**2020 Oklahoma Statutes  
Title 17. Corporation Commission  
§17-139.102. Definitions.**

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As used in the Oklahoma Telecommunications Act of 1997:

1. "Access line" means the facilities provided and maintained by a telecommunications service provider which permit access to or from the public switched network or its functional equivalent regardless of the technology or medium used;

2. "Administrative process" means an administrative application process which allows eligible local exchange telecommunications providers and eligible providers to request funding and an administrative submission process that allows Oklahoma Universal Service Fund Beneficiaries to submit a preapproval request directly with the Administrator. Both of the administrative processes shall not require an order from the Commission to determine eligibility for, allocate or disburse funds unless a request for reconsideration is filed;

3. "Administrator" means the Director of the Public Utility Division of the Corporation Commission;

4. "Commission" means the Corporation Commission of this state;

5. "Competitive local exchange carrier" or "CLEC" means, with respect to an area or exchange, a telecommunications service provider that is certificated by the Commission to provide local exchange services in that area or exchange within the state after July 1, 1995;

6. "Competitively neutral" means not advantaging or favoring one person or technology over another;

7. "Consortium" means, as used in Section 6 of this act, two or more Oklahoma Universal Service Fund Beneficiaries that choose to request support under the Federal Universal Service Support Mechanism or successor program or programs as a single entity;

8. "Contributing providers" means providers, including but not limited to providers of intrastate telecommunications, providers of intrastate telecommunications for a fee on a non-common-carrier basis, providers of wireless telephone service and providers of interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP). Contributing providers shall contribute to the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund and Oklahoma Lifeline Fund. VoIP providers shall be assessed only as provided for in the decision of the Federal Communications Commission, FCC 10-185, released November 5, 2010, or such other assessment methodology that is not inconsistent with federal law. Entities exempt from contributing to the Federal Universal Service Support Mechanisms are also exempt from contributing to the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund and Oklahoma Lifeline Fund consistent with 47 C.F.R., Section 54.706(d). The term "contributing providers" may be modified to conform to the definition of contributors as defined by the FCC if adopted by the Commission, after notice and hearing;

9. "Eligible healthcare entity" means a not-for-profit hospital, county health department, city-county health department, not-for-profit mental health and substance abuse facility or Federally Qualified Health Center in Oklahoma. Eligible healthcare entity shall also include telemedicine services provided by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections at facilities identified in Section 509 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

10. "Eligible local exchange telecommunications service provider" means ILEC, CLEC and commercial radio mobile service provider as those terms are used in the Oklahoma Telecommunications Act of 1997;

11. "Eligible provider" means, for purposes of Special Universal Services, providers of telecommunications services which hold a certificate of convenience and necessity and OneNet;

12. "End User Common Line Charge" means the flat-rate monthly interstate access charge required by the Federal Communications Commission that contributes to the cost of local service;

13. "Enhanced service" means a service that is delivered over communications transmission facilities and that uses computer processing applications to:

* a. change the content, format, code, or protocol of transmitted information,
* b. provide the customer new or restructured information, or
* c. involve end-user interaction with information stored in a computer;

14. "Exchange" means a geographic area established by an incumbent local exchange telecommunications provider as filed with or approved by the Commission for the administration of local telecommunications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town, or village and its environs and which may consist of one or more central offices together with associated plant used in furnishing telecommunications service in that area;

15. "Facilities" means all the plant and equipment of a telecommunications service provider, including all tangible and intangible real and personal property without limitation, and any and all means and instrumentalities in any manner owned, operated, leased, licensed, used, controlled, furnished, or supplied for, by, or in connection with the business of any telecommunications service provider;

16. "Federally Qualified Health Center" or "(FQHC)" means an entity which:

* a.is receiving a grant under Section 330 of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 254b, or is receiving funding from a grant under a contract with the recipient of such a grant and meets the requirements to receive a grant under Section 330 of the PHS Act,
* b .based on the recommendation of the Health Resources and Services Administration within the Public Health Service, is determined by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services to meet the requirements for receiving a grant as described in subparagraph a of this paragraph,
* c. was treated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, for purposes of part B of Section 330 of the PHS Act, as a comprehensive federally funded health center as of January 1, 1990, or
* d.is an outpatient health program or facility operated by a tribe or tribal organization under the Indian Self-Determination Act, 25 U.S.C., Section 450f et seq., or by an urban Indian organization receiving funds under Title V of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, 25 U.S.C., Section 1651 et seq.;

17. "Federal Universal Service Support Mechanism" is the support program established by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 U.S.C., Section 254(h). The program includes support for schools, libraries and healthcare providers;

18. "Funding year" means, for purposes of administering the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund, the period of July 1 through June 30;

19. "High speed Internet access service" or "broadband service" means, as used in Section 139.110 of this title, those services and underlying facilities that provide upstream, from customer to provider, or downstream, from provider to customer, transmission to or from the Internet in excess of one hundred fifty (150) kilobits per second, regardless of the technology or medium used including, but not limited to, wireless, copper wire, fiber optic cable, or coaxial cable, to provide such service;

20. "Hospital" means a healthcare entity that has been granted a license as a hospital by the Oklahoma Department of Health for that particular location;

21. "Incumbent local exchange telecommunications service provider" or "ILEC" means, with respect to an area or exchanges, any telecommunications service provider furnishing local exchange service in such area or exchanges within this state on July 1, 1995, pursuant to a certificate of convenience and necessity or grandfathered authority;

22. "Installation charge" means any charge for a nonrecurring service charged by an eligible provider necessary to initiate Special Universal Services. Installation charges may not exceed the cost which would be charged for installation, if the cost were not being paid for by the OUSF;

