

Oklahoma Health Care Authority

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA) values your feedback and input. It is very important that you provide your comments regarding the proposed rule change by the comment due date. Comments can be submitted on the OHCA's [Proposed Changes Blog](#).

OHCA COMMENT DUE DATE: January 6, 2025

The proposed policy changes are Permanent Rules. The proposed policy changes were presented at the Tribal Consultation held on November 5, 2024. The proposed rule changes will be presented at a Public Hearing on January 6, 2025. Additionally, the proposed rules are scheduled to be presented to the Medical Advisory Committee on January 9, 2025 and the OHCA Board of Directors on January 15, 2025.

SUMMARY

The proposed revisions clarify the Oklahoma Health Care Authority's requirements for agency recognition of doula certifying organizations. The proposed criteria for doula certifying organizations address specialty certifications offered by the organization, frequency of recertification, training modalities, support experience required, references, and practice guidelines and standards (including ethics guidelines and a grievance/disciplinary policy).

LEGAL AUTHORITY

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority Act, Section 5007 (C)(2) of Title 63 of Oklahoma Statutes; The Oklahoma Health Care Authority Board

RULE IMPACT STATEMENT

STATE OF OKLAHOMA OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

SUBJECT: Rule Impact Statement
APA WF # 24-11

A. Brief description of the purpose of the rule:

The proposed policy revisions seek to clarify OHCA's requirements for agency recognition of doula certifying organizations. There are neither national standards nor minimum certification requirements for doulas. Each doula certifying organization sets its own requirements for doula certification. OHCA has developed minimum criteria that doula certifying organizations must meet to be recognized as an approved certifying organization. OHCA will only contract with doulas who are certified by an OHCA-recognized certifying organization to ensure a minimum training standard. The proposed criteria address specialty certifications offered by the organization, frequency of recertification, training modalities, support experience required, references, and practice guidelines and standards (including ethics guidelines and a grievance/disciplinary policy).

- B. A description of the classes of persons who most likely will be affected by the proposed rule, including classes that will bear the cost of the proposed rule, and any information on cost impacts received by the agency from any private or public entities:

Doula certifying organizations will be affected by this rule.

- C. A description of the classes of persons who will benefit from the proposed rule:

The proposed rule changes increase clarity and transparency that will benefit doula certifying organizations and doulas seeking to contract with OHCA. SoonerCare members will benefit from the high-quality care provided by doulas who meet OHCA's training and certification standards.

- D. A description of the probable economic impact of the proposed rule upon the affected classes of persons or political subdivisions, including a listing of all fee changes and, whenever possible, a separate justification for each fee change:

There is no economic impact and there are no fee changes associated with the rule change for the above classes of persons or any political subdivision.

- E. The probable costs and benefits to the agency and to any other agency of the implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule, the source of revenue to be used for implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule, and any anticipated effect on state revenues, including a projected net loss or gain in such revenues if it can be projected by the agency:

The proposed changes are budget neutral.

- F. A determination of whether implementation of the proposed rule will have an economic impact on any political subdivisions or require their cooperation in implementing or enforcing the rule:

The proposed rule will not have an economic impact on any political subdivisions or require their cooperation in implementing or enforcing the rule.

- G. A determination of whether implementation of the proposed rule will have an adverse effect on small business as provided by the Oklahoma Small Business Regulatory Flexibility Act:

The proposed rule will not have an adverse effect on small businesses as provided by the Oklahoma Small Business Regulatory Flexibility Act.

- H. An explanation of the measures the agency has taken to minimize compliance costs and a determination of whether there are less costly or non-regulatory methods or less intrusive methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule:

The Agency has taken measures to determine that there is no less costly or non-regulatory method or less intrusive method for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule.

- I. A determination of the effect of the proposed rule on the public health, safety, and environment and, if the proposed rule is designed to reduce significant risks to the public health, safety, and environment, an explanation of the nature of the risk and to what extent the proposed rule will reduce the risk:

The proposed rule should have no effect on the public health, safety, and environment.

- J. A determination of any detrimental effect on the public health, safety, and environment if the proposed rule is not implemented:

The Agency does not anticipate any detrimental effect on the public health, safety, or environment if the proposed rule changes are not implemented.

- K. The date the rule impact statement was prepared and if modified, the date modified:

Prepared: November 19, 2024

RULE TEXT:

TITLE 317. OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

CHAPTER 30. MEDICAL PROVIDERS-FEE FOR SERVICE

SUBCHAPTER 5. INDIVIDUAL PROVIDERS AND SPECIALTIES

PART 3. HOSPITALS

317:30-5-41. Inpatient hospital coverage/limitations

(a) Covered hospital inpatient services are those medically necessary services which require an inpatient stay ordinarily furnished by a hospital for the care and treatment of inpatients and which are provided under the direction of a physician or dentist in an institution approved under OAC: 317:30-5-40.1(a) or (b) Claims for inpatient admissions in acute care or critical access hospitals are reimbursed the lesser of the billed charges or the Diagnosis Related Groups (DRG) amount.

