary transactions, federal grants also include non-monetary transactions for surplus inventory, supplemental nutrition, food, and other commodities. Surplus inventory is valued at a percentage of government acquisition cost. Supplemental nutrition is valued at the benefit value. Commodities are valued at their federally reported value in the general fund.

Q. Long-Term Obligations

Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs – In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are presented in the columns for governmental and business-type activities. The same is presented in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Bond and note premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Bonds and notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported in the period incurred.

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures in the period incurred.

Arbitrage Rebate Liability – The enterprise funds and component units account for any arbitrage rebate payable as a liability of the fund.

R. Governmental Fund – Fund Balance

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements present fund balance at the aggregate level of detail within the categories defined by GASB Statement number 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Refer to Note 12 for further discussion.

S. Deficit Fund Balance – Multiple Injury Trust Fund

The Multiple Injury Trust Fund (MITF), a component unit, continues to operate in a deficit situation. MITF had total net liabilities (negative net position) of \$467,340,000 at December 31, 2020. Legislation was passed in May 2000 providing new funding for MITF through an assessment on gross premiums on workers compensation policies written by insurance carriers and an assessment on disability awards paid by self-insured employers, and further limits future awards against MITF to claimants that timely filed injury claims that occurred before June 1, 2000, against their employer. These claimants have no time limitation for filing against MITF. No new claims related to injuries subsequent to June 1, 2000, can be filed. Funding is to continue until the Workers' Compensation Commission certifies that there are sufficient funds to satisfy all outstanding obligations of MITF.

T. Pollution Remediation Obligations

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, two agencies incurred expenses of \$694,000 for pollution obligations related to hazardous material on highways and asbestos removal, where clean-up is generally required to comply with federal regulations. This type of remediation is generally a control obligation performed as part of current operations during road construction or building renovation. There was also a liability incurred of \$2,136,000 which is included in accounts payable on the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Pollution remediation obligation is determined by the agency responsible for performing the remediation. These estimates are subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. There are currently no expectations of cost recoveries from ongoing projects.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

The State Treasurer maintains two investment portfolios. The treasurer's portfolio is used to manage the investments of all state monies that are under the control of the treasurer where earnings accrue to the general fund of the state. The State Agency Portfolio is used for the investment of a limited number of state agencies specifically authorized by statute to direct the activities of certain funds and accounts where the earnings accrue to those funds and accounts. Ancillary to the treasurer's portfolio is an internal investment pool, OK INVEST, for all state funds and agencies that are considered part of the State of Oklahoma. All cash balances held through the State Treasurer for the primary government, component units and fiduciary funds earn a return through the OK INVEST pool program.

In accordance with statutes, the State Treasurer's investment policy allows for investments in the following categories:

United States Treasury bills, notes and bonds United States government agency securities Investment grade obligations of state and local governments Short-term bond funds Foreign bonds Collateralized or insured certificates of deposit Negotiable certificates of deposit Prime commercial paper Repurchase agreements Money market funds

The State Treasurer's investment policy attempts to reduce portfolio risk through diversification by security, institution and maturity. Except for U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 50% of the state's total funds available for investment will be invested in a single security or with a single financial institution. In addition, the treasurer's investments will not have an average maturity greater than 4 years unless otherwise specifically designated by the treasurer. The following table outlines the State Treasurer's diversification limits designed to control various types of risk:

State Treasurer Investment Policy Diversification Limits

Investment Type	Percentage of Total Invested	Percentage of Total by Issuer	Maturity Limit	Rating
Treasuries	No Limit	No Limit	10 Years	Aaa,AAA
U.S. Government Agency Securities	50%	35%	10 Years	Aaa,AAA
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	45%	No Limit	7 Years	Aaa,AAA
Collateralized or Insured Certificates of Deposit	No Limit	\$20 Million	365 Days	No Limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	7.5%	2.5%	180 Days	A-1 & P-1
Commercial Paper	3%	2.5%	180 Days	A-1 & P-1
State and Local Government Obligations	10%	5%	30 Years	Securities must not be less than investment grade at purchase
Repurchase and Tri-party Repurchase Agreements	10%	5%	14 Days	A-1 minimum rating or equivalent
Money Market Mutual Funds	30%	10%	N/A	AAAm
Foreign Bonds	2.5%	Must be listed as an industrialized country by the International Monetary Fund	5 Years	A-/A3 or better

The primary government's three permanent funds, Commissioners of the Land Office, Department of Wildlife Lifetime Licenses and the Tobacco Settlement Endowment all have investment goals and horizons that differ from the State Treasurer. Accordingly, the investment policies for the permanent funds allow for broader classes of investments as well as extended dates of maturity.

The Employment Security Commission, Water Resources Board, Office of Management and Enterprise Services-Employees Group Insurance Division and Lottery Commission are the four business-type activities within the primary government. These agencies generally have investment policies that correlate to the operations and services that they perform. The Employment Security Commission generally will not invest outside of U.S. government securities and typically maintains deposit balances only. The Water Resources Board, Employees Group Insurance Division and Lottery Commission all operate with longer investment horizons, and as part of normal operations, will attempt to match maturities of investments with the approaching maturity of liabilities.

Due to the nature of the internal investment pool, ownership of investments cannot be assigned to individual funds, including the pension trust funds and component units. The investment pool also holds securities purchased with cash collateral from securities lending, which are not assigned to individual funds. For these reasons, total investments will not agree to the financial statements for the primary government. The following table details the investments held by the primary government on June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands):

Investments – Primary Government

	Gov	ernment	Per	manent	Busine	ess-Type	Tota	l Primary	
Investment Type	Admi	inistration	F	unds	Act	ivities	Government		
POOLED INVESTMENTS									
U.S. Agency & Treasury	\$	9,219,684	\$	9,192	\$	-	\$	9,228,876	
Money Market Mutual Funds		439,443		11,807		-		451,250	
Securities Lending Collateral Pool		278,588		96,489		-		375,077	
Mutual Funds		-		51,689		-		51,689	
Certificates of Deposit & Commercial Paper		67,517		-		-		67,517	
State & Muni Bond Issues		44,164		3,807		-		47,971	
Foreign Corporate Bonds		69,998		-		-		69,998	
NON-POOLED INVESTMENTS									
U.S. Agency & Treasury		335		541,266		88,296		629,897	
Domestic Corporate Bonds		-		920,270		91,161		1,011,431	
Foreign Corporate Bonds		-		278,429		-		278,429	
Domestic Equities		70,166		1,435,676		129,958		1,635,800	
Foreign Equities		-		556,458		-		556,458	
Other		2,357		721,148		57,142		780,647	
Money Market Mutual Funds	163			-		-		163	
Totals	\$ 10,192,415		\$	4,626,231	\$	366,557	\$	15,185,203	

The primary government categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The primary government uses the market approach for valuation purposes. The following table details the fair value of investments held by the primary government on June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands):

Primary Government Fair Value Measurements at **Reporting Date Using Quoted Prices** Significant in Active Markets for Other Significant Unobservable **Amounts** Identical Observable Measured At Assets **Inputs Inputs** (Level 2) **Fair Value** (Level 1) (Level 3) **Investments Measured by Fair Value Debt Securities** 9,906,744 \$ 2.695.410 \$ U.S. Treasury, Agency & Municipal Securities 7,211,334 \$ Certificates of Deposit & Commercial Paper 67,517 67,517 U.S. Corporate Debt 1,011,431 1,011,431 Foreign Corporate Bonds 348,427 277,367 71,060 **Equity Securities U.S.** Domestic Equities 1,305,856 1,305,701 155 Foreign Equities 285,064 285,064 Mutual Funds 51,689 51,689 229,021 144,203 Other 606,240 233,016 **Total Investments Measured at Fair Value** 13,582,968 **Investments Measured at Amortized Cost** 451,413 **Investments Measured at Net Asset Value** 775,745

Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The fiduciary funds of the state have investment goals that vary significantly from the primary government. Due to the long-term nature of these funds, investment options are broader, and maturities can be longer than that of the primary government. These funds generally have investment policies allowing for investments in stocks, bonds, fixed income securities and other investment securities including commingled, mutual and index funds. Generally, policies allow for a portion of investments to be held in securities of foreign companies and countries. Policies also allow for portions of the total portfolio to be held in derivatives and derivative like investments such as U.S. Treasury Strips, collateralized mortgage obligations, convertible securities and variable rate instruments.

The fiduciary funds categorize fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The valuation techniques vary based upon investment type and involve a certain degree of expert judgment. The following table details the fair value of investments held by the fiduciary funds on June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands):

Pension Trust Funds

				lue Measuremen orting Date Usin		t
	Amounts Ieasured At Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)			Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments Measured by Fair Value						
Debt Securities U.S. Treasury, Agency & Municipal Securities U.S. Corporate Debt Foreign Corporate Bonds	\$ 4,396,586 4,395,959 644,528	\$ 523,356 - 271,206	\$	3,868,897 4,377,249 176,910	\$	4,333 18,710 196,412
Equity Securities U.S. Domestic Equities Foreign Equities Other	19,417,253 2,464,115 1,163,052	16,831,812 1,553,652 11,144		2,580,378 910,463 552		5,063 - 1,151,356
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$ 32,481,493	11,177		332		1,131,330
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value	\$ 10,305,681					

Component Units

The component units of the state have varied investment goals based on the demands of their specific enterprise, and commonly have investment policies that allow for broader asset classes and longer maturities than that of the primary government. Various finance authorities invest in attempt to match targeted returns to the maturity of liabilities. The higher education component unit is comprised of numerous foundations that invest to maximize gains for the institutions that they support. These foundations may also hold assets of different classes as part of donor restrictions and covenants. The component units categorize fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The valuation techniques vary based upon investment type and involve a certain degree of expert judgment. The following table details the fair value of investments held by component units on June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands):

Component Units Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using

			 j	кер	orting Date Usin	g	
	Me	Amounts easured At air Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	1	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments Measured by Fair Value							
Debt Securities U.S. Treasury, Agency & Municipal Securities U.S. Corporate Debt Foreign Corporate Bonds	\$	1,003,867 238,319 50,469	\$ 687,442 187,434 9,717	\$	316,398 50,885 40,752	\$	27 - -
Equity Securities U.S. Domestic Equities Foreign Equities Other		1,556,868 89,009 1,859,952	1,242,899 89,009 69,423		44,866 - 1,592,451		269,103 - 198,078
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	4,798,484					
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost	\$	468,474					
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value	\$	1,737,181					

A. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the state will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, not registered in the name of the state, or held by the counterparty or its trust department but not in the state's name.

Primary Government

The State Treasurer requires that financial institutions deposit collateral securities to secure the deposits of the state in each such institution. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged for the security of public deposits is established by rules promulgated by the State Treasurer. In accordance with the Office of State Treasurer's policies, the collateral securities to be pledged by financial institutions through the Office of the State Treasurer are pledged at market value and must be at 110% of value to collateralize the amount on deposit, less any federal insurance coverage. All investments held by the State Treasurer are insured, registered, or held in the name of the State Treasurer.

As of June 30, 2021, the primary government's bank balances of deposits are fully insured or collateralized with securities held by an agent of the state in the state's name. In addition to these deposits, the state has approximately \$423,375,000 on deposit with the U.S. government. These funds represent unemployment insurance taxes collected from Oklahoma employers that are held by the U.S. Treasury. The book value of deposits does not materially differ from the bank balance.

Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The pension trust funds, fiduciary component units of the state, have investment policies that do not specifically address custodial credit risk of deposits and investments. However, each pension trust fund utilizes multiple investment managers and limits cash and short-term investments to no more than 5% of each investment manager's portfolio. On June 30, 2021, the pension trust funds had deposits and cash equivalents of \$1,209,122,000 of which \$61,824,000 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Component Units

Generally, the component units of the state have investment policies that do not specifically address or limit custodial credit risk of deposits and investments. All component units typically follow the diversification and securitization of deposit policies defined by the State Treasurer to minimize custodial credit risk.

B. Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the debt instrument issuer's ability to meet its obligation. The state, its fiduciary funds and component units utilize the credit quality ratings issued by Moody's, Standard and Poor's (S&P), or Fitch in determining the risk associated with its fixed-income investments. Obligations of the U.S. government or those explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk. Certain debt instruments are commingled investments that do not have an applicable credit risk rating. These investments are presented as not rated in the accompanying tables.

Primary Government

As outlined in an earlier table, the State Treasurer seeks to hold investments with a rating of A or higher as rated by Moody's. Generally, the permanent funds and the business-type activities seek to maintain the same or higher rating. The Water Resources Board, which has a high concentration of investments with one issuer, requires that issuer to maintain an average credit rating of AA or higher. Should this issuer's rating fall below AA, it is required to collateralize the guaranteed investments sufficient to maintain an AA rating on the contracts. On June 30, 2021, the primary government had the following investments subject to credit risk (expressed in thousands):

Credit Risk - Primary Government

Investment Rating	U.S	S. Treasury, Agency and Municipal	International Government		U.S. Corporate Debt	International Debt	
Moody's/S&P/Fitch		Securities	Securities	_	Instruments	 Instruments	 Total
Aaa/AAA/AAA	\$	6,406,935	\$ 398	\$	43,483	\$ -	\$ 6,450,816
Aa/AA/AA		3,912,991	1,093		49,530	1,785	3,965,399
A/A/A		7,093	1,045		86,198	26,439	120,775
Baa/BBB/BBB		6,411	3,558		337,544	111,428	458,941
Ba/BB/BB		-	1,890		206,342	78,514	286,746
B/B/B		-	1,035		149,444	31,999	182,478
Caa/CCC/CCC		-	-		11,162	2,946	14,108
Ca/CC/CC		-	245		744	-	989
C/C/C		-	-		186	-	186
Not Rated/Not Applicable		24,563	-	_	126,961	 86,053	237,577
Total	\$	10,357,993	\$ 9,264	\$	1,011,594	\$ 339,164	\$ 11,718,015

Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The pension trust funds typically hold a significant portion of assets in the form of debt instruments. Each pension trust fund has an investment policy governing their credit risk exposure. Generally, at the time of purchase, investments in domestic fixed-income investments must carry the highest rating either Aaa, (Moody's) or AAA, (S&P, Fitch) as determined by the national rating organizations. International debt instruments must be Baa or BBB at the time of purchase. Overall, each investment policy generally requires that an average credit quality rating of A or higher be maintained for total debt instrument holdings. On June 30, 2021, the pension trust funds had the following credit risk exposure (expressed in thousands):

Credit Risk - Pension Trust Funds

Investment Rating Moody's/S&P/Fitch	U.	S. Treasury, Agency and Municipal Securities	International Government Securities	U.S. Corporate Debt Instruments	International Debt Instruments	Total
Aaa/AAA/AAA	\$	3,801,527	\$ -	\$ 372,793	\$ - \$	4,174,320
Aa/AA/AA		25,002	-	106,966	-	131,968
A/A/A		2,712	1,285	541,787	153,993	699,777
Baa/BBB/BBB		31,262	16,301	1,541,254	-	1,588,817
Ba/BB/BB		17,628	5,331	692,354	132,992	848,305
B/B/B		9,984	-	337,718	-	347,702
Caa/CCC/CCC		3,436	-	107,013	-	110,449
Ca/CC/CC		459	-	652	-	1,111
D/D/D		-	-	5,620	-	5,620
, ,		944,849	 -	 689,802	 334,626	1,969,277
Total	\$	4,836,859	\$ 22,917	\$ 4,395,959	\$ 621,611 \$	9,877,346

Component Units

The component units usually hold a significant portion of their respective portfolios in debt instruments. Each component unit has an investment policy governing credit risk. As a general rule, the component units have more liberal investment policies than the primary government that allow for greater levels of credit risk regarding debt securities. Foundations within the higher education component unit also hold a significant portion of their total debt portfolio as either bond funds or money market mutual funds. These debt instruments are generally pooled or commingled investments and are not subject to credit risk disclosures. Investments in U.S. government securities are not subject to credit risk. On June 30, 2021, the component units had the following credit risk exposure (expressed in thousands):

Credit Risk -	Component	Units
---------------	-----------	-------

Investment Rating Moody's/S&P/Fitch	U	I.S. Treasury, Agency and Municipal Securities	International Government Securities	U.S. Corporate Debt Instruments	International Debt Instruments	Total
Aaa/AAA/AAA	\$	1,008,524	\$ -	\$ 177,764	\$ -	\$ 1,186,288
		4,058	-	30,790	-	34,848
		-	-	30,902	-	30,902
Not Rated/Not Applicable		-	-	470,174	56,793	526,967
Total	\$	1,012,582	\$ -	\$ 709,630	\$ 56,793	\$ 1,779,005

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

Primary Government

The State Treasurer's investment policy seeks to mitigate concentration of credit risk through targeted diversification limits as outlined earlier in this note. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 50% of the state's total funds available for investment will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. The Water Resources Board, a business-type activity of the primary government, has no policy limiting amounts that may be invested in one issuer.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. Duration is a measure of a debt instrument's exposure to fair value changes arising from changes in interest rates based on the present value of future cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price. Modified duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to interest rate changes. The state, its fiduciary funds, and component units use either duration, modified duration or weighted average years outstanding as the standard measures for assessing interest rate risk. Generally, the longer the duration or years outstanding, the greater sensitivity an investment has to interest rate risk.

Primary Government

As outlined in a previous table, the State Treasurer follows an investment policy seeking to keep the average maturity for its entire portfolio to less than four years. The permanent funds and the business-type activities of the primary government do not have the same liquidity demands as the treasurer, and as a matter of policy are not as restrictive regarding maturities. On June 30, 2021, the primary government had the following investments with maturities (expressed in thousands):

Interest Rate Risk - Primary Government

Weighted Average Years to Maturity	 S. Treasury, Agency and Municipal Securities	(nternational Government Instruments	J.S. Corporate Debt Instruments	nternational Debt Instruments	Total
Less than 1 year Weighted Average to Maturity	\$ 439,778	\$	-	\$ 394	\$ -	\$ 440,172
1 - 5 years	9,612,846		6,973	195,793	95,070	9,910,682
6 - 10 years	213,455		2,291	814,057	244,094	1,273,897
10 or more years	27,314		-	1,350	-	28,664
No Maturity or Not Applicable	64,600		-	-	-	64,600
Total	\$ 10,357,993	\$	9,264	\$ 1,011,594	\$ 339,164	\$ 11,718,015

Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The pension trust funds generally do not have a formal investment policy on interest rate risk. However, interest rate risk is generally controlled through diversification of portfolio management styles. Each pension trust fund reviews the performance of each investment manager, and monitors the interest rate risk as part of the performance assessment. On June 30, 2021, the pension trust funds had the following exposure to interest rate risk (expressed in thousands):

Interest Rate Risk - Pension Trust Funds												
	U.S. Treasury, Agency and Municipal			nternational Government	U	I.S. Corporate Debt	Int	ternational Debt				
Weighted Average Years to Maturity		Securities		Securities		Instruments	In	struments		Total		
Less than 1 year Weighted Average to Maturity	\$	11,213	\$	-	\$	4,512	\$	-	\$	15,725		
1 - 5 years		1,105,120		-		788,401		197,317		2,090,838		
6 - 10 years		601,006		22,917		3,126,832		89,668		3,840,423		
10 or more years		3,098,614		-		292,607		-		3,391,221		
No Maturity or Not Applicable		20,906		-		183,607		334,626		539,139		
Total	\$	4,836,859	\$	22,917	\$	4,395,959	\$	621,611	\$	9,877,346		

Component Units

The state's component units typically have board approved investment policies designed to manage exposure to fair value losses that arise from interest rate risk. The policies of the various component units can differ significantly since each investment policy is designed to match the portfolio objectives for that component unit. A substantial portion of the component units' holdings in debt instruments is in money market mutual funds and bond mutual funds with demand maturities which are presented below as not having an applicable maturity. On June 30, 2021, the component units had the following interest rate risk exposure (expressed in thousands):

Interest Rate Risk - Component Units											
	U.	S. Treasury, Agency and Municipal	International Government			ι	J.S. Corporate Debt	I	nternational Debt		
Weighted Average Years to Maturity		Securities		Securities			Instruments]	Instruments		Total
Less than 1 year Weighted Average to Maturity	\$	182,609	\$	-		\$	121,576	\$	-	\$	304,185
1 - 5 years		441,663		-			75,092		-		516,755
6 - 10 years		114,025		-			54,091		-		168,116
10 or more years		5,017		-			16,418		-		21,435
No Maturity or Not Applicable		269,268			_		442,453		56,793		768,514
Total	\$	1,012,582	\$	-	_	\$	709,630	\$	56,793	\$	1,779,005

E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of a deposit or investment. The state, its fiduciary funds and component units typically make investments in foreign securities to achieve an additional level of diversification within the various portfolios under management. Foreign currencies held as cash and cash equivalents are usually held to limit losses in foreign investments due to fluctuations in currency values.

Primary Government

The general government is not invested in securities that are exposed to foreign currency risk; however, the permanent funds have policies that will typically allow a portion of the total portfolio to be invested in international securities in an effort to improve diversification and total returns. The business-type activity's investing policies do not specifically address foreign investments, and they will typically not hold any international securities. On June 30, 2021, the primary government had the following foreign currency risk (expressed in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk - Primary Government

			Debt	Cash and	
Currency		Equities	Instruments	Equivalents	Total
Argentine peso	\$	-	\$ 378	\$ -	\$ 378
Australian dollar		-	398	8	406
Bermudian dollar		90	707	-	797
Brazilian real		3,230	1,039	88	4,357
British pound sterling		47,104	3,554	51	50,709
Canadian dollar		7,099	2,780	50	9,929
Cayman dollar		22,326	682	-	23,008
Chinese renminbi		-	962	-	962
Colombian peso		24	87	6	117
Danish krone		4,271	-	-	4,271
Euro		81,192	9,678	791	91,661
Honduran lempira		-	215	-	215
Hong Kong dollar		10,994	-	-	10,994
Indian rupee		5,433	-	-	5,433
Indonesian rupiah		-	1,268	112	1,380
International		-	2,916	-	2,916
Japanese yen		23,138	-	-	23,138
Jersey pound		293	-	-	293
Mexican nuevo peso		-	2,354	-	2,354
New Israeli sheqel		151	-	-	151
New Taiwan dollar		12,016	-	-	12,016
New Turkish lira		-	397	-	397
New Zealand dollar		3,799	-	-	3,799
Nigerian naira		-	200	-	200
Norwegian krone		7,762	-	-	7,762
Panamanian balboa		-	439	-	439
Peruvian nuevo sol		-	532	-	532
Russian ruble		-	730	60	790
Saudi riyal		-	1,579	-	1,579
Singapore dollar		-	939	-	939
South African rand		-	-	93	93
South Korean won		9,579	934	-	10,513
Swedish krona		5,065	-	-	5,065
Swiss franc		41,522	695	-	42,217
UAE dirham		-	250	-	250
West African franc		-	124		124
Totals	\$	285,088	\$ 33,837	\$ 1,259	\$ 320,184

Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The pension and other employee benefit trust funds generally have investment policies regarding limits on the amount of foreign securities that can be held within their respective portfolios. The trust funds have a significantly longer time frame for achieving their investment goals, and investments in foreign securities offer an additional level of diversification, as well as provide the opportunity for increased returns. Typically, holdings in foreign currencies are used to limit losses on foreign securities due to currency fluctuations. The trust funds had the following foreign currency risk on June 30, 2021, (expressed in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk - Pension Trust Funds

			Debt	Cash and	
Currency		Equities	Instruments	Equivalents	 Total
Argentine peso	\$	-	\$ 459	\$ 131	\$ 590
Australian dollar		114,847	-	-	114,847
Brazilian real		39,032	3,011	10	42,053
British pound sterling		592,201	(1,023)	1,061	592,239
Canadian dollar		161,485	-	15	161,500
Chinese yuan		37,730	-	3	37,733
Czech koruna		321	-	-	321
Danish krone		65,954	-	-	65,954
Euro		1,141,645	1,148	80	1,142,873
Hong Kong dollar		401,328	(307)	767	401,788
Hungarian forint		4,095	-	27	4,122
Indian rupee		-	2,369	-	2,369
Indonesian rupiah		7,713	-	-	7,713
Japanese yen		754,926	(908)	1,455	755,473
Malaysian ringgit		7,416	-	5	7,421
Mexican peso		22,978	5,200	-	28,178
New Israeli shekel		7,392	-	-	7,392
New Taiwan dollar		203,811	-	-	203,811
New Turkish lira		-	-	2,484	2,484
New Zealand dollar		3,421	-	-	3,421
Norwegian krone		13,943	-	332	14,275
Philippines peso		359	-	-	359
Polish zloty		3,897	-	-	3,897
Singapore dollar		35,477	(103)	103	35,477
South African rand		28,731	-	-	28,731
South Korean won		172,326	-	-	172,326
Swedish krona		129,556	-	47	129,603
Swiss franc		270,423	(1,250)	1,606	270,779
Thai baht		22,026	-	-	22,026
Turkish lira		10,676	-	-	10,676
Totals	\$	4,253,709	\$ 8,596	\$ 8,126	\$ 4,270,431

Securities Lending Definition

In a securities lending transaction, securities are loaned to approved brokers through a securities lending agreement with a simultaneous agreement to return collateral for the same security in the future.

Securities Lending Activity - Primary Government

Oklahoma State Statute Title 62, Section 90, authorizes the Office of the State Treasurer to participate in securities lending transactions. All securities held by Northern Trust, as trustee or custodian, may be lent in the securities lending program unless specifically excluded by the Office of the State Treasurer.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, securities lending agents lent primarily U.S. government securities. Cash and U.S. government securities were provided as collateral for the securities lent. Generally, collateral must equal at least 100% of the fair value of the securities loaned. At 2021, there were no securities on loan. The collateral balance of \$278,588,000 represents cash collateral that is invested in U.S. government securities and is included as an asset on the balance sheet with an offsetting liability for the return of collateral.

As of June 30, 2021, there was no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the primary government owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the primary government. Contracts with securities lending agents require them to indemnify the lender if the borrower fails to return the securities or otherwise fails to pay the lender for income while the securities are on loan. There were no losses on security lending transactions, or recoveries from prior period

losses, that resulted from the default of a borrower or the lending agent. Because these transactions are terminable at will, their duration generally did not match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral.

The Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust Fund, a permanent fund, participates in securities lending as defined by its investment policy. During the year, the Tobacco Trust lent U.S. government securities, corporate debt, and domestic and foreign equities. Collateral was provided as cash for securities lent. Collateral must equal at least 102% of the market value of securities lent unless the principal market for the collateral is outside the United States, in which case a margin of 105% must be maintained. On June 30, 2021, the fair value of securities on loan was \$92,880,000. The collateral for securities lent had a market value of \$96,489,000. The investment made with cash collateral had an average maturity of one day and did not match the duration of the security on loan since the loans are terminable at will. There was no credit risk to borrowers.

Securities Lending Activity - Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

The six public employees retirement systems participate in securities lending transactions as provided by their respective investment policies. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, securities lending agents lent primarily U.S. government securities, equity securities, and debt securities. Cash, U.S. government securities, and letters of credit were provided as collateral for the securities lent. Generally, collateral must be provided in the amount of 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. In certain instances collateral must be provided in the amount of 105% when the principal trading market for the loaned securities is outside the United States. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount and fair value of securities on loan was approximately \$2,592,058,000. The underlying collateral for these securities had a fair value of approximately \$2,672,979,000. Collateral of securities and letters of credit represented approximately \$453,405,000 of total collateral. These securities and letters of credit cannot be sold or pledged unless the borrower defaults, therefore, the collateral and related liability is not presented on the balance sheet. The remaining collateral represents cash collateral that is invested in short-term investment pools and is included as an asset on the balance sheet with an offsetting liability for the return of the collateral.

As of June 30, 2021, there was no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the fiduciary funds owe the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the fiduciary funds. Contracts with securities lending agents require them to indemnify the lender if the borrower fails to return the securities or otherwise fails to pay the lender for income while the securities are on loan. There were no losses on security lending transactions, or recoveries from prior period losses, resulting from the default of a borrower or the lending agent. Investment policies do not require the maturities of investments made with cash collateral to match the maturities of securities lent; however, investment policies may establish minimum levels of liquidity to minimize the interest rate risk associated with not matching the maturity of the investments with the loans. Generally, their duration did not match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral.

Derivative Investments Definition

Derivatives are often complex financial arrangements used to manage specific risks or to act as investments. Derivatives can act as hedges to more effectively manage cash flow or act as investments thereby increasing or decreasing exposure to certain types of investments.

Derivative Investments - Primary Government

Certain state agencies utilize derivative investments as tools to efficiently and effectively manage domestic, international and fixed income investments within their respective portfolios. Investments for the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust Fund are reported at fair value based on the cash flows from interest and principal payments. The notional amount, financial statement classification and fair value balance of derivatives outstanding on June 30, 2021, and the change in fair value of such derivatives for the year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Permanent	Derivative		otional	Fair V	'alue		Change in Fa	lue	
Fund	Instrument	A	mount	Classification	Am	ount	Classification		Amount
Tobacco Settlement Trust	Foreign Currency Forward Contracts	\$	(9,656)	Net Receivable	\$	77	Investment Income	\$	338

Derivative Investments - Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

Several of the state's public employees retirement systems utilize derivative investments as tools to efficiently and effectively manage domestic, international and fixed income investments within their respective portfolios. The notional amount, financial statement classification and fair value balance of derivatives outstanding on June 30, 2021, and the change in fair value of such derivatives for the year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Pension	Derivative	Notional	Fair V	Change in Fair Value		
System	Instrument	Amount	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount
Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)	Foreign Currency Forward Contracts Other		Net Payable Net Payable	\$ -	Investment Income S Investment Income	\$ 42 (2)
Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)	Foreign Currency Forward Contracts	174,225	Investment	173,852	Investment Income	(373)

The OFPRS system uses foreign currency forward contracts primarily to hedge foreign currency exposure. The fair values of all OFPRS derivative instruments are determined from market quotes of the instruments or similar instruments. The foreign currency forward contracts for the TRS subject the system to foreign currency risk because the investments are denominated in foreign currencies. The fair values of foreign currency forward contracts for TRS are estimated based on the present value of their estimated cash flows.

Derivative Investments - Component Units

The component units of the state have varied investment goals based on the demands of their specific operations and commonly have investment policies allowing for greater investment diversity and risk. Certain component units and foundations with the higher education component unit will utilize derivative investments on occasion to secure specific returns matched to maturing liabilities to mitigate overall portfolio risk.

Note 3. Accounts Receivable

Receivable balances have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Only receivables with allowances for uncollectible accounts as of June 30, 2021, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are presented below (expressed in thousands):

	_			Proprietary							
	G	eneral Fund		Fund	Component Units						
		Accounts Receivable		Taxes Receivable		Accounts Receivable		Notes Receivable			
Gross Receivables Less:	\$	178,163	\$	205,500	\$	1,136,805	\$	209,253			
Allowance for Uncollectibles	_	(59,034)	_	(76,707)		(365,958)	_	(3,943)			
Net Receivables	\$	119,129	\$	128,793	\$	770,847	\$	205,310			

Note 4. Interfund Accounts and Transfers

A. Due from Other Funds/Due to Other Funds

A summary of interfund obligations as of June 30, 2021, is shown below (expressed in thousands):

		Due	From	From Other Funds								Dι	іе То	Other Fu	nds					
		ieneral Fund		manent unds		terprise Funds	Fidu	From iciary inds	Cor	Other mponent Units		neral und	Pen	ildlife nanent unds	Enterp Fun		Fidu	e To ciary nds	Coı	Oue To mponent Units
Governmental Funds																				
General Fund Dept of Wildlife Conservation Permanent Fund Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund	\$	360	\$	142	\$	2 -	\$	48 - -	\$	55,480	\$	142	\$	360	\$	-	\$ 8	1,754 - -	\$	129,197
Total Governmental Funds	\$	360	\$	142	\$	2	\$	48	\$	55,480	\$	142	\$	360	\$	_	\$ 8	1,754	\$	129,197
Enterprise Funds																				
Oklahoma Employment Security Commission Oklahoma Lottery Commission	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	34	\$	2	\$	- -	\$		\$	1,589	\$	- -
Total Enterprise Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	34	\$	2	\$		\$		\$	1,589	\$	-
Fiduciary Funds Pension Trust Funds:																				
Firefighters Pension and Retirement System Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma	\$	15,171 4,009 11,883 5,900 44,791	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - 1,589	\$	- - -	\$	732	\$	3 1 17 3 24	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 1 -
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	81,754	\$	-	\$	1,589	\$	-	\$	732	\$	48	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	1
		Day Far	D.		_		_					D T	D.:			_				
		Due Fro	Pen	manent unds	En	terprise	Fidu	From iciary inds	Cor	ne From Other mponent Units		neral	Pen	ary Gove	Enterp		Fidu	e To ciary nds	Con	Oue To Other mponent Units
Major Component Units:	_						_													
Oklahoma Student Loan Authority Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency Oklahoma Tumpike Authority Grand River Dam Authority Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority Higher Education	\$	1,627 579 - 32,990	\$	-	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - 1,251 - 810	\$ 5	5 7 53,896 48 - 1,547	\$	-	\$	- - - -	\$	75 - 563 72	\$	6 44 1,345 933
Nonmajor Component Units:																				
Multiple Injury Trust Fund University Hospitals Authority Oklahoma Development Finance Authority		10,295 83,726 23		-		-		-		255		11 - -		-		-		- 22 -		- 86 -
Total Component Units	\$	129,240	\$		\$		\$	1	\$	2,316	\$ 5	55,514	\$		\$		\$	732	\$	2,414

A reconciliation of interfund receivables and interfund payables on June 30, 2021, follows. Timing differences occur between agencies with a June 30 year end and the component units with years ending September 30 or December 31.

Total Due from Other Funds:		Total Due to Other Funds:		
Wildlife Lifetime Licenses	\$ 360	Tobacco Settlement Endowment	\$	142
Tobacco Settlement Endowment	142	Wildlife Lifetime Licences		360
Fiduciary Funds	81,754	Enterprise Funds		2
Component Unit Funds	129,240	Fiduciary Funds		48
Due from Enterprise Funds		Component Unit Funds		55,514
General Fund	2	Due to Fiduciary Funds		
Fiduciary Funds	1,589	General Fund		81,754
Due from Fiduciary Funds		Proprietary Funds		1,589
General Fund	48	Component Unit Funds		732
Component Unit Funds	1	Due to Component Units		
Due from Component Units		General Fund		129,197
General Fund	55,480	Fiduciary Funds		1
Enterprise Funds	34	Component Unit Funds		2,414
Fiduciary Funds	732	Total Interfund Payables per	· <u> </u>	
Other Component Unit Funds	2,316	Financial Statements	\$	271,753
		Timing Differences: Component Units		
Total Interfund Receivables per		Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2020		(55)
Financial Statements	\$ 271,698	Total Interfund Payables	\$	271,698

The general fund, Due From Other Funds, includes \$54,011,000 from Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (\$53,777,000 as of December 31, 2020) for a portion of motor fuel excise taxes collected on fuels consumed on turnpikes. The balance accumulates and is payable when certain Oklahoma Turnpike Authority revenue bonds payable have been paid in full. The Wildlife Lifetime Licenses Permanent Fund is due \$360,000 from the general fund for legislative mandated transfer of earnings on certain funds.

Remaining interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded, and payment between funds are made.

B. Notes Payable and Capital Leases

The higher education component unit has entered into capital lease agreements with the general fund's Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority to lease various facilities, equipment and improvements. The capital lease outstanding balances are \$308,179,000.

C. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, follows (expressed in thousands):

Transfers From (Out)	Transfers To (In)	For (Purpose)	Amount
Governmental Funds:			
	Oklahoma Water Resources		
General Fund	Board	Payment for administrative costs	\$ 8,705
		Total tranfers out of the General Fund	\$ 8,705
Proprietary Funds:			
Oklahoma Water Resources Board	General Fund	Restricted investment revenue	\$ 6,741
Oklahoma Lottery Commission	General Fund	Transfer for expendible earnings	80,236
		Total transfers in to the General Fund	\$ 86,977
		Net transfers In/Out - General Fund	\$ 78,272

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows (expressed in thousands):

Primary Government

•	Beginning			Ending			
	 Balance	1	Increases	D	ecreases		Balance
Governmental activities:	 <u>.</u>		_		_		
Capital assets, nondepreciable							
Land	\$ 1,945,505	\$	46,879	\$	(4,076)	\$	1,988,308
Construction in progress	261,262		61,224		(31,511)		290,975
Total capital assets, nondepreciable	\$ 2,206,767	\$	108,103	\$	(35,587)	\$	2,279,283
Capital assets, depreciable:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,670,372	\$	68,332	\$	(19,343)	\$	1,719,361
Equipment	652,853		96,212		(43,774)		705,291
Infrastructure	21,456,344		860,161		(1,124)		22,315,381
Total capital assets, depreciable	\$ 23,779,569	\$	1,024,705	\$	(64,241)	\$	24,740,033
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ (840,328)	\$	(34,701)	\$	15,269	\$	(859,760)
Equipment	(486,882)		(42,872)		42,933		(486,821)
Infrastructure	(11,890,774)		(543,282)		637		(12,433,419)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (13,217,984)	\$	(620,855)	\$	58,839	\$	(13,780,000)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	\$ 10,561,585	\$	403,850	\$	(5,402)	\$	10,960,033
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,768,352	\$	511,953	\$	(40,989)	\$	13,239,316
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, depreciable:							
Equipment	\$ 7,286	\$	175	\$	512	\$	6,949
Total capital assets, depreciable	\$ 7,286	\$	175	\$	512	\$	6,949
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Equipment	\$ (6,168)	\$	(584)	\$	(512)	\$	(6,240)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (6,168)	\$	(584)	\$	(512)	\$	(6,240)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,118	\$	(409)	\$		\$	709

Current period depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows (expressed in thousands):

Government Activities:	
Education	\$ 876
General government	15,544
Health services	9,109
Legal and judiciary	390
Museums	135
Natural resources	12,526
Public safety and defense	26,251
Regulatory services	679
Social services	2,849
Transportation	552,496
Total depreciation expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 620,855
Business-type Activities: Government	
administration	\$ 433
Natural resources	151
Total depreciation expense -	
Business-type Activities	\$ 584

Component Units

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, (December 31, 2020, or September 30, 2020, for those entities identified in Item D of Note 1) was as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Beginning Balance			Additions	Re	etirements	 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	556,117	\$	20,644	\$	(10,156)	\$ 566,605
Construction in progress		1,162,666		479,195		(320,528)	 1,321,333
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	1,718,783	\$	499,839	\$	(330,684)	\$ 1,887,938
Capital assets, being depreciated:		_		_		<u>.</u>	 _
Buildings and improvements	\$	11,530,503	\$	471,612	\$	(404,770)	\$ 11,597,345
Equipment		1,924,368		106,568		(289,763)	1,741,173
Infrastructure		2,983,386		85,187		(3,108)	 3,065,465
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	16,438,257	\$	663,367	\$	(697,641)	\$ 16,403,983
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(4,718,173)	\$	(427,203)	\$	393,858	\$ (4,751,518)
Equipment		(1,430,982)		(91,712)		179,896	(1,342,798)
Infrastructure		(1,977,193)		(103,773)		1,265	 (2,079,701)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(8,126,348)	\$	(622,688)	\$	575,019	\$ (8,174,017)
Total capital assets, being depreciated,net	\$	8,311,909	\$	40,679	\$	(122,622)	\$ 8,229,966
Capital assets, net	\$	10,030,692	\$	540,518	\$	(453,306)	\$ 10,117,904

Note 6. Risk Management and Insurance

It is the policy of the state to cover the risk of losses to which it may be exposed through risk management activities. In general, the state is self-insured for health care claims (except for employee participation in certain health maintenance organizations), workers' compensation, and second injury workers' compensation. The state is also self-insured against tort and auto liability and property losses, with commercial insurance policies for losses that fall outside of coverage limits or are in excess of the self-insured retention.

