## Oklahoma Business Employment Dynamics Second Quarter 2022



Oklahoma Employment Security Commission Economic Research and Analysis Division

# OKLAHOMA BUSINESS EMPLOYMENT DYNAMICS 2nd Quarter 2022

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### **April 2023**

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#### OKLAHOMA BUSINESS EMPLOYMENT DYNAMICS: 2nd Quarter 2022

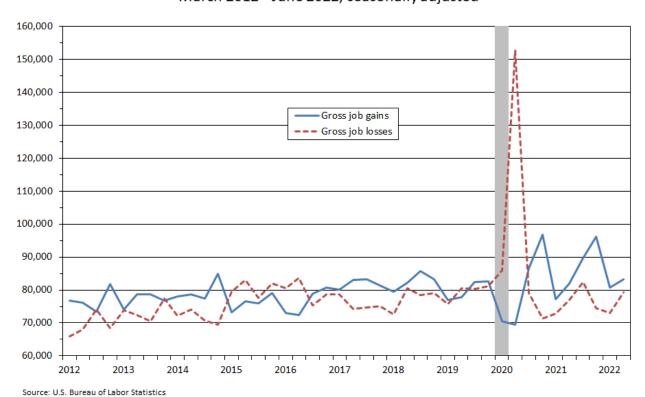
#### Gross Job Gains and Gross Job Losses: 2nd Quarter 2022

From March 2022 to June 2022, gross job gains from opening and expanding private-sector establishments in Oklahoma totaled 83,248, an increase of 2,586 jobs from the previous quarter. Over this period, gross job losses from closing and contracting private-sector establishments numbered 79,286, an increase of 6,168 jobs from the previous quarter, according to the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, Economic Research and Analysis Division, and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, (see Chart 1, below and Table 1, page 6). The difference between the number of gross job gains and the number of gross job losses yielded a net employment gain of 3,962 jobs in Oklahoma's private sector during the 2nd quarter of 2022.

Chart 1

Private sector gross job gains and gross job losses in Oklahoma

March 2012 - June 2022, seasonally adjusted



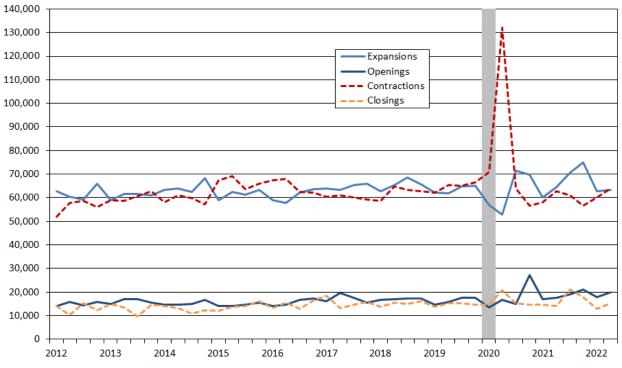
Note: Shaded area represents NBER defined recession period.

The change in the number of jobs over time is the net result of increases and decreases in employment that occur at all businesses in the economy. Business Employment Dynamics (BED) statistics track these changes in employment at private business establishments from the third month of one quarter to the third month of the next. *Gross job gains* are the sum of increases in employment from expansions at existing establishments and the addition of new jobs at opening establishments. *Gross job losses* are the result of contractions in employment at existing establishments and the loss of jobs at closing establishments. The difference between the number of gross job gains and the number of gross job losses is the net change in employment, (see Technical Note, page 6, for more information).

Chart 2

Components of private sector gross job gains and losses in Oklahoma

March 2012 - June 2022, seasonally adjusted



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: Shaded area represents NBER defined recession periods.

#### Gross Job Gains and Losses: Openings vs. Closings and Expansions vs. Contractions

Gross job gains are the sum of increases in employment due to expansions at existing establishments and the addition of new jobs at opening establishments. Gross job gains at expanding establishments in Oklahoma totaled 63,349 in the 2nd quarter of 2022, an increase of 470 jobs compared to the previous quarter. Opening establishments accounted for 19,899 of the jobs gained in the 2nd quarter of 2022, an increase of 2,116 jobs from the previous quarter, (see Chart 2, above).