(b) **Inpatient status.** OHCA considers a member an inpatient when ~~the member is admitted to the hospital~~ and a physician writes an order for the member to be admitted to a participating hospital; the member is admitted and is receiving room, board, and professional services provided on a continuous twenty-four (24) hour a day basis; and a member is counted in the midnight census. A length of stay less than twenty-four (24) hours may be considered if the stay meets an inpatient acuity level of care. In situations when a ~~member~~member's inpatient admission occurs and the member dies, is discharged following an obstetrical stay, or is transferred to another facility on the day of admission, the member is also considered an inpatient of the hospital.

- (1) **Same day admission.** If a member is admitted and dies before the midnight census on the same day of admission, the member is considered an inpatient.
- (2) **Same day admission/discharge - obstetrical and newborn stays.** A hospital stay is considered inpatient stay when a member is admitted and delivers a baby, even when the mother and baby are discharged on the date of admission (i.e., they are not included in the midnight census). This rule applies when the mother and/or newborn are transferred to another hospital.
- (3) **Same day admission/discharges other than obstetrical and newborn stays.** In the event a member is admitted as an inpatient, but is determined to not qualify for an inpatient payment based on OHCA criteria, review, the hospital may bill on an outpatient claim for the ancillary services provided during that time.
- (4) **Discharges and Transfers.** A hospital inpatient is considered discharged from a hospital paid under the DRG-based payment system when:
 - (A) The patient is formally released from the hospital; or
 - (B) The patient dies in the hospital; or
 - (C) The patient is transferred to a hospital that is excluded from the DRG-based payment system, or transferred to a distinct part psychiatric or rehabilitation unit of the same hospital. Such instances will result in two or more claims. Effective January 1, 2007, distinct part psychiatric and rehabilitation units excluded from the Medicare Prospective Payment System (PPS) of general medical surgical hospitals will require a separate provider identification number.

317:30-5-47. Reimbursement for inpatient hospital services

Reimbursement will be made for inpatient hospital services in the following manner:

- (1) Covered inpatient services provided to eligible SoonerCare members admitted to in-state acute care and critical access hospitals will be reimbursed the lesser of the billed charges or the Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) amount. In addition to the billed charges or DRG payment, whichever is less, an outlier payment may be made to the hospital for very high-cost stays. Additional outlier payment is applicable if either the amount billed by the hospital or DRG payment, whichever applies, is less than a threshold amount of the hospital cost. Each inpatient hospital claim is tested to determine whether the claim qualified for a cost outlier payment. Payment is equal to a percentage of the cost after the threshold is met.
- (2) The lesser of the billed charges or DRG amount and outlier, if applicable, represent full reimbursement for all non-physician services provided during the inpatient stay. Payment includes but is not limited to:
 - (A) Laboratory services;
 - (B) Prosthetic devices, including pacemakers, lenses, artificial joints, cochlear implants, implantable pumps;
 - (C) Technical component on radiology services;
 - (D) Transportation, including ambulance, to and from another facility to receive specialized diagnostic and therapeutic services;
 - (E) Pre-admission diagnostic testing performed within seventy-two (72) hours of admission; and
 - (F) Organ transplants.
- (3) Charges for services or supplies deemed not medically necessary and/or not separately

billable may be recouped upon post payment review of outlier payments.

~~(3)~~(4) Hospitals may submit a claim for payment only upon the final discharge of the patient or upon completion of a transfer of the patient to another hospital.

~~(4)~~(5) Covered inpatient services provided to eligible members of the SoonerCare program, when treated in out-of-state hospitals will be reimbursed in the same manner as in-state hospitals. Refer to OAC 317:30-3-90 and 317:30-3-91.

~~(5)~~(6) Cases which indicate transfer from one (1) acute care hospital to another will be monitored under a retrospective utilization review policy to help ensure that payment is not made for inappropriate transfers.

~~(6)~~(7) The transferring hospital will be paid the lesser of the calculated transfer fee or the DRG base payment amount for a non-transfer.

~~(7)~~(8) If the transferring or discharge hospital or unit is exempt from the DRG, that hospital or unit will be reimbursed according to the method of payment applicable to the particular facility or units.

~~(8)~~(9) Covered inpatient services provided in out-of-state specialty hospitals may be reimbursed at a negotiated rate not to exceed one-hundred percent (100%) of the cost to provide the service. Negotiation of rates will only be allowed when the OHCA determines that the specialty hospital or specialty unit provides a unique (non-experimental) service required by SoonerCare members and the provider will not accept the DRG payment rate. Prior authorization is required.

~~(9)~~(10) New providers entering the SoonerCare program will be assigned a peer group and will be reimbursed at the peer group base rate for the DRG payment methodology or the statewide median rate for per diem methods.

~~(10)~~(11) All inpatient services are reimbursed per the methodology described in this Section and/or as approved under the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan.

~~(11)~~(12) For high-investment drugs, refer to OAC 317:30-5-47.6.