Coverage for health care claims and workers' compensation is provided by two entities of the state. The Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID), a division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (OMES), manages a legal trust which provides group health, life, dental, and disability benefits to the state's employees and certain other eligible participants. Effective January 1, 2015, the Risk Management Division (RMD), part of Capital Assets Management, a division of OMES, was authorized to handle Workers' Compensation for all state agencies when House Bill 2009 was signed into law during 2014. RMD Consolidated Workers' Compensation Program began operating on July 1, 2015.

Coverage for second injury workers' compensation is provided by a discretely presented component unit. The Multiple Injury Trust Fund (MITF) was created to encourage the hiring of individuals with a pre-existing disability and to protect those employers from liability for the pre-existing disability. MITF records a liability for outstanding court awards only as those amounts are awarded by the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims for permanent total disability awards. There is no provision for incurred but not reported claims or claims pending Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims determination. Claims and Judgments which were due and owing on December 31, 2020, have been charged to operations for the year ended December 31, 2020. At year end, the MITF loss liability exceeded net position. MITF was indebted to claimants for court awarded judgments. Only those judgments currently payable in arrears bear interest. The rate, set by the state, is the Treasury bill rate plus 4% to be updated annually.

Coverage for liability and property losses is provided by RMD. RMD administers a self-insurance program to protect the state, its agencies, colleges, and universities against tort and auto liability claims. Coverage and limits under this program correspond directly with the Oklahoma Governmental Tort Claims Act. RMD purchases commercial liability insurance for losses that fall outside of the Oklahoma Governmental Tort Claims Act. RMD also provides a property insurance program for all agencies, colleges, and universities through a combination of a high self-insured retention and commercial insurance policies in excess of the self-insured retention. Coverage limits are \$1 billion for each occurrence subject to coverage terms and conditions. Commercial insurance is purchased to protect the state's fine arts and physical damage to its automobiles. Additionally, RMD purchases a government crime policy, i.e., employee dishonesty policy.

The amount of settlements from commercial insurance did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Except for MITF, estimates relating to incurred but not reported claims, as well as other probable and estimable losses are included in accrued liabilities for each fund. None of the funds have included non-incremental claims adjustment expense as part of accrued liabilities. Because actual claims liabilities are impacted by complex factors including inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and unanticipated damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in exact amounts. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, and other economic and social factors.

The general fund self-insurance loss liability for RMD represents an estimate of amounts to be paid from economic financial resources.

The following table presents the changes in claims liability balances (both current and noncurrent) during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, (December 31, 2020, for EGID and MITF) and the prior fiscal year, (expressed in thousands):

Current Fiscal Year General Fund -	eginning Balance	an	Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Less: Claim Payments	 Ending Balance	 oncurrent Liability	Current Liability		
Office of Management and Enterprise Services (RMD)	\$ 71,586	\$	53,546	\$	(30,120)	\$ 95,012	\$ 64,892	\$	30,120	
Proprietary Fund -										
Office of Management and Enterprise Services (EGID)	\$ 128,991	\$	996,597	\$	(990,642)	\$ 134,946	\$ 7,543	\$_	127,403	
Component Unit - *										
Multiple Injury Trust Fund	\$ 499,434	\$	27,387	\$	(51,037)	\$ 475,784	\$ 423,833	\$	51,951	

^{*} The higher education component unit's claims and judgments (\$3,128 - noncurrent) are for accrued liabilities not related to risk management.

Prior Fiscal Year	eginning Balance	Y	us: Current ear Claims nd Changes n Estimates	Less: Claim Payments			Ending Balance	 oncurrent Liability	Current Liability				
General Fund -													
Office of Management and Enterprise Services (RMD)	\$ 65,410	\$	18,356	\$	(12,180)	\$	71,586	\$ 59,406	\$	12,180			
Proprietary Fund -													
Office of Management and Enterprise Services (EGID)	\$ 146,442	\$	1,025,558	\$	(1,043,009)	\$	128,991	\$ 14,382	\$	114,609			
Component Unit -	 				_								
Multiple Injury Trust Fund	\$ 495,499	\$	54,149	\$	(50,214)		499,434	\$ 450,971	\$	48,463			

Public Entity Risk Pool – Employees Group Insurance Division

The state operates EGID, a public entity risk pool.

A. Description of Plan

EGID provides group health, dental, life, and disability benefits to active state employees and local government employees, as well as varying coverages for active education employees and certain participants of the state's retirement systems, survivors, and persons covered by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985. Disability coverage is available only to active state employees. EGID is self-insured and provides participants with the option of electing coverage from certain health maintenance organizations. Premium rates for the various groups are established separately.

The coverages are funded by monthly premiums paid by individuals, the state, local governments, educational employers, and retirement systems. A participant may extend coverage to dependents for an additional monthly premium based on the coverage requested. EGID collects and remits premiums for those who are covered by health maintenance organizations.

All state agencies are required to participate in EGID. Eligible local governments may elect to participate in EGID (306 local governments actually participate). Any education entity or local government which elects to withdraw from EGID may do so with 30 days written notice and must withdraw both its active and inactive participants.

A summary of available coverages and eligible groups, along with the number of health care participants follows:

	State Employee	Local Government Employee	Education Employee	Teachers' Retirement System	OPERS	COBRA
Health	X	X	X	X	X	X
Dental	X	X	X	X	X	X
Life	X	X	X	X	X	
Disability	X					
Medicare Supplement		X		X	X	X
Health Care Participants:						
Primary	22,000	8,000	55,000		35,000	
Dependents			57,0	00		

B. Unpaid Claims Liabilities

EGID establishes policy and contract claim reserves based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. Disability reserves are also established based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims of participants currently receiving benefits and for disability claims incurred but not yet reported to EGID.

The reserves are determined using EGID's historical benefit payment experience. The length of time for which costs must be estimated depends on the coverages involved. Although such estimates are EGID's best estimates of the incurred claims to be paid, due to the complex nature of the factors involved in the calculation, the actual results may be more or less than the estimate. The claim liabilities are recomputed on a periodic basis using actuarial and statistical techniques which consider the effects of general economic conditions, such as inflation, and other factors of past experience, such as changes in participant counts. Adjustments to claim liabilities are recorded in the periods in which they are made. Premium deficiency reserves are required to be recorded when the anticipated costs of settling claims for the following fiscal year are in excess of the anticipated premium receipts for the following year. Anticipated investment income is considered in determining whether a premium deficiency exists.

C. Reconciliation of Claims Liabilities

The schedule below presents the changes in policy and contract claim reserves and disability reserves for the three types of coverages: health and dental, life, and disability (expressed in thousands):

		ealth and Dental		Life	D	isability		Total
	Fiscal Year 12/31/2020			iscal Year 2/31/2020		iscal Year 2/31/2020		Fiscal Year 2/31/2020
Reserves at beginning of period Incurred claims: Provision for insured events	\$	105,150	\$	14,431	\$	9,410	\$	128,991
of current period Changes in provisions for	\$	950,763	\$	41,484	\$	3,860	\$	996,107
insured events of prior periods	-	(2,751)		5,861		(2,620)		490
Total incurred claims Payments:	\$	948,012	\$	47,345	\$	1,240	\$	996,597
Claims attributable to insured events of current period Claims attributable to insured	\$	850,781	\$	33,911	\$	864	\$	885,556
events of prior periods	98,047			5,305		1,734		105,086
Total payments	\$ 948,828		\$ 39,216		\$	2,598	\$	990,642
Reserves at end of period	\$ 104,334		\$ 22,560		\$ 8,052		\$	134,946

D. **Revenue and Claims Development Information**

The separately issued audited financial statements for EGID include Required Supplementary Information regarding revenue and claims development.

Note 7. **Operating Lease Commitments**

The state has commitments with non-state entities to lease certain buildings and equipment. Future minimum rental commitments for equipment operating leases as of June 30, 2021, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Gei	neral Fund	duciary Funds	Component Units			
2022	\$	3,954	\$ 183	\$	29,947		
2023		2,275	-		806		
2024		182	-		540		
2025		204	-		204		
2026		219	-		114		
2027-2031		316	-		1,251		
2032-2036		342	-		-		
2037-2041		384	-		-		
2042-2046		13	 				
Total	\$	7,889	\$ 183	\$	32,862		
Operating lease commitments for building							
rental for year ended June 30, 2021 Rent expenditures/expenses for operating	\$	21,567	\$ 503	\$	1,141		
leases for year ended June 30, 2021	\$	25,321	\$ 663	\$	32,276		

Operating leases with an agreement of less than one year or a value less than \$10,000 are not included in the general fund total due to state-wide accounting policy.

Note 8. Lessor Agreements

Primary Government

Direct Financing Leases

The Department of Transportation maintains leases classified as direct financing leases. The state leases heavy equipment and machinery to counties within the state. The lease terms are determined by the depreciation schedules published by the American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials. All new county equipment leases were charged an interest amount equivalent to 3% of the equipment cost. Title to this equipment passes to the counties at the end of the lease term. The Department of Transportation also leases railroad lines within the state to various railroad companies with the longest lease term ending in 2026. No interest or executory costs are charged, and the leases include bargain purchase options. The unguaranteed residual values of the machinery, equipment, and railroad lines are not estimated by the state. Contingent rentals are not a part of any lease and uncollectible amounts are not expected. The total minimum lease payments to be received by the Department of Transportation in future years are approximately \$22,548,000 which is also the net investment in direct financing leases as of June 30, 2021. The following schedule represents minimum lease payments receivable for direct financing leases for each of the five succeeding fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	 2022		2023		2024		2025	 2026	 Thereafter	 Total
Department of Transportation	\$ 5,132	\$	4,634	\$	4,062	\$	3,194	\$ 2,406	\$ 3,088	\$ 22,516
Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority	 26,275		27,570		28,510	_	29,825	 31,300	 164,700	 308,180
Total	\$ 31,407	\$	32,204	\$	32,572	\$	33,019	\$ 33,706	\$ 167,788	\$ 330,696

The Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority has capital lease agreements with the higher education component unit for the lease of various facilities, equipment, and improvements. On June 30, 2021, the total minimum lease payments to be received by the Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority from the higher education component unit are \$308,180,000. These lease agreements end in fiscal year 2035.

Operating Leases

The state has operating leases maintained by various state agencies consisting primarily of state land leased to non-state entities, as well as a small number of state-owned buildings which are also leased to non-state entities. Due to the passage of time, the state's historical cost of the leased land is not reasonably determinable. The leased buildings consist of subleased office space under an operating lease. Since the state does not have a cost basis in the building, no depreciation expense is recognized. The primary government's total operating leases receivable recognized in the current fiscal year is approximately \$23,000. Minimum future rentals receivable from these operating leases is presented in the following schedule (expressed in thousands):

_	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Total
	\$ 2,007	\$ 21	5 \$ 154	\$ 134	\$ 128	\$ 2,639

In addition, the leasing operations of the Commissioners of the Land Office consist of leasing approximately 734,000 acres of land principally for agricultural purposes. The lease terms are generally for five-year periods with one-fifth of the leases expiring each year. The lease year is on a calendar year basis with rents prepaid one year in advance. The rental amount is determined based on the maximum amount bid by the lessee. The following schedule presents minimum future rentals receivable from the noncancelable leasing of these lands (expressed in thousands):

The Oklahoma Department of Tourism and Recreation has various contracts with concessionaires to provide patron services within state parks. Contract expiration terms vary, as well as renewal options. The Oklahoma Department of Tourism and Recreation receives concession revenue that is generally based on sales volume. The following schedule presents estimated minimum future concession revenue from these contracts (expressed in thousands):

2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Total
\$ 1,600	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,300	\$ 2,400	\$ 10,500

Component Units

The Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (OMPA) executed a power purchase agreement with FPL Energy Oklahoma Wind, LLC (FPLE Oklahoma), for the development of a wind generation facility in northwestern Oklahoma. Under the agreement, FPLE Oklahoma was responsible for acquiring, constructing and installing the wind project. OMPA issued taxable limited obligation notes which were payable solely from lease payments made by FPLE Oklahoma. OMPA used the proceeds of the notes to finance the acquisition of the wind project and has leased the wind project to FPLE Oklahoma under a long-term capital lease agreement for an amount sufficient to pay the debt service on the notes. The power purchase agreement has a term of approximately 25 years and power is sold on a take and pay basis. FPLE Oklahoma retains the operational risk related to the wind project. The following schedule lists the components of the lease agreement as of December 31, 2020 (expressed in thousands):

Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$ 36,134
Less: Amounts representing interest included in	
total minimum lease payments	 (8,086)
Net investment in direct financing leases	\$ 28,048

Operating Leases

The Oklahoma Educational Television Authority leases excess capacity on various channels to a wireless communications provider. The leases will expire in February 2047. Oklahoma Development Finance Authority leases a portion of its office space with a private company. The lease is in effect through February 2022. The Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (OTA) has various noncancelable contracts with concessionaires to provide patron services on the state's turnpike system. The contracts are generally for five-year terms, with two five-year renewal options. OTA receives concession revenue that includes minimum rentals plus contingent rentals based on sales volume. OTA also leases antenna space under noncancelable contracts with a 20-year term. Higher education institutions have entered into various agreements for land and building space leases. The leases expire between 2024 and 2068. The following schedule presents minimum future rentals receivable from these contracts (expressed in thousands):

	2022	 2023	2024			2025		2026	T	'hereafter	 Total
Oklahoma Educational Television Authority	\$ 204	\$ 204	\$	204	\$	204	\$	204	\$	4,403	\$ 5,423
Oklahoma Development Finance Authority	6	-		-		-		-		-	6
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority	1,510	1,512		1,512		1,523		1,569		16,280	23,906
Higher Education	4,537	 3,635		3,438		2,542		2,162		20,823	 37,137
Total	\$ 6,257	\$ \$ 5,351		\$ 5,154		\$ 4,269		\$ 3,935		41,506	\$ 66,472

The cost, carrying amount and accumulated depreciation of the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority leased property for the year ended December 31, 2020, is \$42,500,000, \$27,400,000 and \$15,100,000, respectively. The cost and carrying amount of the higher education institutions leased property for the year ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands):

Land	\$ 596
Buildings	30,584
Cost	\$ 31,180
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,384)
Net Leased Property	\$ 26,796

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations as Related to Governmental Activities

Long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021, and changes for the fiscal year then ended (expressed in thousands):

	Issue	Interest	Maturity								Ending		ueWithin	
	Date	Rates	Through		Balance	_	Additions	R	eductions	_	Balance	One Year		
Revenue Bonds Payable from Lease Rentals:														
OCIA Series 2009B	2010	5.04%-5.34%	2025	\$	58,280	\$	-	\$	10,895	\$	47,385	\$	11,260	
OCIA Series 2010, Refunding\Revenue	2011	1.77%-5.61%	2031		93,130		-		6,500		86,630		6,810	
OCIA Series 2010A DOT	2011	2.00%-5.00%	2021		14,285		-		14,285					
OCIA Series 2012 DOT	2012	4.00%-5.00%	2022		30,300		-		25,625		4,675		4,675	
OCIA Series 2013A	2013	2.00%-4.00%	2025		9,030		-		2,385		6,645		2,040	
OCIA Series 2014A	2014	2.00%-5.00%	2031		194,755		-		3,465		191,290		3,030	
OCIA Series 2014B	2015	2.00%-5.00%	2025		1,099		-		202		897		207	
OCIA Series 2014C	2015	2.00%-5.00%	2035		70,765		-		3,425		67,340		3,595	
OCIA Series 2015A	2015	2.00%-5.00%	2025		18,510		-		3,425		15,085		3,530	
OCIA Series 2015B	2016	3.00%-5.00%	2027		29,265		-		3,650		25,615		3,800	
OCIA Series 2016 DOT	2017	2.00%-5.00%	2035		162,570		-		7,735		154,835		8,005	
OCIA Series 2017A, Refunding\Revenue	2017	2.00%-4.00%	2030		17,840		-		2,300		15,540		2,370	
OCIA Series 2017B	2017	2.00%-5.00%	2026		52,380		-		7,245		45,135		7,500	
OCIA Series 2017C	2018	2.00%-5.00%	2051		27,215		-		500		26,715		510	
OCIA Series 2018A	2019	3.00%-4.00%	2021		8,850		-		8,850		-		-	
OCIA Series 2018B	2019	3.71%-4.35%	2049		25,205		-		-		25,205		-	
OCIA Series 2018C	2019	3.00%-5.00%	2039		63,685		-		2,170		61,515		2,280	
OCIA Series 2018D	2019	2.00%-5.00%	2039		113,035		-		3,855		109,180		3,955	
OCIA Series 2019A	2019	2.00%-5.00%	2035		13,765		-		1,810		11,955		1,985	
OCIA Series 2019B	2019	3.00%-5.00%	2046		41,995		-		860		41,135		890	
OCIA Series 2019C	2020	2.00%-5.00%	2040		59,895		-		1,845		58,050		1,910	
OCIA Series 2020A	2020	5.00%-5.00%	2026		82,360		-		-		82,360		12,660	
OCIA Series 2020B	2021	2.63%-5.00%	2051		-		169,465		-		169,465		2,645	
OCIA Series 2020C	2021	0.55%-1.10%	2026		-		22,135		-		22,135		530	
OCIA Series 2020D	2021	3.00%-4.00%	2041		-		13,630		-		13,630		240	
OCIA Series 2020E	2021	0.41%-3.08%	2041		-		48,835		-		48,835		1,095	
Dept of Corrections 2013, Central OK (ODFA)	2013	1.40%-5.00%	2023		7,158		-		2,232		4,926		2,405	
Dept of Corrections 2016A, Central OK (ODFA)	2017	2.00%-3.00%	2026		1,890		-		250		1,640		255	
DHS-2008 (ODFA)	2008	3.25%-4.15%	2023		5,625		-		1,800		3,825		1,875	
DHS-2012 (ODFA)	2012	4.00%-5.00%	2022		2,995		-		1,680		1,315		1,315	
Law Enforcement Education/Train (ODFA)	2013	2.38%-5.00%	2026		9,029		-		1,160		7,869		1,215	
OMES 2019A (ODFA)	2019	3.00%-5.00%	2035		24,055		-		1,250		22,805		1,290	
Total				\$	1,238,966	\$	254,065	\$	119,399	\$	1,373,632	\$	93,877	
Notes Payable from Grant Revenue:														
ODOT 2018A, Grant Anticipation	2018	3.00%-5.00%	2034	\$	59,360	\$		\$	3,030	\$	56,330	\$	3,180	
Total				\$	59,360	\$	-	\$	3,030	\$	56,330	\$	3,180	
Capital Leases				\$	78			\$	78			\$		
Compenstated Absences				Ψ	176,397	Ψ	94,221	Ψ	85,663	Ψ	184,955	Ψ	85,663	
Net Pension Liability					320,596		666,759		-		987,355		-	
Bond Issue Premiums					123,186		33,499		14,375		142,310		13,462	
Claims and Judgments Payable					74,526		39,524		19,038		95,012		19,038	
Other Postemployment Benefits					150,150		-		994		149,156		-	
Total Long-Term Obligations				\$	2,143,259	\$	1,088,068	\$	242,577	\$	2,988,750	\$	215,220	

The following table presents annual debt service requirements for those long-term obligations outstanding on June 30, 2021, which have scheduled debt service amounts (expressed in thousands):

		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026	20	027-2031	20	32-2036	20	37-2041	20	42-2046	204	17-2051		Total
Revenue Bonds:																						
OCIA Series 2009B	\$	13,464	\$	13,246	\$	13,018	\$	12,783	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,511
OCIA Series 2010, Refunding\Revenue		11,311		11,303		11,292		11,282		11,277		56,063		-		-		-		-		112,528
OCIA Series 2012 DOT		5,297		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,297
OCIA Series 2013A		2,236		2,234		1,413		1,178		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,061
OCIA Series 2014A		12,036		26,985		26,988		26,683		26,536		123,135		-		-		-		-		242,363
OCIA Series 2014B		232		243		244		245		-		-		-		-		-		-		964
OCIA Series 2014C		6,370		6,382		6,387		6,356		6,356		31,789		25,345		-		-		-		88,985
OCIA Series 2015A		4,230		4,233		4,229		4,230		-		-		-		-		-		-		16,922
OCIA Series 2015B		4,944		4,934		4,924		4,922		4,922		4,910		-		-		-		-		29,556
OCIA Series 2016 DOT		14,902		14,900		14,903		14,899		14,900		74,515		59,612		-		-		-		208,631
OCIA Series 2017A, Refunding\Revenue		2,872		2,870		2,853		2,856		2,854		3,052		-		-		-		-		17,357
OCIA Series 2017B		9,600		9,596		9,599		9,598		13,830		-		-		-		-		-		52,223
OCIA Series 2017C		1,584		1,581		1,583		1,583		1,581		7,891		7,872		7,846		7,828		7,788		47,137
OCIA Series 2018B		1,068		1,068		1,068		1,068		1,068		7,632		9,136		9,107		9,079		5,427		45,721
OCIA Series 2018C		5,228		5,225		5,227		5,229		5,226		26,129		26,130		15,676		-		-		94,070
OCIA Series 2018D		8,907		8,899		8,923		8,893		8,887		44,352		44,190		26,516		-		-		159,567
OCIA Series 2019A		2,483		2,486		2,484		2,493		415		2,067		1,650				-		-		14,078
OCIA Series 2019B		2,677		2,676		2,678		2,679		2,676		13,389		13,382		13,391		13,394		-		66,942
OCIA Series 2019C		4,531		4,530		4,570		4,573		4,576		22,826		22,791		18,266				-		86,663
OCIA Series 2020A		16,462		17,423		17,390		17,357		25,297		-				-		_		-		93,929
OCIA Series 2020B		9,870		9,870		9,872		9,872		9,870		49,355		49,358		49,359		49,354		49,355		296,135
OCIA Series 2020C		724		5,510		5,511		5,507		5,505		-		_		_		-		-		22,757
OCIA Series 2020D		764		992		992		991		990		4,943		4,925		4,920		_		_		19,517
OCIA Series 2020E		2,127		3,188		3.190		3,187		3,185		15,885		15,833		15,751		_		_		62,346
Corrections 2013, Central OK (ODFA)		2,648		2,643		-,		-				,						_		_		5,291
Corrections 2016A, Central OK (ODFA)		297		295		297		294		301		293		_		_		_		_		1,777
DHS-2008		2,033		2,031										_		_		_		_		4,064
DHS-2012A		1,345		-,		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		1,345
Law Enforcement Education/Train (ODFA)		1,462		1,462		1,466		1,464		1,461		1,342		_		_		_		_		8,657
OMES 2019A (ODFA)		2,362		2,363		2,360		2,364		2,359		11,800		7,083		_		_		_		30,691
0.112.0 2.01.5.11 (0.01.11)	\$	154,066	\$	169,168	\$	163,461	\$	162,586	\$		\$	501,368	\$	287,307	\$	160,832	\$	79,655	\$	62,570	\$	1,895,085
Less: Interest	Φ	60,189	Þ	55,128	Φ	49,977	Þ	44,834	φ	39,531	φ	141,109	Þ	71,713	Φ	35,346	Φ	17,779	φ	5,847	Φ	521,453
Total Principal	\$	93,877	\$	114,040	\$	113,484	\$		\$		\$	360,259	\$	215,594	\$	125,486	\$	61,876	\$	56,723	\$	
rotai Frincipai	2	93,877	3	114,040	2	113,484	3	117,752	<u> </u>	114,541	3	360,259	3	215,594	2	125,486	3	61,876	3	56,/23	2	1,373,632
Notes Payable:																						
ODOT 2018A, Grant Anticipation	\$	5,917	\$	5,914	\$	5,908	\$	5,903	\$	5,900	\$	29,426	\$	17,581	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	76,549
Less: Interest	-	2,737	-	2,574	-	2,403	-	2,223	-	2,035	-	6,996	-	1,251	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	20,219
Total Principal	\$	3,180	\$	3,340	\$	3,505	\$	3,680	\$	3,865	\$	22,430	\$	16,330	\$		\$		\$		\$	56,330
rotai r i incipai	φ	3,100	-	3,340	-	3,303		3,000	φ	3,003	φ	22,430	-	10,330	φ		φ		φ		4	30,330
Total	\$	97,057	\$	117,380	\$	116,989	\$	121,432	\$	118,406	\$	382,689	\$	231,924	\$	125,486	\$	61,876	\$	56,723	\$	1,429,962
	=		=		=		=		Ė		Ė		=		Ė		=		=			
Compensated Absences																						184,955
Net Pension Liability																						987,355
Bond Issue Premiums																						142,310
Claims and Judgments Payable																						95,012
Other Postemployment Benefits																						149,156
Total Long-Term Obligations																					\$	2,988,750
101m 00mBattono																					-	_,,,,,,,,,,,

A. Revenue Bonds

The Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority (OCIA) has twenty-four outstanding series of building bonds to construct and equip state office buildings and prisons. Principal and interest payments on these bond issues are paid from rents collected from the various state and federal agencies that occupy the buildings constructed with the bond proceeds.

The OCIA Series 2020B bonds, issued in the amount of \$200,000,000, provided financing to construct, maintain and improve state highway and state bridge assets identified by the work plan of the Oklahoma Department of Transportation.

The OCIA Series 2020C bonds, totaling \$22,135,000, were issued to refund certain outstanding maturities of the OCIA Series 2012 bonds, issued for the Oklahoma Department of Transportation. The 2020C bonds have a true interest cost of 0.997% and net present value debt service savings of \$1,803,771.38, or 8.53 % of the refunded bonds.

The OCIA Series 2020D bonds were issued in the amount of \$16,000,000 for the benefit of the Department of Human Services. Bond proceeds will fund construction, repair and rehabilitation of the Greer Center Facility located on the grounds of the Northern Oklahoma Resource Center of Enid, located in Enid, Oklahoma.

The OCIA Series 2020E bonds, totaling \$48,600,000, were issued to provide funding for projects of the Oklahoma Department of Tourism and Recreation. The authorization provides for the construction, repair and rehab of facilities at State Parks, with at least \$3,000,000 to be spent specifically at Quartz Mountain.

The Oklahoma Development Finance Authority issued lease revenue bonds to provide lease financing for Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services, Council for Law Enforcement Education and Training, and Office of

Management and Enterprise Services. The actual lease payments are made to a trustee who is responsible for payments to individual investors.

B. Notes Payable

The Oklahoma Department of Transportation issued several series of Grant Anticipation Notes for the purpose of financing certain qualified federal aid transportation projects in the state. The notes are secured by federal revenue received from the Federal Highway Administration and have a final maturity in 2034. Total revenue received from the Federal Highway Administration in fiscal year 2021 was \$692,450,000 with a portion of that amount, \$76,549,000, reserved as security for the notes. Current year note obligations for principal and interest totaled \$5,917,000.

C. Capital Leases

The state entered into agreements to lease equipment. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. Capital lease obligations are reported for those leases where the fair market value of the leased asset at inception of the lease is \$25,000 or more.

Leased equipment under capital leases in capital assets on June 30, 2021, includes the following (expressed in thousands):

	Equip	ment
Cost	\$	382
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(382)
Total	\$	

For fiscal year 2021, \$115,000 was recognized as depreciation expense for leased assets.

D. Other Liabilities

Compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund and do not have scheduled future debt service requirements beyond one year. The pension obligation is for the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System and Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan. These plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to the plan members and their beneficiaries. These pension obligations do not have scheduled future debt service requirements. The Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan obligation will be liquidated by the general fund. The pension liability for all other plans will be liquidated by the respective pensions.

E. Authorized Unissued Bonds

During 2018, the legislature authorized OCIA to issue \$58,555,000 for the Department of Health to construct a new state health laboratory. During 2018, the legislature authorized OCIA to issue \$35,000,000 for the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs to construct new long-term care facilities. During 2020, the legislature authorized OCIA to issue \$17,500,000 for the Conservation Commission to build a high hazard dam; Department of Transportation \$200,000,000 to finance an eight-year construction work plan; State Regents for Higher Education \$164,400,000 to funding the state's contribution to the Endowed Chairs program and Oklahoma Military Department \$45,000,000 to funding the construction of the Oklahoma National Guard Museum.

Note 10. Long-Term Obligations as Related to Business-Type Activities

The Oklahoma Water Resources Board, along with the Department of Environmental Quality, has issued 43 series of revenue bonds. These bonds provide resources to implement statewide financial assistance programs. These programs make loans to local government units for the acquisition, development, and utilization of storage and control facilities for water and sewage systems. Three of the revenue bonds have a variable or floating rate and are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The remaining revenue bonds are held at a fixed rate.

Long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021, and changes for the fiscal year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Issue	Interest	Maturity	eginning				Ending	Due	ounts Within
	Dates	Rates	Through	 Balance	 Additions	_ F	Reductions	Balance	<u>On</u>	e Year
Revenue Bonds Payable from User Fees:		0.19%-								
2004-2021 Issues	2004-2021	5.25%	2051	\$ 852,749	\$ 396,957	\$	116,916	\$ 1,132,790	\$	65,590
Adjusted for: Bond Premiums/Discounts				 51,249	20,248		2,407	69,090		
Revenue Bonds Payable (Net)				\$ 903,998	\$ 417,205	\$	119,323	\$ 1,201,880	\$	65,590
Other Noncurrent Liabilities				\$ 41,462	\$ 26,421	\$	27,080	\$ 40,803	\$	33,260
Net Pension Liability				565	3,110		-	3,675		-
Other Postemployment Benefits				513	-		28	485		-
Compensated Absences				 1,141	717		791	 1,067		281
Total Long-Term Obligations				\$ 947,679	\$ 447,453	\$	147,222	\$ 1,247,910	\$	99,131

The following table presents annual debt service requirements for those long-term obligations outstanding on June 30, 2021, which have scheduled debt service amounts (expressed in thousands):

	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027 - 2031	2032 - 2036	2037 - 2041	2042 - 2046	2047 - 2052	Total
Revenue Bonds:											
2004-2021 Issues	\$105,111	\$108,865	\$ 98,306	\$ 93,744	\$ 84,984	\$410,196	\$319,495	\$221,680	\$ 87,698	\$ 51,632	\$1,581,711
Less: Interest	39,521	39,195	36,750	34,553	32,329	129,671	77,870	39,619	16,036	3,377	448,921
Principal	\$ 65,590	\$ 69,670	\$ 61,556	\$ 59,191	\$ 52,655	\$280,525	\$241,625	\$182,061	\$ 71,662	\$ 48,255	\$1,132,790
Adjusted for:											
Bond Premium/Discounts											69,090
Other Noncurrent Liabilities											40,803
Net Pension Liability											3,675
Other Postemployment Benefits											485
Compensated Absences											1,067
Total Long-Term Obligations											\$1,247,910

Note 11. Long-Term Obligations as Related to Component Units

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2021 (September 30, 2020, for Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency and December 31, 2020, for Oklahoma Turnpike Authority, Grand River Dam Authority and Municipal Power Authority), and changes for the fiscal year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Issue Dates	Interest Rates	Maturity Through	Beginning Balance Additions		Additions Reductions		eductions	Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year		
General Obligation Bonds Payable from User Fees: Industrial Finance Authority	2001	1.65%-2.50%	2029	\$	30,000	\$		\$		\$	30,000	\$	
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable	2001	1.0370-2.3070	2029	\$	30,000	\$		\$		\$	30,000	\$	
Revenue Bonds Payable from User Fees:					_						_		
Student Loan Authority	2010-2013	0.60% - 1.30%	2040	\$	118,729	\$	-	\$	21,539	\$	97,190	\$	-
Development Finance Auth.	1996	4.65%	2045		9,999		-		6,999		3,000		
Housing Finance Agency	1991-2020	1.10% - 7.35%	2050		226,229		50,000		38,486		237,743		6,605
Turnpike Authority	2011-2020	0.49% - 5.00%	2048		1,810,940		366,360		456,135		1,721,165		10,930
Grand River Dam Authority	2010-2017	1.80% - 7.16%	2040		941,365		_		37,505		903,860		39,240
Municipal Power Authority	1992-2019	0.90% - 6.44%	2047		594,980				24,025		570,955		22,035
Higher Education	2001-2021	0.05%-7.00%	2051		1,509,259		449,484		231,728		1,727,015		66,446
Total Before Discounts/Deferrals		,		\$	5,211,501	\$	865,844	\$	816,417	\$	5,260,928		00,110
Adjusted for: Bond (Discount) Premiums				•	371,338	•	27,998	•	34,066	•	365,270		
Total Revenue Bonds Payable Net of Bond (Discounts) Premiums				\$	5,582,839	\$	893,842	\$	850,483	\$	5,626,198	\$	145,256
Notes Payable:													
Multiple Injury Trust Fund	2000-2001	7.00%	2023	\$	6,646	\$	-	\$	2,526	\$	4,120	\$	2,706
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority	2021	2.27%	2025		15,000		50,000		15,000		50,000		_
Student Loan Authority	2016-2017	0.70%-0.80%	2032		33,669		-		7,095		26,574		
OSU Medical Authority	2014	4.12%	2021		4,633		-		2,215		2,418		2,418
Municipal Power Authority	2003	6.00%	2028		30,721				2,673		28,048		2,834
Higher Education	2001-2021	1.08%-6.00%	2046		12,538		663		758		12,443		1,214
Total				\$	103,207	\$	50,663	\$	30,267	\$	123,603	\$	9,172
Capital Leases:													
Grand River Dam Authority				\$	49	\$	-	\$	47	\$	2	\$	2
OSU Medical Authority					152		-		100		52		36
Higher Education					1,076,308		95,930		282,523		889,715		61,422
Total				\$	1,076,509	\$	95,930	\$	282,670	\$	889,769	\$	61,460
Claims and Judgments				\$	504,182	\$	1,865	\$	25,280	\$	480,767	\$	53,806
Due to Primary Government					53,093		2,421		-		55,514		1,737
Compensated Absences					138,115		85,353		78,200		145,268		83,691
Net Pension Liability					1,679,880		530,398		14,075		2,196,203		-
Other Postemployment Benefits					584,322		9,384		217,037		376,669		-
Other Noncurrent Liabilities					918,271		864,894		850,120		933,045		852,931
Total Long-Term Obligations				\$	10,670,418	\$	2,534,750	\$	2,348,132	\$	10,857,036	\$	1,208,053

The following table presents annual debt service requirements for those long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2021 (September 30, 2020, for Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency and December 31, 2020, for Oklahoma Transportation Authority, Grand River Dam Authority and Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority), which have scheduled debt service amounts (expressed in thousands):

Revenue Bonds:
Less: Interest 495 495 495 495 371 330 496
Revenue Bonds: Student Loan Authority 1,021 1,022 1,022 1,
Revenue Bonds: Student Loan Authority \$ 1,021 \$ 1,022 \$ 1,021 \$ 1,022 \$ 1,021 \$ 5,107 \$ 34,702 \$ 68,795 \$ - \$ - \$ 113,71 Development Finance Auth. 58 58 58 58 58 58 3,334 3,62 Housing Finance Agency 14,682 14,624 15,698 18,090 15,937 70,113 69,711 64,733 45,075 29,742 - 358,40
Student Loan Authority \$ 1,021 \$ 1,022 \$ 1,022 \$ 1,022 \$ 1,021<
Development Finance Auth. 58 58 58 58 58 58 3,334 3,66 Housing Finance Agency 14,682 14,624 15,698 18,090 15,937 70,113 69,711 64,733 45,075 29,742 - 358,40
Housing Finance Agency 14,682 14,624 15,698 18,090 15,937 70,113 69,711 64,733 45,075 29,742 - 358,44
Turnpike Authority 73,608 128,163 137,527 137,376 137,213 632,244 456,373 435,350 435,345 261,210 - 2,834,44
Grand River Dam Authority 82,047 82,687 82,130 86,081 83,934 401,010 324,264 175,985 1,318,13
Municipal Power Authority 46,985 47,058 47,170 41,815 41,838 188,436 145,266 147,365 150,995 60,399 - 917,32
Higher Education 127,204 127,566 137,833 137,216 135,610 628,363 539,010 384,290 212,910 21,389 699 2,452,00
\$ 345,605 \$ 401,178 \$ 421,437 \$ 421,658 \$ 415,611 \$ 1,928,607 \$ 1,569,326 \$ 1,276,518 \$ 844,325 \$ 372,740 699 \$ 7,997,70
Less: Interest 200,349 205,208 197,995 189,503 180,106 749,440 514,802 318,816 152,901 27,642 14 2,736,77
Total Principal \$ 145,256 \$ 195,970 \$ 223,442 \$ 232,155 \$ 235,505 \$ 1,179,167 \$ 1,054,524 \$ 957,702 \$ 691,424 \$ 345,098 685 \$ 5,260,92
Notes Payable:
Multiple Injury Trust Fund \$ 2,925 \$ 1,451 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 4,35
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority 569 1,137 1,137 50,568 53,4
Student Loan Authority 202 202 202 202 4,390 834 22,523 28,51
OSU Medical Authority 2,610 2,61
Municipal Power Authority 4,517 4,517 4,517 4,517 13,550 36,13
Higher Education 1,852 3,400 2,992 2,841 485 1,184 1,087 1,087 219 - 16,23
\$ 12,675 \$ 10,707 \$ 8,848 \$ 58,128 \$ 9,392 \$ 15,568 \$ 23,610 \$ 1,087 \$ 1,087 \$ 219 - \$ 141,31
Less: Interest 3,503 3,474 3,113 2,207 1,353 2,917 626 346 169 10 - 17,71
Total Principal \$ 9,172 \$ 7,233 \$ 5,735 \$ 55,921 \$ 8,039 \$ 12,651 \$ 22,984 \$ 741 \$ 918 \$ 209 - \$ 123,60
Capital Leases: Crand Diver Dam Authority \$ 2 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$
Grand River Dail Additiontry
OSU Medical Authority 38 16
Higher Education 96,589 101,945 97,696 93,825 91,142 390,631 161,827 77,796 56,675 15,873 1,829 1,185,83 \$ 96,629 \$ 101,961 \$ 97,696 \$ 93,825 \$ 91,142 \$ 390,631 \$ 161,827 \$ 77,796 \$ 56,675 \$ 15,873 1,829 \$ 1,185,83
Less: Interest 35,169 32,867 30,257 27,205 25,009 83,223 35,646 17,728 7,181 1,576 254 296,1: Total Principal \$ 61,460 \$ 69,094 \$ 67,439 \$ 66,620 \$ 66,133 \$ 307,408 \$ 126,181 \$ 60,068 \$ 49,494 \$ 14,297 1,575 \$ 889,70
rourrincipal
Total \$ 215,888 \$ 272,297 \$ 296,616 \$ 364,696 \$ 309,677 \$ 1,519,226 \$ 1,203,689 \$ 1,018,511 \$ 741,836 \$ 359,604 2,260 \$ 6,304,30
Adjusted for: Net Discounts and Deferred Debits on Refundings 365,27
Long-Term Obligations without scheduled debt service:
Claims and Judgments 480.70
Due to Primary Government 55,51
Compensated Absences 145,24
Net Pension Liability 2,196,21
Other Postemployment Benefits 376,60
Other Noncurrent Liabilities 933,0
Total Long-Term Obligations \$ 10,857,03

A. General Obligation Bonds

Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority has three series of general obligation bonds outstanding. These bonds are issued for the funding of industrial finance loans to encourage business development within the state. All revenues arising from the net proceeds from repayment of industrial finance loans and interest received thereon are pledged under these bond issues. In addition, these general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the state.

