

Health Service Initiative Request #6

Individuals with Sickle Cell disease (SCD) experience lifelong complications including anemia, infections, stroke, tissue damage, organ failure, intense painful episodes, and premature death. These debilitating symptoms and the complex treatment needs of people living with SCD often limit their education, career opportunities, and quality of life. In Oklahoma, approximately 1,500 individuals enrolled in Sooner Care are impacted by SCD and its inherited disorders. Individuals living with SCD face a highly-fragmented system of care and health disparities in access and health outcomes. In this project, a newborn kit is designed to help new moms integrate into the sickle cell community, make connections with other parents/caregivers, ask the right questions and begin the lifelong journey of self-education, self-care management and knowing that they are not alone. A separate care kit is developed for children ages 6 to 18 to address isolation and depression for the child/youth and provide parents/caregivers with information that will assist them in identifying symptoms that their child/youth may be experiencing. The total estimated budget for FFY 19 is \$50,250; the federal share for FFY 19 is \$48,577, and the state share is \$1,673. The budget has been updated accordingly in Section 9.10 of the Plan.

Health Service Initiative Request #7

In 2015, there were 88 infants in Oklahoma that died before their first birthday due to Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) and Sudden Unexpected Infant Death (SUID); this was an increase from 67 deaths the previous year. This project seeks to increase the number of vulnerable infants that use a safe sleep environment during their first year of life. OHCA will work in partnership with the Oklahoma State Department of Health to expand a current effort working with delivery hospitals on safe sleep for newborns. Newborns assessed with a need will be eligible to receive a safe sleep kit to increase access to a safe sleep environment during their first year. The HSI funding will be used to cover the costs of the crib kits for newborns and a vendor for hospital recruitment and follow-up surveys. The total estimated budget for FFY 19 is \$61,000; the federal share for FFY 19 is \$58,969, and the state share is \$2,031. The budget has been updated accordingly in Section 9.10 of the Plan.

Health Service Initiative Request #8

Nearly half (45.7%) of all pregnancies in Oklahoma are unintended. In teens the number of unintended pregnancies is around 82%. Oklahoma experiences the 2nd highest teen birth rate in 15-19 year olds, and 1 in every 5 teen births is a subsequent birth. Pregnant and parenting teens are less likely to finish school, and more likely to live in poverty. Additionally, Medicaid is the principal source of payment for 9 of 10 subsequent births to teens in Oklahoma. Around 40% of unintended pregnancies are estimated to be the result of no use or misuse of contraception. Therefore, increasing access to highly effective forms of contraception such as long-acting reversible contraceptives (LARC) is a strategy that has shown promise in reducing unintended pregnancies. Through the use of HSI funding and the collaborative effort between the Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA) and the Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH), long-acting reversible contraceptives (LARC) will be purchased for health department locations statewide to increase access to low maintenance highly effective contraceptive methods and to decrease the number of unintended pregnancies in Oklahoma. The total estimated budget for FFY 19 is \$413,472; the federal share for FFY 19 is \$399,703, and the state share is \$13,769. The budget has been updated accordingly in Section 9.10 of the Plan.