SoonerCare Fast Facts
March 2014

TOTAL ENROLLMENT —
OKLAHOMA SOONERCARE (MEDICAID)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Qualifying Group</th>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Enrollment</th>
<th>% of Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aged/Blind/Disabled</td>
<td>Child</td>
<td>19,114</td>
<td>2.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged/Blind/Disabled</td>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>134,312</td>
<td>16.17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children/Parents</td>
<td>Child</td>
<td>515,685</td>
<td>62.07%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children/Parents</td>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>89,753</td>
<td>10.80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Child</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>0.01%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>21,978</td>
<td>2.65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma Cares (Breast &amp; Cervical Cancer)</td>
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<td>572</td>
<td>0.07%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SoonerCare (Family Planning)</td>
<td></td>
<td>48,821</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEFRA</td>
<td></td>
<td>506</td>
<td>0.06%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Enrollment 830,850
Adults 290,854 35%
Children 539,996 65%

*Effective Jan 1, 2014, SoonerPlan and full scope pregnancy benefits Federal Poverty Level income limit decreased to 133% from 185%.

CHIP Breakdown of Total Enrollment
Members qualifying for SoonerCare (Medicaid) eligibility under the CHIP program are under age 19 and have income between the maximum for standard eligibility and the expanded 185% of Federal Poverty Level (FPL) income guidelines.

Race is self-reported by members at the time of enrollment. The multiple race members have selected two or more races. Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race. Hispanics can be of any race and are accounted for in a race category above.

Data was compiled as of the report date. Numbers frequently change due to certifications occurring after the data is extracted and other factors. This report is based on data within the system prior to the report date. A majority of the data is a “point in time” representation of the specific report month and is not cumulative. Unless stated otherwise, CHILD is defined as an individual under the age of 21. The data is valid as of the report date and is subject to change.

4/15/2014
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Total Enrollment Trend

Oct-13 800,530
Nov-13 800,561
Dec-13 803,246
Jan-14 806,758
Feb-14 818,063
Mar-14 830,850

The increase beginning in January 2014 was by majority due to the requirement to maintain coverage through March 2014.

March 24, 2014

OHCA Contacts: Jo Kilgore - (405) 522-7474, Jennie Melendez - (405) 522-7404

OHCA Adds New Measure To Combat Public Crisis Of Prescription Drug Abuse

The mission of the OHCA Lock-In Program is to assist health care providers in monitoring potential abuse or inappropriate utilization of controlled prescription medications by SoonerCare members.

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA) has a new weapon in the war against prescription drug abuse. The agency has ramped-up its Pharmacy Lock-in Program so that certain SoonerCare (Oklahoma Medicaid) members cannot receive controlled substances from more than one health care provider. The measure aims to deter the practice of doctor shopping and prevent the possibility of accidental drug overdose – a growing and deadly problem in Oklahoma. The new lock-in requirement begins in summer 2014.

"We simply feel this is a necessary change to create a more effective and relevant lock-in program," said OHCA’s Health Care Management Medical Director, Dr. Mike Herndon. "We believe this additional measure will have a significant impact on the number of prescriptions those members who are in the Lock-in Program are able to acquire."

Presently, those SoonerCare members who are at risk of misusing prescribed controlled substances are restricted to the use of one pharmacy to fill all of their medications. The new requirement will limit these members to using both a single pharmacy and prescriber (health care provider). Pharmacy claims will be blocked from a prescriber who is not the lock-in member’s authorized prescriber. However, this lock-in will only apply to controlled substance prescriptions, including the painkillers Hydrocodone and Oxycodone.

Prescription drug abuse is an epidemic in Oklahoma, particularly in regard to narcotics. According to a recent report by the Trust for America’s Health, the Sooner state has the fifth highest drug overdose mortality rate in the U.S., a rate that tripled from 1999 to 2010. Other facts include:

- Oklahoma ranks eighth nationally for prescription drug addiction;
- Oklahoma pharmacies filled nearly 10 million prescriptions for narcotic painkillers and other controlled substances in 2013;
- Non-medical use of prescription painkillers occurs in about 5 percent of the population;
- Most Oklahomans who abuse prescription painkillers get them from their doctor or an acquaintance; and
- Most of Oklahoma’s drug-related deaths involve multiple substances.

The primary goal of the new OHCA lock-in provision is for SoonerCare members to receive the prescribed medication they need (including prescription painkillers) in the safest manner possible.

"This measure should not impact those members who seek to legitimately control their chronic pain since only those members who have been identified as being at risk for abuse, misuse or diversion are in the lock-in program," said Herndon. "This change actually put us more in line with other state Medicaid agencies' lock-in policies."