B. Revenue Bonds

The Oklahoma Student Loan Authority has issued four series of revenue bonds with outstanding balances. The bonds were issued for the purpose of funding student loans. All bonds payable are primarily secured by the student loans receivable, related accrued interest and by the amounts on deposit in the accounts established under the respective bond resolution.

Variable interest rates are adjusted periodically based on prevailing market rates of various instruments as prescribed in bond indentures. At June 30, 2021, the variable interest rates ranged from 0.6% to 1.3%.

The Oklahoma Development Finance Authority has issued revenue bonds to fund loans to various investment enterprises in connection with the Quality Jobs Investment Program. The bonds are payable solely from and secured by the revenues and funds in the Quality Jobs Investment Program and a Credit Enhancement Reserve Fund guarantee insurance policy. The interest rates are variable and equal to the Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority's cost of funds on its outstanding variable rate bond issues. The interest rate at June 30, 2021, was 4.65%.

The Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency has issued nine series of revenue bonds with outstanding balances at year end. The net proceeds of these bonds are used to provide financing for qualifying residences, provide interim and permanent financing for multifamily construction projects, and establish debt service reserves as required by the various trust indentures.

The Oklahoma Turnpike Authority has eight series of revenue bonds outstanding with an original issue amount of \$1,875,000,000. The bonds are issued for the purpose of financing capital improvements and new projects relating to the state's turnpike system and are financed primarily by tolls assessed on users of the turnpikes.

The Grand River Dam Authority has six series of revenue bonds outstanding with an original issue amount of \$962,340,000. Oklahoma statutes have authorized Grand River Dam Authority to issue revenue bonds with the aggregate outstanding indebtedness not to exceed \$1,410,000,000.

The Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (OMPA) has nine series of revenue bonds outstanding. The bonds were issued to finance portions of OMPA's acquisition and construction activities. The bonds are payable from and collateralized by a pledge of and security interest in the proceeds of the sale of the bonds, the revenues of OMPA, and assets in the funds established by the respective bond resolutions. Neither the State of Oklahoma nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated to pay principal or interest on the bonds. OMPA does not have any taxing authority. Certain series of the bonds have a variable interest rate which is established either by auction or a weekly index. The maximum rate is 14%.

Eight of the state's colleges and universities within the higher education component unit have authorized and issued 58 series of revenue bonds with an original issue amount of \$2,769,820,000. These bonds were issued for the construction of student housing and other facilities. Student fees, revenues produced by the constructed facilities, and other revenues collateralize the revenue bonds.

C. Defeased Bonds

In prior years, component units have defeased bonds by placing assets in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the assets of the trusts and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the accompanying financial statements. OMPA had defeased bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 (December 31, 2020 for OMPA), totaling \$26,740,000.

D. Notes Payable

The Multiple Injury Trust Fund (MITF) component unit reports a note payable to CompSource Oklahoma of \$4,121,000 as permitted by statute. Included in this note payable is a \$6,000,000 advance on a line of credit. The note and line of credit bear interest at a 7% rate and are payable over 30 years in quarterly installments. The note and line of credit are collateralized by MITF revenues and any equity or other interests available to MITF.

Notes for the Oklahoma Student Loan Authority are issued to fund student loans and are primarily secured by the student loans receivable, related accrued interest and by the amounts on deposit in the accounts established under the respective financing agreements. Variable interest rates are adjusted periodically based on prevailing market rates of various instruments as prescribed in lending agreements. At year end the variable interest rates ranged from 0.6% to 1.3%.

OMPA has issued \$57,739,000 in a taxable limited obligation note. The note is payable solely from lease payments made by FPL Energy Oklahoma Wind, LLC, with no recourse to OMPA. The note bears an interest rate of 6%, and annual principal and interest payments are due through December 31, 2028.

The higher education component unit entered into various notes payable agreements. Lease payments, a pledge of "Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions" monies, the equipment purchased, and the facilities constructed are pledged as collateral on the notes.

E. Capital Leases

The higher education component unit has entered into agreements with unrelated parties as well as agreements with the Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority (OCIA) to lease various facilities, equipment and improvements. In fiscal year 1999, the higher education component unit signed capital lease agreements with OCIA totaling \$49,178,000 and additional agreements totaling \$515,350,000 during fiscal year 2006. In fiscal year 2011, additional agreements with OCIA totaling \$249,440,000 were added. In fiscal year 2014, lease agreements for \$177,055,000 were added. During fiscal year 2015, lease agreements for \$95,713,000 were added. The outstanding principal balance for the OCIA leases at June 30, 2021, is \$308,180,000. Only the principal balance of the leases is recognized since it is equivalent to the value of the items leased. The OCIA agreements are aggregated with the other capital lease obligations on the statement of net position for year end.

Oklahoma State University Medical Authority has capital leases totaling \$52,000 for equipment through fiscal year 2023.

Leased assets under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2021, included the following (expressed in thousands):

			Cons	struction					
	Lá	ınd	In P	rogress	B	uildings	Ec	quipment	Total
Cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	596 -	\$	9,787	\$	508,986 (120,313)	\$	139,693 (41,375)	\$ 659,062 (161,688)
Total	\$	596	\$	9,787	\$	388,673	\$	98,318	\$ 497,374

F. Other Liabilities

Claims and judgments, due to primary government, compensated absences, and other noncurrent liabilities of each component unit, as presented in the financial statements, will be liquidated by the reporting component unit. Other noncurrent liabilities include unearned revenue and other miscellaneous liability amounts. These liabilities do not have scheduled future debt service requirements beyond one year.

G. Authorized Unissued Bonds

By statute, Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority has authority to issue general obligation bonds not to exceed \$90,000,000 plus the balance in its bond redemption account. This results in \$60,000,000 of authorized but unissued general obligation bonds.

Oklahoma state statutes have authorized the Grand River Dam Authority to issue revenue bonds from time to time with the aggregate outstanding indebtedness not to exceed \$1,410,000,000. As of December 31, 2020, the Grand River Dam Authority was authorized to issue an additional \$468,635,000 of revenue bonds.

Note 12. Net Position/Fund Balance

Beginning Net Position and Other Restatements

Primary Government

Beginning net position related to governmental activities on the Statement of Activities was restated due to corrections of accounting errors which resulted in a decrease of \$1,791,000 on July 1, 2020.

Component Units

Beginning net position for component units was restated due to corrections to accounting errors (decrease of \$85,978,000) and a cumulative change in accounting principle (adoption of GASB Statement number 84 resulting in an increase of \$3,818,000). The net effect of the restatements decreased beginning net position by \$82,160,000, as of July 1, 2020.

Governmental Fund Balance

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements present fund balance at the aggregate level of detail within the categories defined by GASB Statement number 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The table below represents the detailed amount of fund balance available to each functional level of government within those categories. This table also contains a separate detailed categorization for the state's Constitutional Reserve or "Rainy Day" fund (CRF) if a balance is available at the end of fiscal year (expressed in thousands):

				l		
	General		Commisioners of the Land Office	Department of Wildlife Lifetime Licenses	Tobacco Settlement Endowment	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable						
Inventories	\$	88,468	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,468
Prepaids		453	-	-	-	453
Permanent Fund Principal		-	2,397,836	96,542	1,483,035	3,977,413
Restricted						
Education		25,889	-	-	-	25,889
Government Administration		526,095	-	-	-	526,095
Health Services		203,337	-	-	-	203,337
Legal and Judiciary		23,274	-	-	-	23,274
Museums		878	-	-	-	878
Natural Resources		12,402	-	-	-	12,402
Safety and Defense		23,798	-	-	-	23,798
Regulatory Services		7,683	-	-	-	7,683
Social Services		34,170	-	-	-	34,170
Transportation		486	-	-	-	486
Constitutional Reserve ("Rainy Day")		277,987	-	-	-	277,987
Committed						
Education		194,930	453,875	-	-	648,805
Government Administration		3,348,902	-	-	123,243	3,472,145
Health Services		281,282	-	-	-	281,282
Legal and Judiciary		78,638	-	-	-	78,638
Museums		5,329	-	-	-	5,329
Natural Resources		208,940	-	-	-	208,940
Safety and Defense		174,910	-	-	-	174,910
Regulatory Services		192,233	-	-	-	192,233
Social Services		322,202	-	-	-	322,202
Transportation		824,030	-	-	-	824,030
Assigned		-	-	-	78,460	78,460
Unassigned						
Constitutional Reserve ("Rainy Day")		92,662				92,662
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,948,978	\$ 2,851,711	\$ 96,542	\$ 1,684,738	\$ 11,581,969

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in spendable form. These amounts are not expected to be converted to cash. The state's primary forms of nonspendable fund balance are inventories and prepaid items such as rent or postage. Nonspendable fund balance also includes principal amounts within each respective permanent fund that is legally required to be maintained into perpetuity.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that have constraints upon their use through either outside creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments as well as those amounts restricted through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation that can be legally enforced by parties outside the government. The state's general fund restricted fund balance is primarily comprised of amounts yet to be expended under federal grant awards, imminent payments on outstanding bond issues, long-term receivables that must be used for debt repayment, and 75% of any available balance in the CRF. The Commissioners of the Land Office Permanent Fund is restricted for educational systems. Fund balance as restricted by the various constraints in the general fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	General Fund - Restricted								
	For Debt Service Only			Federal Cash		By Enabling Legislation	Re	estricted Fund Balance	
Restricted									
Education	\$	-	\$	25,889	\$	-	\$	25,889	
Government Administration		512,324		13,771		-		526,095	
Health Services		253		203,084		-		203,337	
Legal and Judiciary		-		23,274		-		23,274	
Museums		-		878		-		878	
Natural Resources		5,153		7,249		-		12,402	
Safety and Defense		163		23,635		-		23,798	
Regulatory Services		7,397		286		-		7,683	
Social Services		2,357		31,813		-		34,170	
Transportation		-		486		-		486	
Constitutional Reserve ("Rainy Day")		-		<u>-</u>		277,987		277,987	
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	527,647	\$	330,365	\$	277,987	\$	1,135,999	

Committed fund balance is presented for each respective function of government as directed by the state's highest level of decision-making authority. Along with ratification by the governor, the Senate and the House of Representatives write, prepare and approve legislative bills to allocate the state's available resources each fiscal year. This process is a formal legislative action constituting the highest level of decision-making authority. Once this authority is exercised, the same action must be taken to modify or rescind a previously approved bill or allocation of resources.

Under generally accepted accounting principles reporting, the nonspendable and restricted fund balance categories are considered restricted fund balance. The committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted fund balance. Generally, when the state has both restricted and unrestricted resources available, the restricted balances will be used first as expenditures are incurred if conditions that created the restriction are met. When unrestricted fund balance is used, the order of use would generally be committed, then assigned, and finally unassigned.

Article 10, Section 23, of the state Constitution establishes a stabilization arrangement under certain conditions where revenues collected exceed estimates made by the Oklahoma State Board of Equalization (board). Each year the board determines the amount available for allocation by the legislature not to exceed 95% of the board's estimate, or general revenue fund certification amount. In any year in which amounts collected exceed 100% of the board's estimated revenues, the excess is placed in the CRF until the fund reaches 15% of the general revenue fund certification amount for the preceding fiscal year.

Up to 37.5% of the balance in the fund at the beginning of the year may be appropriated for the forthcoming fiscal year when the board's estimate is lower than the current fiscal year certification. An additional 37.5% of the CRF at the beginning of the year may be appropriated for the current year if the board determines that a revenue failure has occurred with respect to the general revenue fund for the current year. The remaining 25% of the balance in the CRF may be appropriated upon a declaration by the governor that emergency conditions exist with concurrence by a two-thirds vote within the Senate and House of Representatives. This same 25% may also be appropriated through a joint declaration of emergency by both the Senate and House of Representatives with a concurrent 3/4ths vote by each legislative body.

Due to the different methods for accessing the CRF, any balance with the fund at year end is presented as 75% restricted and 25% unassigned. This split in presentation most closely aligns the government's ability to access these funds with the proper fund balance classification. The total CRF balance on June 30, 2021, was \$370,649,000, with \$277,987,000 presented as restricted fund balance and \$92,662,000 as unassigned fund balance.

The Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust Fund's assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that are constrained by the fund's intent to be used for specific purposes. For purposes of assigned fund balance, the fund's board of directors has authority to assign funds for specific purposes. Prior to 2012, the board of directors determined that 10% of the unassigned fund balance would be designated as a reserve for future periods, should annual earnings prove insufficient to cover expenses. In November 2011, the board of directors chose to limit yearly expenditures of certified earnings to no more than 5% of the corpus of the fund, with any unexpended certified earnings added to the reserve. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the assigned fund balance was \$78,460,000.

As explained in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, section J, the general fund inventory includes \$142,000 in food commodities which is also included in unearned revenue. Therefore, nonspendable fund balance for inventory/prepaid on the balance sheet is \$142,000 less than the total of inventory and prepaid items.

Note 13. Nonrecourse Debt and Debt Guarantees

Nonrecourse (Conduit) Debt, Notes Receivable and Funds in Trust

Financing agreements of Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (ODFA) and Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (OHFA) are structured such that the debt is to be repaid solely from the revenues derived from the related facilities leased or acquired, or from the disposition of collateral. ODFA and OHFA do not hold notes receivable and trust investments in amounts equal to the long-term financings. As of September 30, 2020, OHFA had nine series of multifamily bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$116,368,000. These financings are not general obligations of the state or state agencies, and it is the opinion of agency management and its legal counsel that, in the event of default by a borrower, the state has no responsibility for repayment of such financings. Accordingly, the nonrecourse debt and the related notes receivable and trust investments of ODFA's and OHFA's multifamily bond programs have been excluded from the financial statements. The debt and other obligations and the related notes receivable and other assets of OHFA's single family bonds are presented in the financial statements, since any assets remaining when the single-family bond programs are liquidated are transferred to OHFA.

Credit Enhancement Reserve Fund

Under the State Constitution, ODFA may issue bonds of the state, to be known as Credit Enhancement Reserve Fund General Obligation Bonds, in a total principal amount of \$100,000,000, for the sole purpose of generating resources if there are insufficient assets to meet insurance obligations. The fund is managed, administered, and utilized by ODFA solely to secure the payment of interest insurance on the revenue bonds and other financial obligations issued by the Authority for the specific purpose of enhancing and supporting the credit of such obligations. As of June 30, 2021, there were approximately \$17,600,000 of outstanding financial obligations insured by ODFA. At year end, the fund has accrued a reserve for losses of approximately \$633,000 to cover potential losses from outstanding financial obligations insured by the fund. Through June 30, 2021, there have been no Oklahoma Credit Enhancement Reserve Fund General Obligation Bonds issued since, and it is the full intention of ODFA to utilize the fund's existing available net assets to meet obligations arising from losses insured by the fund.

Note 14. Retirement and Pension Systems

A. Plan Description

The State of Oklahoma has six public employee retirement systems that administer pension plans: Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS), Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System (OLERS), Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges (URSJJ), Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS), and the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma (TRS). These plans are all fiduciary component units of the state. The Department of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC) administers the Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan (WCRP), which is part of the primary government.

OFPRS, OPERS, OPPRS, and TRS are all cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit retirement systems. URSJJ, OLERS and WCRP are single-employer, defined benefit retirement systems. Pension benefit provisions for all plans are established by statute and benefit provisions are amended by the state legislature. Each plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost-of-living adjustments are provided to plan members at the discretion of the state legislature. The information and schedules which follow are the representation of the respective state and local governmental employer pension plans which are administered through trusts.

Separately issued independent audit reports for each pension plan may be obtained from the following:

Firefighters Pension and Retirement 6601 Broadway Extension, Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73116 https://www.ok.gov/fprs Law Enforcement Retirement 421 NW 13th Street, Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73103 https://www.olers.state.ok.us Police Pension and Retirement 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305 Oklahoma City, OK 73116 https://www.ok.gov/opprs

Public Employees Retirement PO Box 53007 Oklahoma City, OK 73152

https://www.opers.ok.gov

Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges PO Box 53007 Oklahoma City, OK 73152 https://www.opers.ok.gov Teachers' Retirement System PO Box 53524 Oklahoma City, OK 73152 https://www.ok.gov/trs

Department of Wildlife Conservation PO Box 53465 Oklahoma City, OK 73152 https://www.wildlifedepartment.com

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the respective pension plans and additions to/deductions from plans fiduciary net position is determined on the same basis as they are reported by each pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Component units of the State of Oklahoma may participate in additional pension plans that are not reported as part of the state's structure. As a result, net pension asset/liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions on the related financial statements may exceed that reported in the Notes to the Financial Statements. For further information, separately audited component unit financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, OK 73105.

C. Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions

<u>Provisions</u>	OFPRS as of July 1, 2020
a. Eligible to Participate	All eligible firefighters of a participating municipality or a fire protection district who perform the essential functions of fire suppression, prevention and life safety duties in a fire department
b. Period Required to Vest	Ten years of credited service if employed prior to November 1, 2013; 11 years of credited service if employed after November 1, 2013
c. Eligibility for Distribution	Normal retirement after completion of 20 years of service if employed prior to November 1, 2013; age 50 with 22 years of service if employed after November 1, 2013; disability retirement upon disability; death benefit of \$5,000 payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death
d. Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary - the average paid gross salary of the firefighter for normally scheduled hours over the highest salaried 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service
e. Benefit Determination Methods:	
Normal Retirement	Paid firefighters: 50% of the firefighter's final average salary if hired before November 1, 2013, 55% of the firefighter's final average salary if hired after. Volunteer firefighters: \$150.60 per month, if hired before November 1, 2013, \$165.66 per month, if hired after.
Disability - Paid Firefighters	2.5% of the firefighter's final average salary per year of service, with a minimum service credit of 20 years and maximum of 30 years; for disabilities not in the line of duty, final average monthly compensation is based on 60 months instead of 30 months
Disability - Volunteer Firefighters	\$7.53 per month per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years; for disabilities or deaths in the line of duty, there is a minimum service credit of 20 years
f. Benefit Authorization	Benefits are established in accordance with Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Section 49-100.1 through 49-143.6, as amended
g. Form of Benefit Payments	Straight life annuity; survivor benefit: joint and 100% survivor annuity if firefighter was married 30 months prior to death

Provisions

a. Eligible to Participate

OLERS as of July 1, 2020

All law enforcement officers of the Oklahoma Highway Patrol and Capitol Patrol of Department of Public Safety (DPS), Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, members of the DPS Communications Division, DPS Waterways Lake Patrol, Tourism and Recreation Department, Inspectors of the Oklahoma State Board of Pharmacy, and Gun Smiths of DPS are eligible upon employment

b. Period Required to Vest

c. Eligibility for Distribution

d. Benefit Determination Base

e. Benefit Determination Methods:

Normal Retirement

Disability Retirement:

Duty

Non-Duty

f. Benefit Authorization

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Ten years of credited service

Normal retirement 20 years of service or age 62 with 10 years of service; maximum of age 60 with 20 years of service, unless considered physically able to continue; disability benefit upon determination of disability incurred in the line of duty; for disability not in the line of duty after three years of service; death benefit of \$5,000 payable to the designated beneficiary

Final average salary – the average of the highest 30 consecutive complete months of compensation

2.5% of member's final average salary multiplied by the years and completed months of credited service; no maximum on service

The greater of: 1) 2.5% of the final average salary multiplied by number of years and completed months of credited service, or 2) 50% of final average salary

2.5% of the final average salary multiplied by years and completed months of credited service

Benefits are established in accordance with Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 2, Article III, Section 2-300 through 2-315 as amended

100% Joint and Survivor Annuity

Provisions

a. Eligible to Participate

- b. Period Required to Vest
- e. Eligibility for Distribution

OPERS as of July 1, 2020

All permanent employees of the State of Oklahoma, and any other employer such as a county, county hospital, city or town, conservation district, circuit engineering district, and any trust in which a county, city, or town participates and is the primary beneficiary, are eligible to join if:

- The employee is not eligible for or participating in another retirement system authorized under Oklahoma law, is covered by Social Security and not participating in the U.S. Civil Service Retirement System
- The employee is scheduled for at least 1,000 hours per year and salary is not less than the hourly rate of the monthly minimum wage for state employees (for employees of local government employers, not less than the hourly rate of the monthly minimum wage for such employees)

Eight years of credited service

Normal retirement:

• Member before November 1, 2011, one of the following:

Age 62 with six years of credited service

80 points - The sum of age and years of service equals 80 if member before July 1, 1992

90 points - The sum of age and years of service equals 90 if member after July 1, 1992

• Member on or after November 1, 2011, one of the following:

Age 65 with six years of credited service; for elected officials age 62 with ten years of elected service, or age 65 with eight years of elected service

90 points – At least age 60 and the sum of age and years of service equals 90

Disability benefit after eight years of service, provided member qualifies for disability benefits from the Social Security Administration or the Railroad Retirement Board

Death benefit of \$5,000 payable upon death of retiree to the designated beneficiary

Final average salary – member before July 1, 2013, the average of the 36 highest months of compensation earned

d. Benefit Determination Base

within the last 10 years of service (including highest three longevity payments); member after July 1, 2013, the average highest 60 months of compensation earned within the last 10 years of service (including highest 5 longevity payments)

e. Benefit Determination Methods:

Normal Retirement

2% of member's final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service

Disability Retirement

Same as normal retirement

f. Benefit Authorization

Benefits are established in accordance with Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 29, Section 901 through 935 as amended

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Life Annuity, Joint and 50% Survivor, Joint and 100% Survivor Annuity, Life Annuity with a minimum of 120 monthly payments, and Medicare Gap Benefit option

Provisions

a. Eligible to Participate

USRJJ as of July 1, 2020

Any justice or judge of the Supreme Court, Court of Criminal Appeals, Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims, Court of Appeals or District Court who serves as justice or judge of any of said courts in the State of Oklahoma

b. Period Required to Vest

Eight years of credited service

c. Eligibility for Distribution

Normal retirement:

 Member before January 1, 2012, who completes 8 years of service, one of the following:

Age 60 with 10 years of credited service

Age 65 with eight years of credited service

80 points - The sum of age and years of service equals 80

• Member after January 1, 2012, one of the following:

Age 62 with 10 years of credited service

Age 67 with eight years of credited service

Disability benefit at age 55 and 15 years of continuous judicial service

Death benefit of \$5,000 payable upon death of retiree to the designated beneficiary

d. Benefit Determination Base

Final average salary – average monthly salary based on the highest 36 months of active service

e. Benefit Determination Methods:

Normal Retirement

4% of member's final average compensation multiplied by years of credited service not to exceed 100% of final average salary

Disability Retirement

Same as normal retirement

f. Benefit Authorization

Benefits are established in accordance with Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 16, Section 1101 through 1111 as amended

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Single-life, Joint and 50% Survivor, Joint and 100% Survivor

Provisions

OPPRS as of July 1, 2020

a. Eligible to Participate

All eligible officers of a participating municipality and any person hired by a participating municipality who is undergoing police training to become a permanent police officer; works more than 25 hours per week and is not less than 21 or more than 45 years of age when accepting membership

b. Period Required to Vest

Ten years of credited service

c. Eligibility for Distribution

Normal retirement upon later of 50 years of age or completing 20 years of credited service

Total Disability (Duty): upon determination of total disability; Total Disability (Non-Duty): upon determination of disability after 10 years of service

Death benefit of \$5,000 payable upon death of retiree to the designated beneficiary

d. Benefit Determination Base

Final average salary – average base salary for normally scheduled hours over the highest salaried 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service.

e. Benefit Determination Methods:

Normal Retirement

2.5% of member's final average salary multiplied by years of credited service not to exceed 30 years

Disability Retirement

Total Disability (Duty): 50% of final average salary

Total Disability (Non-Duty): 2.5% of final average salary multiplied by years of credited service not to exceed 30 years

Partial Disability (Duty): final average salary reduced by the percent of impairment, as outlined in the "American Medical Association's Guide to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" f. Benefit Authorization

Benefits are established in accordance with Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 1, Section 50-101 through 50-136.8 as amended

to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment."

Partial Disability (Non-Duty): 2.5% of final average salary multiplied by years of credited service (maximum of 30 years) reduced by the percentage of impairment, as outlined in the "American Medical Association's Guide

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Joint and 100% Survivor Annuity if the member was married 30 months prior to death.

Provisions

a. Eligible to Participate

b. Period Required to Vest

c. Eligibility for Distribution

TRS as of July 1, 2020

All employees of any public school in Oklahoma, including public colleges and universities

Five years of credited service. Seven years of credited service for members joining after October 31, 2017.

Normal retirement:

- Member before November 1, 2011 age 62 with 5 years of service
- Member after October 31, 2011 age 65 with 5 years of service or age 60 and age and the number of years of service totals 90
- Member before July 1, 1992 age and the number of years of creditable service total 80
- Member on or after July 1, 1992 but prior to November 1, 2011 – age and the number of years totals 90
- Members joining after October 31, 2017, must have credit for seven or more years of service.

Early retirement:

- Member prior to November 1, 2011 Age 55 and 5 years of service or upon completion of 30 years of service
- Member after October 31, 2011 Age 60 and 5 years of service
- Members joining after October 31, 2017, must have credit for seven or more years of service.

Disability benefit after 10 years of service

Death benefit of \$5,000 payable upon death of retiree to the designated beneficiary

Final average salary – For those becoming members before July 1, 1992, the compensation for the three years on which the highest contributions are paid; for persons becoming members after June 30, 1992, the compensation for the five years on which the highest contributions are paid

d. Benefit Determination Base

e. Benefit Determination Methods:

Normal Retirement 2% of member's final average salary subject to the

compensation limits in Title 70, Chapter 1, Article 17,

Section 17-101(28) and 17-116.2C.

Disability Retirement

Same as normal retirement

f. Benefit Authorization

Benefits are established in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 1, Article 17, Section 17-101

through 17-122.1 as amended

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Straight Life Annuity, Joint and 50% Survivor, Joint and

100% Survivor

Provisions

WCRP as of July 1, 2020

a. Eligible to Participate

Employees with a hire date prior to July 1, 2010; plan was

frozen as of July 1, 2010

b. Period Required to Vest

Ten years of credited service

c. Eligibility for Distribution

Normal retirement – Age 65

Early retirement:

• Age 55 and 15 years of service; benefit reduced 2% for each year benefit received prior to age 62

 Age 55 and sum of age and years of continuous service equals 85

d. Benefit Determination Base

Final average salary – Highest three years annual covered compensation received during the last 10 years of participating service

e. Benefit Determination Methods:

Normal Retirement

2.5% of member's final average salary multiplied by years of credited service; employees hired after July 1, 1995, the maximum benefit is 85% of final average salary with minimum benefit of \$50 per month

Disability Retirement

Same as normal retirement

f. Benefit Authorization

Benefits are established in accordance with Title 29 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 1, Article 3, Section 3-306

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Lifetime benefit

D. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

OFPRS	OLERS	OPERS	URSJJ	OPPRS	TRS	WCRP
12 206	1 250	22 115	262	F 000	01 471	188
12,296	1,250	33,115	263	5,889	91,4/1	188
2,256	36	6,082	15	163	13,091	26
11,388	1,525	36,179	304	3,912	65,778	240
25,940	2,811	75,376	582	9,964	170,340	454
	12,296 2,256 11,388	12,296 1,250 2,256 36 11,388 1,525	12,296 1,250 33,115 2,256 36 6,082 11,388 1,525 36,179	12,296 1,250 33,115 263 2,256 36 6,082 15 11,388 1,525 36,179 304	12,296 1,250 33,115 263 5,889 2,256 36 6,082 15 163 11,388 1,525 36,179 304 3,912	12,296 1,250 33,115 263 5,889 91,471 2,256 36 6,082 15 163 13,091 11,388 1,525 36,179 304 3,912 65,778

E. Contribution Requirements

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for OFPRS defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Section 49-100.6. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate is 9% for employees of their covered salary and 14% for employers of covered payroll as of July 1, 2020. Municipalities with revenues in excess of \$25,000 contribute \$60 per year for each volunteer firefighter. Prior to November 1, 2013, the rate was 8% for employees, 13% for employers, and municipalities contributed \$60 per year for each volunteer firefighter. The state contributes a portion of the insurance premium tax collected through its taxing authority. Currently, this contribution is 36% of insurance premium tax collected by the state. Prior to November 1, 2013, the contribution rate was 34%. For the year ended June 30, 2020, OFPRS recognized \$177,111,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$318,472,000.

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for OLERS defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 2, Article 3, Section 2-303.1. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate is 8% for employees of their covered salary and 11% for employers of covered payroll as of July 1, 2020. The state contributes a portion of driver's license taxes, and insurance premium tax collected through its taxing authority. Currently, this contribution is 1.2% of driver's license taxes, and 5% of insurance premium tax. For the year ended June 30, 2020, OLERS recognized \$40,656,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$87,674,000.

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for OPERS defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 29, Section 908. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate for state employees is 3.5% of their covered salary and 16.5% of covered payroll for state agencies as of July 1, 2020. Contributions for participating county and local agencies total 20% for employees and employers as of July 1, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2020, OPERS recognized \$342,690,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$1,584,631,000.

Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for URSJJ defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 16, Section 1108. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate for employees is 8% of their covered salaries and for employers, 22% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2020, URSJJ recognized \$10,150,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$35,113,000.

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for OPPRS defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 1, Article 50, Section 50-106. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate is 8% for employees of their covered salary and 13% for employers of covered payroll as of July 1, 2020. The state contributes a portion of the insurance premium tax collected through its taxing authority. Currently, this contribution is 14% of insurance premium tax collected by the state. For the year ended June 30, 2020, OPPRS recognized \$111,831,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$340,200,000.

Teachers' Retirement System: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for TRS defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 1, Article 17, Section 17-106. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate is 7% for employees of their covered salary and 9.5% of covered payroll for employer entities other than comprehensive and four-year universities as of July 1, 2020. The rate for comprehensive and four-year universities is 8.55% as of July 1, 2020. The state contributes 5% of revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate and individual income taxes. The system receives 1% of the cigarette taxes

collected by the state and 5% net lottery proceeds. For the year ended June 30, 2020, TRS recognized \$1,156,815,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$4,739,701,000.

Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan: The authority to set and amend contribution rates is established by ordinance for WCRP defined benefit plan in accordance with Title 29 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Chapter 1, Article 3, Section 3-306. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year are made in accordance with Oklahoma statute. The rate is 5% for employees of their covered salary. For the year ended June 30, 2020, WCRP recognized \$2,869,000 in contributions to the plan based on covered payroll of \$11,632,000.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation July 1, 2020

a. Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate 7.5%

c. Projected salary increases 2.75% - 10.5%

d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase One-half of the dollar amount of a 2.75% assumed

increase in base pay for firefighters with 20 years of service as of May 26, 1983; no cost-of-living adjustment

assumed for members not eligible for this increase e. Inflation rate 2.75%

f. Mortality table Active employees: Pub-2010 Public Safety Table with

generational mortality improvement using MP-2018; retired members: Pub-2010 Public Safety Below Median Table using Scale MP-2018; disabled pensioners: Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Table set forward two years

2010 Public Safety Disabled Table set forward two ye.
Percent of married employees 90% Males; 90% Females

h. Spouse age difference Males three years older than females

i. Turnover Varies from 4% to 20%

June 30, 2019, for the period from July 1, 2013, to June

30, 2018

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation July 1, 2020

a. Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate 7.5%

c. Projected salary increases 3.5% - 9.75%

d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase 3% e. Inflation rate 2.75%

f. Mortality table Active employees (pre- and post- retirement): RP-2014

Blue Collar Healthy Table with Generational Projection using Scale MP-2016; Disabled pensioners: RP-2014 Blue Collar Table with no projection from 2006 rates.

g. Percent of married employees 85% Males; 85% Females

h. Spouse age difference Males three years older than females

i. Turnoverj. Date of last experience studyVaries from 1.5% to 15%July 2012 to June 2016

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation July 1, 2020

a. Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate 6.5%

c. Projected salary increases 3.25% - 9.25%

d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase None e. Inflation rate 2.5%

f. Mortality table Active employees (pre- and post- retirement): Pub-2010

Below Media, General Membership Active/Retiree Health Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019, male rates set back one year, and female rates set forward one year; Disabled pensioners: Non-disabled retiree mortality set forward 12 years for

disabled experience.

g. Percent of married employees 85% Males; 85% Females

h. Spouse age difference Males four years older than females

i. Turnover Varies from 1%-26%

j. Date of last experience study July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2019

Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation July 1, 2020

a. Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate
c. Projected salary increases
d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase
e. Inflation rate
6.5%
None
2.5%

f. Mortality table Active employees (pre- and post- retirement): Pub-2010

Below Media, General Membership Active/Retiree Health Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019, male rates set back one year, and female rates set forward one year; Disabled pensioners: Non-disabled retiree mortality set forward 12 years for

disabled experience

g. Percent of married employees 85% Males; 85% Females

h. Spouse age difference Males four years older than females

Turnover 2º

j. Date of last experience study July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2019

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation

July 1, 2020

a. Actuarial cost method

b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate

c. Projected salary increases

d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase

Entry age normal

7.5%

3.5% to 12.0%

Officers eligible to receive cost of living adjustments according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer,

based on an increase in base salary of 3.5%

2.75%

Active employees pre-retirement: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined fully generational using Scale AA with age set back four years; post-retirement: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined fully generational using Scale AA; disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined with age set forward four years

85% Males; 85% Females

Males three years older than females

Varies from 1% to 15%

Five-year period from July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2017

e. Inflation rate

f. Mortality table

g. Percent of married employees

h. Spouse age difference

i. Turnover

j. Date of last experience study

Teachers' Retirement System

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation

a. Actuarial cost method

b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate

c. Projected salary increases

d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase

e. Inflation rate

f. Mortality table

June 30, 2020

Entry age normal

7.0%

2.25%, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service

None 2.25%

Active employees pre-retirement: Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality Table, generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales projected from 2010; post-retirement: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales projected from 2020; disabled pensioners: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table set forward three years with minimum rate of 4% for males and 2.5% for females, generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scale projected from

80% Males; 80% Females

Males three years older than females

Varies from 1.5% to 35.0%

July 2020, for a five-year period ending June 30, 2019

g. Percent of married employees

h. Spouse age difference

i. Turnover

j. Date of last experience study

Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation July 1, 2020

a. Actuarial cost method Entry age normal b. Rate of return on investments and discount rate 7% c. Projected salary increases 3% to 8% d. Post retirement cost-of-living increase None e. Inflation rate Mortality table Active members: RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table f.

with Blue Collar Adjustment projected to 2030 with Scale BB; retired members: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Healthy Annuitants with Blue Collar Adjustment projected to 2030 with Scale BB; disabled members: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Disabled Annuitants, projected to 2030 with Scale BB

85% Males: 85% Females

g. Percent of married employees h. Spouse age difference Males three years older than females

Turnover Varies from 1% to 8%

Date of last experience study July 1, 2010, to June 30, 2015 j.

G. Discount Rate

i.