23. "Interexchange telecommunications carrier" or "IXC" means any person, firm, partnership, corporation or other entity, except an incumbent local exchange telecommunications service provider, engaged in furnishing regulated interexchange telecommunications services under the jurisdiction of the Commission;

24. "Internet" means the international research-oriented network comprised of business, government, academic and other networks;

25. "Local exchange telecommunications service" means a regulated switched or dedicated telecommunications service which originates and terminates within an exchange or an exchange service territory. Local exchange telecommunications service may be terminated by a telecommunications service provider other than the telecommunications service provider on whose network the call originated. The local exchange service territory defined in the originating provider's tariff shall determine whether the call is local exchange service;

26. "Local exchange telecommunications service provider" means a company holding a certificate of convenience and necessity from the Commission to provide local exchange telecommunications service;

27. "Not-for-profit hospital" means:

* a. a hospital located in this state which has been licensed as a hospital at that location pursuant to Section 1-701 et seq. of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes for the diagnosis, treatment, or care of patients in order to obtain medical care, surgical care or obstetrical care and which is established as exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3), or
* b. a hospital located in this state which is licensed as a hospital at that location pursuant to Section 1-701 et seq. of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes and is owned by a municipality, county, the state or a public trust for the diagnosis, treatment, or care of patients in order to obtain medical care, surgical care, or obstetrical care;

28. "Not-for-profit mental health and substance abuse facility" means a facility, not for the sole purpose of administration, which is operated by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services or a facility certified by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services as a Community Mental Health Care Center, a Community-Based Structured Crisis Center or a Community Comprehensive Addiction Recovery Center;

29. "Oklahoma High Cost Fund" means the fund established by the Commission in Cause Nos. PUD 950000117 and 950000119;

30. "Oklahoma Lifeline Fund" or "(OLF)" means the fund established and required to be implemented by the Commission pursuant to Section 139.105 of this title;

31. "Oklahoma Universal Service Fund" or "(OUSF)" means the fund established and required to be implemented by the Commission pursuant to Section 139.106 of this title;

32. "Oklahoma Universal Service Fund Beneficiary" means an entity eligible to receive Special Universal Services support as provided for in subsection A of Section 6 of this act;

33. "Prediscount amount" means the total cost of Special Universal Services, selected pursuant to the procedures set out in subparagraph 5 of subsection B of Section 6 of this act, before charges are reduced by federal or state funding support. The prediscount amount shall not include fees or taxes;

34. "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, governmental entity, public or private organization of any character, or any other entity;

35. "Primary universal service" means an access line and dial tone provided to the premises of residential or business customers which provides access to other lines for the transmission of two-way switched or dedicated communication in the local calling area without additional, usage-sensitive charges, including:

* a. a primary directory listing,
* b. dual-tone multifrequency signaling,
* c. access to operator services,
* d. access to directory assistance services,
* e. access to telecommunications relay services for the deaf or hard-of-hearing,
* f. access to nine-one-one service where provided by a local governmental authority or multijurisdictional authority, and
* g. access to interexchange long distance services;

36. "Public library" means a library or library system that is freely open to all persons under identical conditions and which is supported in whole or in part by public funds. Public library shall not include libraries operated as part of any university, college, school museum, the Oklahoma Historical Society or county law libraries;

37. "Public school" means all free schools supported by public taxation, and shall include grades prekindergarten through twelve and technology center schools that provide vocational and technical instruction for high school students who attend the technology center school on a tuition-free basis. Public school shall not include private schools, home schools or virtual schools;

38. "Regulated telecommunications service" means the offering of telecommunications for a fee directly to the public where the rates for such service are regulated by the Commission. Regulated telecommunications service does not include the provision of non-telecommunications services, including, but not limited to, the printing, distribution, or sale of advertising in telephone directories, maintenance of inside wire, customer premises equipment, and billing and collection service, nor does it include the provision of wireless telephone service, enhanced service, and other unregulated services, including services not under the jurisdiction of the Commission, and services determined by the Commission to be competitive;

39. "Special Universal Services" means the telecommunications services supported by the OUSF which are furnished to public schools, public libraries and eligible health care entities as provided for in Section 6 of this act;

40. "Tariff" means all or any part of the body of rates, tolls, charges, classifications, and terms and conditions of service relating to regulated services offered, the conditions under which offered, and the charges therefor, which have been filed with the Commission and have become effective;

41. "Telecommunications" means the transmission, between or among points specified by the user, of information of the user's choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received;

42. "Telecommunications carrier" means a person that provides telecommunications service in this state;

43. "Telecommunications service" means the offering of telecommunications for a fee;

44. "Telemedicine service" means the practice of health care delivery, diagnosis, consultation and treatment, including but not limited to the transfer of medical data or exchange of medical education information by means of audio, video or data communications. Telemedicine service shall not mean a consultation provided by telephone or facsimile machine;

45. "Universal service area" has the same meaning as the term "service area" as defined in 47 U.S.C., Section 214(e)(5);

46. "WAN" means a wide-area network that exists over a large-scale geographical area. A WAN connects different smaller networks, including local area networks and metro area networks, which ensures that computers and users in one location can communicate with computers and users in other locations;

47. "Wire center" means a geographic area normally served by a central office; and

48. "Wireless telephone service" means radio communication service carried on between mobile stations or receivers and land stations and by mobile stations communicating among themselves and which permits a user generally to receive a call that originates or terminates on the public switched network or its functional equivalent regardless of the radio frequencies used.