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members are made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers are made at contractually required rates. Projected cash flows also assume insurance premium taxes are contributed as determined by state statutes.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 7.5% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	20%	4.38%
Equity	62%	8.62%
Alternative Investments	18%	6.69%
Total	100%	

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions from members, state agencies, insurance premium taxes and other state sources are made at the current contribution rates as set out in state statute.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 7.5% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	30%	5.55%
Equity	60%	10.46%
Alternative Investments	10%	9.93%
Total	100%	

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and the employers are made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 6.5% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	32%	0.42%
Equity	40%	4.87%
Alternative Investments	28%	6.86%
Total	100%	

Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and the employers are made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 6.5% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	32%	0.42%
Equity	40%	4.87%
Alternative Investments	28%	6.86%
Total	100%	

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions from members, state agencies, insurance premium taxes and other state sources are made at the contractually required rates as determined by state statutes.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 7.5% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	25%	5.11%
Equity	60%	7.46%
Alternative Investments	15%	8.60%
Total	100%	

Teachers' Retirement System

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions are made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the state's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 7.0% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	22%	2.50%
Equity	44%	7.50%
Alternative Investments	34%	7.02%
Total	100%	

Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members are made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the department are at least 100% of the department's required contribution.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient for projected benefit payments. Therefore, the discount rate used is 7% which is the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	40%	2.68%
Equity	50%	8.02%
Alternative Investments	10%	3.07%
Total	100%	

H. Changes in Net Pension Liability

The total pension liability for the various pension systems is determined based on actuarial valuations performed as of July 1, 2020, which is also the measurement date. There are no changes in assumptions or changes between the measurement date of July 1, 2020, and the state's report ending date of June 30, 2021, that would have a significant impact on the net pension liability. The following tables report the components of changes in net pension liability (in thousands):

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Increases (Decreases)

	Total		Plan Net		Net Pension	
		Pension		Net Position		Liability
		(a)	(b)			(a) - (b)
Balance Beginning of Year	\$	1,161,889	\$	1,016,646	\$	145,243
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		21,897		-		21,897
Interest		84,761		-		84,761
Changes in benefit terms		5,382		-		5,382
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		10,419		-		10,419
Contributions-Employer		-		9,504		(9,504)
Contributions-State of Oklahoma,						
non-employer contributing entity		-		24,382		(24,382)
Contributions-Employee		-		6,770		(6,770)
Net Investment Income		-		12,480		(12,480)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(64,641)		(64,641)		-
Administrative expense				(1,479)		1,479
Net Changes	\$	57,818	\$	(12,984)	\$	70,802
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	1,219,707	\$	1,003,662	\$	216,045

Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Increases (Decreases)

	Pension		Plan Net		Liability	
	Liability		Position		(Asset)	
		(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance Beginning of Year	\$	305,801	\$	344,218	\$	(38,417)
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		9,194		-		9,194
Interest		20,642		-		20,642
Benefit changes		5,786		-		5,786
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(738)		-		(738)
Changes in Assumptions		11,677		-		11,677
Contributions-Employer		-		7,384		(7,384)
Contributions-Employee		-		2,766		(2,766)
Net Investment Income		-		15,537		(15,537)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(22,210)		(22,210)		-
Administrative expense				(186)	_	186
Net Changes	\$	24,351	\$	3,291	\$	21,060
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	330,152	\$	347,509	\$	(17,357)

Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Increases (Decreases)

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Ì	Net Pension Liability
	 (a)	 (b)	_	(a) - (b)
Balance Beginning of Year	\$ 129,292	\$ 117,783	\$	11,509
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	1,480	-		1,480
Interest	8,873	-		8,873
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	3,408	-		3,408
Contributions-Employer	-	2,288		(2,288)
Contributions-Employee	-	582		(582)
Net Investment Income	-	5,892		(5,892)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(8,025)	(8,025)		-
Administrative expense	 	(46)	_	46
Net Changes	\$ 5,736	\$ 691	\$	5,045
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 135,028	\$ 118,474	\$	16,554

I. Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1- percentage-point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

Net Pension Liability (Asset) 1% Decrease (6.5%) Discount Rate (7.5%) 1% Increase (8.5%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 363,207 \$ 216,045 \$ 95,221 Value of Substration Liability (Asset) 1% Decrease (5.5%) Discount Rate (6.5%) 1% Increase (7.5%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,639,921 \$ 696,628 \$ (100,443) Uniform Retirement System Pension Rate (5.5%) 1% Increase (6.5%) (7.5%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 13,205 \$ (17,357) \$ (43,868) Oklaborate Pension Bectirement System Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,202 \$ 342 \$ (389) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservior Retirement Plancease (6.0%) \$ (7.0%) \$ (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 31,3186 \$ 16,554 \$ 4,070	Ol	klahom	a Law Enforc	ement	Retirement Sy	stem		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 363,207 \$ 216,045 \$ 95,221		1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% In		Increase			
Net Pension Liability (Asset) 1% Decrease 1% Increase (5.5%) (6.5%) (7.5%)		(6.5%)		(7.5%)	(8.5%)	
1% Decrease	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	363,207	\$	216,045	\$	95,221	
1% Decrease								
Teachers' Retirement System 1% Increase (6.5%) (7.5%) (8.5%) (7.5%) (8	O	klahom	a Public Emp	loyees	Retirement Sy	stem		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,639,921 \$ 696,628 \$ (100,443) Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges 1% Decrease (5.5%) Discount Rate (6.5%) 1% Increase (7.5%) Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System 1% Decrease (6.5%) Discount Rate (7.5%) 1% Increase (3.5%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,202 \$ 342 \$ (389) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (6.0%)		1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase	
Variety		([5.5%]		(6.5%)	(7.5%)	
1% Decrease	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,639,921	\$	696,628	\$	(100,443)	
1% Decrease	•							
1% Decrease	Uni	form R	etirement Sys	tem fo	or Justices and	Judges		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 13,205 \$ (17,357) \$ (43,868) Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System 1% Decrease (6.5%) Discount Rate (7.5%) 1% Increase (8.5%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,202 \$ 342 \$ (389) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%)			=			_		
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.5%) (7.5%) (8.5%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,202 \$ 342 \$ (389) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)		(5.5%)	(6.5%)		(7.5%)		
1% Decrease (6.5%) Discount Rate (7.5%) 1% Increase (8.5%) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%) (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	13,205	\$	(17,357)	\$	(43,868)	
1% Decrease (6.5%) Discount Rate (7.5%) 1% Increase (8.5%) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease (6.0%) Discount Rate (7.0%) 1% Increase (8.0%) (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	•							
(6.5%) (7.5%) (8.5%) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	Okla	homa l	Police Pension	and F	Retirement Sys	tem		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 1,202 \$ 342 \$ (389) Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)		1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase	
Teachers' Retirement System 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)		(6.5%)	(7.5%)		(8.5%)		
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,202	\$	342	\$	(389)	
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%) Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 3,030,885 \$ 2,270,894 \$ 1,641,757 Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	•							
Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Increase 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)			Teachers' Re	tireme	ent System			
Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)		1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase	
Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	_	(6.0%)		(7.0%)	(8.0%)	
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,030,885	\$	2,270,894	\$	1,641,757	
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)	·							
(6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)		Wild	llife Conserva	tion R	etirement Plan	1		
		1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 31,186 \$ 16,554 \$ 4,070		(6.0%)		(7.0%)	(8.0%)		
	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	31,186	\$	16,554	\$	4,070	

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Reported deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date are recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

On June 30, 2021, OLERS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferr	ed Outflow	Deferred Inflow		
	of Re	esources	of Re	sources	
Difference between expected	\$	17,859	\$	3,398	
and actual experience					
Net difference between projected					
and actual plan investment earnings		57,852		-	
Changes in assumptions		297		-	
Contributions made since measurement	t				
date		9,878			
Total	\$	85,886	\$	3,398	

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

On June 30, 2021, OPERS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflow		Deferr	ed Inflow
	of Re	sources	of Re	sources
Difference between expected	\$	-	\$	3,807
and actual experience				
Net difference between projected				
and actual plan investment earnings		82,777		-
Changes in assumptions		248,829		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		-		308
Contributions made since measuremen	t			
date		214,996		
Total	\$	546,602	\$	4,115

Uniform Retirement State Justices and Judges

On June 30, 2021, URSJJ reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferre	ed Outflow	Deferred Inflow		
	of Re	esources	of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,720	\$	1,122	
Net difference between projected					
and actual plan investment earnings		3,481		-	
Changes in assumptions		9,082		-	
Contributions made since measuremen	nt				
date		7,618			
Total	\$	23,901	\$	1,122	

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

On June 30, 2021, OPPRS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred	Outflow	Deferred	d Inflow		
	of Res	ources	of Resources			
Difference between expected	\$	9	\$	92		
and actual experience						
Net difference between projected						
and actual plan investment earnings		401		-		
Changes in assumptions		35		-		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between employer contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		-		30		
Contributions made since measuremen	t					
date		132		_		
Total	\$	577	\$	122		

Teachers' Retirement System

On June 30, 2021, TRS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

		red Outflow Resources	 red Inflow esources
Difference between expected	\$	110,552	\$ 38,462
and actual experience			
Net difference between projected			
and actual plan investment earnings		195,753	-
Changes in assumptions		278,498	32,809
Changes in proportion and differences			
between employer contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		-	123,986
Contributions made since measurement	t		
date		109,654	
Total	\$	694,457	\$ 195,257

Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan

On June 30, 2021, WCRP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

		ed Outflow sources	Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,968	\$	305		
Net difference between projected						
and actual plan investment earnings		624		-		
Changes in assumptions		33		-		
Contributions made since measuremen	t					
date		4,313				
Total	\$	8,938	\$	305		

K. Amortization of Pension Deferrals

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (excluding deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date) and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	For the year ended June 30, 2021													
		Law		Public	Ret	irement	Po	lice						
	Enfo	rcement	En	nployees	Sy	ystem	Pensi	on and	•	Гeachers'				
	Ret	irement	Re	tirement	Just	ices and	Retirement		Retirement		Wi	ldlife		
	S	ystem		System	Jı	Judges		Judges		stem	_	System	Conse	rvation
2022	\$	12,564	\$	133,474	\$	1,973	\$	(21)	\$	(161,791)	\$	544		
2023		20,666		107,966		5,502		108		146,028		1,225		
2024		23,272		50,809		4,843		137		192,988		1,503		
2025		15,688		35,242		2,843		82		159,882		1,048		
2026		420		-		-		12		45,246		-		
2027								5	_	7,193				
Total	\$	72,610	\$	327,491	\$	15,161	\$	323	\$	389,546	\$	4,320		

L. Payables to the Pension Plans – The amounts presented below represent the amount, in thousands, payable from the State of Oklahoma to the pension plans on June 30, 2021. This includes both contributions payable and dedicated taxes that had yet to be paid.

	Pa	ayable at
	6/	30/2021
Firefighters Pension and Retirement Plan	\$	15,171
Law Enforcement Retirement System		4,008
Public Employees Retirement System		11,758
Police Pension and Retirement System		5,907
Teachers' Retirement System		56,243
Total	\$	93,087

M. State General Fund Portion -- The amounts presented below represent net pension liability, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and pension expense related to the various pension systems recorded to governmental activities on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. These amounts (in thousands) are determined based on actuarial valuations performed as of July 1, 2020, which is also the measurement date.

	General Fund Portion	Pension Assets		Pension Liabilities		1	et Pension Liability (Asset)	_	eferred nflows	Deferred Outflows		ension expense
Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System	91.192%	\$	915,256	\$	1,112,270	\$	197,014	\$	3,099	\$	78,321	\$ 61,975
Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System	73.551%	7	,150,998		7,807,195		656,197		4,893		514,877	398,566
Uniform Retirement for Justices and Judges	100.000%		347,509		330,152		(17,357)		1,122		23,901	14,804
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System	0.296%		7,766		8,108		342		122		577	-
Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System	1.235%		203,717		320,965		117,248		3,680		39,542	21,844
Wildlife Conservation Retirment Plan	100.000%		118,474		135,028		16,554		305		8,938	3,554
Total		\$ 8	,743,720	\$	9,713,718	\$	969,998	\$	13,221	\$	666,156	\$ 500,743

N. Changes Subsequent to Measurement Date

The following changes were made to pension plan policy since the measurement date. These changes could potentially change the calculation of net pension liability:

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System:

House Bill 2457—Amends the age at which retirees must begin receiving benefits and take required distributions. Previously, the age for taking required distributions was 70 1/2. HB 2457 modifies this age, based on US Treasury regulations, to 72 for all retirements and distributions after December 31, 2019. The provision became effective April 28, 2021.

House Bill 2499—Provides that active and retired members, as well as surviving spouses and other eligible participants due either benefits or contributions, may direct payment of such monies, at the time they decease, to a trust if such trust has been properly established and designated by the member or beneficiary. The provision became effective April 28, 2021.

House Bill 2893—Amends the allocation of the insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan each year. Effective for fiscal year 2022, the insurance premium tax apportioned will be 27% of applicable collections. This rate will increase to 39.6% for fiscal years 2023 to 2027 and return to 36% for fiscal year 2028 and beyond. The provision became effective May 24, 2021.

Oklahoma Police and Retirement System:

House Bill 2457—Amends the age at which retirees must begin receiving benefits and take required distributions. Previously, the age for taking required distributions was 70 1/2. HB 2457 modifies this age, based on US Treasury regulations, to 72 for all retirements and distributions after December 31, 2019. The provision became effective April 28, 2021.

House Bill 2499—Provides that active and retired members, as well as surviving spouses and other eligible participants due either benefits or contributions, may direct payment of such monies, at the time they decease, to a trust if such trust has been properly established and designated by the member or beneficiary. The provision became effective April 28, 2021.

House Bill 2893—Amends the allocation of the insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan each year. Effective for fiscal year 2022, the insurance premium tax apportioned will be 14% of applicable collections. This rate will increase to 14.7% for fiscal years 2023 to 2027 and return to 14% for fiscal year 2028 and beyond. The provision became effective May 24, 2021.

Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma:

House Bill 2894 passed in the 2021 session. This bill eliminated the second year of the redirection of typical TRS apportionments provided in HB 2741 (2020) on income (individual and corporate), sales, and use taxes. Effective July 1, 2021, this bill restored apportionment fractions to TRS to the typical 5.00% for FY 2022, while providing an enhanced rate of 5.25% for FY 2023 - FY 2027 to make up for the reduced rate in FY 2021. The provision became effective May 24, 2021.

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System:

House Bill 2893—Increases the Plan's portion of insurance premium tax to 5.00% for fiscal year 2022. This rate will increase to 5.25% and \$5,626 annually for fiscal years 2023 to 2027. In fiscal year 2028 the rate decreases back to 5.00%. The provision became effective May 24, 2021.

O. Defined Contribution Plans

The WCRP's defined contribution plan (DC plan) is a single-employer plan that covers the employees of ODWC with a hire date of July 1, 2010, or later. The DC plan provides retirement benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. On June 30, 2021, there were 159 plan members. DC Plan members are required to contribute 5% of compensation annually. The ODWC's annual contribution is based on the employee's number of completed years of credited service with the ODWC, defined as follows:

	Compensation
	Contributed by
Years of Credited Service	Employer
Less than 5	6%
At least 5, but less than 10	8%
At least 10, but less than 15	10%
At least 15 or more	12%

Employees vest in 100% of ODWC's contributions after 5 years of credited service.

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For the year ended June 30, 2021, the ODWC contributed \$483,000, and eligible employees contributed \$344,000 to the DC Plan.

House Bill 2630 and Senate Bill 2120 directed OPERS to establish a defined contribution retirement system for members first employed by a participating employer of the system on or after November 1, 2015, including statewide elected officials and legislators. The provisions of this bill are not applicable to hazardous duty members, district attorneys, assistant district attorneys or other employees of the district attorney's office who will continue to participate in the defined benefit plan. Also excluded are employees of a county, county elected officials, county hospital, city or town, conservation district, circuit engineering district, and any public or private trust in which a county, city or town participates and is the primary beneficiary.

The Oklahoma State Employees Pathfinder 401(a) Plan, a defined contribution plan was created and implemented during the year ended June 30, 2016. Under this plan, participating employees contribute a minimum of 4.5% of their compensation. Participating employers match employee contributions up to 7%. In addition to the matching contributions, participating employers are required to remit to OPERS the difference between the matching contributions for defined contribution plan members and the amount the participating employer would have contributed for a defined benefit plan member.

On June 30, 2021, there were 13,539 plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2021, OPERS contributed \$24,999,000 and eligible employees contributed \$17,421,000 to the plan.

The State of Oklahoma also offers its employees a defined contribution plan as authorized by Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1986, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 935.1 through 935.11 of Title 74 of the O.S. The Plan's effective date was November 1, 2015.

On June 30, 2021, there were 5,826 plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2021, eligible employees contributed \$6,726,000 to the plan.

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. General Description of the Other Postemployment Benefits

The Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID), a division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services manages a legal insurance trust which provides group health, life, dental and disability benefits for active employees and retirees (should they so elect) of state agencies, school districts and other governmental units. EGID, as a multi-line insurance provider, allows for retirees that are not yet eligible for Medicare benefits to participate in the insurance plans available to active employees. Current and retired employees participate in the same plans with blended premium rates creating an implicit rate subsidy for the retirees in the plan. This single-employer plan is not administered through a trust, and as a result, there are no assets to net against the total liability. Separately issued reports for the EGID plan can be obtained at https://omes.ok.gov/services/accounting-reporting.

The Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC), part of the primary government, at its expense, provides a single-employer health insurance allowance to retirees for the payment of health insurance premiums at retirement where the retiree elects continued coverage through EGID. This allowance is reduced when the retiree is eligible for Medicare. The coverage amount is established by ODWC on an annual basis and can be discontinued at the board's discretion.

As mandated by statute, the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans - the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System (OLERS), Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges (URSJJ) and Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) - provide an OPEB benefit to retirees should a retiree make such an election at retirement to continue health coverage through the state's provider, EGID. This contribution is for a fixed amount that varies slightly from pension to pension, and the contribution is included in the employer pension contribution. Methods for obtaining separately issued independent audit reports, a summary of significant accounting policies of the pension plans and the statutory authority under which OPEB benefits are required to be paid are discussed in Note 14.

Component units of the State of Oklahoma may participate in additional OPEB plans that are not reported as part of the state's structure. As a result, net OPEB asset/liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions on the related financial statements may exceed that reported in the Notes to the Financial Statements. For further information, component unit separately audit financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, 2401 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 212, Oklahoma City, OK 73105.

2. Employees Covered

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

_	Plans Outsi	de of Trusts	OPEB Trust Funds								
	Employees Group Insurance Division	Department of Wildlife Conservation	Law Enforcement Retirement System	Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges	Public Employees Retirement System	Teachers' Retirement System					
Active employees	31,280	181	1,250	263	33,115	91,471					
Inactive participants	2,682	273	652	178	20,254	64,486					
Total	33,962	454	1,902	441	53,369	155,957					

3. Net OPEB Liability

The State of Oklahoma measured a net OPEB asset of \$39,509,000 and a net OPEB liability of \$162,682,000 as of June 30, 2020, as determined by actuarial valuations of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

	Employees Group Insurance Division	Department of Wildlife Conservation	Law Enforcement Retirement System	Uniform Retirement System for Judges and Justices	Public Employees Retirement System	Teachers' Retirement System
Inflation	0%	3.00%	2.75%	2.50%	2.50%	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.00%-11.25%	N/A	3.50%-9.75%	3.50%	3.25%-9.25%	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.21%	2.18%	7.50%	6.50%	6.50%	7.00%
Healthcare cost trend	5.30% - 5.00%	5.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Retirees' share of						
benefit-related costs	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Discount Rates

The discount rate was determined using the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index for EGID. The discount rate for ODWC was measured using a 20-year municipal bond index rate (AA/Aa or higher) as of June 30, 2021. For the remainder of OPEB plans, the discount rate is determined by the expected rate of return on assets of the associated pension plan as referenced in Note 14.

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates for EGID are based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Mortality Table weighted by Headcount projected by MP-2020, as of July 1, 2020.

ODWC based mortality rates for active and retired members on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected to 2030 with Scale BB. Disabled members of the ODWC plan have mortality rates calculated using the RP-2014 Mortality Table for Disabled Annuitants projected to 2030 with Scale BB.

OLERS uses RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Table with Generational Projection using Scale MP-2016 for both pre-retirement and post-retirement for retiree mortality rates. For disability mortality rates, OLERS uses RP-2014 Blue Collar Table with no projection from the 2006 base rates.

URSJJ bases its mortality rates on Pub-2010 Below Median, General Membership Active/Retiree Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year and female rates are set forward one year. Disability mortality rates are based on the postretirement mortality rates with rates set forward 12 years.

Mortality rates used by OPERS are those in the Pub-2010 Below Media, General Membership Active/Retiree Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year, and female rates are set forward one year.

TRS determines mortality rates for active members using Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010. Mortality rates for both male and female retirees are based on 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

EGID Implicit Rate Subsidy valuation report dated July 1, 2020, was based on a measured date of July 1, 2020, with a measurement period of July 1, 2019, to July 1, 2020.

ODWC actuarial assumptions in the actuarial report dated June 30, 2020, are prepared on a measured date of June 30, 2020, based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010, to June 30, 2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation report by OLERS are measured as of June 30, 2020, and are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated May 10, 2017.

URSJJ total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, in the valuation report dated July 1, 2019, and based the actuarial assumptions on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study. The report covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2019. The experience study report is dated May 13, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation report rolled back to June 30, 2020, by OPERS are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2019. The experience study report is dated May 13, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation report by TRS were measured June 30, 2020, and are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

4. Changes in the OPEB Liability

	Employees Group Insurance Division	epartment of Wildlife onservation	_	Law Enforcement Retirement System	Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges		Public Employees Retirement System	Teachers' Retirement System	Total
Total Liability at June 30, 2019	\$ 132,200	\$ 8,733	\$	12,768	\$ 2,814	\$	250,683	\$ 109,115	\$ 516,313
Change for the year:									
Service cost	4,911	206		338	107		5,908	1,455	12,925
Interest	4,626	227		926	190		17,060	6,942	29,971
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	-	28		(525)	(138)		(14,744)	(1,260)	(16,639)
Changes in assumptions or									
other inputs	11,102	458		-	107		11,629	7,431	30,727
Benefit Payments	(10,746)	(405)		(849)	(209)	_	(14,187)	(8,347)	 (34,743)
Change in Total Liability	\$ 9,893	\$ 514	\$	(110)	\$ 57	\$	5,666	\$ 6,221	\$ 22,241
Total Liability at June 30, 2020	\$ 142,093	\$ 9,247	\$	12,658	\$ 2,871	\$	256,349	\$ 115,336	\$ 538,554
Plan Net Position at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$	877	\$ 3,318	\$	280,938	\$ 125,033	\$ 410,166
Change for the year:									
Contributions - Employer	10,746	-		1,279	203		15,020	214	27,462
Net investment income	-	-		11	144		11,330	754	12,239
Benefit payments	(10,746)	-		(850)	(209)		(14,188)	(8,347)	(34,340)
Administrative expense	-	-		(1)	(2)		(143)	-	(146)
Change in Net Position	\$ -	\$ -	\$	439	\$ 136	\$	12,019	\$ (7,379)	\$ 5,215
Total Net Position at June 30, 2020	\$ 	\$ -	\$	1,316	\$ 3,454	\$	292,957	\$ 117,654	\$ 415,381
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 142,093	\$ 9,247	\$	11,342	\$ (583)	\$	(36,608)	\$ (2,318)	\$ 123,173

(Balances are shown, in thousands, as of the measurement date.)

Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs:

Employee Group Insurance Division: The discount rate to calculate liabilities was changed from 3.51% to 2.21%.

The mortality assumption used to calculate liabilities was changed from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Mortality Table weighted by Headcount projected by MP-2019 as of July 1, 2019, to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Mortality Table weighted by Headcount projected by MP-2020 as of July 1, 2020.

Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation: The interest rate return on investments was decreased from 2.66% to 2.18%.

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System: The municipal bond index rate to calculate liabilities was changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

<u>Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges</u>: Price inflation was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%; salary increases were decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%; municipal bond index rate to calculate liabilities was changed from 3.50% to 2.19%, and interest rate return on investments was decreased from 7.00% to 6.50%, and the mortality assumption was revised to reflect more current mortality trends.

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System: Price inflation was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%; salary increases were decreased from a range of 3.50% to 9.50% to 3.25% to 9.25%; municipal bond index rate to calculate liabilities was changed from 3.50% to 2.19%; interest rate return on investments was decreased from 7.00% to 6.50%, and the mortality assumption was revised to reflect more current mortality trends.

<u>Teachers' Retirement System</u>: Price inflation was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%; salary increases were decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%; interest rate return on investments was decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, and the mortality assumption was revised to reflect more current mortality trends.

5. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the State of Oklahoma, as well as what the state's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

Employees Group Insurance Division

Total OPEB Liability Department of Wildlife Conservation			Discount Rate (2.21%) \$ 142,093 Discount Rate		
Department of whome Conservation					
				ount Rate 2.18%) 9,247	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	10,325	\$	9,247	\$ 8,331
Law Enforcement Retirement System					
				ount Rate 7.50%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,763	\$	7.50%) 11,342	\$ 10,145
Uniform Retirement System for Justic	es and	d Judges			
				ount Rate	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(342)	\$	(583)	\$ (795)
Public Employees Retirement System					
				ount Rate	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(9,320)	\$	(36,608)	\$ (59,994)
Teachers' Retirement System					
				ount Rate 7.00%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,414	\$	7.00%) (2,318)	\$ (11,419)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, calculated using the healthcare trend rate, as well as what the trend rate increasing or decreasing by 1-percentage-point. Only the EGID implicit rate subsidy and ODWC are affected by the healthcare trend rate.

Employee Group Insurance Division

	1% D	ecrease	Disco	ount Rate	1% I	ncrease
	(4	1.30% -	(!	5.30% -	(6	6.30% -
	4	.00%)		5.00%)	6	5.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	127,956	\$	142,093	\$	158,726

Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation

	1% De	crease	Discou	nt Rate	1% Inc	rease
	(4.0	00%)	(5.	00%)	(6.0	00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	9,217	\$	9,247	\$	9,272

6. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The following tables illustrate the deferred inflows and outflows as of June 30, 2021, based on the requirements of GASB Statement number 75 (in thousands):

								Uniform					
	En	nployees				Law	F	Retirement		Public			
		Group		partment	En	forcement	:	System for	Е	mployees	T	'eachers'	
		surance		Wildlife		etirement	J	ustices and		etirement		etirement	
		Division	Con	servation		System	_	Judges		System		System	 Total
Deferred Outflows:													
Changes of assumptions													
or other inputs	\$	9,936	\$	845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,917	\$	5,015	\$ 28,713
Differences between projected													
and actual investment earnings												5,063	5,063
Changes in proportion		-		-		292		-		-		228	520
Differences between expected													
and actual experience		-		52		81		-		5,574		-	5,707
Subsequent contributions		10,553		405		1,309		232		13,802		1,424	27,725
Total deferred outflows	\$	20,489	\$	1,302	\$	1,682	\$	232	\$	32,293	\$	11,730	\$ 67,728
Deferred Inflows:													
Changes of assumptions													
or other inputs	\$	(8,282)	\$	-	\$	(146)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (8,428)
Changes in proportion		-		-		(292)		-		(145)		-	(437)
Differences between expected													
and actual experience		(1,259)		_		(1,349)				(30,995)		(5,092)	(38,695)
Total deferred inflows	\$	(9,541)	\$	-	\$	(1,787)	\$	-	\$	(31,140)	\$	(5,092)	\$ (47,560)
OPEB Expense	\$	6,361	\$	405	\$	915	\$	209	\$	(2,113)	\$	14	\$ 5,791

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (in thousands):

	Em	ployees			I	Law	F	ublic			
	(Group		rtment	Enfo	rcement		ployees	Tea	chers'	
		surance	of W	ildlife	Reti	rement	Ret	irement	Retirement		
	D:	ivision	Conse	rvation	System		S	ystem	Sy	rstem	 Total
Year ended June 30:											
2022	\$	(2,531)	\$	277	\$	(269)	\$	(5,527)	\$	(404)	\$ (8,454)
2023		(1,415)		277		(269)		(3,155)		1,069	(3,493)
2024		(191)		224		(272)		(2,168)		1,873	(534)
2025		1,642		119		(246)		(1,346)		1,769	1,938
2026		1,642		-		(186)		(450)		662	1,668
Thereafter		1,248		-		(172)		(3)		245	1,318

Note 16. On-Behalf Payments

The Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (TRS) receives 5.0% of the state's sales, use, corporate and individual income taxes collected as dedicated tax. Senate Bill 1376, which became law in July 2002, provides that the percentage of the state's collected dedicated taxes allocated to TRS increased from 4.5% to 5.0% on July 1, 2007, and thereafter. TRS receives 1.0% of the cigarette taxes and 5.0% of the net lottery proceeds collected by the state. TRS received approximately \$311,290,000 from the state for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System receives 25.2% of the state's insurance premium tax revenue. The Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System received approximately \$72,924,000 from the state for the year ended June 30, 2021. Of the same insurance premium tax revenue, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System and Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System receive 9.8% and 5.0%, respectively. Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System and Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System received approximately \$28,368,000 and \$10,128,000 from the state for the year ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

Note 17. Commitments

Primary Government

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the general fund had encumbrances of \$1,388,847,000 within the restricted and committed fund balances of the governmental funds.

The Department of Transportation had contractual commitments as of June 30, 2021, of approximately \$969,046,000 for the construction of various highway projects. Future appropriations will fund these commitments as work is performed. Up to \$200,000,000 in notes, bonds or loans with the U.S. Department of Transportation through the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act has been authorized by the state legislature.

The Department of Human Services maintains a construction unit which engages in capital improvements of state buildings. At year end, Department of Human Services had long-term projects totaling \$10,952,000 for the general fund.

The Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority has issued bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$120,000,000 for the Office of Management and Enterprise Services to provide funding for repairs, refurbishments, and improvements to the State Capitol Building. This bond issuance is the first series of obligations sold under two authorizations totaling \$245,000,000 for the capitol repair project. In addition, Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority has been authorized to issue \$45,000,000 in revenue bonds to provide funding for the construction of a new National Guard Museum by the Oklahoma Military Department.

Component Units

The University of Oklahoma had outstanding commitments under construction contracts totaling \$1,756,000 on June 30, 2021.

Oklahoma State University had outstanding commitments under construction contracts of approximately \$34,605,000 as of June 30, 2021.

The Oklahoma Turnpike Authority had commitments outstanding on December 31, 2020, relating to equipment orders and supplies of approximately \$12,500,000. On December 31, 2020, Oklahoma Turnpike Authority had commitments outstanding relating to construction and maintenance contracts of approximately \$99,700,000.

The Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority purchased approximately \$13,379,000 of power pursuant to several long-term purchase agreements during 2020. Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority is obligated to purchase, at a minimum, approximately \$12,912,000 of power in 2021.

The Grand River Dam Authority (GRDA) makes and receives commitments for purchases of coal and other materials. GRDA had contractual commitments as of December 31, 2020, for long-term wind power purchase agreements of approximately \$616,700,000 through the year 2037 and for customer generation capacity agreements of approximately \$253,400,000 million through the year 2042. GRDA also has contractual commitments for long-term service agreements for the maintenance of the gas and steam turbines of approximately \$102,800,000 through the year 2030, and for transportation of natural gas of approximately \$146,200,000 through the year 2046.

Note 18. Litigation and Contingencies

The state and its component units are parties to numerous legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. Such litigation includes, but is not limited to, claims assessed against the state for property damage and personal injury, alleged breaches of contract, condemnation proceedings, and other alleged violations of state and federal laws. Certain claims have been adjudicated against the state but remained unpaid as of June 30, 2021.

The state receives significant financial assistance from the federal government in the form of grants and entitlements, which are generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by federal agencies. Any disallowance as a result of these audits could become a liability of the state.

Primary Government

Through the normal course of operations there are many legal cases which involve the state as a party. Most of these cases are currently deemed to have a remote chance of loss or will result in a gain to the state. The assessment of several cases indicates there is the reasonably possible or probable chance of a loss occurring to the state. Current estimates for these losses range from \$30,000 to \$7,904,000.

The Department of Transportation has incurred significant expenditures on construction projects that have exceeded the amounts approved by the federal grantor. These project expenditures are held in suspense until approved by the federal grantor and subsequently reimbursed. Based on prior years' experience, the reimbursement of expenditures is highly probable. As of June 30, 2021, Department of Transportation has project expenditures totaling \$4,795,000 that will be reimbursed pending approval of the federal government.

Note 19. Tax Abatements

The State of Oklahoma provides tax abatements under six programs: Historic Rehabilitation tax credits, Quality Jobs programs (Quality Jobs, Small Employer and 21st Century), Oklahoma Film Enhancement rebates, the Quality Events Program, Small Business Incubators (Sponsors and Tenants) and New Products Development Income Tax Exemptions. Tribal compacts with Native American tribes also provide abatements to cigarette tax collections.

The Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credits Program established by the legislature (68 O.S. § 2357.41) promotes the rehabilitation of historic structures of every period. These credits can be claimed at any time after the relevant local governmental body responsible for doing so issues a certificate of occupancy or other document that is a precondition for the applicable use of the building or structure. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, estimated tax credits in the amount of \$16,983,000 were approved for 23 structures. Historic Rehabilitation tax credits used to reduce tax liability in 2020 was \$515,000. An additional \$18,167,000 in estimated tax credits was approved in fiscal year 2021 for 14 structures which were approved in prior fiscal years.

Three quality jobs programs are administered by the Oklahoma Department of Commerce (ODOC) for which the state provides incentive payments that are paid from income tax collections:

The Oklahoma Quality Jobs Program was established by the legislature (68 O.S. § 3601) to provide an incentive for companies to expand or relocate jobs to Oklahoma. Companies meeting certain statutory requirements can receive a rebate up to 5% of new taxable payroll for up to 10 years. The requirements include creating jobs within a qualifying industry as noted by the North American Industry Classification System description; paying wages on the newly created jobs equal to the average county wage or state threshold wage, whichever is lower; achieving \$2,500,000 in new annual taxable payroll within three years; and offering basic health insurance to employees within 180 days of employment. Companies can receive up to a 6% rebate if at least 10% of new payroll is comprised of qualified military veterans.

Under certain circumstances, some program requirements may be amended or waived.

A company that participates in the Oklahoma Quality Jobs Program but fails to maintain a business presence in the state of Oklahoma within three years of start date must repay all program benefits they received and may not re-apply for the program for one year following dismissal.

The Small Employer Quality Jobs Program (68 O.S. §3901) was established to provide appropriate incentives to support the creation of quality jobs, particularly for small businesses, in basic industries in the state. Companies applying for the Small Employer program must have 90 employees or less at the time of application to the program. Rebates under the program are received for up to seven years. Program requirements include creating a minimum number of new jobs based on the population of the community where the company is located; having 35% out-of-state sales for the first two years and subsequently 60% out-of-state sales; paying the newly created jobs at 110% of the average county wage; and offering basic health insurance within 180 days of employment (the employee must not pay more than 50% of the premium).

The 21st Century Quality Jobs Program (68 O.S. §3911-3920) was established to provide appropriate incentives to attract growth industries and sectors to Oklahoma in the 21st century through a policy of rewarding businesses with a highly skilled, knowledge-based workforce. The program allows a net benefit rate of up to ten percent of payroll for up to ten years and requires at least ten full-time jobs at an annual average wage of the lesser of \$103,736 (the state wage, which is indexed every year) or 300% of the county's average wage. Out-of-state sales for the company must be at least 50% for most participants. The program targets industries, such as knowledge-based service industries, including professional, scientific and technical services; music, film and performing arts; and specialty hospitals.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, 84 companies received payments totaling \$56,400,000 as part of Quality Jobs Programs.

To increase the attractiveness of Oklahoma as a location for the film industry, the Oklahoma Film Enhancement rebate was established by the legislature (68 O.S. §§ 3621-3626). A rebate, of up to 37% of documented expenditures made in Oklahoma directly attributable to the production of film, television production, or television commercials, may be paid to the production company. The Oklahoma Film and Music Commission and the Oklahoma Tax Commission (OTC) administer the program. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, twenty-three film companies were rebated corporate income tax amounting to \$6,033,000.

The Quality Events Incentive (68 O.S. §4301-4311) was designed to promote certain quality events that have a significant positive economic impact. A quality event is a new event of a meeting of a nationally recognized organization, a new or existing event that is a national, international or world championship, or a new or existing event that is managed or produced by an Oklahoma based national or international organization. The host community must submit a resolution and information pertaining to the event (geographic area, length of time for revenue capture, expenses, event history, and economic impact) to OTC within 30 days of the date on which the host community adopts the ordinance or resolution. OTC will then approve or disapprove the impact study. ODOC and the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department provide assistance and information, as requested, by OTC to approve or disapprove an economic impact study.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, no events were certified by the Quality Events Incentive Program, and no sales tax was abated.

A business incubator is a facility in which small businesses may rent space and where management provides business development services, such as financial consulting and marketing assistance. The Small Business Incubators program offers tax exemptions for both sponsors (74 O.S. §5075) and tenants (74 O.S. §5078) of business incubators that register with ODOC.

The income of a sponsor of a certified incubator is exempt from Oklahoma income taxes on income earned from rental fees, other income derived from services provided to the tenants, or for providing funding for an incubator site.

The tenant is exempt from state tax liability on income earned as a result of activities conducted as an occupant in a certified incubator for up to ten years from the occupancy date in an incubator site in accordance with rules of OTC. The exemption remains in effect after the date the tenant is no longer an occupant in an incubator, but not to exceed a total of ten years.

Reporting for tax exemptions related to business incubator tenants and sponsors is commingled with other tax exemptions on the forms provided to OTC. As a result, it is not possible to determine the amount of tax abated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Under the New Products Development Income Tax Exemption (74 O.S. § 5064.7), royalties earned by an inventor from a product developed and manufactured in the State of Oklahoma shall be exempt from state income tax for a period of seven years from the first year in which such royalty is received as long as the manufacturer remains in the state. In addition, such manufacturer may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, 65% of the cost of depreciable property purchased and utilized directly in manufacturing the product. To qualify for the incentives, the product shall be patented or have patent pending pursuant to federal law and shall be registered with Oklahoma Center for the Advancement of Science and Technology.

The reporting for tax exemptions related to New Products Development Income Tax Exemptions are commingled with other tax exemptions on the forms provided to OTC. As a result, it is not possible to determine the amount of tax abated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Twenty-seven Native American tribes, governed within the state's borders, collect cigarette taxes on behalf of the state through compact agreements. Only a portion of the taxes are remitted to the state, with the tribe retaining the remainder as defined by the compact agreement. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the amount of tax retained by tribes ranged from 50-65% and resulted in \$60,479,000 of tax abatements.

Information relevant to disclosure of those programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is:

	Amo	ount of
	Taxes	Abated
Tax Abatement Program	(in the	ousands)
Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credits Used	\$	515
Quality Jobs Programs		56,400
Oklahoma Film Enhancement Rebate		6,033
Cigarette Tax Tribal Compacts		60,479

Note 20. Subsequent Events

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority authorized tax-backed bonds totaling \$682,095,000 for outstanding tax-exempt issues. Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority issued \$161,640,000 from this authorization after June 30, 2021.

Proprietary Funds

Oklahoma Water Resources Board has authorized but not issued bonds totaling \$255,990,000.

Component Units

On October 13, 2021, Oklahoma Student Loan Authority issued the \$117,220,000 Oklahoma Student Loan Bonds and Notes Series 2021 (the Series 2021 Note). The proceeds of the Series 2021 Note repaid in full the 2010-A, 2011-1, and 2013-01 Indentures, and the 2016 and 2017 Senior Notes; loan origination fees and costs, and a prepayment on the Series 2021 Note on the date of issuance. The Series 2021 Note is secured by a pledge of eligible loans receivable with an aggregate principal balance and accrued interest value equal to at least 115% of the original principal amount of the Series 2021 Note. The Series 2021 Note has a final maturity date of September 25, 2036. The interest rate is the one-month LIBOR plus 0.75%.

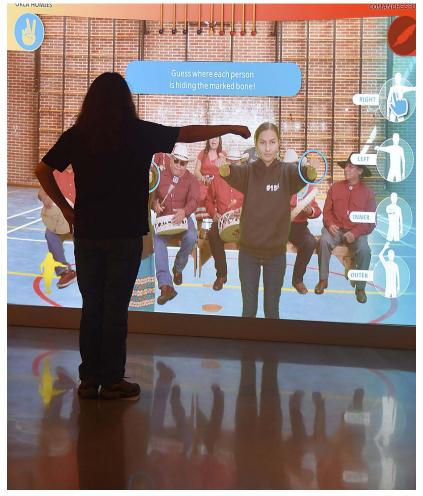
Between February 4, 2021, and February 20, 2021, the Grand River Dam Authority and Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (OMPA) service area experienced an extreme winter storm, due to a polar vortex. During this time, natural gas supply dwindled because of frozen gas wells and equipment, hindering the ability to meet energy demands. The increased demand for energy along with the limited supply of energy materials resulted in an unprecedented surge in natural gas and energy prices. The total cost of the extraordinary event was \$102,388,000 for Grand River Dam Authority and estimated to be \$60,000,000 for OMPA.

After the issuance of the September 30, 2020, financial report, the Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency has issued three conduit debt bonds for a total of \$60,720,000.

On March 12, 2021, OMPA closed on a five-year term note with Bank of America bearing a fixed interest rate of 1.75% with a prepayment option after five months. The intention is to pay off the Bank of America term loan with a new taxable bond series that refunds certain bond series for savings and includes \$40,000,000 of new money bonds. OMPA believes that the \$40,000,000 in new money bonds together with savings on the refunded bonds and the use of reserve funds will be sufficient to payoff of the Bank of America term loan. OMPA intends to structure the new debt so that debt service remains at the current level for 2021 and 2022 and then declines for the years 2023 through 2027 but not by as much as had been previously scheduled. OMPA believes this structure will not have any immediate impact on rates to member cities. The new money bonds will have a final maturity date of January 1, 2028.

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Many of the exhibits at the First Americans Museum are audiovisual or interactive.

Top: A couple watches a video depicting Native American creation stories in the Origins Theater, featuring a 320 degree screen.

Above: Visitors can jump in the Pow Wow Van and tour First American cultural events across Oklahoma.

Left: Visitors can play an interactive Handgame which is a game of chance played by many Plains tribal communities.





State of Oklahoma Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

						GI	ENERAL FUND				
					BUDGET						
			ORIGINAL	A	mendments		FINAL		ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
EDUCATIO	N										
State Arts C	ouncil										
01	Duties	\$	2,796	\$	-	\$	2,796	\$	1,766	\$	1,030
11	FY20 Carryover				173	\$	173		-		173
	Agency Total	\$	2,796	\$	173	\$	2,969	\$	1,766	\$	1,203
De partme nt	Of Education										
00	Ad Malasara Daimhura arrant Fund	•		e	100.000	·	100.000	¢.	100.000	œ.	
	Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund	\$	-	\$	109,000	Ф	109,000	\$	109,000	Ф	-
01	Financial support of Public Schools		953,338		-		953,338		953,338		4.000
01	Financial support of Public Schools (Min Lea)		3,800		-		3,800		2,497		1,303
01	Financial support of Public Schools (CRF)		243,669		-		243,669		243,669		-
01	Textbooks		33,000		-		33,000		33,000		-
02			5,411		-		5,411		5,411		
02			100,919		-		100,919		78,729		22,190
03	. ,		347,082		-		347,082		347,082		-
04	Support Personnel Health Benefit Allow ance		188,455		-		188,455		188,455		-
09	••		15,028		-		15,028		12,016		3,012
11	FY20 Carryover		-		405		405		383		22
12	FY20 Carryover		-		6,684		6,684		3,919		2,765
16	FY20 Carryover		-		4,511		4,511		3,735		776
22	FY19 Carryover		-		20		20		20		-
32	FY18 Carryover		-		466		466		466		-
	Agency Total	\$	1,890,702	\$	121,086	\$	2,011,788	\$	1,981,720	\$	30,068
Office of Edu	ncational Quality and Accountability										
01	Duties	\$	1,067	\$	_	\$	1,067	\$	414	\$	653
04	Duties	•	500	•	_	•	500	•	500	•	
	FY20 Carryover		-		570		570		570		_
	Agency Total	\$	1,567	\$	570	\$	2,137	\$	1,484	\$	653
Commission	of the Land Office										
01	Duties	\$	8,379	\$	_	\$	8,379	\$	7,321	\$	1,058
90		Φ	0,319	ψ	6,000	φ	6,000	φ	1,321	Ψ	6,000
90	Agency Total	\$	8,379	\$	6,000	\$	14,379	\$	7,321	\$	7,058
De partme nt	of Libraries		_								
•											
01		\$	4,346	\$	-	\$	4,346	\$	4,081	\$	265
11	FY20 Carryover		-		237		237		217		20
	Agency Total	_\$	4,346	\$	237	\$	4,583	\$	4,298	\$	285

				G	ENERAL FUND			5,808 \$ 739 250 150 1,333 2,396 - 110 7,391 \$ 3,395 13,120 \$ 677 793 187 13,913 \$ 864 3,904 \$ 2,129			
				BUDGET							
		ORIGINAL	Ar	mendments	FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE			
Physician Manpower Training Commission											
Thysician Pampower Training Commission											
01 Duties	\$		\$	- \$	6,547	\$		\$ 739			
03 Duties		400		-	400						
11 FY20 Carryover		-		3,729	3,729		1,333				
12 FY20 Carryover	\$	6,947	\$	3,839 \$	110	\$	7 301				
Agency Total	<u> </u>	0,947	φ	3,839 \$	10,760	Φ	7,391	ф 3,395			
Center for Advancement of Science and Technology											
01 Duties	\$	13,797	\$	- \$	13,797	\$	13,120	\$ 677			
11 FY20 Carryover				980	980						
Agency Total	\$	13,797	\$	980 \$	14,777	\$	13,913	\$ 864			
Oklahoma School of Science and Math											
01 Duties	\$	6,033	\$	- \$	6,033	\$					
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	6,033	\$	1,407 1,407 \$	1,407 7,440	\$	1,365 5,269	\$ 2,171			
<i>5</i> ,			<u> </u>	, , ,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Department of Career and Technology Education											
01 Duties	\$	133,470	\$	- \$	133,470	\$	124,226	\$ 9,244			
11 FY20 Carryover		-		7,239	7,239		7,239				
Agency Total	\$	133,470	\$	7,239 \$	140,709	\$	131,465	\$ 9,244			
Education Total	\$	2,068,037	\$	141,531 \$	2,209,568	\$	2,154,627	\$ 54,941			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT Office of Management and Enterprise Services											
01 Duties	\$	52,982	\$	- \$	52,982	\$	34,885	\$ 18,097			
01 Duties - Capitol Debt Service	Ψ	24,448	Ψ	- ψ	24,448	Ψ	24,448	ψ 10,0 <i>01</i>			
01 For transfer to Bldg & Fac Revolv (Fund 245)		1,793		-	1,793		1,793	-			
01 State Tribal Litigation Fund		-		10,000	10,000		10,000	-			
02 For transfer to Bldg & Fac Revolv (Fund 245)		230		-	230		230	-			
03 Security Enhancements Capitol and Governor's Mansion		-		10,000	10,000		-	10,000			
04 Duties - NACEA		6,934		-	6,934		6,934	-			
11 FY20 Carryover 13 FY20 Carryover		-		560 456	560 456		475 456	85			
21 FY19 Carryover		_		402	402		402	-			
23 FY19 Carryover		-		472	472		3	469			
Agency Total	\$	86,387	\$	21,890 \$	108,277	\$	79,626	\$ 28,651			
Department of Commerce											
01 Duties	\$	17,740	¢	- \$	17,740	\$	6,561	\$ 11,179			
01 Expend per QACF Statutes	φ	11,140	φ	- \$ 20,000	20,000	φ	6,561	13,439			
02 Business Incubator Program				15,000	15,000		-	15,000			
11 FY20 Carryover		-		3,807	3,807		1,626	2,181			
Agency Total	\$	17,740	\$	38,807 \$	56,547	\$	14,748				
State Election Board											
						_					
02 Duties	\$	9,738	\$	- \$ 899	9,738	\$	7,523				
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	9,738	\$	899 \$	10,637	\$	713 8,236	\$ 2,401			
Agonoy Total	Ψ	3,730	Ψ	333 ¥	10,001	Ψ	3,230	Ψ <u>2,701</u>			

					GENERAL FUND			CTUAL VARIANCE			
				BUDGET							
		RIGINAL	Ar	mendments	FINAL	_	ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE		
Ethics Commission											
	_								_		
01 Duties Agency Total	\$	688 688	\$ \$	-		\$ \$	681 681	\$	7		
Agency Total	<u> </u>	000	φ	<u> </u>	ў 000	φ	001	φ			
Merit Protection Commission											
01 Duties	\$	386	\$	-	\$ 386	\$	287	\$	99		
11 FY20 Carryover	\$	386	\$	95 95	95 \$ 481	\$	287	\$	95 194		
Agency Total	<u> </u>	360	φ	95	ψ 401	<u> </u>	201	ų.	194		
State Auditor and Inspector											
01 County Govt Personnel Educ & Trng	\$	214	\$	-	\$ 214	\$	-	\$	214		
03 Duties		4,086		-	4,086		2,208		1,878		
11 FY20 Carryover		- 1000	_	1,472	1,472	_	1,472	•			
Agency Total	\$	4,300	\$	1,472	\$ 5,772	\$	3,680	\$	2,092		
Governor											
02 Duties	\$	3,558	\$	-	\$ 3,558	\$	2,110	\$	1,448		
11 FY20 Carryover		-		1,061	1,061	_	999		62		
Agency Total	\$	3,558	\$	1,061	\$ 4,619	\$	3,109	\$	1,510		
Senate											
02 Operations	\$	11,018	\$	-		\$	5,877	\$	5,141		
11 FY20 Carryover		-		1,819	1,819		1,746		73		
21 FY19 Carryover		-		1,160	1,160		1,159		1		
31 FY18 Carryover Agency Total	\$	11,018	¢	2,979	\$ 13,997	\$	8,782	\$	5,215		
Agency Total	_Ψ	11,010	Ψ	2,919	ψ 15,591	Ψ	0,702	Ψ	3,213		
House of Representatives											
02 Operations	\$	19,078	\$	-		\$	10,847	\$	8,231		
11 FY20 Carryover		-		10,784	10,784		9,066		1,718		
21 FY19 Carryover	\$	19,078	\$	1,196 11,980	1,196 \$ 31,058	\$	1,167 21,080	\$	9,978		
Legislative Service Bureau	•	40.700	•		40.700	•	4.050	•	44.070		
02 Duties 11 FY20 Carryover	\$	16,723	\$	- 12,609	\$ 16,723 12,609	\$	1,853 452	\$	14,870 12,157		
11 1120 Carryover	\$	16,723	\$	12,609	\$ 29,332	\$	2,305	\$	27,027		
Lieutenant Governor											
02 Duties	\$	465	\$	- 72		\$	346 70	\$	119		
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	465	\$	72	\$ 537	\$	416	\$	121		
Tax Commission	· ·		-								
Tua Commission											
01 Duties	\$	43,177		-		\$	39,494	\$	3,683		
Agency Total	\$	43,177	\$	-	\$ 43,177	\$	39,494	\$	3,683		
Treasurer											
02 Duties	\$	2,648	\$	-	\$ 2,648	\$	1,206	\$	1,442		
03 State Land Reimbursements		95		-	95		95		-		
11 FY20 Carryover		-		1,362	1,362		977		385		
90 Modernize Treasury Mgmt System		-		5,000	5,000	_	-		5,000		
Agency Total	\$	2,743	\$	6,362	\$ 9,105	\$	2,278	\$	6,827		
General Government Total	\$	216,001	\$	98,226	\$ 314,227	\$	184,722	\$	129,505		

CENERAL	

				BUDGET						
		ORIGINAL	Α	mendments		FINAL		ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
HEALTH SERVICES										
Department of Health										
01 Duties	\$	52,338	\$	_	\$	52,338	\$	39,101	\$	13,237
11 FY20 Carryover		-		13,057		13,057		9,524		3,533
Agency Total	\$	52,338	\$	13,057	\$	65,395	\$	48,625	\$	16,770
Mental Health and Substance Abuse										
01 Duties	\$	302,022	¢	_	\$	302,022	\$	225,835	©	76,187
01 Duties (Alcohol Beverage Control Fund)	Φ	10,893	φ	-	φ	10,893	Ψ	10,893	Ψ	70,107
11 FY20 Carryover		-		11,368		11,368		4,118		7,250
Agency Total	\$	312,915	\$	11,368	\$	324,283	\$	240,846	\$	83,437
Health Care Authority										
	•	4 000	_		•	4.000	_		•	4 000
00 Rate Preservation Fund	\$	4,092	\$	-	\$	4,092	\$	- 000 044	\$	4,092
01 Duties (to Disbursing Funds 200 and 340) 01 Duties		686,811 112,000		-		686,811 112,000		686,811 112,000		-
01 Dutis (Healthcare Enhancement Fund)		144,864		-		144,864		144,864		_
03 Duties (to Disbursing Funds 200 and 340)		11,869		-		11,869		11,869		-
Agency Total	\$	959,636	\$	-	\$	959,636	\$	955,544	\$	4,092
						_				
Health Services Total	\$	1,324,889	\$	24,425	\$	1,349,314	\$	1,245,015	\$	104,299
LEGAL AND JUDICIARY										
Indigent Defense System										
01 Duties	\$	17,508	\$	-	\$	17,508	\$	15,180	\$	2,328
11 FY20 Carryover		-		1,849		1,849		449		1,400
21 FY19 Carryover		-		407		407		407		
Agency Total	\$	17,508	\$	2,256	\$	19,764	\$	16,036	\$	3,728
Attorney General										
01 Duties	\$	959	\$	_	\$	959	\$	959	\$	_
01 Opioid Law suit Settlement Fund	Ť	1,500	*	_	*	1,500	*	-	•	1,500
03 Duties		8,599		-		8,599		7,594		1,005
11 FY20 Carryover		-		742		742		742		
Agency Total	\$	11,058	\$	742	\$	11,800	\$	9,295	\$	2,505
Court of Criminal Appeals										
01 Duties	\$	4,023	\$	_	\$	4,023	\$	3,714	\$	309
11 FY20 Carryover	Ť		*	314	*	314	*	-	•	314
Agency Total	\$	4,023	\$	314	\$	4,337	\$	3,714	\$	623
District Courts										
On Datin Pitting	_		•		•		•		.	
00 Duties - District Courts 01 Pay Obligations - MITF	\$	-	\$	7,500 10,500	\$	7,500 10,500	\$	7,500	\$	10,500
03 Duties - District Courts		27,980		10,300		27,980		27,980		10,300
Agency Total	\$	27,980	\$	18,000	\$	45,980	\$	35,480	\$	10,500
Supreme Court		,					<u> </u>		•	
Supreme Court										
01 Duties	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	3,366	\$	1,634
04 Duties		11,212		-		11,212		9,089		2,123
11 FY20 Carryover		-		2,757		2,757		-		2,757
Agency Total	\$	16,212	\$	2,757	\$	18,969	\$	12,455	\$	6,514
Legal and Judiciary Total	\$	76,781	\$	24,069	\$	100,850	\$	76,980	\$	23,870
g		-,		,		-,,		-,	-	

				ENERAL FUND					
		DICINIAL		UDGET	FINIAL		CTUAL	VADIANCE	
		RIGINAL	Am	endments	FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
MUSEUMS									
J.M. Davis Arms and Historical Museum									
01 Duties	\$	310	\$	- \$	310	\$	308 \$	5 2	
Agency Total	\$	310	\$	- \$	310	\$	308 \$		
Historical Society									
01 Duties	\$	11,871	\$	- \$	11,871	\$	10,787 \$	1,084	
11 FY20 Carryover	\$	11,871	\$	658 658 \$	658	\$	493 11,280 \$	165	
Agency Total	<u> </u>	11,071	- Þ	000 \$	12,529	\$	11,200 \$	5 1,249	
Museums Total	\$	12,181	\$	658 \$	12,839	\$	11,588	1,251	
NATURAL RESOURCES									
Department of Agriculture									
01 Duties	\$	22,885	\$	- \$	22,885	\$	19,790 \$	3,095	
03 Duties		4,105	•	-	4,105		4,001	104	
Agency Total	\$	26,990	\$	- \$	26,990	\$	23,791 \$	3,199	
Department of Environmental Quality									
01 Duties	\$	7,189	\$	- \$	7,189	\$	6,502 \$	687	
11 FY20 Carryover	\$	7 100	•	259	259	•	135	124	
Agency Total	<u>\$</u>	7,189	\$	259 \$	7,448	\$	6,637 \$	811	
Department of Tourism and Recreation									
01 Duties	\$	21,524	\$	- \$	21,524	\$	20,026 \$		
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	21,524	\$	2,458 2,458 \$	2,458	\$	2,255 22,281 \$	203	
	<u> </u>			,	-,		, -		
Conservation Commission									
01 Duties	\$	12,659	\$	- \$	12,659	\$	10,131 \$		
Agency Total	\$	12,659	\$	- \$	12,659	\$	10,131 \$	3 2,528	
Water Resources Board									
01 Duties	\$	5,205	\$	- \$	5,205	\$	4,633 \$		
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	5,205	\$	290 290 \$	290 5,495	\$	218 4,851 \$	72 6 644	
<i>3</i> /	<u> </u>		· ·			<u> </u>	, , , , , ,	•	
Natural Resources Total	\$	73,567	\$	3,007 \$	76,574	\$	67,691	8,883	
PUBLIC SAFETY AND DEFENSE									
Oklahoma Military Department									
01 Duties	\$	16,412	\$	- \$	16,412	\$	10,592 \$	5,820	
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	16,412	\$	417 417 \$	417 16,829	\$	417 11,009 \$	5,820	
Alcohol Beverage Laws Enforcement									
	•	0.000	¢	•	2.000	•	0.040		
01 Duties Agency Total	\$	2,899 2,899	\$	- \$ - \$	2,899	\$	2,846 \$ 2,846 \$		
g,	Ψ	_,000	-	Ψ	_,000		2,510 4		

				G	ENERAL FUND			
				BUDGET				
		ORIGINAL	An	nendments	FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE
December 1 of Comment								
Department of Corrections								
01 Duties	\$	476,427	¢	- \$	476,427	\$	425,525	\$ 50,902
01 Duties	Ψ	50,052	φ	- \$	50,052	φ	49,233	819
03 Duties		3,053		_	3,053		3,053	-
11 FY20 Carryover				16,961	16,961		16,299	662
Agency Total	\$	529,532	\$	16,961 \$	546,493	\$		\$ 52,383
		,		.,		<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
District Attorney's Council								
01 Duties	\$	46,642	\$	- \$	46,642	\$	45,656	\$ 986
01 Duties		10,000		-	10,000		9,912	88
11 FY20 Carryover		-		871	871		844	27
Agency Total	\$	56,642	\$	871 \$	57,513	\$	56,412	\$ 1,101
Pardon and Parole Board								
01 Duties	\$	2,273	\$	- \$	2,273	\$	677	\$ 1,596
11 FY20 Carryover	*	-	-	1,571	1,571	~	1,345	226
Agency Total	\$	2,273	\$	1,571 \$	3,844	\$	2,022	
State Bureau of Investigation								
	•	45.007	•	•	45.007	•	45.054	• 70
01 Duties	\$	15,927		- \$	15,927	\$		\$ 76
Agency Total	\$	15,927	\$	- \$	15,927	\$	15,851	\$ 76
Department of Emergency Management								
01 Duties	\$	506	\$	- \$	506	\$	352	\$ 154
01 State Emergency Fund		-		5,000	5,000		352	4,648
02 Weather Radar Infrastructure		-		1,600	1,600		-	1,600
11 FY20 Carryover		-		173	173		173	-
Agency Total	\$	506	\$	6,773 \$	7,279	\$	877	\$ 6,402
Board of Medicolegal Investigations								
01 Duties	\$	17,272	¢	- \$	17,272	\$	16,254	\$ 1,018
11 FY20 Carryover	φ	11,212	φ			φ	35	
Agency Total	\$	17,272	\$	1,691 1,691 \$	1,691 18,963	\$		1,656 \$ 2,674
Council on Law Enforcement, Education, and Training								
01 Duties	\$	3,371	\$	- \$	3,371	\$	2,766	
11 FY20 Carryover Agency Total	\$	3,371	\$	143 143 \$	3,514	\$	2,796	113 \$ 718
		0,07.1	<u> </u>	- 1.0 φ	0,011	<u> </u>	2,.00	• 110
Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs								
01 Duties	\$	745		- \$	745	\$	745	
Agency Total	\$	745	\$	- \$	745	\$	745	\$ -
Department of Public Safety								
01 Duties	\$	69,122	\$	- \$	69,122	\$	62,949	
01 Duties (from St Public Safety fund)		24,367		-	24,367		20,574	3,793
02 Duties (from St Public Safety fund)		1,713		-	1,713		1,713	-
02 Expedite REAL ID		-		6,623	6,623		-	6,623
11 FY20 Carryover		-		8,951	8,951		8,193	758
21 FY19 Carryover	\$	95,202	\$	3,586 19,160 \$	3,586 114,362	\$	3,586 97,015	\$ 17,347
	Ψ	00,202	*	.υ,.υυ ψ	,002	<u> </u>	3.,310	,,,,,,,,
Public Safety and Defense Total								
	\$	740,781	\$	47,587 \$	788,368	\$	699,972	\$ 88,396

CD	VERA	1 0	I INID

				Bl	JDGET						
		0	RIGINAL	Ame	ndments		FINAL	A	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE
REGULATORY SERVIC	CES										
Department of Mines											
01 Duties		\$	770	\$	-	\$	770	\$	683	\$	
11 FY20 Carryove	er		-		44		44		20		
Agency Total		\$	770	\$	44	\$	814	\$	703	\$	1
Corporation Commission	ı										
02 Duties		\$	16,866	\$	_	\$	16,866	\$	13,538	\$	3,3
11 FY20 Carryove	er		-		788		788		779		
Agency Total		\$	16,866	\$	788	\$	17,654	\$	14,317	\$	3,3
Aultiple Injury Trust Fu	nd										
01 Fund obligation	s	\$	1,000	\$	_	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	
No. 1 of the CT of the		\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	
Department of Labor											
01 Duties (Specia	OHSA Fund)	\$	760	\$	-	\$	760	\$	576	\$	
02 Duties			2,818		-		2,818		2,067		
11 FY20 Carryove	er		-		125		125		125		
12 FY20 Carryove	er		-		22		22		22		
Agency Total		\$	3,578	\$	147	\$	3,725	\$	2,790	\$,
	_										
Regulatory Services Tota	al	\$	22,214	\$	979	\$	23,193	\$	18,810	\$	4,3
	al	\$	22,214	\$	979	\$	23,193	\$	18,810	\$	4,3
SOCIAL SERVICES		\$	22,214	\$	979	\$	23,193	\$	18,810	\$	4,3
SOCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children O1 Duties	and Youth	\$				\$	2,295	\$	1,459		
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children	and Youth										
SOCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children O1 Duties	and Youth		2,295	\$		\$	2,295		1,459	\$;
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth	\$	2,295 -	\$	- 940	\$	2,295 940	\$	1,459 940	\$	ï
COCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth	\$	2,295 - 2,295	\$	- 940 940	\$	2,295 940	\$	1,459 940	\$;
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce	and Youth	\$	2,295 - 2,295	\$	- 940 940	\$	2,295 940 3,235	\$	1,459 940 2,399	\$	ï
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children O1 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce O1 Duties	and Youth	\$	2,295 - 2,295	\$	940 940	\$ \$	2,295 940 3,235	\$	1,459 940 2,399	\$ \$	ï
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth	\$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283	\$	940 940 - 36	\$ \$	2,295 940 3,235	\$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36	\$ \$	
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth	\$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283	\$ \$	940 940 - 36 36	\$ \$	2,295 940 3,235	\$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36	\$ \$ \$	
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juve nile Affairs	and Youth or or or or or	\$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283	\$ \$	940 940 - 36 36	\$ \$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319	\$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279	\$ \$ \$	15,
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juvenile Affairs 01 Duties	and Youth or or or or or	\$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283	\$ \$ \$	940 940 - 36 36	\$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319	\$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15,
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juve nile Affairs 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth or e rns	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283 93,033	\$ \$ \$	- 940 940 - 36 36	\$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319	\$ \$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279 77,795 5,628	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15,7,1,1
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juve nile Affairs 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth or e rns	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283 93,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- 940 940 - 36 36 - 7,525 - 7,525	\$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319	\$ \$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279 77,795 5,628	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15, ₁ , ₁
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children O1 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce O1 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juve nile Affairs O1 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth or or Affairs	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283 - 93,033 - 93,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- 940 940 - 36 36 - 7,525 - 7,525	\$ \$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319 93,033 7,525 100,558	\$ \$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279 77,795 5,628 83,423	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15, 1, 17,
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juve nile Affairs 01 Duties 11 FY20 Carryove Agency Total Opportment of Veterans 01 Duties	and Youth or or Affairs	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283 93,033 - 93,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	940 940 36 36 - 7,525 7,525	\$ \$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319 93,033 7,525 100,558	\$ \$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279 77,795 5,628 83,423	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15, 1, 17, 17, 3, 2,
OCIAL SERVICES Commission on Children 11 PY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Disability Conce 11 PY20 Carryove Agency Total Office of Juve nile Affairs 11 PY20 Carryove Agency Total Ocpartment of Veterans 11 PY20 Carryove Agency Total Ocpartment of Veterans 11 PY20 Carryove Agency Total	and Youth or or Affairs	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283 - 93,033 - 93,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- 940 940 - 36 36 - 7,525 - 7,525	\$ \$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319 93,033 7,525 100,558	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279 77,795 5,628 83,423	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15, 1, 17, 17, 3, 2,
Office of Disability Concess Office	and Youth or or Affairs	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,295 - 2,295 283 - 283 - 93,033 - 93,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- 940 940 - 36 36 36 7,525 7,525	\$ \$ \$	2,295 940 3,235 283 36 319 93,033 7,525 100,558	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,459 940 2,399 243 36 279 77,795 5,628 83,423	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,3 15,3 1,8 17,1 3,3,2 5,3

					ENERAL FUND			
		ODICINAL		BUDGET	FINIAL	 ACTUAL	1/4	DIANCE
		 ORIGINAL		Amendments	FINAL	 ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
Department of	f Rehabilitation Services							
01	Duties (to disbursing funds)	\$ 34,875	\$	- \$	34,875	\$ 34,875	\$	
	Agency Total	\$ 34,875	\$	- \$	34,875	\$ 34,875	\$	-
University Ho	ospitals Authority							
01	Duties	\$ 66,692	\$	- \$	66,692	\$ 63,079	\$	3,613
	Agency Total	\$ 66,692	\$	- \$	66,692	\$ 63,079	\$	3,613
Department of	f Human Services							
	Duties (to Disbursing Funds)	\$ 672,831	\$	- \$	672,831	\$ 672,831	\$	-
07	Duties (to Disbursing Funds)	 25,000	_	-	25,000	 25,000	•	
	Agency Total	\$ 697,831	\$	- \$	697,831	\$ 697,831	\$	-
Social Service	es Total	\$ 931,576	\$	12,042 \$	943,618	\$ 916,175	\$	27,443
TRANSPORT	TATION							
Department of	f Transportation							
01	CIRB	\$ -	\$	20,000 \$	20,000	\$ -	\$	20,000
	Agency Total	\$ -	\$	20,000 \$	20,000	\$ -	\$	20,000
Oklahoma Sp	ace Industry Development Auth.							
01	Duties to Space Industries Dev.	\$ 368	\$	- \$	368	\$ 368	\$	-
	Agency Total	\$ 368	\$	- \$	368	\$ 368	\$	
Transportatio	n Total	\$ 368	\$	20,000 \$	20,368	\$ 368	\$	20,000
General Fund	Total	\$ 5,466,395	\$	372,524 \$	5,838,919	\$ 5,375,948	\$	462,971
SUMMARY	OF REVENUE BY FUNCTION OF GOVERNMENT							
Education Re	venue Total	\$ 81,731	\$	- \$	81,731	\$ 96,262	\$	(14,531)
General Gove	ernment Revenue Total	\$ 6,846,695	\$	- \$	6,846,695	\$ 7,127,973	\$	(281,278)
Heath Service	es Revenue Total	\$ 152,488	\$	- \$	152,488	\$ 159,226	\$	(6,738)

7,121,920 \$

40,206 \$

800 \$

7,121,920 \$

- \$

36,245 \$

1,318 \$

7,421,024 \$

(518)

(299,104)

Public Safety and Defense Total

Regulatory Services Total

Revenue Total

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presents comparisons of the original and final legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. The schedule represents budgetary comparisons at the legal level of budgetary control (i.e. line item level). The schedule is prepared on a cash basis plus encumbrances where the expenditures are expected to be presented by November 15th in the following fiscal year. Certain appropriations are transferred to continuing funds for expenditure. Unexpended amounts may then be budgeted again in subsequent fiscal years. These transfers are not included in the total expenditures on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis).

Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balance to GAAP Fund Balance

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, a reconciliation of resulting basis, perspective, and entity differences in the revenues in excess of (less than) expenditures and other financing sources (uses) between budgetary and GAAP presentations for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below (expressed in thousands) for the general fund:

Budgetary Basis Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$	4,765,280
Total revenues		7,421,024
Total expenditures		(1,744,474)
Net transfers in (out) of funds		(3,225,306)
Budgetary Basis Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	7,216,524
Entity and Perspective Differences:		
Non-budgeted Funds and Capital Funds		934,526
Encumbrances		178,626
Basis Differences:		
Add: Net accrued revenues, related receivables, and deferred revenue	S	1,453,628
Less: Net accrued expenditures and related liabilities		(2,834,326)
GAAP Basis Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	6,948,978

Pension Schedules Required by GASB Statement Number 68

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

The following information presented for pension plans that are reported as fiduciary component units of the State of Oklahoma are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement 68. For more complete information, including the annual money-weighted rate of return, and schedule of funding progress, audited annual statements can be acquired by contacting the pension plan:

Firefighters Pension and Retirement 6601 Broadway Extension, Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73116 https://www.ok.gov/fprs Law Enforcement Retirement 421 NW 13th Street, Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73103 https://www.olers.state.ok.us Police Pension and Retirement 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305 Oklahoma City, OK 73116 https://www.ok.gov/opprs

Public Employees Retirement

PO Box 53007

Oklahoma City, OK 73152 https://www.opers.ok.gov Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges

PO Box 53007

Oklahoma City, OK 73152 https://www.opers.ok.gov Teachers' Retirement System PO Box 53524 Oklahoma City, OK 73152

https://www.ok.gov/trs

Department of Wildlife Conservation

PO Box 53465

Oklahoma City, OK 73152

https://www.wildlifedepartment.com

Schedules of Contributions and Related Ratios

Single Employer Plans

A. General Fund

Schedule of Contributions Wildlife Commission Retirement Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,711	\$ 2,486	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,494	\$ 2,988	\$ 3,197	\$ 3,691	\$ 4,307	\$ 4,267	\$ 3,802
actuarially determined contribution	4,313	2,288	2,500	3,100	 4,780	3,700	4,307	4,300	4,100	4,100
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,602)	\$ 198	\$ (192)	\$ (606)	\$ (1,792)	\$ (503)	\$ (616)	\$ 7	\$ 167	\$ (298)
Covered payroll Contributions as percentage of	\$ 11,274	\$ 11,632	\$ 12,082	\$ 12,208	\$ 12,806	\$ 13,388	\$ 13,667	\$ 13,599	\$ 14,300	\$ 14,662
covered payroll	38.26%	19.67%	20.69%	25.39%	37.33%	27.64%	31.51%	31.62%	28.67%	27.96%

Schedule of Net Pension Liability Wildlife Commission Retirement Plan

Last Eight Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Total Pension Liability										<u>.</u>						
Service cost	\$	1,480	\$	1,482	\$	1,550	\$	1,627	\$	1,848	\$	1,840	\$	1,930	\$	1,988
Interest		8,873		8,605		8,364		8,203		7,832		7,586		7,296		7,057
Differences between expected																
and actual experience		3,408		1,434		688		(883)		456		(357)		293		(844)
Changes in benefit terms				-		-		-		1,156		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions				-		-		-		195		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(8,025)		(7,339)		(6,843)		(6,315)		(5,594)		(5,540)		(5,032)		(4,445)
Net Change in Total Pension																
Liability	\$	5,736	\$	4,182	\$	3,759	\$	2,632	\$	5,893	\$	3,529	\$	4,487	\$	3,756
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		129,292		125,110		121,351		118,719		112,826		109,297		104,810		101,054
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	135,028	\$	129,292	\$	125,110	\$	121,351	\$	118,719	\$	112,826	\$	109,297	\$	104,810
			_		_		_				_		_		_	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions - employer	\$,	\$	2,500	\$	3,100	\$	4,780	\$	-,	\$	4,307	\$	4,300	\$	4,100
Contributions - member		582		604		610		633		663		655		681		698
Net investment income		5,892		7,753		8,500		10,797		492		4,097		12,370		7,483
Benefit payments		(8,025)		(7,339)		(6,843)		(6,315)		(5,593)		(5,540)		(5,032)		(4,445)
Administrative expense		(46)		(25)	_	(58)	_	(52)		(55)		(49)	_	(38)		(38)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	691	\$	3,493	\$	5,309	\$	9,843	\$	(793)	\$	3,470	\$	12,281	\$	7,798
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		117,783		114,290	_	108,981	_	99,138		99,931		96,461	_	84,180		76,382
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	118,474	\$	117,783	\$	114,290	\$	108,981	\$	99,138	\$	99,931	\$	96,461	\$	84,180
Net pension liability	\$	16,554	\$	11,509	\$	10,820	\$	12,370	\$	19,581	\$	12,895	\$	12,836	\$	20,630
			_		_		_		_		_	-	_		_	
Total pension liability	\$	135,028	\$	129,292	\$	125,110	\$	121,351	\$	118,719	\$	112,826	\$	109,297	\$	104,810
Plan fiduciary net position	·	118,474	·	117,783	·	114,290	·	108,981	·	99,138		99,931	·	96,461		84,180
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	16,554	\$	11,509	\$	10,820	\$	12,370	\$	19,581	\$	12,895	\$	12,836	\$	20,630
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to																
total pension liability		87.74%		91.10%		91.35%		89.81%		83.51%		88.57%		88.26%		80.32%
Covered payroll	\$	11,632	\$	12,082	\$	12,208	\$	12,806	\$	13,388	\$	13,667	\$	13,599	\$	14,300
Net pension liability as a percentage						,		,				•				
of covered payroll		142.31%		95.26%		88.63%		96.60%		146.26%		94.35%		94.39%		144.27%

Notes to Schedules:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Actuarially Determined Contributions:

The annual required contribution for fiscal year 2021 was determined as part of the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal method. The actuarial assumptions included a) a 7.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expense) and b) projected salary increases of 3.0%-8.0%. The assumptions did not include cost-of-living allowances for active, disabled, or retired members.

Benefit Changes: Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available

B. Component Units

Schedule of Contributions Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	2015	2014	 2013	2012
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 37,289	\$ 34,527	\$ 31,265	\$ 32,467	\$ 33,110	\$ 33,291	\$ 31,838	\$ 43,775	\$ 44,734	\$ 48,634
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,878	\$ 9,504	\$ 8,922	\$ 9,083	\$ 9,262	\$ 10,219	\$ 9,438	\$ 8,566	\$ 8,296	\$ 7,414
ContributionsState of Oklahoma										
insurance premium tax	20,767	24,382	24,040	23,673	21,843	22,981	22,861	21,165	 19,807	18,836
Total Contribution	\$ 30,645	\$ 33,886	\$ 32,962	\$ 32,756	\$ 31,105	\$ 33,200	\$ 32,299	\$ 29,731	\$ 28,103	\$ 26,250
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 6,644	\$ 641	\$ (1,697)	\$ (289)	\$ 2,005	\$ 91	\$ (461)	\$ 14,044	\$ 16,631	\$ 22,384
Covered payroll	\$ 85,004	\$ 87,674	\$ 85,407	\$ 86,121	\$ 86,496	\$ 88,683	\$ 84,880	\$ 76,838	\$ 73,423	\$ 71,598
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll	36.05%	38.65%	38.59%	38.03%	35.96%	37.44%	38.05%	38.69%	38.28%	36.66%

Schedule of Net Pension Liability Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	_	2015		2014
Total Pension Liability														
Service cost	\$	21,897	\$	22,215	\$	22,654	\$	23,670	\$	23,126	\$	22,087	\$	20,294
Interest		84,761		80,698		78,022		75,080		72,766		66,613		64,959
Changes in benefit terms		5,382		-		832		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected														
and actual experience		10,419		13,873		(5,997)		(2,307)		6,137		51,090		(9,771)
Changes in assumptions						-		1,107		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(64,641)	_	(60,647)		(59,048)		(57,612)		(58,348)		(57,187)		(49,777)
Net Change in Total Pension														
Liability	\$	57,818	\$	56,139	\$	36,463	\$	39,938	\$	43,681	\$	82,603	\$	25,705
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		1,161,889		1,105,750		1,069,287		1,029,349		998,863		916,260		890,555
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	1,219,707	\$	1,161,889	\$	1,105,750	\$	1,069,287	\$	1,042,544	\$	998,863	\$	916,260
	_		=		_		_		_		=		=	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer	\$	9,504	\$	8,922	\$	9,083	\$	9,262	\$	10,219	\$	9,438	\$	8,566
Contributions - nonemployer		24,382		24,040		23,673		21,843		22,981		22,861		21,165
Contributions - member		6,770		6,691		6,667		6,832		6,866		6,390		5,787
Net investment income		12,480		40,138		80,005		106,519		(22,244)		34,802		121,403
Benefit payments		(64,641)		(60,647)		(59,048)		(57,612)		(58,348)		(57,187)		(49,777)
Administrative expense		(1,479)	_	(1,131)		(1,092)		(1,083)		(1,031)		(1,069)	_	(927)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(12,984)	\$	18,013	\$	59,288	\$	85,761	\$	(41,557)	\$	15,235	\$	106,217
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,016,646		998,633		939,345		853,584		895,141		879,906		773,689
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	1,003,662	\$	1,016,646	\$	998,633	\$	939,345	\$	853,584	\$	895,141	\$	879,906
Net pension liability	\$	216,045	\$	145,243	\$	107,117	\$	129,942	\$	188,960	\$	103,722	\$	36,354
	_		=		=		=		=		=		=	
Total nancian liability	\$	1,219,707	ď	1,161,889	ď	1,105,750	ď	1,069,287	ď	1,042,544	ď	998,863	ď	016 260
Total pension liability	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	•	Ф	916,260
Plan fiduciary net position	_	1,003,662		1,016,646		998,633		939,345		853,584	_	895,141		879,906
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	216,045	\$	145,243	\$	107,117	\$	129,942	\$	188,960	\$	103,722	\$	36,354
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to														
total pension liability		82.29%		87.50%		90.31%		87.85%		81.88%		89.62%		96.03%
Covered payroll	\$	87,674	\$	85,407	\$	86,121	\$	86,496	\$	88,683	\$	84,880	\$	76,838
Net pension liability as a percentage														
of covered payroll		246.42%		170.06%		124.38%		150.23%		213.07%		122.20%		47.31%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Actuarially Determined Contributions:

The annual required contribution for fiscal year 2021 was determined as part of the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation using the individual entry age normal method. The actuarial assumptions included: a) a 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expense), b) projected salary increases of 3.50%-9.75%, c) a cost-of-living allowance of 3% for eligible participants, and d) an inflation rate of 3%.

Benefit Changes:

- 2020: House Bill 3350 provides a cost-of-living adjustment to any person receiving a benefit from the system and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: zero percent (0%) if the person was retired two years or less on July 1, 2020; two percent (2%) if the person has been retired for at least two years but less than five years as of July 1, 2020, and four percent (4%) if the person has been retired for five years or more on July 1, 2020. This cost-of-living adjustment is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to Section 2-305 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma statutes. The provision became effective May 22, 2020.
- 2018: House Bill 1340 provides for a single, one-time, non-permanent increase in the payment of retirement benefits. A single payment of 2% of the gross annual retirement benefit will be paid to qualifying members, subject to a cap and floor on the payment. The provision became effective May 8, 2018.
 - House Bill 2517 clarifies that all benefits payable from the plan, including payments from deferred option plans, shall be paid from general assets of the fund. The provision became effective April 12, 2018.
- 2014: House Bill 2622 reset the amortization period of the unfunded actuarial liability to 15 years, effective July 1, 2014.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

July 1, 2017, valuation: Cost-of-living assumption used was 3% for eligible participants; inflation assumption was 3%, and beginning with July 1, 2017, valuation, there will be a salary experience reserve. When base pay raises are small or non-existent, the reserve will be credited with the liability gain resulting from this experience. When pay raises are granted, the reserve will be released to offset any loss (or completely released, if less than the loss).

Uniform Retirement System for Judges and Justices Schedule of Contributions

Last Eight Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

Actuarially determined contribution Actual Employer Contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)

Covered payroll Contributions as percentage of employee payroll

	2021	20	20		2019		2018	_	2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	3,254	\$	790	\$	352	\$	1,638	\$	3,626	\$	3,454	\$	4,897	\$	7,215
_	7,618		7,384		7,146		6,504		6,013		5,832		5,295		4,611
\$	(4,364)	\$ (6,594)	\$	(6,794)	\$	(4,866)	\$	(2,387)	\$	(2,378)	\$	(398)	\$	2,604
=				_		=		=		-		=		=	
\$	35,377	\$ 3	5,113	\$	33,839	\$	33,359	\$	34,811	\$	34,537	\$	34,282	\$	34,325

Schedule of Net Pension Liability Uniform Retirement System for Judges and Justices

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	 2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
Total Pension Liability											
Service cost	\$ 9,194	\$ 9,003	\$	8,897	\$	10,085	\$	9,689	\$	9,602	\$ 9,489
Interest	20,642	19,623		19,162		19,229		19,341		18,812	18,529
Differences between expected											
and actual experience	(738)	7,244		(2,004)		(6,664)		(7,480)		(4,598)	(7,597)
Benefit changes	5,786	-		-		-		-		-	-
Changes of assumptions	11,677	-		-		3,979		5,843		-	(1,046)
Benefit payments	(22,025)	(20,382)		(18,461)		(17,648)		(17,198)		(16,093)	(14,939)
Refunds of contributions	 (185)	 (67)	_	(52)	_	(89)	_	(161)	_	(111)	 (57)
Net Change in Total Pension											
Liability	\$ 24,351	\$ 15,421	\$	7,542	\$	8,892	\$	10,034	\$	7,612	\$ 4,379
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	305,801	290,380		282,838		276,434		266,400		258,788	254,409
Adoption of GASB 74	 	 				(2,488)		-			-
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 330,152	\$ 305,801	\$	290,380	\$	282,838	\$	276,434	\$	266,400	\$ 258,788
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions - employer	\$ 7,384	\$ 7,145	\$	6,504	\$	6,013	\$	5,832	\$	5,295	\$ 4,611
Contributions - member	2,766	2,666		2,608		2,664		2,666		2,706	2,544
Net investment income	15,537	20,128		26,189		36,312		1,441		8,174	46,211
Benefit payments	(22,025)	(20,384)		(18,461)		(17,648)		(17,198)		(16,093)	(14,939)
Administrative expense	(186)	(169)		(154)		(153)		(149)		(144)	(132)
Refunds of contributions	 (185)	 (65)	_	(52)	_	(89)	_	(161)	_	(111)	 (57)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 3,291	\$ 9,321	\$	16,634	\$	27,099	\$	(7,569)	\$	(173)	\$ 38,238
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	344,218	334,897		318,263		293,727		301,296		301,469	263,231
Adoption of GASB 74		 -	_		_	(2,563)	_	-	_	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 347,509	\$ 344,218	\$	334,897	\$	318,263	\$	293,727	\$	301,296	\$ 301,469
Net pension asset	\$ (17,357)	\$ (38,417)	\$	(44,517)	\$	(35,425)	\$	(17,293)	\$	(34,896)	\$ (42,681)
Total pension liability	\$ 330,152	\$ 305,801	\$	290,380	\$	282,838	\$	276,434	\$	266,400	\$ 258,788
Plan fiduciary net position	 347,509	 344,218	_	334,897	_	318,263	_	293,727	_	301,296	 301,469
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (17,357)	\$ (38,417)	\$	(44,517)	\$	(35,425)	\$	(17,293)	\$	(34,896)	\$ (42,681)
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to											
total pension liability	105.26%	112.56%		115.33%		112.52%		106.26%		113.10%	116.49%
Covered payroll	\$ 35,113	\$ 33,839	\$	33,359	\$	34,811	\$	34,537	\$	34,282	\$ 34,325
Net pension asset as a percentage											
of covered payroll	49.43%	113.53%		133.45%		101.76%		50.07%		101.79%	124.34%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Actuarially Determined Contributions:

The annual required contribution for fiscal year 2021 was determined as part of the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal method. The actuarial assumptions included, a) a 6.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expense), b) projected salary increases of 3.50%. Assumptions did not include a cost-of-living allowance for active, disabled, or retired members, and c) an inflation rate of 2.50%.

Benefit Changes:

2020: House Bill 3350 provides a cost-of-living adjustment to any person receiving a benefit from the system and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: zero percent (0%) if the person was retired two years or less on July 1, 2020; two percent (2%) if the person has been retired for at least two years but less than five years as of July 1, 2020, and four percent (4%) if the person has been retired for five years or more on July 1, 2020. This cost-of-living adjustment is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to Section 1104K of Title 20 of the Oklahoma statutes. The provision became effective May 22, 2020.

2018: House Bill 1340 provides for a single, one-time, non-permanent increase in the payment of retirement benefits. A single payment of 2% of the gross annual retirement benefit will be paid to qualifying members, subject to a cap and floor on the payment. The provision became effective May 8, 2018.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

July 1, 2020, valuation: Price inflation decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%; investment return decreased from 7.00% to 6.50%; payroll growth decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%; salary increase decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%, and mortality assumptions were changed to reflect recent mortality experience.

July 1, 2017, valuation: Investment return decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%; projected salary increases decreased from 5.00% to 3.75%, and inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%.

July 1, 2016, valuation: Investment return decreased from 7.50% to 7.25%.

July 1, 2014, valuation: Salary scale assumption was decreased, and retirement rates were adjusted.

Cost Sharing Pension Plans

A. Component Units

Schedule of Related Ratios Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	 2011
Plan fiduciary position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.98%	72.85%	70.73%	66.61%	64.87%	68.27%	68.12%	61.62%	59.22%	63.18%
Covered payroll	\$ 318,472	\$ 307,735	\$ 303,091	\$ 285,073	\$ 273,621	\$ 270,536	\$ 271,572	\$ 253,955	\$ 256,250	\$ 243,684
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	386.82%	343.37%	371.39%	441.19%	446.50%	392.34%	378.66%	465.75%	459.40%	417.04%
State portion of net pension										
liability	\$ -									
State employer portion of net pension liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Schedule of Contributions Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	:	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Contractually required employer				,				,												
contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State of Oklahoma, non employer contributi	ons	72,924		103,592		101,700		100,333		88,134		92,330		91,236		79,545		76,311		68,246
Total required contributions	\$	72,924	\$	103,592	\$	101,700	\$	100,333	\$	88,134	\$	92,330	\$	91,236	\$	79,545	\$	76,311	\$	68,246
Actual employer contribution	4		\$		\$		4		4		4		4		ď		4		4	
	Φ		Φ		φ		Φ		Ф		Φ		φ		φ		φ		φ	60.246
State of Oklahoma, non employer contributi	ons	72,924		103,592		101,700		100,333		88,134		92,330		91,236		79,545		76,311		68,246
Total Contributions	\$	72,924	\$	103,592	\$	101,700	\$	100,333	\$	88,134	\$	92,330	\$	91,236	\$	79,545	\$	76,311	\$	68,246
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
				,				,												
Employer portion of net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Benefit Changes:

- 2020: House Bill 3350 provides a cost-of-living adjustment to any person receiving a benefit from the system and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: zero percent (0%) if the person was retired two years or less on July 1, 2020; two percent (2%) if the person has been retired for at least two years but less than five years as of July 1, 2020, and four percent (4%) if the person has been retired for five years or more on July 1, 2020. This cost-of-living adjustment is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to repealed Section 49-136 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma statutes after June 30, 2008. The provision became effective May 22, 2020.
- 2018: House Bill 1340 provides for a single, one-time, non-permanent increase in the payment of retirement benefits. A single payment of 2% of the gross annual retirement benefit will be paid to qualifying members, subject to a cap and floor on the payment. This provision became effective May 8, 2018.
- 2017: House Bill 1705 modified certain provisions of eligible rollover distributions, provided treatment of certain mandatory distributions occurring on or after a certain date.
- 2016: Senate Bill 1021 modified the termination date of local boards. The termination date was extended from December 31, 2000, to December 31, 2016.
 - Senate Bill 1022 clarified certain forms of payments made to members of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System.
- 2015: House Bill 2005 prevents any volunteer firefighter who begins service on or after age 45 from becoming a participant in the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System.
 - House Bill 1002 directs the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System Board of Trustees to use Internal Revenue Service guidelines to determine if a potential rollover from another system may be rolled into the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System. The board is required to use Internal Revenue Service guidelines to determine the taxable portion of a distribution from the system.

2013: House Bill 2078 and SB 1101 made certain changes to the benefits of members hired on or after November 1, 2013, including the following: Increased eligibility to retire to age 50 with 22 years of service; increased eligibility for a vested benefit to 11 years, and changed interest earned to Deferred Retirement Option Plan accounts to be the rate earned by system assets, less one percentage point, once the member has left active Deferred Retirement Option Plan.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

July 1, 2013, valuation: Retirement, disability, and withdrawal rates were changed; salary increase assumption was changed, and the mortality rates were changed.

July 1, 2011, valuation: Assumption for future ad-hoc cost-of-living adjustments were removed due to the adoption of the Oklahoma Pension Legislation Actuarial Analysis Act.

Changes in Actuarial Funding Methods:

2013: House Bill 2078 increased the amount of gross salary contributed by paid firefighters from 8% to 9%, effective November 1, 2013. In addition, the bill increased the amount of gross salary contributed by municipalities and fire districts from 13% to 14%, effective November 1, 2013. The bill also increased the portion of statewide insurance premium tax allocated to the system from 34% to 36%.

Schedule of Related Ratios Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Plan fiduciary position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.59%	98.63%	97.96%	94.28%	89.48%	 96.00%	97.90%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,233,303	\$ 1,249,922	\$ 1,318,207	\$ 1,406,150	\$ 1,443,199	\$ 1,391,397	\$ 1,359,348
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered	E (400/	0.2007	44.550/	20.400/	E 4 0 E 0 /	20 (20)	10.020/
payroll	56.48%	8.29%	11.55%	30.19%	54.85%	20.62%	10.83%
State portion of net pension liability	\$ 696,628	\$ 103,659	\$ 152,266	\$ 424,531	\$ 793,756	\$ 286,962	\$ 147,158
State employer portion of net pension liability	78.08%	77.83%	78.07%	78.52%	79.99%	79.78%	80.17%

Schedule of Contributions Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required employer contributions Actual employer contribution	\$ 214,996 214,996	\$ 213,938 213,938	\$ 205,894 205,894	\$ 203,294 203,294	\$ 215,582 215,582	\$ 236,347 236,347	\$ 234,246 234,246
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer portion of net pension liability	78.08%	77.83%	78.07%	78.52%	79.99%	79.78%	80.17%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,227,430	\$ 1,233,303	\$ 1,249,922	\$ 1,318,207	\$ 1,406,150	\$ 1,443,199	\$ 1,391,397
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.52%	17.35%	16.47%	15.42%	15.33%	16.38%	16.84%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Covered payroll beginning in 2017 is for the defined benefit plan members only although employer contributions toward the net pension liability are being received on behalf of defined contribution plan members.

2017 was the first year to exclude health insurance subsidy.

Benefit Changes: Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

2020: House Bill 3350 provides a cost-of-living adjustment to any person receiving a benefit from the system and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: zero percent (0%) if the person was retired two years or less on July 1, 2020; two percent (2%) if the person has been retired for at least two years but less than five years as of July 1, 2020, and four percent (4%) if the person has been retired for five years or more on July 1, 2020. This cost-of-living adjustment is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to Section 930.11 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma statutes. The provision became effective May 22, 2020.

2018: House Bill 1340 provides for a single, one-time, non-permanent increase in the payment of retirement benefits. A single payment of 2% of the gross annual retirement benefit will be paid to qualifying members, subject to a cap and floor on the payment. The provision became effective May 8, 2018.

House Bill 2516 clarifies certain system provisions related to billing employers for sick leave and early retirement for elected officials. The provision became effective April 12, 2018.

Senate Bill 527 states that a statewide elected official or legislator who is first elected or appointed on or after November 1, 2018, and who has participating service in the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System defined benefit plan prior to November 1, 2015, shall be a member of the defined benefit plan. The provision became effective April 17, 2018.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

July 1, 2020, valuation: Decreased price inflation from 2.75% to 2.50%; decreased investment return from 7.00% to 6.50%; decreased payroll growth from 3.50% to 3.25% and changed mortality assumptions to reflect recent mortality experience.

July 1, 2017, valuation: Investment return decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%; projected salary increases changed from range of 4.5% - 8.4% to range of 3. 5% - 9.5%, and inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%.

July 1, 2016 valuation: Investment return decreased from 7.5% to 7.25%.

Schedule of Related Ratios Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Plan fiduciary position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.80%	100.24%	101.89%	99.68%	93.50%	99.82%	101.53%
Covered payroll	\$ 856 \$	867 \$	826 \$	871 \$	862 \$	632 \$	608
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered							
payroll	39.95%	(1.85%)	(15.38%)	2.53%	51.74%	1.90%	(1184%)
State portion of net pension							
liability	\$ 342 \$	(16) \$	(127) \$	22 \$	446 \$	12 \$	(72)
State employer portion of net pension liability	0.30%	0.25%	0.27%	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%	0.21%

Schedule of Contributions Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	 2017	 2016	2015
Contractually required employer contributions	\$ 132	\$ 111	\$ 113	\$ 117	\$ 113	\$ 112	\$ 173
State of Oklahoma, non employer contributions	28,368	 40,295	39,559	39,028	 34,283	 35,915	35,490
Total required contributions	\$ 28,500	\$ 40,406	\$ 39,672	\$ 39,145	\$ 34,396	\$ 36,027	\$ 35,663
Actual employer contribution	\$ 132	\$ 111	\$ 113	\$ 117	\$ 113	\$ 112	\$ 173
State of Oklahoma, non employer contributions	28,368	 40,295	39,559	39,028	 34,283	 35,915	35,490
Total Contributions	\$ 28,500	\$ 40,406	\$ 39,672	\$ 39,145	\$ 34,396	\$ 36,027	\$ 35,663
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Employer portion of net pension liability	0.30%	0.25%	0.27%	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%	0.21%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,012	\$ 856	\$ 867	\$ 826	\$ 871	\$ 862	\$ 632
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2816.21%	4720.33%	4575.78%	4739.10%	3947.35%	4179.47%	5642.88%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Benefit Changes: Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

- 2020: House Bill 3350 provides a cost-of-living adjustment to any person receiving a benefit from the system and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: zero percent (0%) if the person was retired two years or less on July 1, 2020; two percent (2%) if the person has been retired for at least two years but less than five years as of July 1, 2020, and four percent (4%) if the person has been retired for five years or more on July 1, 2020. This cost-of-living adjustment is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma statutes after June 30, 2008. The provision became effective May 22, 2020.
- 2019: House Bill 2269 provides that participants in the Deferred Option Plan can name a designated recipient. If there is no such designation, the surviving spouse, having been married to the participant for the 30 continuous months preceding death, will be the eligible recipient. The 30-month requirement does not apply in the event of a duty related death. If neither a named recipient nor a surviving spouse is an eligible recipient, payment will be made to the estate of the participant. House Bill 2269 further provides that the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training will grant the board access to records regarding actively working police officers in participating agencies and municipalities. Lastly, House Bill 2269 allows for the final benefit payment due a member in the month they are deceased to be paid to a successor-in-interest provided it is less than the limits set in Title 58, Section 393 of the state statutes. This provision became effective May 13, 2019.
- 2018: House Bill 1340 provides for a single, one-time, non-permanent increase in the payment of retirement benefits. A single payment of 2% of the gross annual retirement benefit will be paid to qualifying members, subject to a cap and floor on the payment. The provision became effective May 8, 2018.
 - House Bill 2515 clarifies that all benefits payable from the plan, including payments from deferred option plans, shall be paid from general assets of the fund. House Bill 2515 further provides that a permanent and total impairment equates to 100% of the accrued retirement benefits. The provision became effective April 12, 2018.
- 2017: House Bill 1119 updates the rules for distributions to include rollover contributions for Savings Incentive Match Plan Individual Retirement Accounts that are structured and timed in accordance with the Internal Revenue Service regulations.

- 2016: House Bill 2273 amends the computation of final average salary to be based specifically on paid base salary in which required contributions have been made. Amends and clarifies the definition of paid base salary, including its components and exclusions. Adds additional language regarding the purchase of transferred credited service to comply with Internal Revenue Service rules regarding the use of Roth and non-Roth type individual retirement accounts.
- 2015: Senate Bill 345 authorizes the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Board of Trustees to adopt rules for computation of the purchase price for transferred service credit and the purchase methods available, including time periods available to complete the purchase, and additional required language regarding distributions necessary for the system to remain an Internal Revenue Service qualified plan.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

July 1, 2018, valuation: Price inflation assumption was decrease from 3.00% to 2.75%; interest credit on Deferred Retirement Option Plan balances were increased from 7.75% to 11.00%; real wage growth assumption was set at 0.75%; cost-of-living adjustment basis assumption was increased from 3.00% to 3.50%; retirement and termination rates were adjusted to better reflect observed experience; salary scale was adjusted to better reflect observed experience; expected severity of disability was increased from 25% - 49% to 50% - 74%, and surplus unfunded actuarially accrued liability was amortized over an open 30-year period.

Schedule of Related Ratios Teacher's Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Plan fiduciary position as a percentage of the	63.47%		71.56%		72.74%		69.32%		62.24%		70.31%		72.43%
total pension liability					/2./4%				0 = 1 = 1 7 0				
Covered payroll	\$ 1,220,285	\$	1,183,904	\$	1,098,170	\$	1,103,585	\$	1,111,204	\$	1,079,239	\$	1,070,909
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered													
payroll	186.10%		143.92%		145.83%		159.91%		202.38%		149.35%		125.84%
State portion of net pension liability	\$ 2.270.894	\$	1.703.873	\$	1.601.483	\$	1.764.704	\$	2.248.905	ď	1,611,824	\$	1.347.638
	\$ 2,270,094	Ф	1,/03,6/3	Ф	1,001,403	Ф	1,/64,/04	Ф	2,246,903	Ф	1,011,024	Ф	1,347,030
State employer portion of net pension liability	23.93%		25.75%		26.46%		26.60%		26.84%		26.42%		24.88%

Schedule of Contributions Teacher's Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required employer contributions State of Oklahoma, non employer contributions	\$ 109,654 311,290	\$ 117,760 359,366	\$ 118,076 371,671	\$ 109,857 344,610	\$ 106,483 301,952	\$ 108,240 315,672	\$ 184,726 336,391
Total required contributions	\$ 420,944	\$ 477,126	\$ 489,747	\$ 454,467	\$ 408,435	\$ 423,912	\$ 521,117
Actual employer contribution State of Oklahoma, non employer contributions	\$ 109,654 311,290	117,760 359,366	\$ 118,076 371,671	\$ 109,857 344,610	\$ 106,483 301,952	\$ 108,240 315,672	\$ 184,726 336,391
Total Contributions	\$ 420,944	\$ 477,126	\$ 489,747	\$ 454,467	\$ 408,435	\$ 423,912	\$ 521,117
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$
Employer portion of net pension liability	23.93%	25.75%	26.46%	26.60%	26.84%	26.42%	24.88%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,154,025	\$ 1,220,285	\$ 1,183,904	\$ 1,098,170	\$ 1,103,585	\$ 1,111,204	\$ 1,079,239
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	36.48%	39.10%	41.37%	41.38%	37.01%	38.15%	48.29%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement 68 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement 68 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Benefit Changes:

2020: House Bill 3350 provides a cost-of-living adjustment to any person receiving a benefit from the system and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: zero percent (0%) if the person was retired two years or less on July 1, 2020; two percent (2%) if the person has been retired for at least two years but less than five years as of July 1, 2020, and four percent (4%) if the person has been retired for five years or more on July 1, 2020. The provision became effective May 22, 2020.

2018: House Bill 1340 provides for a single, one-time, non-permanent increase in the payment of retirement benefits. A single payment of 2% of the gross annual retirement benefit will be paid to qualifying members, subject to a cap and floor on the payment. The provision became effective May 8, 2018.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

June 30, 2017, valuation: Change in the election rate of the supplemental medical insurance benefit.

June 30, 2016, valuation: Inflation rate was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%; assumed investment return was decreased from 8.00% to 7.50%; wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.25%, and payroll growth was decreased from 3.25% to 2.75%.

Other Postemployment Benefits Schedules Required by GASB Statement number 75

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

The following information presented for other postemployment benefit plans that are reported as fiduciary component units of the State of Oklahoma are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement number 75, Accounting and Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. For more complete information, including the annual money-weighted rate of return and schedule of funding progress, audited annual statements can be acquired by contacting the administering plans:

Law Enforcement Retirement Public Employees Retirement Office of Management and Enterprise Services

421 N.W. 13th Street, Suite 100P.O. Box 530072401 N. Lincoln Blvd, Suite 212Oklahoma City, OK 73103Oklahoma City, OK 73152Oklahoma City, OK 73105https://www.olers.state.ok.ushttps://www.opers.ok.govhttps://omes.ok.gov

Department of Wildlife Conservation Teachers' Retirement System Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges

P.O. Box 53465 PO Box 53524 P.O. Box 53007

Oklahoma City, OK 73152Oklahoma City, OK 73152Oklahoma City, OK 73152https://www.wildlifedepartment.comhttps://www.ok.gov/trshttps://www.opers.ok.gov

Schedules of Contributions and Related Ratios

General Fund

Schedule of Contributions Employee Group Insurance Division – Implicit Rate Subsidy

Last Five Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	 2021	_	2020	 2019	 2018	_	2017
Actuarially required contributions	\$ 10,553	\$	10,746	\$ 11,698	\$ 11,008	\$	12,706
Contributions in relation to the							
Actuarially required contributions	\$ 10,553	\$	10,746	\$ 11,698	\$ 11,008	\$	12,706
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
Covered employee payroll	TBD	\$	1,696,478	\$ 1,585,455	\$ 1,537,569	\$	1,521,794
Contributions as a percentage of							
covered employee payroll	TBD		0.63%	0.74%	0.72%		0.83%

Schedule of Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Employee Group Insurance Division – Implicit Rate Subsidy

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2020		2019	 2018	2017
Total OPEB liability	·				
Service cost	\$	4,911	\$ 5,181	\$ 5,190	\$ 5,920
Interest		4,626	5,634	5,307	4,497
Difference between expected and					
actual experience		(560)	(611)	(1,242)	-
Changes of assumption or other					
inputs		11,662	(12,507)	(540)	(7,404)
Benefit payments		(10,746)	 (11,699)	 (11,009)	 (12,706)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	9,893	\$ (14,002)	\$ (2,294)	\$ (9,693)
Total OPEB Liability-beginning		132,200	146,202	148,496	 158,189
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$	142,093	\$ 132,200	\$ 146,202	\$ 148,496
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,696,478	\$ 1,585,455	\$ 1,537,569	\$ 1,521,794
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.38%	8.34%	9.51%	9.76%

Notes to Schedules:

GASB Statement number 75 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement number 75 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Covered employee payroll listed as "TBD" was unavailable at time of issuance.

There are no assets in a trust compliant with GASB Statement number 75 from which to pay benefits.

Schedule of Contributions Wildlife Commission Health Insurance Allowance

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2021		 2020	 2019	 2018
Actuarially required contributions	\$	405	\$ 390	\$ 408	\$ 236
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contributions	\$	405	\$ 390	\$ 408	\$ 236
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$	11,274	\$ 11,632	\$ 12,082	\$ 12,208
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.59%	3.35%	3.38%	1.93%

Schedule of Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Wildlife Commission Retirement Plan

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 206	\$ 213	\$ 211	\$ 121
Interest	227	230	273	177
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	2,992
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	28	117	(63)	(28)
Changes of assumption or other				
inputs	458	119	695	180
Benefit payments	 (405)	(390)	(408)	(238)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 514	\$ 289	\$ 708	\$ 3,204
Total OPEB Liability-beginning	 8,733	8,444	7,736	4,532
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$ 9,247	\$ 8,733	\$ 8,444	\$ 7,736
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,274	\$ 11,632	\$ 12,082	\$ 12,208
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	82.02%	75.08%	69.89%	63.37%

Notes to Schedules:

GASB Statement number 75 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement number 75 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

There are no assets in a trust compliant with GASB Statement number 75 from which to pay benefits.

Component Units

Schedule of Contributions Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Last Five Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2021			2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Actuarially required contributions	\$	385	\$	358	\$ 344	\$ 380	\$ 398
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contributions	\$	1,309	\$	1,279	\$ 1,285	\$ 1,285	\$ 849
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(924)	\$	(921)	\$ (941)	\$ (905)	\$ (451)
Covered employee payroll		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Schedule of Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	338	\$	340	\$	343	\$	357
Interest		926		939		933		958
Difference between expected and								
actual experience		(525)		(597)		(335)		(501)
Changes of assumption or other inputs								(304)
Benefit payments		(849)		(856)		(855)		(849)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(110)	\$	(174)	\$	86	\$	(339)
Total OPEB Liability-beginning	,	12,768	•	12,942	•	12,856	•	13,195
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$	12,658	\$	12,768	\$	12,942	\$	12,856
					_		_	
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)								
Contributions - state agencies	\$	1,279	\$	1,285	\$	1,285	\$	849
Net investment (loss) income		11		17		-		-
Health insurance premiums paid		(850)		(855)		(855)		(849)
Administrative expense		(1)						
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	439	\$	447	\$	430	\$	-
Fiduciary net position OPEB-beginning		877		430		-		-
Fiduciary net position OPEB-ending	\$	1,316	\$	877	\$	430	\$	-
Net OPEB Liability	\$	11,342	\$	11,891	\$	12,512	\$	12,856
Fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total OPEB liability		10.40%		6.87%		3.32%		0.00%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to Schedules:

GASB Statement number 75 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement number 75 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

As of June 30, 2018, OPEB had allocated assets of approximately \$428,000 and no allocated assets as of June 30, 2017. As such the return for both years is 0%. The return in future years will be the same for both OPEB and the pension plan.

Covered payroll is not meaningful to formulate a ratio of net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll. Contributions are only received from employers.

Schedule of Contributions Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges Last Five Fiscal Years

(expressed in thousands)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	_	2018	_	2017
Actuarially required contributions	\$ 28	\$ 7	\$ 3	\$	15	\$	35
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contributions	\$ 232	\$ 203	\$ 187	\$	180	\$	178
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (204)	\$ (196)	\$ (184)	\$	(165)	\$	(143)
Covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A

Schedule of Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	107	\$	115	\$	113	\$	122
Interest		190		184		183		174
Difference between expected and actual experience		(138)		(12)		(88)		(13)
Changes of assumption or other		(100)		(12)		(00)		(10)
inputs		107		-		-		107
Benefit payments		(209)		(197)		(183)		(179)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	57	\$	90	\$	25	\$	211
Total OPEB Liability-beginning	_	2,814	_	2,724	ф.	2,699		2,488
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$	2,871	\$	2,814	\$	2,724	\$	2,699
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)								
Contributions - state agencies	\$	203	\$	187	\$	180	\$	178
Net investment (loss) income		144		190		251		330
Health insurance premiums paid		(209)		(197)		(182)		(179)
Administrative expense	φ.	(2)	Φ.	(1)	ф.	(1)	Φ.	(1)
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	136	\$	179	\$	248	\$	328
Fiduciary net position OPEB-beginning		3,318		3,139		2,891		2,563
Fiduciary net position OPEB-ending	\$	3,454	\$	3,318	\$	3,139	\$	2,891
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(583)	\$	(504)	\$	(415)	\$	(192)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total OPEB liability		120.31%		117.91%		115.23%		107.11%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement number 75 requires the information presented in the "Schedules of Required Supplementary Information" cover the 10 most recent fiscal years. The information above covers the period retroactive to the adoption of GASB Statement number 75 and is the latest available at the date of publication.

Covered payroll is not meaningful to formulate a ratio of net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll. Contributions are only received from employers.

Cost Sharing Other Postemployment Plans

Component Units

Schedule of Contributions Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

Last Five Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	 2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	 2017
Actuarially required contributions	\$ 5,249	\$	2,844	\$	3,332	\$	4,517	\$ 4,780
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contributions	\$ 13,802	\$	14,971	\$	14,588	\$	14,895	\$ 14,784
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (8,553)	\$	(12,127)	\$	(11,256)	\$	(10,378)	\$ (10,004)
State portion of liability	78.08%		77.83%		77.83%		78.07%	78.52%
Covered employee payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A

Schedule of Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	5,908	\$	6,156	\$	6,532	\$	6,713
Interest		17,060		17,380		17,362		17,717
Difference between expected and								
actual experience		(14,744)		(14,617)		(8,274)		(13,158)
Changes of assumption or other								
inputs		11,629		31		-		8,695
Benefit payments		(14,187)		(14,441)		(14,708)		(14,918)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	5,666	\$	(5,491)	\$	912	\$	5,049
Change in prior year allocation						(1,480)		-
Total OPEB Liability-beginning		250,683	_	256,174	_	255,262		251,693
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$	256,349	\$	250,683	\$	256,174	\$	256,742
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)								
Contributions - state agencies	\$	15.020	\$	14.588	\$	14.895	\$	14,784
Net investment (loss) income		11,330		14,664		19,909		28,068
Health insurance premiums paid		(14,188)		(14,442)		(14,708)		(14,918)
Administrative expense		(143)		(149)		(139)		(144)
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	12,019	\$	14,661	\$	19,957	\$	27,790
Fiduciary net position OPEB-beginning		280,938		266,277		247,748		219,958
Change in prior year allocation		,		,		(1,428)		,,,,,,
Change in prior year allocation	\$	280,938	\$	266,277	\$	246,320	\$	219,958
Fiduciary net position OPEB-ending	\$	292,957	\$	280,938	\$	266,277	\$	247,748
N . OPER I : 1 :1:	Φ.	(24,400)	Φ.	(20.255)	Φ.	(40.402)	Φ.	0.004
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(36,608)	\$	(30,255)	\$	(10,103)	\$	8,994
State portion of liability		78.08%		77.83%		78.07%		78.52%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage		444.050		110.0501		4000000		0.6 = 0.00
of the total OPEB liability		114.27%		112.07%		103.94%		96.50%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage								
of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to Schedule:

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Covered payroll is not meaningful to formulate a ratio of net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll. Contributions are only received from employers.

Schedule of Contributions Teachers' Retirement SystemLast Five Fiscal Years

(expressed in thousands)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Actuarially required contributions	\$ 1,424	\$ 214	\$ 226	\$ 771	\$ 1,698
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contributions	\$ 1,424	\$ 214	\$ 226	\$ 771	\$ 1,698
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State portion of liability	23.40%	23.40%	25.75%	26.46%	26.07%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,128,413	\$ 1,108,985	\$ 1,151,751	\$ 1,098,170	\$ 1,061,401
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.13%	0.02%	0.02%	0.07%	0.16%

Schedule of Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Teachers' Retirement System

Last Four Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	1,455	\$	1,586	\$	1,701	\$	1,733
Interest Difference between expected and		6,942		7,814		8,208		8,274
actual experience		(1,260)		(2,560)		(2,597)		(3,699)
Changes of assumption or other		7 421		466				
inputs Benefit payments		7,431 (8,347)		(9,192)		(9,782)		(7,903)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	6,221	\$	(1,886)	\$	(2,470)	\$	(1,595)
Total OPEB Liability-beginning	\$	109,115	\$	111,001	\$	111,796	\$	113,391
Change in prior year allocation		- 445.226	Φ.	100 115	_	1,675	φ.	111 706
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$	115,336	\$	109,115	\$	111,001	\$	111,796
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)								
Contributions - state agencies	\$	214	\$	226	\$	771	\$	1,698
Net investment (loss) income		754		5,895		11,846		16,244
Health insurance premiums paid Administrative expense		(8,347)		(9,192) (1)		(9,782) (3)		(7,903) (7)
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	(7,379)	\$	(3,072)	\$	2,832	\$	10,032
Fiduciary net position OPEB-beginning		125,033		128,105		123,423		113,391
Change in prior year allocation		-				1,850		<u>-</u>
Fiduciary net position OPEB-ending	\$	117,654	\$	125,033	\$	128,105	\$	123,423
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(2,318)	\$	(15,918)	\$	(17,104)	\$	(11,627)
State portion of liability		23.40%		25.75%		26.46%		26.07%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		102.30%		114.59%		115.41%		110.40%
Covered payroll	\$	1,108,985	\$	1,151,751	\$	1,098,170	\$	1,061,401
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage	•	,,-	•	, - ,		,,		,,
of covered payroll		(0.21%)		(1.38%)		(1.56%)		(1.10%)

Notes to Schedule:

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Above: The WINIKO Life of an Object exhibition features objects from the Smithsonian's National Museum of the American Indian. In addition, FAM included commissioned pieces that show how many of the objects are still used today. The drum and shakers in the photo, part of the exhibition, are taken from the case and used for special events.

Left: Modern accomplishments of Native Americans are highlighted on large display boards on the first floor of the FAM Gallery.





Description of Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units

Fiduciary funds account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental organizations, and/or other funds.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

The pension trust funds account for the transactions, assets, liabilities, and net position held in a trustee capacity for the benefit of the plan members.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION RETIREMENT PLAN P.O. Box 53465, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152

https://www.wildlifedepartment.com

This Plan is part of the primary government. The Plan accounts for transactions, assets, liabilities, and net position available for payment of plan benefits to employees of the Department of Wildlife Conservation.

The State of Oklahoma has six public employee retirement systems that meet the definition of a component unit, but are presented with the fiduciary funds of the state:

OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM

6601 Broadway Ext Suite 100, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 https://www.ok.gov/fprs

The system provides retirement benefits for municipal firefighters in the State of Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

421 NW 13th St., Suite 100, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73103 https://www.olers.state.ok.us

The system provides retirement benefits for qualified law enforcement officers in the State of Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

P.O Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152 https://www.opers.ok.gov

The system administers the Oklahoma public employee retirement plan, which provides retirement benefits for state, county and local employees in the State of Oklahoma.

UNIFORM RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR JUSTICES AND JUDGES

P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152 https://www.opers.ok.gov

The system provides retirement benefits for justices and judges in the State of Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM

1001 N.W. 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73116 www.ok.gov/opprs

The system provides retirement benefits for police officers employed by participating municipalities in the State of Oklahoma.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OKLAHOMA P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152 https://www.ok.gov/trs

The system provides retirement allowances and benefits for qualified persons employed by state-supported educational institutions in the State of Oklahoma.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial funds account for the receipt and disbursement of various monies and property collected by the state, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to non-state parties.

Taxes Held for Outside Entities is maintained by the Oklahoma Tax Commission to account for taxes held for distribution to county and city governments.

Funds Held in Escrow are monies held in an account until certain conditions or requirements are met. These include: (1) Cash Performance Bonds maintained by the Department of Mines until mining is complete and reclamation meets specifications, (2) Unlocated Mineral Owner's Fund maintained by the Corporation Commission (3) Workers' Compensation Claims Under Appeal maintained by the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims, (4) Unsettled Premium Tax Suits, an escrow account maintained by the Oklahoma Insurance Department for depositing of protested taxes and/or fees imposed under Oklahoma law, (5) Other monies accounted for by the State Department of Health for bond requirements for disposal sites, by the Department of Public Safety for the retention and refund of financial responsibility security amounts, and (6) funds in escrow at the Attorney General's Office received as a result of litigation.

Assets Held for Beneficiaries are monies maintained for: (1) clients in institutions under the jurisdiction of the Office of Juvenile Affairs, Department of Human Services (DHS), the Department of Corrections, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and the Department of Mental Health, (2) DHS custodial parents from the collection from absent parents, and (3) DHS clients placed in agency custody.

Other is monies accounted for (1) by the Department of Human Capital Management for the Office of Management and Enterprise Services for payment of employee claims against SoonerFlex flexible spending accounts, (2) deposits held by Capital Asset Management of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services for bid process documents, (3) donations held by the District Attorney's Council for the Murrah Crime Victims Compensation Fund, and (4) funds held by the Department of Transportation which had accrued to its former health insurance rate stabilization account and are being returned to the accounts contributors.

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds (Including Similar Component Units)

June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

	F	rimary														
	Go	vernment]	Fiduciary Con	npone	ent Units						
			(Oklahoma	C	Oklahoma	(Oklahoma	Į	Jniform	(Oklahoma				
	V	Vildlife	F	irefighters		Law		Public	Re	etirement		Police		Teachers'		
	Cor	servation	P	ension and	Er	forcement	I	Employees	Sy	stem for	P	ension and]	Retirement		
	Re	tirement	F	Retirement	R	etirement	F	Retirement	Jus	stices and	F	tetirement		System of		
		Plan		System		System		System		Judges		System		Oklahoma		Total
Assets		-			_											
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	2,277	\$	51,650	\$	16,202	\$	523,295	\$	17,748	\$	62,832	\$	535,118	\$	1,209,122
Investments, at fair value																
Equity Securities		105,128		2,345,231		708,566		3,741,339		302,352		1,458,294		13,909,224		22,570,134
Governmental Securities		10,849		89,422		97,937		2,765,670		99,023		42,183		1,731,775		4,836,859
Debt Securities		12,343		607,707		202,688		1,071,136		33,635		495,256		2,617,722		5,040,487
Mutual Funds		_		· -				4,942,535		· -		· -		_		4,942,535
Other Investments		11,144		647,147		245,278		9,837		-		1,226,219		3,257,534		5,397,159
Securities Lending Investments		_		93,242		68,922		602,793		15,897		89,014		1,349,706		2,219,574
Interest and Investment																
Revenue Receivable		-		3,497		636		19,715		407		1,712		63,963		89,930
Contributions Receivable:																
Employer		-		1,157		-		5,644		-		2,282		42,294		51,377
Employee		-		738		543		1,726		-		1,415		25,456		29,878
Other Receivables		-		138		-		-		-		-		-		138
Due from Broker		-		-		-		524,692		18,582		400		33,399		577,073
Due from Component Units		-		-		-		732		-		-		-		732
Due from Other Funds		-		15,171		4,009		11,883		-		5,900		46,380		83,343
Capital Assets, Net		-		831		726		-		-		-		3,944		5,501
Other Assets		-		-		237		848		-		-		-		1,085
Total Assets	\$	141,741	\$	3,855,931	\$	1,345,744	\$	14,221,845	\$	487,644	\$	3,385,507	\$	23,616,515	\$	47,054,927
Liabilities				,												
Accounts Payable and Accrued	•		•	241.722	•	77.5	•		Φ.		s	716	•		Ф	242.212
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	241,722	\$	775	\$	-	\$	-	3	716	\$	-	\$	243,213
Securities Lending Payable		-		93,242		68,922		602,793		15,897		89,014		1,349,706		2,219,574
Due to Broker		-		-		26,270		1,093,151		38,296		391		99,998		1,258,106
Due to Component Units		-		-		-		1		-		-		-		1
Due to Other Funds		-		3		1		17		-		3		24		48
Benefits in the Process of Payment		-		-		2,378		-		-		5,306		104,498		112,182
Other Liabilities		-		154		49		-		-		118		10,220		10,541
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	335,121	\$	98,395	\$	1,695,962	\$	54,193	\$	95,548	\$	1,564,446	\$	3,843,665
Not Desiring Destricted for E																
Net Position Restricted for Employees' Pension Benefits	\$	141,741	\$	3,520,810	\$	1,247,349	\$	12,525,883	\$	433,451	\$	3,289,959	\$	22,052,069	\$	43,211,262

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds

(Including Similar Component Units)
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021
(expressed in thousands)

Employee Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 4	
Wildlife Conservation Retirement Plan Firefighters Conservation Pension and Retirement Plan Law Enforcement Employees System for System for Pension and Retirement Plan Pension and Retirement Pension and Retirement Plan Retirement System Judges System Oklahoma To Oklahoma Additions Employer Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 88,635 \$ 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 44,405	
Conservation Retirement Plan Pension and Retirement Plan Enforcement Retirement System Employees System for System System for Pension and Retirement System of Oklahoma Retirement System of Oklahoma To Additions Contributions Employer Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 88,635 Employee Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 44,405	
Retirement Plan Retirement System Retirement System Retirement System Judges Retirement System System of Oklahoma To Oklahoma Additions Contributions Employer Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 88,635 Employer Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 44,405	
Plan System System Judges System Oklahoma To Oklahoma Additions Contributions Employer Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 88 Employee Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 44	
Additions Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 88 Employee Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 44	
Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 8 Employer Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 4	tal
Employer Contributions \$ 4,313 \$ 45,301 \$ 11,186 \$ 293,019 \$ 7,850 \$ 44,405 \$ 464,337 \$ 8 Employee Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 4	
Employee Contributions 564 28,635 6,647 66,204 2,863 27,946 343,474 4	
	70,411
Other Contributions - 72 924 20 767 28 368 311 200 M	76,333
Guier Contributions - 12,727 20,707 - 20,300 311,270 4	33,349
Total Contributions \$ 4,877 \$ 146,860 \$ 38,600 \$ 359,223 \$ 10,713 \$ 100,719 \$ 1,119,101 \$ 1,7	80,093
Investment Income	
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of \$\ 24,589 \\$ 911,666 \\$ 268,950 \\$ 2,655,094 \\$ 93,319 \\$ 766,078 \\$ 5,254,310 \\$ 9,50 \\$ 1,000 \\$ 1 \\$ 1 \\$ 1 \\$ 1 \\$ 1 \\$ 1 \\$ 1 \	74,006
Interest and Investment Revenue 2,421 23,252 14,691 127,936 2,174 21,927 366,110 5	58,511
\$ 27,010 \$ 934,918 \$ 283,641 \$ 2,783,030 \$ 95,493 \$ 788,005 \$ 5,620,420 \$ 10,5	32,517
Less Investment Expenses 246 20,773 5,743 18,680 189 17,869 59,022 1	22,522
Net Investment Income \$ 26,764 \$ 914,145 \$ 277,898 \$ 2,764,350 \$ 95,304 \$ 770,136 \$ 5,561,398 \$ 10,4	09,995
Total Additions \$\\ 31,641 \\ \\$ 1,061,005 \\ \\$ 316,498 \\ \\$ 3,123,573 \\ \\$ 106,017 \\ \\$ 870,855 \\ \\$ 6,680,499 \\ \\$ 12,1	90,088
Deductions	
Administrative and General Expenses \$ 26 \$ 2,194 \$ 1,433 \$ 5,475 \$ 175 \$ 2,070 \$ 5,476 \$	16,849
Benefit Payments and Refunds 8,346 409,142 72,694 690,014 23,353 200,137 1,552,569 2,9	56,255
Total Deductions \$ 8,372 \$ 411,336 \$ 74,127 \$ 695,489 \$ 23,528 \$ 202,207 \$ 1,558,045 \$ 2,50	73,104
Net Increase \$ 23,269 \$ 649,669 \$ 242,371 \$ 2,428,084 \$ 82,489 \$ 668,648 \$ 5,122,454 \$ 9,2	16,984
Net Position Restricted for Employees' Pension Benefits	
Beginning of Year 118,472 2,871,141 1,004,978 10,097,799 350,962 2,621,311 16,929,615 33,9	94,278
End of Year \$ 141,741 \$ 3,520,810 \$ 1,247,349 \$ 12,525,883 \$ 433,451 \$ 3,289,959 \$ 22,052,069 \$ 43,250 \$ 1,247,349	11,262

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Custodial Funds

June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

	es Held for side Entity	 ets Held in Escrow	ets Held for neficiaries	Other	 Total
Assets					
Assets					
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 169,275	\$ 107,247	\$ 29,610	\$ 46,112	\$ 352,244
Accounts Receivable	4,170	-	-	-	4,170
Taxes Receivable	179,105	-	-	-	179,105
Inventory	 -	-	 -	11,120	11,120
Total Assets	\$ 352,550	\$ 107,247	\$ 29,610	\$ 57,232	\$ 546,639
Liabilities			_		
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 806	\$ -	\$ 806
Tax Refunds Payable	1,603	-	-	-	1,603
Deferred Revenue	10,785	-	-	-	10,785
Due to Others	 340,162	107,247	 28,804	57,232	533,445
Total Liabilities	\$ 352,550	\$ 107,247	\$ 29,610	\$ 57,232	\$ 546,639

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

		axes Held or Outside Entity	 ets Held in Sscrow	sets Held for neficiaries	 Other		Total
Additions							
Investment Income							
Interest and Investment Revenue	\$	1,897	\$ 67,275	\$ 604	\$ 29	\$	69,805
Less Investment Expenses		-	67,361		<u>-</u>		67,361
Net Investment Earnings	\$	1,897	\$ (86)	\$ 604	\$ 29	\$	2,444
Taxes Collected for Other							
Governments	\$	2,307,310	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,307,310
Collections for Beneficiaries		-	-	452,156	-		452,156
Federal Grants		38	-	-	-		38
Other Collections		16,785	86	(645)	13,883		30,109
Total Additions	\$	2,324,133	\$ 86	\$ 451,511	\$ 13,883	\$	2,789,613
Deductions							
Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 452,115	\$ -	\$	452,115
Taxes Disbursed to Other		0.006.000					0.006.000
Governments		2,326,030	-	-	-		2,326,030
Other Expenditures	_	-	 	 -	 13,912	_	13,912
Total Deductions	\$	2,326,030	\$ 	\$ 452,115	\$ 13,912	\$	2,792,057

Description of Nonmajor Component Units

The State of Oklahoma has seven nonmajor component units which are described below:

OKLAHOMA EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION AUTHORITY

7403 N. Kelley Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73111 https://www.oeta.tv

The authority provides educational television services to all Oklahoma citizens on a coordinated statewide basis.

OKLAHOMA INDUSTRIAL FINANCE AUTHORITY 9220 N. Kelley Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73131

The authority assists with the state's industrial development by making loans to authorized industrial development agencies or trusts and new or expanding industries within Oklahoma. The loans are financed by issuance of general obligation bonds.

MULTIPLE INJURY TRUST FUND

421 NW 13th Street, Suite 105, Oklahoma City, OK 73103 The fund provides additional compensation to a worker with a pre-existing injury who suffers a second injury.

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS AUTHORITY & TRUST P.O Box 26307, Oklahoma City, OK 73126

https://uhatok.com

The authority consists of The University Hospital and Children's Hospital of Oklahoma. The University Hospital is affiliated with the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center. The University Hospital is financed primarily through patient service charges.

OKLAHOMA DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY

9220 N. Kelley Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73131

The authority provides financing for both public and private entities in the state. The authority obtains funds through the issuance of bonds and notes.

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL INVESTMENT BOARD 13905 Quail Pointe Drive, Suite A, Oklahoma City, OK 73134

https://www.ocib.org

The authority assists the state with industrial development by mobilizing equity and near-equity capital for investment to potential creation of jobs and growth that will diversify and stabilize the economy.

OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL AUTHORITY

1111 W. 17th Street, Tulsa, OK 74107 https://medicine.okstate.edu

The Authority is charged with overseeing the 50-year Academic Affiliation Agreement signed between Tulsa Regional Medical Center and OSU Center for Health Sciences. The agreement provides for funding, teaching and training facilities to the graduate medical program associated with the Oklahoma State University Center for Health Sciences.

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units June 30, 2021

(expressed in thousands)

(expressed in thousands)	Ed: Te	klahoma ucational elevision	In F	lahoma dustrial inance		Multiple Injury Trust	I	Iniversity Hospitals	Dev F	clahoma relopment rinance		klahoma Capital vestment	Uni	Oklahoma State iv. Medical		Nonmajor component Units
Assets	A	uthority	Au	ıthority		Fund		Authority	A	uthority		Board	A	Authority		Total
Assets Current Assets																
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	7,365	\$	35,175	\$	2,455	\$	103,199	\$	11,056	\$	1,535	\$	62,998	\$	223,783
Investments		42,176						20,291				8,822		-		71,289
Accounts Receivable		768		-		-		17,184		296		-		11,897		30,145
Interest and Investment Revenue Receivable		-		77		7		49		-		-		-		133
Notes Receivable Other Receivables		45		239 6		-		-		29		-		2,411		268 2,462
Due from Other Component Units		43		-						255				2,411		2,462
Due from Primary Government				-		10,295		83,726		23		-				94,044
Prepaid Items		127		-								-		2,393		2,520
Other Current Assets		-		-		-		-		-				4,773		4,773
Total Current Assets	\$	50,481	\$	35,497	\$	12,757	\$	224,449	\$	11,659	\$	10,357	\$	84,472	\$	429,672
Noncurrent Assets																
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	188	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	188
Investments - Restricted		-				-		-		15		-		-		15
Long-Term Investments - Unrestricted Long Term Notes Receivable, Restricted		-		5,701 2,690		-		-		-		-		-		5,701 2,690
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Asset		53		2,090												53
Capital Assets																
Depreciable, Net		6,534		-		4		247,145		1,142		-		52,763		307,588
Land		26		-		-		5,058		286		-		-		5,370
Construction in Progress		-		-		-		-		-		-		10,282		10,282
Other Noncurrent Assets								47.206						215		45.601
Unrestricted Restricted		-		-		-		47,306 36		-		-		315		47,621 36
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	6,613	\$	8,391	\$	4	\$	299,733	\$	1,443	\$		\$	63,360	\$	379,544
												10.257				
Total Assets	\$	57,094	\$	43,888	\$	12,761	\$	524,182	\$	13,102	\$	10,357	\$	147,832	\$	809,216
Deferred Outflows																
Deferred Outflows from Pensions		761		174		-		712		-		-		-		1,647
Defeasance of Bonds		-		2		-								-		2
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	761	\$	176	\$	-	\$	712	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,649
Liabilities																
Current Liabilities																
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	576	\$	8	\$	16	\$	106,112	\$	-	\$	17	\$	15,065	\$	121,794
Unearned Revenue		90		-		-		-		-		-		-		90
Claims and Judgements		-		82		51,951 72		-		-		-		59		51,951 213
Interest Payable Compensated Absences		99		68		98		237						39		502
Due to Fiduciary Funds		- '-		-		-		22		-		-				22
Due to Other Component Units		-						86						-		86
Due to Primary Government		-		-		11		-		-		-		-		11
Capital Leases		-		-		-		-		-		-		36		36
Notes Payable		-				2,706		-		-		-		2,418		5,124
Other Current Liabilities		-		9,718		-		-		126		-		4,581		14,425
Total Current Liabilities	\$	765	\$	9,876	\$	54,854	\$	106,457	\$	126	\$	17	\$	22,159	\$	194,254
Noncurrent Liabilities	é		e			422.022	é		e				e			422.022
Claims and Judgements Capital Leases	\$	-	\$	-	\$	423,833	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16	\$	423,833 16
Compensated Absences		156												10		156
Net Pension Liability		1,003		222				951						_		2,176
Notes Payable		-				1,414						-		-		1,414
General Obligation Bonds		-		30,000				-				-		-		30,000
Revenue Bonds		-		-		-		-		3,000		-		-		3,000
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		165		-		-		-		-		-		-		165
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		-				-		-		34						34
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	1,324	\$	30,222	\$	425,247	\$	951	\$	3,034	\$	-	\$	16	\$	460,794
Total Liabilities	\$	2,089	\$	40,098	\$	480,101	\$	107,408	\$	3,160	\$	17	\$	22,175	\$	655,048
Deferred Inflows of Resources			_								_					
Deferred Inflows from Pensions	\$	87	\$	1	\$		\$	5	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	93
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	87	\$	1	\$	-	\$	5	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	93
Net Position	_		_		=						_				_	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,613	\$	-	\$	-	\$	252,203	\$	1,429	\$	-	\$	58,817	\$	319,062
Restricted for: Other Special Purpose Expendable		3,748		_				225				_				3,973
Unrestricted		45,318		3,965		(467,340)		165,053		8,513		10,340		66,840		(167,311)
Total Net Position	S	55,679	\$	3,965	\$	(467,340)	\$	417,481	S	9,942	s	10,340	\$	125,657	\$	155,724
	_	99.2		. ,	_		_	-,	_	-,	É	.,	_	-,/	É	,

State of Oklahoma Combining Statement of Activities Nonmajor Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (expressed in thousands)

			Program	Rev	enues		Gen	eral Revenue				
	Е	xpenses	narges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	t (Expense) Revenue		/ments from Primary overnment	nange in et Asset	 et Position eginning of Year	Ne	et Position End of Year
Nonmajor Component Units:												
Oklahoma Educational Televison Authority	\$	16,163	\$ 23,970	\$	854	\$ 8,661	\$	-	\$ 8,661	\$ 47,018	\$	55,679
Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority		902	966		-	64		-	64	3,901		3,965
Multiple Injury Trust Fund		30,717	113		-	(30,604)		53,997	23,393	(490,733)		(467,340)
University Hospitals Authority		303,345	246,980		-	(56,365)		66,692	10,327	407,154		417,481
Oklahoma Development Finance Authority		1,022	1,536		-	514		-	514	9,428		9,942
Oklahoma Capital Investment Board		254	2,625		-	2,371		-	2,371	7,969		10,340
OSU Medical Authority		197,288	170,856		45,489	19,057		-	 19,057	 106,600		125,657
Total Nonmajor Component Units	\$	549,691	\$ 447,046	\$	46,343	\$ (56,302)	\$	120,689	\$ 64,387	\$ 91,337	\$	155,724



"Earth Mother," by Fort Sill (Chiricahua) Apache sculptor Allan Houser, is on display in the hall that leads to the FAMtheater at the First Americans Museum.





Using the Statistical Section

The statistical section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the state's overall financial health. The information is grouped into the following five categories:

Financial Trends - Net Position by Component, Changes in Net Position, Fund Balances, and Changes in Fund Balance

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the state's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Personal Income by Industry, Personal Income Tax Filers and Liability by Adjusted Gross Income, and Tax Collections

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the ability of the state to generate and collect taxes.

Debt Capacity – Percentage of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total Expenditures, Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, and Revenue Bond Coverage

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the state's current levels of outstanding debt, its ability to issue additional debt in the future, and its ability to repay the outstanding debt.

Demographic and Economic Information – Major Employers by Size, Demographic and Economic Statistics, and School Enrollments

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the state's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information – Government Employees by Function, Capital Asset Utilization by Function, Operating Indicators for Governmental Functions, and Additional Information and Sources of Statistical Data

These schedules contain information about the state's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the state's financial information relates to the services the state provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from ACFR of the relevant year.

State of Oklahoma Schedule of Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2012	 2013	2014	2015	 2016
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,276,689	\$ 9,650,570	\$ 9,992,791	\$ 10,425,644	\$ 10,865,784
Restricted Unrestricted	 3,957,319 2,091,507	4,182,822 2,106,533	 4,698,509 2,029,441	 4,930,516 1,696,768	4,140,040 1,397,498
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 15,325,515	\$ 15,939,925	\$ 16,720,741	\$ 17,052,928	\$ 16,403,322
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 126	\$ 1,037	\$ 1,415	\$ 1,914	\$ 2,856
Restricted Unrestricted	1,102,997 273,981	1,353,998 602,997	 1,573,491 636,300	1,601,651 582,633	1,468,588 528,198
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 1,377,104	\$ 1,958,032	\$ 2,211,206	\$ 2,186,198	\$ 1,999,642
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,276,815	\$ 9,651,607	\$ 9,994,206	\$ 10,427,558	\$ 10,868,640
Restricted	5,060,316	5,536,820	6,272,000	6,532,167	5,608,628
Unrestricted	 2,365,488	 2,709,530	2,665,741	 2,279,401	 1,925,696
Total primary government net position	\$ 16,702,619	\$ 17,897,957	\$ 18,931,947	\$ 19,239,126	\$ 18,402,964

State of Oklahoma

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (expressed in thousands)

		2012		2013	2014		2015		 2016
General Fund									
Nonspendable	\$	73,539	\$	84,743	\$	74,278	\$	76,851	\$ 80,281
Restricted		1,244,592		1,240,573		1,340,771		1,572,465	815,862
Committed		2,755,138		2,788,761		2,632,260		2,634,649	2,445,893
Assigned		-		1,960		1,777		1,045	609
Unassigned		144,365		133,796		133,796		96,297	 25,866
Total General Fund	\$	4,217,634	\$	4,249,833	\$	4,182,882	\$	4,381,307	\$ 3,368,511
All Other Governmental Funds									
Nonspendable	\$	2,549,833	\$	2,829,731	\$	3,226,796	\$	3,228,359	\$ 3,212,407
Restricted		15,980		12,438		7,417		1,265	5,081
Committed		-		-		53,430		48,967	29,394
Assigned		66,135		60,952		70,096		79,460	77,296
Unassigned		25,724		39,056				_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	2,657,672	\$	2,942,177	\$	3,357,739	\$	3,358,051	\$ 3,324,178
Total All Governmental Fund	φ.			5 400.040		5 5 40 604	Φ.	5 5 00 0 5 0	
Balances	\$	6,875,306	\$	7,192,010	\$	7,540,621	\$	7,739,358	\$ 6,692,689

	2017	2018	2019	2020	 2021
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,031,695	\$ 11,318,869	\$ 11,401,782	\$ 11,790,323	\$ 12,117,533
Restricted	4,392,708	4,554,212	5,238,284	4,595,067	5,780,723
Unrestricted	1,484,206	1,853,248	3,368,454	4,206,145	5,094,089
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 16,908,609	\$ 17,726,329	\$ 20,008,520	\$ 20,591,535	\$ 22,992,345
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,477	\$ 2,085	\$ 1,543	\$ 1,118	\$ 709
Restricted	1,423,476	1,471,069	1,554,235	1,618,334	930,162
Unrestricted	532,518	575,621	613,370	669,724	775,258
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 1,958,471	\$ 2,048,775	\$ 2,169,148	\$ 2,289,176	\$ 1,706,129
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,034,172	\$ 11,320,954	\$ 11,403,325	\$ 11,791,441	\$ 12,118,242
	5,816,184	6,025,281	6,792,519	6,213,401	6,710,885
Unrestricted	 2,016,724	 2,428,869	 3,981,824	 4,875,869	 5,869,347
Total primary government net position	\$ 18,867,080	\$ 19,775,104	\$ 22,177,668	\$ 22,880,711	\$ 24,698,474

	 2017	2018		2019		2020		 2021
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$ 78,555	\$	77,093	\$	106,736	\$	119,268	\$ 88,921
Restricted	790,129		1,145,684		1,331,237		776,452	1,135,999
Committed	2,245,651		2,274,589		3,735,918		4,562,479	5,631,396
Assigned	542		-		-		-	-
Unassigned	23,338		112,912		201,560		14,668	 92,662
Total General Fund	\$ 3,138,215	\$	3,610,278	\$	5,375,451	\$	5,472,867	\$ 6,948,978
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable	\$ 3,508,054	\$	3,625,586	\$	3,785,281	\$	3,697,597	\$ 3,977,413
Restricted	-		-		-		-	-
Committed	41,833		65,263		60,210		41,490	577,118
Assigned	52,692		41,789		61,556		79,528	78,460
Unassigned								
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,602,579	\$	3,732,638	\$	3,907,047	\$	3,818,615	\$ 4,632,991
Total All Governmental Fund								
Balances	\$ 6,740,794	\$	7,342,916	\$	9,282,498	\$	9,291,482	\$ 11,581,969

State of Oklahoma Changes in Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(expressed in thousands)

(expressed in mousands)										
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses			-							
Governmental Activities:										
Education-General	\$	2,413,027	\$	2,405,694	\$	3,322,341	\$	3,424,751	\$	3,435,184
Education-Payment to Higher Education		1,982,235		2,003,101		1,037,785		1,030,060		942,707
Government Administration		1,763,437		1,866,501		1,830,570		1,114,539		2,114,501
Health Services		5,432,791		5,462,257		5,766,102		5,660,101		5,710,985
Legal and Judiciary		236,979		245,372		261,344		205,622		262,081
Museums		15,455		15,916		17,691		18,189		12,502
Natural Resources		223,444		353,243		264,233		288,333		290,366
Public Safety and Defense		825,787		820,506		863,080		787,751		859,395
Regulatory Services		116,789		129,206		131,756		153,511		193,245
Social Services		2,126,879		2,222,255		2,240,638		2,187,576		2,356,625
Transportation		845,784		941,132		1,043,522		1,086,603		1,109,349
Interest on Long-Term Debt		95,097		112,030		71,270		58,330		78,130
Governmental Activities	\$	16,077,704	\$	16,577,213	\$	16,850,332	\$	16,015,366	\$	17,365,070
	φ	10,077,704	Φ	10,377,213	φ	10,030,332	Φ	10,013,300	φ	17,303,070
Business-Type Activities:		F25 F55		206 200		200.050		201.050		205 402
Employment Security Commission	\$	537,575	\$	386,399	\$	289,959	\$	281,058	\$	395,192
Water Resources Board		39,979		39,398		35,286		32,641		34,673
Office of Management and Enterprise Services		-		843,065		925,327		1,023,920		1,051,966
Lottery Commission		127,729		128,642	_	123,180		112,624		121,139
Business-Type Activities	\$	705,283	\$	1,397,504	\$	1,373,752	\$	1,450,243	\$	1,602,970
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	16,782,987	\$	17,974,717	\$	18,224,084	\$	17,465,609	\$	18,968,040
			_				_			
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Government Administration	\$	263,050	\$	469,439	\$	189,753	\$	558,328	\$	330,500
Health Services	Ф	476,950	Φ	472.502	Φ	557.041	Φ	544,828	Φ	625,906
Social Services		62.997		26,317		61,925		11,962		36,311
All Others		- ,								
	_	564,370	_	697,964	_	627,565	_	628,232	_	659,458
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,367,367	\$	1,666,222	\$	1,436,284	\$	1,743,350	\$	1,652,175
Operating Grants and Contributions	_	7,181,699		6,939,234		7,326,805		6,744,975		6,785,553
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,549,066	\$	8,605,456	\$	8,763,089	\$	8,488,325	\$	8,437,728
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Employment Security Commission	\$	634,373	\$	535,290	\$	475,453	\$	305,538	\$	254,001
		59,461		54,877		55,315		53,329		61,237
Office of Management and Enterprise Services				860,767		941,890		964,432		984,734
Lottery Commission		199,973		200,324		191,564		171,989		190,074
Total Charges for Services	\$	893,807	\$	1,651,258	\$	1,664,222	\$	1,495,288	\$	1,490,046
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ψ	260,936	Ψ	138,918	Ψ	37,901	Ψ	10,935	Ψ	8,302
	φ.		4		4		4		d	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	1,154,743	\$	1,790,176	\$	1,702,123	\$	1,506,223	\$	1,498,348
Total Primary Government Revenue	\$	9,703,247	\$	10,396,260	\$	10,465,028	\$	9,997,863	\$	9,936,752
Net (Expense) Revenue:										
Governmental Activities	\$	(7,528,638)	\$	(7,971,757)	\$	(8,087,243)	\$	(7,527,041)	\$	(8,927,342)
Business-Type Activities	7	449,460	*	392,672	-	328,371	-	55,980	*	(104,622)
Total Primary Government	\$	(7,079,178)	\$	(7,579,085)	\$	(7,758,872)	\$	(7,471,061)	\$	(9,031,964)
Total I finally dovernment	Ψ	(7,07),170)	Ψ	(7,37 7,003)	Ψ	(7,730,072)	Ψ	(7,471,001)	Ψ	(7,031,704)
General Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes	\$	8,371,138	\$	8,342,838	\$	8,691,182	\$	8,612,118	\$	8,232,688
Investment Earnings		80,488		68,601		59,298		60,007		60,792
Contributions to Permanent Funds		64,861		87,515		60,516		59,287		58,810
Special Item		7,384		615		-		(451)		-
Transfers		65,880		77,745		81,020		76,211		78,979
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,589,751	\$	8,577,314	\$	8,892,016	\$	8,807,172	\$	8,431,269
Business-Type Activities:										
Transfers	\$	(65,880)	\$	(77,745)	\$	(81,020)	\$	(76,211)	\$	(78,979)
	_		_						_	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	(65,880)	\$	(77,745)	\$	(81,020)	\$	(76,211)	\$	(78,979)
	_			<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>				
Total General Revenues and Transfers	\$	8,523,871	\$	8,499,569	\$	8,810,996	\$	8,730,961	\$	8,352,290
Change in Net Position (Governmental)	\$	1,061,113	\$	605,557	\$	804,773	\$	1,280,131	\$	(496,073)
Change in Net Position (Business-Type)		383,580		314,927		247,351		(20,231)		(183,601)
. D		,0		,- = '		,		(-,1)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated)		15,257,926		16,977,473		17,879,823		17,979,226		19,082,638
Net Position - End of Year	\$	16,702,619	\$	17,897,957	\$	18,931,947	\$	19,239,126	\$	18,402,964
30.000 200 0. 100	4	10,, 02,017	4	1,,0,7,,537	Ψ.	10,701,717	Ÿ	17,207,120	<u> </u>	10,102,701

		2017	_	2018	_	2019		2020	_	2021
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:		2264.645		2 505 255		4 000 000		4 2 6 0 4 0 4		4.460.504
Education-General	\$	3,361,645	\$	3,507,277	\$	4,009,839	\$	4,368,484	\$	4,469,781 788,514
Education-Payment to Higher Education Government Administration		889,389 1,870,606		761,036 2,111,959		790,651 2,193,051		811,713 2,256,074		3,346,530
Health Services		5,613,009		5,603,631		5,965,780		6,246,163		6,815,817
Legal and Judiciary		267,320		252,845		254,928		281,942		279,033
Museums		11,316		11,281		12,914		14,492		14,757
Natural Resources		318,494		281,187		457,332		327,926		534,998
Public Safety and Defense		895,929		885,841		885,374		963,910		993,098
Regulatory Services		97,804		115,590		152,337		153,295		290,286
Social Services		2,199,151		2,137,520		2,180,094		2,451,123		3,275,560
Transportation		1,128,688		1,148,291		1,096,785		1,209,426		1,231,624
Interest on Long-Term Debt		76,321		56,493		58,197		61,262		60,531
Governmental Activities	\$	16,729,672	\$	16,872,951	\$	18,057,282	\$	19,145,810	\$	22,100,529
Business-Type Activities:	-		-		-		-		<u> </u>	
Employment Security Commission	\$	320,111	\$	250,465	\$	225,242	\$	2,323,744	\$	4,048,298
Water Resources Board	Ψ	34,932	Ψ	37,489	Ψ	41,106	Ψ	46,636	Ψ	40,730
Office of Management and Enterprise Services		1,031,753		1,051,302		1,089,343		1,073,135		1,043,144
Lottery Commission		97,619		161,388		174,641		204,300		268,492
Business-Type Activities	\$	1,484,415	\$	1,500,644	\$	1,530,332	\$	3,647,815	\$	5,400,664
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	18,214,087	\$	18,373,595	\$	19,587,614	\$	22,793,625	\$	27,501,193
rotal rimary dovernment Expenses		10,211,007		10,070,070	_	13,007,011	Ť	22),750,620	_	27,001,170
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Government Administration	\$	447,826	\$	350,687	\$	442,407	\$	328,246	\$	441,143
Health Services	Ψ.	633,940	4	579,414	*	666,742	Ψ.	604,394	4	606,022
Social Services		9,984		72,277		35,236		62,066		27,614
All Others		698,598		766,977		951,162		850,446		889,256
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,790,348	\$	1,769,355	\$	2,095,547	\$	1,845,152	\$	1,964,035
Operating Grants and Contributions	•	7,131,617	4	6,681,680	*	7,152,628	Ψ.	7,806,615	4	11,545,489
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,921,965	\$	8,451,035	\$	9,248,175	\$	9,651,767	\$	13,509,524
Business-Type Activities:	<u> </u>	0,721,700	Ψ	0,101,000	Ψ	7,210,170	<u> </u>	7,002,707	Ψ	10,007,021
Charges for Services:										
Employment Security Commission	\$	278.815	\$	285,454	\$	285,617	\$	266,405	\$	497,588
Water Resources Board	Ψ	42,455	Ψ	47,802	Ψ	74,888	Ψ	67,240	Ψ	59,746
Office of Management and Enterprise Services		1,026,482		1,083,430		1,099,660		1,128,164		1,133,241
Lottery Commission		151,917		221,643		242,592		268,482		347,500
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,499,669	\$	1,638,329	\$	1,702,757	\$	1,730,291	\$	2,038,075
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ψ	9,031	Ψ	15,620	Ψ	16,137	Ψ	2,102,239	Ψ	2,857,814
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	1,508,700	\$	1,653,949	\$	1,718,894	\$	3,832,530	\$	4,895,889
	\$		\$		\$		\$		_	
Total Primary Government Revenue	à.	10,430,665	3	10,104,984	\$	10,967,069	2	13,484,297	\$	18,405,413
Net (Expense) Revenue:										
Governmental Activities	\$	(7,807,707)	\$	(8,421,916)	\$	(8,809,107)	\$	(9,494,043)	\$	(8,591,005)
Business-Type Activities		24,285		153,305		188,562		184,715	_	(504,775)
Total Primary Government	\$	(7,783,422)	\$	(8,268,611)	\$	(8,620,545)	\$	(9,309,328)	\$	(9,095,780)
General Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes	\$	8,131,948	\$	9,231,672	\$	10,550,834	\$	9,856,879	\$	10,800,147
Investment Earnings		53,157		58,075		97,978		114,855		53,838
Contributions to Permanent Funds		59,460		54,765		54,269		54,564		61,349
Special Item		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		65,456		63,001		67,556		64,687		78,272
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,310,021	\$	9,407,513	\$	10,770,637	\$	10,090,985	\$	10,993,606
Business-Type Activities:										
Transfers	\$	(65,456)	\$	(63,001)	\$	(67,556)	\$	(64,687)	\$	(78,272)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	(65,456)	\$	(63,001)	\$	(67,556)	\$	(64,687)	\$	(78,272)
3		-		-		-		-		-
Total General Revenues and Transfers	\$	8,244,565	\$	9,344,512	\$	10,703,081	\$	10,026,298	\$	10,915,334
Change in Net Position (Governmental)	\$	502,314	\$	985,597	\$	1,961,530	\$	596,942	\$	2,402,601
Change in Net Position (Business-Type)		(41,171)		90,304		121,006		120,028		(583,047)
Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated)		10 405 027		10 600 202		20.005.122		22 162 741		22 070 020
Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated) Net Position - End of Year	÷	18,405,937	\$	18,699,203 19,775,104	\$	20,095,132	•	22,163,741	\$	22,878,920 24,698,474
NEU FUSICION - ENG OF FEAF	\$	18,867,080	Ф	19,7/5,104	Þ	22,177,668	\$	44,00U,/11	Þ	44,098,4/4

State of Oklahoma

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

(expressed in thousands)

(enpressed in thousands)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues				 	
Taxes:					
Income Taxes-Individual	\$ 2,722,648	\$ 2,854,034	\$ 2,893,520	\$ 2,965,231	\$ 2,944,246
Income Taxes-Corporate	443,358	583,829	396,087	373,518	333,838
Sales Tax	2,400,752	2,523,139	2,599,078	2,553,978	2,481,242
Gross Production Taxes	837,302	512,875	666,825	543,656	326,608
Motor Vehicle Taxes	692,046	678,075	788,668	772,697	761,052
Fuel Taxes	410,949	403,641	420,105	424,048	432,607
Tobacco Taxes	278,797	270,682	248,623	252,978	257,813
Insurance Taxes	124,653	145,420	167,489	183,722	181,133
Beverage Taxes	100,547	105,145	109,390	112,718	116,246
Other Taxes	360,086	265,997	401,397	429,572	397,902
Licenses, Permits and Fees	598,030	626,597	672,008	695,364	682,750
Interest and Investment Revenue	336,295	509,424	692,697	318,679	254,610
Federal Grants	6,934,571	6,647,031	6,746,151	6,652,689	6,667,592
Sales and Services	190,779	174,523	200,086	180,315	212,169
Other	 614,350	 865,023	 508,809	 810,615	 729,640
Total Revenues	\$ 17,045,163	\$ 17,165,435	\$ 17,510,933	\$ 17,269,780	\$ 16,779,448
Expenditures					
Education	\$ 4,395,104	\$ 4,406,724	\$ 4,359,511	\$ 4,459,227	\$ 4,373,024
Government Administration	1,741,287	1,857,921	2,204,090	1,522,733	1,699,571
Health Services	5,436,158	5,447,207	5,745,842	5,636,440	5,704,161
Legal and Judiciary	231,292	239,421	250,376	248,668	251,114
Museums	14,281	14,915	14,532	9,698	9,074
Natural Resources	211,946	337,867	246,556	273,081	281,530
Public Safety and Defense	764,714	768,059	798,173	786,197	826,716
Regulatory Services	111,911	122,354	128,460	150,864	191,627
Social Services	2,091,972	2,196,864	2,214,898	2,177,124	2,347,661
Transportation	208,009	212,248	225,768	203,021	237,427
Capital Outlay	1,302,447	1,104,103	894,684	1,451,605	1,764,073
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	98,831	221,187	361,488	408,643	191,272
Interest and fiscal Charges	 95,097	112,030	71,269	60,833	76,228
Total Expenditures	\$ 16,703,049	\$ 17,040,900	\$ 17,515,647	\$ 17,388,134	\$ 17,953,478
Revenues in Excess of					
(Less Than) Expenditures	\$ 342,114	\$ 124,535	\$ (4,714)	\$ (118,354)	\$ (1,174,030)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	73,168	67,955	81,020	83,587	85,002
Transfers Out	(7,287)	-	-	(7,376)	(6,023)
Bonds Issued	68,805	22,795	235,505	189,250	39,535
Notes Issued	-	-	-	-	-
Refunding Bonds Issued	6,140	67,555	-	-	-
Bond Issue Premiums	11,282	8,099	25,679	18,398	5,276
Bond Issue Discounts	(35)	(121)	-	-	-
Capital Leases and					
Certificates of Participation	5,659	5,256	322	365	-
Sale of Capital Assets	8,139	11,928	10,798	87,267	14,451
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 165,871	\$ 183,467	\$ 353,324	\$ 371,491	\$ 138,241
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 507,985	\$ 308,002	\$ 348,610	\$ 253,137	\$ (1,035,789)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year					
(as restated)	 6,367,321	 6,884,008	 7,192,011	 7,486,221	 7,728,478
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 6,875,306	\$ 7,192,010	\$ 7,540,621	\$ 7,739,358	\$ 6,692,689
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	1.3%	2.1%	2.6%	2.9%	1.7%

		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Revenues										
Taxes:										
Income Taxes-Individual	\$	2,948,868	\$	3,240,777	\$	3,469,633	\$	3,369,765	\$	3,573,364
Income Taxes-Corporate		169,639		251,163		312,862		221,699		456,186
Sales Tax		2,460,238		2,823,427		3,076,488		2,977,345		3,158,947
Gross Production Taxes		412,898		596,196		1,037,656		620,205		864,090
Motor Vehicle Taxes		757,223		868,042		887,074		935,103		889,607
Fuel Taxes		432,780		441,978		539,150		492,155		504,101
Tobacco Taxes		254,935		261,234		360,886		402,268		460,757
Insurance Taxes		164,008		181,614		176,198		172,060		177,539
Beverage Taxes Other Taxes		118,449 412,914		122,541 444,700		139,737 453,214		137,382 445,347		150,000 549,083
Licenses, Permits and Fees				780,649		808,705		822,181		855,592
Interest and Investment Revenue		711,014 655,229		435,657		496,851		221,631		
Federal Grants						6,811,030				1,097,293
Sales and Services		6,695,846 222,086		6,440,084 217,647		236,892		7,695,068 242,319		10,586,296 269,563
Other		759,334		700,142		977,713		756,848		784,900
Total Revenues	\$	17,175,461	d.	17,805,851	¢.	19,784,089	\$	19,511,376	\$	24,377,318
Total Revenues	φ	17,175,461	Þ	17,003,031	Þ	19,764,069	Ф	19,511,570	Ф	24,3//,310
Expenditures										
Education	\$	4,247,212	\$	4,262,822	\$	4,799,146	\$	5,173,956	\$	5,236,883
Government Administration		1,935,755		1,981,752		2,043,121		2,158,980		2,945,409
Health Services		5,614,255		5,595,980		5,954,945		6,190,644		6,788,138
Legal and Judiciary		254,551		255,739		263,275		270,298		273,784
Museums		7,444		7,650		12,553		12,997		13,199
Natural Resources		295,638		252,484		449,324		298,966		498,354
Public Safety and Defense		837,157		838,098		833,423		901,917		908,312
Regulatory Services		95,621		114,355		150,625		147,474		286,465
Social Services		2,192,547		2,145,461		2,179,379		2,454,286		3,281,031
Transportation		203,290		215,428		233,357		247,456		231,180
Capital Outlay		1,575,479		1,506,734		1,400,527		1,620,009		1,814,851
Debt Service		170 204		140.272		157.460		215 446		122 505
Principal Retirement		179,384		140,272		157,460		215,446		122,507
Interest and fiscal Charges	¢	72,994	¢.	59,145 17,375,920	đ	53,036	ф.	61,517	\$	58,380
Total Expenditures	\$	17,511,327	3	17,375,920	3	18,530,171	3	19,753,946	Þ	22,458,493
Revenues in Excess of										
(Less Than) Expenditures	\$	(335,866)	\$	429,931	\$	1,253,918	\$	(242,570)	\$	1,918,825
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In		81,634		78,997		90,891		98,455		96,401
Transfers Out		(16,178)		(15,996)		(23,335)		(33,768)		(18,129)
Bonds Issued		265,665		27,215		268,105		167,425		231,930
Notes Issued		· -		61,505		, -		, <u>-</u>		-
Refunding Bonds Issued		-		, -		-		-		22,135
Bond Issue Premiums		39,067		10,023		23,381		27,651		33,499
Bond Issue Discounts		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Leases and										
Certificates of Participation		440		-		-		-		-
Sale of Capital Assets		13,343		10,447		23,870		10,324		5,826
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	383,971	\$	172,191	\$	382,912	\$	270,087	\$	371,662
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$	48,105	\$	602,122	\$	1,636,830	\$	27,517	\$	2,290,487
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year										
(as restated)		6,692,689		6,740,794		7,645,668		9,263,965		9,291,482
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	6,740,794	\$	7,342,916	\$	9,282,498	\$	9,291,482	\$	11,581,969
Debt Service as a Percentage		1.00		1.20/		1 20/		1 50/		0.00/
of Noncapital Expenditures		1.6%		1.3%		1.2%		1.5%		0.9%

State of Oklahoma Personal Income by Industry

Last Ten Years (expressed in millions)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total Personal Income	\$ 142,862	\$ 154,958	\$ 161,188	\$ 167,292	\$ 178,250	\$ 179,238	\$ 170,791	\$ 182,302	\$ 187,327	\$ 198,552
Farm Earnings	881	1,253	1,128	1,303	2,043	1,390	949	672	1,300	1,437
Nonfarm Earnings	101,345	108,094	113,571	118,038	126,040	126,433	117,485	125,858	127,887	127,915
Private Earnings	79,024	87,058	92,367	96,706	103,580	103,347	94,363	102,252	103,000	102,256
Forestry, Fishing & Agriculture	273	244	268	357	229	255	275	273	258	266
Mining, Oil & Natural Gas Extraction	9,467	14,809	14,736	15,626	13,859	11,878	8,100	10,625	9,587	10,243
Utilities	1,468	1,537	1,573	2,044	1,637	1,648	1,526	1,502	1,742	1,485
Construction	5,390	6,381	7,296	7,509	7,767	7,964	7,348	7,612	7,719	7,728
Manufacturing - Durable	5,907	6,486	6,725	7,108	7,311	6,885	6,749	7,747	7,865	7,383
Manufacturing - Nondurable	3,675	3,500	3,839	3,915	3,147	3,255	3,014	3,969	4,283	3,896
Wholesale Trade	4,026	4,298	4,559	4,839	4,844	4,763	4,875	4,671	4,764	4,673
Retail Trade	6,749	7,080	7,329	7,603	7,253	7,450	7,147	7,107	7,271	7,861
Transportation and Warehousing	5,063	4,316	5,739	5,893	14,222	14,538	11,522	12,333	11,303	9,770
Services	37,006	38,407	40,303	41,812	43,311	44,711	43,807	46,413	48,208	48,951
Government	22,321	21,036	21,204	21,332	22,460	23,086	23,122	23,606	24,887	25,659
Federal, civilian	4,884	4,409	4,277	4,308	4,582	4,786	4,921	5,104	5,240	5,496
Military	3,240	2,438	2,355	2,216	2,171	2,195	2,228	2,320	2,449	2,638
State and Local	14,197	14,189	14,572	14,808	15,707	16,105	15,973	16,182	17,198	17,525
Highest Personal Income Tax Rate	5.50%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Corporate Income Tax Rate	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and the Oklahoma Tax Commission. Data is the latest available at time of printing.

State of Oklahoma Personal Income Tax Filers and Liability by Adjusted Gross Income Calendar (Tax) Years 2020 and 2011

Calendar Year 2020											
			Personal								
Adjusted	Number	Percentage	Income Tax	Percentage							
Gross Income Level	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total							
\$100,001 and higher	285,770	16%	\$1,855,762,512	58%							
\$75,001 - \$100,000	140,370	8%	397,186,440	13%							
\$50,001 - \$75,000	233,626	13%	439,911,992	14%							
\$25,001 - \$50,000	446,194	24%	403,338,428	13%							
\$10,001 - \$25,000	364,241	20%	69,213,599	2%							
\$10,000 and lower	354,382	19%	563,152	0%							
Total	1,824,583	100%	\$3,165,976,123	100%							

Calendar Year 2011											
A 1: 1	NI I	D .	Personal	D .							
Adjusted	Number	Percentage	Income Tax	Percentage							
<u>Gross Income Level</u>	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total							
\$100,001 and higher	206,577	12%	\$1,487,926,423	54%							
\$75,001 - \$100,000	125,744	7%	368,223,169	14%							
\$50,001 - \$75,000	215,687	13%	415,796,306	15%							
\$25,001 - \$50,000	416,278	24%	369,603,990	14%							
\$10,001 - \$25,000	421,352	25%	75,577,834	3%							
\$10,000 and lower	329,367	19%	821,544	0%							
Total	1,715,005	100%	\$2,717,949,266	100%							

Source: Oklahoma Tax Commission

State of Oklahoma Tax Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxes	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Aircraft Excise Tax	\$ 5,884,147	\$ 4,910,204	\$ 4,074,978	\$ 3,243,398	\$ 4,828,624
Alcoholic Beverage Excise Tax	23,614,156	25,553,610	26,372,098	26,987,301	26,646,189
Beverage Tax	24,979,667	24,653,353	23,896,702	23,283,684	22,887,790
Bingo Tax	132,086	127,801	105,890	80,475	61,400
Business Activity Tax	50,733,207	45,051,074	33,395,208	816,420	107,215
Charity Games Tax	28,177	42,535	34,835	37,195	18,534
Cigarette Tax	227,840,813	210,231,001	195,926,775	197,553,535	198,606,624
City Use Tax - Collect/Deposit	1,259,015	1,229,331	1,313,014	1,356,836	658,449
Coin Operated Device Decal	4,044,697	4,191,200	3,602,660	3,794,511	3,719,626
Controlled Dangerous Substance Tax	34,874	57,556	72,283	63,393	55,753
County Tax (Use & Lodging)	280,394	314,817	357,102	372,177	181,421
Diesel Fuel Excise Tax	77,027,777	73,785,574	80,309,870	79,234,208	68,837,914
Documentary Stamp Tax	11,991,469	15,282,903	15,763,766	18,191,408	18,008,889
Farm Implement Tax Stamps	8,328	10,818	11,611	11,697	10,666
Franchise Tax	758,202	540,824	1,126,420	56,540,151	56,198,494
Freight Car Tax	665,287	717,516	837,888	826,793	850,181
Gaming Exclusivity Fees	124,300,610	129,286,255	123,376,190	128,443,759	134,390,332
Gasoline Excise Tax	206,179,731	203,403,445	202,091,479	207,370,800	214,758,884
Gross Production Tax - Oil and Gas	724,903,048	373,494,633	477,781,300	401,619,064	196,635,110
Horse Track Gaming	18,612,058	20,483,704	20,615,037	20,592,150	20,890,153
Income Tax (Individual)	2,723,887,073	2,844,880,206	2,835,207,273	3,152,729,993	2,941,832,022
Income Tax (Corporate)	412,808,773	594,181,209	408,109,649	375,873,186	371,445,751
Inheritance and Estate Tax	1,814,854	135,523	873,332	1,056,925	126,278
Insurance Premium Tax	199,620,667	213,675,180	223,090,507	244,415,684	257,217,612
Medical Marijuana Excise Tax	-	-	-	-	-
Mixed Beverage Gross Receipts Tax	39,241,847	43,357,002	46,127,916	50,193,262	52,872,099
Occupational Health and Safety Tax	3,027,902	2,681,651	2,597,953	2,171,916	2,280,573
Pari-Mutuel Taxes	1,272,843	1,287,912	1,168,333	1,163,885	1,068,502
Pari-Mutuel - Other Tax	7,633	9,352	6,961	6,028	24,116
Petroleum Excise Tax	14,309,381	12,450,983	16,135,417	14,152,206	8,148,238
Rural Electric Co-operative Tax	1,770,676	1,842,173	2,055,243	2,214,029	2,031,514
Sales Tax	2,165,311,137	2,275,444,163	2,335,326,717	2,424,380,716	2,268,723,336
Sales Tax - City	14,906,819	15,541,756	14,952,187	16,725,211	8,964,736
Sales Tax - County	3,304,647	3,374,051	3,328,337	3,800,593	1,919,312
Special Fuel Decal	396,838	460,204	450,950	351,812	159,254
Special Fuel Use Tax	1,539,054	1,421,676	1,485,281	1,534,694	1,541,979
Tag Agent Remittance Tax	348,562,103	330,838,092	388,643,946	376,730,773	385,676,774
Telephone Surcharge	722,113	719,897	634,760	570,979	493,779
Tobacco Products Tax	34,415,644	37,643,515	40,243,152	44,462,393	47,592,850
Tribal Compact in Lieu of Tax Payments	41,910,495	43,741,973	31,908,905	27,372,341	28,901,523
Unclaimed Property Assessment	12,083,796	10,575,619	10,235,907	9,433,401	10,200,000
Unclassified Tax Receipts	366,977	49,413	43	436,149	209,126
Use Tax	206,228,223	221,082,285	237,162,483	240,423,735	208,492,766
Vehicle Revenue Tax Stamps	43,650	51,598	47,408	46,974	47,338
Workers' Compensation Awards - Assessments	22,723,364	34,801,759	55,465,606	63,469,440	57,157,971
Workers' Compensation Insurance Premium Tax	8,693,887	9,949,807	10,210,365	9,789,096	9,129,743
Other Taxes	23,170,322	28,001,415	32,368,659	37,118,891	33,803,335
Total	\$7,785,418,461	\$7,861,566,568	\$7,908,902,396	\$8,271,043,267	

Prepared using cash basis to aid in budgetary analysis. Source: Oklahoma Tax Commission as adjusted.

Taxes	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Aircraft Excise Tax	\$ 5,391,211	\$ 4,053,797	\$ 3,829,965	\$ 3,794,099	\$ 3,956,302
Alcoholic Beverage Excise Tax	28,106,231	28,556,548	36,983,470	44,835,030	49,101,359
Beverage Tax	22,331,800	21,877,356	9,072,758	-	-
Bingo Tax	29,185	101,233	66,773	44,609	37,217
Business Activity Tax	33,469	20,356	5,816	3,071	1,862
Charity Games Tax	13,514	17,394	10,673	10,906	12,589
Cigarette Tax	185,771,745	197,801,584	246,346,627	291,607,978	289,985,598
City Use Tax - Collect/Deposit	694,396	899,474	1,185,318	1,340,884	1,601,910
Coin Operated Device Decal	3,585,473	3,557,522	3,384,094	2,844,719	3,315,444
Controlled Dangerous Substance Tax	42,755	45,251	52,406	30,856	37,248
County Tax (Use & Lodging)	161,073	178,659	254,255	275,990	316,355
Diesel Fuel Excise Tax	80,680,616	83,928,077	128,861,400	134,645,265	118,817,071
Documentary Stamp Tax	19,078,660	21,022,186	21,555,093	21,995,939	26,411,147
Farm Implement Tax Stamps	7,886	8,177	9,225	10,657	9,872
Franchise Tax	52,175,517	59,063,475	57,322,320	52,706,327	53,492,108
Freight Car Tax	797,132	1,016,667	1,081,051	1,049,614	892,984
Gaming Exclusivity Fees	135,437,136	139,811,191	148,309,097	133,807,934	148,521,291
Gasoline Excise Tax	204,215,392	213,150,162	263,009,336	263,346,685	257,583,614
Gross Production Tax - Oil and Gas	270,569,184	480,533,689	858,159,342	678,981,057	522,603,697
Horse Track Gaming	20,738,589	25,459,166	28,358,978	26,307,770	20,491,172
Income Tax (Individual)	2,881,519,924	3,207,252,928	3,497,148,830	3,315,561,478	3,546,938,689
Income Tax (Corporate)	167,149,379	233,637,308	316,809,235	344,452,299	479,125,341
Inheritance and Estate Tax	256,834	176,713	-	-	-
Insurance Premium Tax	243,245,651	280,967,940	271,859,078	290,845,768	282,508,335
Medical Marijuana Excise Tax	-	-	4,648,134	39,063,301	65,618,066
Mixed Beverage Gross Receipts Tax	54,204,358	57,325,035	71,952,273	74,148,353	68,698,434
Occupational Health and Safety Tax	1,615,273	1,590,164	1,336,057	1,260,132	1,339,054
Pari-Mutuel Taxes	1,085,121	1,105,126	1,030,908	1,260,912	1,296,002
Pari-Mutuel - Other Tax	8,318	10,119	8,654	9,242	5,327
Petroleum Excise Tax	11,897,143	15,825,493	19,884,698	15,062,434	11,379,743
Rural Electric Co-operative Tax	2,048,871	2,163,108	2,321,431	2,307,049	2,315,690
Sales Tax	2,192,792,253	2,511,931,524	2,667,670,936	2,530,660,596	2,590,610,231
Sales Tax - City	8,283,457	8,903,019	9,347,469	9,308,745	9,872,578
Sales Tax - County	1,632,995	1,602,075	1,696,214	1,596,107	1,613,817
Special Fuel Decal	930,292	760,693	1,763,447	892,110	616,014
Special Fuel Use Tax	1,068,339	1,175,495	1,547,063	1,494,373	1,390,146
Tag Agent Remittance Tax	391,613,483	404,913,340	415,230,477	412,766,236	380,551,556
Telephone Surcharge	403,749	288,787	565,043	272,190	32,210
Tobacco Products Tax	50,725,702	52,835,101	56,054,853	57,622,723	63,466,721
Tribal Compact in Lieu of Tax Payments	30,894,381	38,587,904	56,755,231	59,239,982	58,757,811
Unclaimed Property Assessment	11,033,333	9,366,667	9,366,667	10,200,000	11,033,333
Unclassified Tax Receipts	5,884	46,065	522,069	-	94,833
Use Tax	219,582,282	276,137,946	375,238,267	409,580,822	467,578,147
Vehicle Revenue Tax Stamps	45,594	46,494	47,278	46,462	49,105
Workers' Compensation Awards - Assessments	48,609,051	49,240,983	47,490,599	41,611,770	28,911,724
Workers' Compensation Insurance Premium Tax	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,000,000	5,750,000	4,000,000
Other Taxes	35,231,845	35,434,656	39,398,595	42,153,143	47,157,754
Total	\$7,392,244,476	\$8,478,926,647	\$9,683,551,503	\$9,324,805,616	\$9,622,149,501

State of Oklahoma

Percentage of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total Expenditures

Governmental Funds

For Last Ten Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Debt Service											
Principal											
Retirement	\$ 98,831	\$ 221,187	\$ 361,488	\$ 408,643	\$ 191,272	\$ 179,384	\$ 140,272	\$ 157,460	\$ 215,446	\$ 122,507	
Interest and											
Fiscal Charges	95,097	112,030	71,269	60,833	76,228	72,994	59,145	53,036	61,517	58,380	
Total Debt Service	\$ 193,928	\$ 333,217	\$ 432,757	\$ 469,476	\$ 267,500	\$ 252,378	\$ 199,417	\$ 210,496	\$ 276,963	\$ 180,887	
Total											
Expenditures	\$ 15,400,602	\$ 15,936,797	\$ 16,620,964	\$ 15,936,529	\$ 16,189,405	\$ 15,935,848	\$ 15,869,186	\$ 17,129,644	\$ 18,133,937	\$ 20,643,642	
Ratio	1.259%	2.091%	2.604%	2.946%	1.652%	1.584%	1.257%	1.229%	1.527%	0.876%	

State of Oklahoma Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Primary Government

Last Ten Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental Activities Debt:																				
General Obligation Bonds	\$	175,645	\$	136,585	\$	131,955	\$	107,395	\$	82,100	\$	55,875	\$	28,530	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Obligation Bonds as a																				
Percentage of General Revenue ^a		2.03%		1.59%		1.49%		1.21%		0.97%		0.67%		0.30%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Per Capita (actual-not in thousands) ^b	\$	46	\$	36	\$	34	\$	28	\$	21	\$	14	\$	7	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Revenue bonds		1,424,555		1,353,449		1,255,988		1,283,082		1,157,304		1,311,850		1,233,266		1,391,031		1,361,390		1,515,942
Notes Payable		212,592		194,560		173,985		47,245		30,520		16,575		69,995		61,505		59,360		56,330
Capital Leases	_	8,710	_	10,712	_	8,271	_	6,526	_	4,202	_	2,740	_	1,362	_	544	_	78	_	<u> </u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,821,502	\$	1,695,306	\$	1,570,199	\$	1,444,248	\$	1,274,126	\$	1,387,040	\$	1,333,153	\$	1,453,080	\$	1,420,828	\$	1,572,272
Business-Type Activities Debt:																				
Revenue Bonds	\$	832,597	\$	931,413	\$	801,159	\$	778,800	\$	867,324	\$	854,028	\$	904,908	\$	1,002,415	\$	903,998	\$	1,201,880
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	832,597	\$	931,413	\$	801,159	\$	778,800	\$	867,324	\$	854,028	\$	904,908	\$	1,002,415	\$	903,998	\$	1,201,880
Total Primary Government	\$	2,654,099	\$	2,626,719	\$	2,371,358	\$	2,223,048	\$	2,141,450	\$	2,241,068	\$	2,238,061	\$	2,455,495	\$	2,324,826	\$	2,774,152
Total Primary Government Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income ^c		1.84%		1.68%		1.46%		1.32%		1.20%		1.34%		1.31%		1.35%		1.24%		1.40%
Per Capita (actual-not in thousands) b	\$	694	\$	684	\$	618	\$	569	\$	543	\$	569	\$	568	\$	621	\$	585	\$	693

a - General Revenue values can be found in the Changes in Net Position statistics schedule.

b - Population data can be found in the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule. The amount for the current year is estimated. Population data for the current year was unavailable at printing.

c - Debt by Type information can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The percentage for the current year is estimated. Current year personal income data was unavailable at printing.

State of Oklahoma Revenue Bond Coverage Enterprise Fund and Component Units For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

(expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year	Gross	Operating	Net Revenues	Debt Service	Debt Serv.
	Ended	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	for Debt Service	Requirements	Coverage
COMPONENT UNITS:						
Oklahoma Student Loan Authority	2021	\$ 20,587	\$ 16,433	\$ 4,154	\$ 1,453	2.86
(June 30 year end)	2020	21,248	16,407	4,841	3,485	1.39
	2019	21,509	12,486	9,023	5,110	1.77
	2018	19,324	12,961	6,363	4,932	1.29
	2017	14,981	10,734	4,247	4,181	1.02
	2016	12,890	9,488	3,402	4,010	0.85
	2015	12,614	9,552	3,062	4,323	0.71
	2014	14,229	9,720	4,509	5,251	0.86
	2013	19,195	9,319	9,876	7,002	1.41
	2012	16,201	2,134	14,067	6,823	2.06
Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency	2020	\$ 39,034	\$ 13,880	\$ 25,154	\$ 14,253	1.76
(September 30 year end)	2019	37,084	13,925	23,159	25,880	0.89
	2018	13,765	12,164	1,601	11,423	0.14
	2017	16,080	12,149	3,931	14,160	0.28
	2016	31,793	11,914	19,879	18,524	1.07
	2015	35,347	12,395	22,952	25,043	0.92
	2014	39,286	15,461	23,825	41,461	0.57
	2013	18,003	19,773	(1,770)	115,088	-0.02
	2012	47,532	14,855	32,678	88,459	0.37
	2011	63,923	14,131	49,792	69,559	0.72
Oklahoma Turnpike Authority	2020	\$ 360,708	\$ 123,025	\$ 237,683	\$ 109,627	2.17
(December 31 year end)	2019	374,572	114,533	260,039	136,825	1.90
	2018	343,609	105,857	237,752	96,111	2.47
	2017	318,082	101,888	216,194	90,346	2.39
	2016	278,200	93,972	184,228	93,246	1.98
	2015	263,317	85,532	177,785	94,634	1.88
	2014	257,863	82,048	175,815	108,314	1.62
	2013	242,226	81,593	160,633	91,893	1.75
	2012	241,379	86,706	154,674	101,570	1.52
	2011	235,369	87,918	147,451	99,141	1.49
Grand River Dam Authority	2020	\$ 415,101	\$ 275,796	\$ 139,305	\$ 85,178	1.64
(December 31 year end)	2019	444,096	278,935	165,161	75,502	2.19
	2018	441,177	290,887	150,290	64,871	2.32
	2017	445,125	322,537	122,588	75,601	1.62
	2016	441,662	300,547	141,115	74,787	1.89
	2015	425,083	229,863	195,220	75,542	2.58
	2014	485,012	307,941	177,071	79,109	2.24
	2013	432,799	251,386	181,413	134,919	1.34
	2012	423,614	272,188	151,425	135,799	1.12
	2011	418,551	254,480	164,071	136,623	1.20

	Fiscal Year	Gross	Operating	Net Revenues	Debt Service	Debt Serv.
	Ended	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	for Debt Service	Requirements	Coverage
Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority	2020	\$ 172,378	\$ 119,556	\$ 52,822	\$ 49,840	1.06
(December 31 year end)	2019	188,435	128,810	59,625	50,208	1.19
	2018	192,733	136,649	56,084	51,832	1.08
	2017	188,903	132,271	56,632	52,010	1.09
	2016	186,775	131,533	55,242	50,392	1.10
	2015	185,981	132,151	53,830	45,125	1.19
	2014	192,273	136,025	56,248	49,563	1.13
	2013	179,321	135,198	44,123	39,685	1.11
	2012	175,506	124,308	51,198	43,857	1.17
	2011	175,983	126,187	49,796	44,848	1.11
Higher Education	2021	\$6,413,308	\$4,544,083	\$ 1,869,225	\$ 297,521	6.28
(June 30 year end)	2020	5,506,178	4,561,979	944,197	443,894	2.13
	2019	5,336,055	4,445,789	890,266	164,939	5.40
	2018	5,195,741	4,480,202	715,539	183,513	3.90
	2017	5,138,290	4,432,737	705,553	251,231	2.81
	2016	4,762,338	4,308,023	454,315	291,597	1.56
	2015	4,843,892	4,122,226	721,666	113,085	6.38
	2014	5,015,949	4,107,758	908,191	274,979	3.30
	2013	5,953,195	3,944,790	2,008,405	147,220	13.64
	2012	5,389,947	3,932,409	1,457,538	148,780	9.80
ENTERPRISE FUND:						
Oklahoma Water Resources Board	2021	\$ 30,247	\$ 1,647	\$ 28,600	\$ 100,078	0.29
(June 30 year end)	2020	26,836	9,680	17,156	38,944	0.44
	2019	25,754	781	24,973	39,446	0.63
	2018	21,604	641	20,963	56,558	0.37
	2017	20,714	645	20,069	76,004	0.26
	2016	22,601	1,460	21,141	40,318	0.52
	2015	20,918	766	20,152	42,672	0.47
	2014	20,600	1,287	19,313	50,395	0.38
	2013	20,128	1,427	18,701	56,376	0.33
	2012	17,580	1,036	16,544	40,532	0.41

 ⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues including interest and investment income, but excluding revenues restricted to other debt.
 (2) Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation and operating interest (where applicable)
 - Revenue bond coverage is not intended to portray compliance with bond indenture agreements.
 - Debt service requirements do not include one-time debt service payments from refunding bonds.

State of Oklahoma Major Employers by Size Non-Government

For years 2011 and 2020

Non-Governmental Major Employers 2011	Non-Governmental Major Employers 2020	Employment 2020	Percentage of Total State Employment 2020
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	38,500	2.22%
Integris Health	Amazon	11,000	0.63%
American Airlines	Integris Health, Inc.	9,600	0.55%
Saint Francis Hospital	Hobby Lobby Stores Inc.	7,700	0.44%
Saint John Medical Center	Chickasaw Nation	6,800	0.39%
Chesapeake Energy Corporation	Saint Francis Hospital Inc.	6,400	0.37%
W. H. Braum, Inc.	Mercy Health	5,900	0.34%
Conoco Phillips	Braum's Inc.	5,600	0.32%
Express Employment Professionals	Choctaw Nation of OK	5,100	0.29%
	American Airlines	5,000	0.29%

Source: Oklahoma Department of Commerce

 $Note: The \ information \ above \ is \ compiled \ by \ the \ Department \ of \ Commerce \ and \ is \ the \ latest \ available \ at \ the \ date \ of \ publication.$

State of Oklahoma Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1	Population	^a (in thousands)	Personal Income ^a	Per C	apita Personal		Civilian Labor Force ^b				
		Change from		Change from				Oklahoma as a					
		Prior	State of	Prior	State of		State of	Percentage			Unemployment		
Year	U. S.	Period	Oklahoma	Period	Oklahoma	U.S.	Oklahoma	of U.S.	Employed	Unemployed	Rate		
	044 = 00	. =	. =					00.6604	4.660.000	100.000	ć 20/		
2011	311,592	0.72%	3,792	0.80%	142,862	41,560	37,679	90.66%	1,662,000	109,000	6.2%		
2012	313,914	0.75%	3,815	0.61%	154,958	43,735	40,620	92.88%	1,709,000	94,000	5.2%		
2013	316,129	0.71%	3,851	0.94%	161,188	44,765	41,861	93.51%	1,718,000	99,000	5.4%		
2014	318,857	0.86%	3,878	0.70%	167,292	46,129	43,138	93.52%	1,704,000	80,000	4.5%		
2015	321,419	0.80%	3,911	0.85%	178,250	48,112	45,573	94.72%	1,764,000	78,000	4.2%		
2016	323,128	0.53%	3,924	0.33%	167,503	49,246	42,692	86.69%	1,739,000	89,000	4.9%		
2017	325,719	0.80%	3,931	0.18%	170,791	50,392	43,449	86.22%	1,756,000	79,000	4.3%		
2018	327,167	0.44%	3,943	0.31%	182,302	54,446	46,233	84.92%	1,779,000	63,000	3.4%		
2019	328,240	0.33%	3,957	0.36%	187,328	56,490	47,341	83.80%	1,781,000	61,000	3.3%		
2020	329,484	0.38%	3,981	0.61%	198,552	59,510	49,878	83.81%	1,735,000	113,000	6.1%		

a - source U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis as adjusted. b - source Oklahoma Employment Security Commission.

State of Oklahoma School Enrollments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Public School Enrollments:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Early Childhood	40,688	37,929	40,121	40,129	39,474	36,377	36,679	36,790	37,212	32,268
Kindergarten	52,114	52,339	54,649	55,127	53,453	49,620	49,334	50,039	50,299	48,065
Elementary School	248,398	252,235	266,499	257,154	248,631	251,280	249,922	247,719	246,294	241,409
Junior High/Middle School	140,964	130,505	141,539	123,812	142,131	140,895	141,909	145,575	151,095	152,194
Senior High School	175,949	173,193	154,144	184,074	187,031	188,966	190,312	192,690	193,470	195,962
No-High School Districts (Grades 1-8)	23,596	23,549	17,215	24,151	18,179	22,637	22,644	21,652	21,689	20,293
Special Education (Early Childhood)	1,798	1,535	1,542	2,070	2,169	2,274	2,418	2,646	2,193	2,748
Out-of-Home Placements	1,915	1,905	1,616	1,783	1,602	1,661	1,598	1,475	1,398	1,174
Total	685,422	673,190	677,325	688,300	692,670	693,710	694,816	698,586	703,650	694,113
Higher Education:										
Public Institutions	256,213	251,096	236,865	228,768	225,858	221,207	216,191	210,090	223,812	200,592
Private Institutions	26,830	27,708	26,175	17,997	17,494	17,837	16,909	15,762	23,933	14,705
Total	283,043	278,804	263,040	246,765	243,352	239,044	233,100	225,852	247,745	215,297
Career-Technology Education:										
Secondary *	148,831	151,720	149,501	152,227	150,958	156,673	159,686	156,737	154,804	142,341
Adult	354,949	376,783	372,687	394,650	366,538	354,839	363,222	401,432	300,320	283,784
Total	503,780	528,503	522,188	546,877	517,496	511,512	522,908	558,169	455,124	426,125

 $[\]hbox{\it *-These students may also be included in public school enrollments above}.$

Sources: Department of Education, Regents for Higher Education, and Department of Career and Technology Education

State of Oklahoma Government Employees by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years (excluding higher education)

<u>-</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function:										
Education	832	836	817	782	767	740	768	724	818	822
Government										
Administration	2,275	2,828	2,829	2,633	2,624	2,529	2,508	2,382	2,409	2,314
Health Services	4,254	4,337	4,434	4,519	4,497	4,429	3,873	5,642	4,346	4,356
Legal and Judiciary	2,276	2,275	2,220	2,255	2,216	2,135	2,086	2,155	2,132	2,098
Museums	149	151	145	140	129	112	116	118	124	124
Natural Resources	2,292	2,266	2,254	2,360	2,325	2,329	2,291	1,767	2,266	2,408
Public Safety and Defense	6,311	6,320	6,367	6,338	6,409	6,564	6,586	6,594	6,739	6,365
Regulatory Services	1,280	1,289	1,302	1,023	1,030	1,087	1,126	1,067	1,110	1,046
Social Services	11,033	10,960	11,268	11,518	10,911	10,109	9,475	7,771	9,621	9,546
Transportation	2,893	2,865	2,906	2,868	2,912	2,840	2,886	2,376	2,917	2,808
Total	33,595	34,127	34,542	34,436	33,820	32,874	31,715	30,596	32,482	31,887

Source: The Human Capital Management division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services.

State of Oklahoma Capital Assets Utilization by Function Primary Government

Last Ten Fiscal Years (net of depreciation, expressed in thousands)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities:										
Education	\$ 29,906	\$ 29,628	\$ 33,274	\$ 32,602	\$ 33,110	\$ 32,936	\$ 32,736	\$ 33,017	\$ 33,873	\$ 34,646
Government Administration	289,578	291,033	289,411	286,592	276,274	250,684	238,202	142,663	136,050	192,367
Health Services	162,355	157,101	151,996	151,408	157,047	166,329	167,742	165,904	166,674	178,588
Legal and Judiciary	349	1,066	824	529	1,168	818	526	2,376	2,216	1,960
	12,505	13,169	13,920	12,942	13,894	13,754	13,614	13,548	13,410	13,275
Natural Resources	193,947	200,208	218,155	233,997	251,259	270,754	271,772	290,751	307,321	308,552
Public Safety and	524,859	529,224	522,170	507,035	444,173	429,586	424,454	428,682	439,443	459,306
Regulatory Services	904	859	726	947	804	676	496	5,852	8,480	15,454
Social Services	115,417	104,439	86,288	87,785	85,479	77,556	88,957	99,458	118,215	129,510
Transportation	9,159,061	9,433,515	9,692,860	9,957,686	10,335,267	10,690,785	10,974,397	11,236,685	11,543,699	11,905,658
Governmental activities, net	\$10,488,881	\$10,760,242	\$11,009,624	\$11,271,523	\$11,598,475	\$11,933,878	\$12,212,896	\$12,418,936	\$12,769,381	\$13,239,316
Business-type activities, net	\$ 126	\$ 1,037	\$ 1,415	\$ 1,914	\$ 2,856	\$ 2,477	\$ 2,085	\$ 1,543	\$ 1,118	\$ 709

State of Oklahoma Operating Indicators for Governmental Functions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Government Administration	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021
Office of Management and Enterprise Services	1,217	1,168	1,104	1,093	1,076	1,050	1,007	1,007	1,068	1,051
Number of buildings managed	19	20	20	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Health Services Department of Health										
Retail food establishment inspections	45,874 46,662	43,083 43,671	44,939 47,831	45,417 48,417	47,457 48,913	45,887 47,238	47,414 48,602	35,878 56,750	29,175 36,389	34,561 36,627
Facility licensing, inspections and complaints	4,078 18,512	2,223 19,340	2,492 19,006	2,275 18,987	2,901 18,880	2,231 18,722	2,227 18,135	2,266 19,754	1,399 16,424	1,208 16,242
Mental Health and Substance Abuse Department										
Mental Health Substance Abuse Hospitals - Inpatient Care	65,356 19,351 3	65,314 18,208 3	* 166,181 37,292 3	167,464 39,747 2	172,096 39,257 2	175,823 37,709 2	177,882 32,847 2	182,583 33,413 2	183,767 31,733 2	171,230 29,057 2
Legal and Judiciary Oklahoma Indigent Defense system										
Included above: Non-capital trial cases	43,712 35,000 98 540 \$368 \$21,551	43,980 43,167 67 595 \$361 \$25,955	48,401 47,543 53 648 \$346 \$36,710	49,723 48,964 50 565 \$304 \$37,075	58,025 57,318 44 663 \$334 \$40,252	60,747 59,986 58 703 \$333 \$48,385	61,115 60,317 56 742 \$474 \$41,224	64,897 64,133 37 727 \$499 \$61,864	58,853 58,220 31 602 \$639 \$49,522	56,658 55,973 34 651 \$706 \$36,637
Museums J. M. Davis Memorial Museum - 40,000 sq. ft.	50,000 35,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 28,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 30,000	50,000 30,000
Oklahoma Historical Society										
Number of artifacts (on exhibit, approximate)	>2,000 254,634	>2,000 214,723	>2,000 183,251	>2,000 183,000	>2,000 182,000	>2,000 185,000	2,500 199,000	2,500 196,000	2,500 196,000	2,500 196,000
Will Rogers Memorial Museum - 26,631 sq.ft., 28 acres - 12 Galleries, Theat and Children's Museum; Library - 1,518 sq. ft.; Birth, Archives - number of documents, photographs Visitors and researchers per year (approximate)		es 18,000 32,000	18,000 29,000	18,000 31,000	36,000 26,000	30,000 40,000	30,000 40,000	30,000 40,000	30,000 40,000	30,000 40,000
Natural Resources										
Wildlife Conservation Number of Anglers in State (last census)	729,000 244,000	508,000 149,000	508,000 149,000	513,000^ 151,000^						
Number of Wildlife Watchers (last census)	1,263,000	1,263,000	1,263,000	1,263,000	1,263,000	1,263,000	1,263,000	1,703,000	1,703,000	1,720,000^

Source: State and federal agency reports. Data above is the latest available at the date of publication.

^{* - 2014} increase due to ODMHSAS becoming responsible for Medicaid outpatient behavioral health.
 ^ - Reporting source changed participation from state to regional in 2019; state reporting extrapolated from regional statistics

Public Safety and Defense	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Department of Public Safety Driver's Licenses Issued	694,557	741.938	835,807	727,169	726,740	758,277	773,495	743.173	797.078	726,597
Citations Processed	158,914	182,073	198,518	200,826	213,616	205,905	162,542	171,885	144,414	157,235
Collision Reports Processed	73,462	68,406	82,067	74,267	72,537	83,320	79,615	77,254	70,880	69,062
	25,469	25.846	26.473	27,256	27.064	27.399	26.863	25,770	26.672	24,995
	24,526	25,159	26,874	27,889	27,004	26,710	27,010	26,821	24,979	21,791
	96.3%	97.3%	101.5%	102.3%	103.4%	97.5%	100.5%	104.1%	93.7%	87.2%
Per diem cost/day - Maximum Security	\$78.50	\$87.01	\$100.80	\$87.20	\$84.01	\$94.13	\$98.19	\$90.48	\$108.17	\$90.320
Per diem cost/day - Medium Security	\$38.94	\$40.17	\$47.47	\$42.83	\$45.46	\$45.73	\$46.73	\$52.35	\$61.71	\$56.740
Regulatory Services Oklahoma Corporation Commission										
	421	418	420	411	410	359	361	365	350	349
	31,805	40,052	40,594	43,642	44,269	46,463	56,740	73,510	53,551	47,966
Oil and gas wells plugged	135,230	139,569	152,280	157,188	156,722	178,913	143,774	145,406	147,433	128,522
on and gas wens pragged	1,948	1,319	1,485	1,226	2,403	1,072	1,253	574	1,233	1,428
	0	167	206	176	132	44	119	138	110	82
	4,326	5,760	6,011	4,371	4,384	4,923	4,912	4,655	3,442	4,851
	70,649	75,939	80,397	80,742	83,649	73,169	74,072	73,694	56,324	80,332
Social Services										
Department of Human Services										
Adoption subsidies (end of fiscal year)	13,114	13,706	14,123	15,333	16,611	18,417	19,337	20,208	20,868	21,044
Adult protective svcs (state fiscal year) Child care services provided	16,012	15,223	15,010	14,807	9,821	8,499	5,932	4,306	7,907	5,519
(monthly average)	36,444	34,722	33,322	32,336	31,713	44,942	43,642	49,950	49,053	46,961
	4,213	3,960	3,825	3,558	3,438	3,317	3,185	3,038	2,986	2,825
	135,585	132,625	131,150	126,123	124,200	122,253	120,930	117,031	115,771	113,360
(state fiscal year)	9,842	11,418	14,172	15,252	15,187	15,289	15,951	15,809	15,911	14,466
(cases-quarterly average)	202,743	203,209	206,746	207,677	206,701	201,459	194,836	189,917	185,424	177,021
(end of fiscal year) Elderly support services	9,894	9,772	9,777	9,693	8,905	8,186	7,845	7,770	7,919	8,342
(meals/state fiscal year) Food stamps	6,265,779	6,105,823	6,056,081	6,324,185	6,630,634	6,570,061		5,338,165	4,632,964	8,058,794
(unduplicated count/state fiscal year)	891,555	889,137	615,412	867,968	874,873	850,855	825,583	804,641	816,375	833,205
Foster care children (end of fiscal year) Oklahoma Employment Security Commission	9,132	10,233	11,483	10,942	9,984	9,923	9,277	8,631	8,499	8,099
Initial unemployment claims Unemployment insurance paid (in thousands)	155,885 \$271,280	124,170 \$263,654	108,758 \$247,149	105,258 \$270,420	109,028 \$386,313	90,007 \$313,657	73,761 \$234,472	90,668 \$209,215	857,192 \$858,138	496,111 \$922,058
Transportation										
Oklahoma Department of Transportation										
State Highway System (miles)	12,882	12,882	12,882	12,265	12,265	12,265	12,265	12,265	12,254	12,254
Bridges on the State Highway System System usage growth next 20 years (est.)	6,800	6,800	6,800	6,828	6,828	6,828	6,828	6,828	6,794	6,794
Automobiles	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	26%	26%	27%	20%	20%
Trucks	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	52%	52%	30%	40%	40%
Freight railroads operating in Oklahoma	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	23	23
Passenger railroad Rail passengers (average per year)	1 81,000	1 81,000	1 81,000	1 82,000	1 82,000	1 82,000	1 82,000	1 82,000	68,000	68,000
Railroad track (miles)	3,746	3,746	3,746	3,740	3,740	3,740	3,740	3,740	3,244	3,244
Public Waterway Ports	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

 $[\]alpha$ - Estimated - current year

State of Oklahoma

Additional Information and Sources of Statistical Data

Fiscal Year 2021

Additional Information:

The population of Oklahoma has steadily increased since 2011, averaging 0.9% per year.

At the end of December 2020, the United States (U. S.) Bureau of Labor Statistics reported the state's unemployment rate was 4.5% compared to the national rate of 8.1%.

Oklahoma's total personal income rate has increased at an average of 4.3% annually since 2011. During the same period, Oklahoma's personal income per capita increased annually by an average of 3.4% compared to 4.0% nationally.

As a result, annual total tax collections since 2011 have increased by \$1,836,731,040 or 23.6%.

Please refer to the preceding Statistical Section tables, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Financial Statements and Notes for more details and analysis.

Sources of Statistical Data:

Data provided in the statistical section of the ACFR is the latest available at the time of publication.

Primary sources of statistical data provided in the Statistical Section of the ACFR include:

Oklahoma Department of Commerce

Oklahoma Department of Labor

Oklahoma Employment Security Commission

Oklahoma Tax Commission

Oklahoma Department of Education

Oklahoma Regents for Higher Education

Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology

Oklahoma Office of Management and Enterprise Services

U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

U. S. Census Bureau

U. S. Department of Commerce

U. S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Report Prepared by the Office of Management and Enterprise Services:

Administration - Steven Harpe, Director

- Amanda Rodriguez, State Chief Financial Officer

- Lisa Boyd, Executive Assistant

Division of Central Accounting and Reporting - Lynne Bajema, CPA, State Comptroller

- Steve L. Funck, CPA, CGFM, Deputy State Comptroller

- Jennie Pratt, CPA, CGFM, Director of Statewide Accounting

Financial Reporting Unit - Matt Clarkson, CPA, Financial Reporting Supervisor

- Roy M. Garcia, CPA, Financial Reporting Analyst

- Jennifer LeFlore, CPA, Financial Reporting Analyst

- Lahcen Darouich, CPA, Financial Reporting Analyst

- Chongwu Luan, Financial Reporting Analyst

With Assistance From:

Office of Management and Enterprise Services:

Budget - Brandy Manek, Director of Budget Policy, and Legislative Relations

John Gilbert, Revenue Advisor Brett Diebel, Senior Budget Analyst

Central Printing - Mark Dame, Jon Paulk, and Team

Communications - Denise White, Communications Manager

Office of the State Auditor and Inspector:

State Auditor and Inspector - Cindy Byrd, CPA

State Agency Audit Division - Lisa Hodges, CFE, CGFM, Deputy State Auditor

- Shelley Fleming, CPA, Director of State Agency Audits

- Billy Swindell, Deputy Director, and Team

State Agency Finance Officers and Teams

2021

OKLAHOMA

GENERAL INFORMATION

ADMITTED TO UNION (46TH STATE)	1907
CAPITAL	Oklahoma City
2020 POPULATION	3,959,353
POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE	57.7
COUNTIES	77

STATE SYMBOLS

NICKNAME	The Sooner State
МОТТО	Labor Omnia Vincit (Work Conquers All Things)
SONG	"OKLAHOMA!" (Music by Richard Rogers, Lyrics by Oscar Hammerstein II)
ANIMAL	American Buffalo (Bison)
BIRD	Scissor-Tailed Flycatcher
FISH	White Bass
INSECT	Honeybee
FRUIT	Strawberry
WILDFLOWER	Indian Blanket
FLORAL EMBLEM	Mistletoe
TREE	Redbud
MUSICAL INSTRUMENT	Fiddle
FOLK DANCE	Square Dance

AREA

TOTAL AREA	69,996 Square Miles
LAND AREA	68,595 Square Miles
WATER AREA	1,401 Square Miles

RECREATION

NUMBER OF STATE PARKS	38
NUMBER OF TRAILS	424
NUMBER OF LAKES	>200





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