Gross job losses are the result of contractions in employment at existing establishments and the loss of jobs at closing establishments. Contracting establishments in Oklahoma lost 64,005 jobs in the 2nd quarter of 2022, an increase of 3,838 jobs from the prior quarter. In the 2nd quarter, closing establishments lost 15,281 jobs, an increase of 2,330 jobs from the previous quarter.

#### **Establishment Births and Deaths**

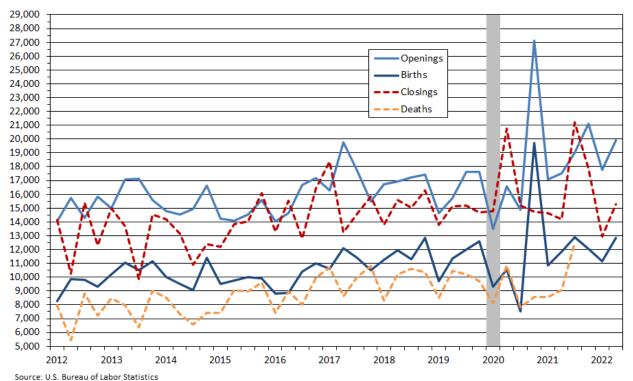
In Oklahoma, the number of private sector establishment births, (a subset of the openings data), increased by 386, for a total of 3,868 establishments in the 2nd quarter of 2022. These new establishments accounted for 12,831 jobs, an increase of 1,655 jobs from the previous quarter, (see Chart 3, next page).

Data for establishment deaths, (a subset of the closings data), are now available through the 3rd quarter of 2021, when 12,519 jobs were lost at 3,367 establishments, an increase of 3,475 jobs from the 2nd quarter of 2021, (see Chart 3, below).

Chart 3

Employment from private sector openings, closings, births and deaths in Oklahoma

March 2012 - June 2022, seasonally adjusted



Note: Shaded area represents NBER defined recession periods.

#### Gross Job Gains and Gross Job Losses: Percent of Total Private Sector Employment

In the 2nd quarter of 2022, gross job gains represented 6.4 percent of private-sector employment in Oklahoma with expansions accounting for 4.9 percent of total private sector employment and openings contributing 1.5 percent. Nationally, gross job gains accounted for 6.4 percent of private sector employment in the 2nd quarter of 2022. With few exceptions, Oklahoma's rates of gross job gains have generally tracked with the U.S. rates. However, beginning in the 1st quarter of 2015, the rate of Oklahoma's gross job gains slipped below the national rate for seven consecutive quarters, exceeded the U.S. rate in the following nine quarters but has lagged behind the U.S. rate in seven out of the past 12 quarters, (see Chart 4, page 4).

In the 2nd quarter of 2022, gross job losses represented 6.2 percent of private-sector employment in Oklahoma, with contractions accounting for 5.0 percent and closings adding another 1.0 percent. The national rate of gross job losses was 6.7 percent in the 2nd quarter of 2022. From the 3rd quarter 2013 forward, Oklahoma's rate of gross job losses has shown more volatility especially the period beginning 1st quarter 2015 through 1st quarter 2017, then tracking more with national trends from the 4th quarter of 2017 forward, (see Chart 5, page 4).

Chart 4

Private sector gross job gains as a percent of employment, United States and Oklahoma March 2012 - June 2022, seasonally adjusted

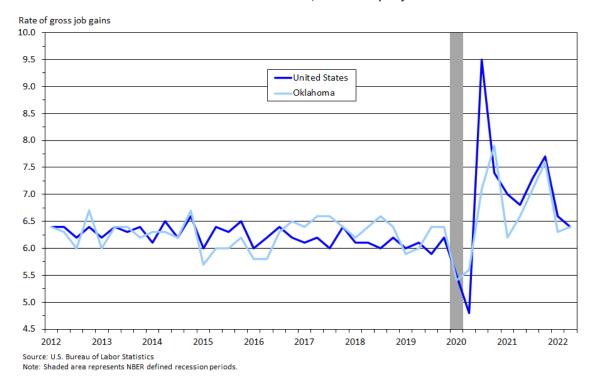
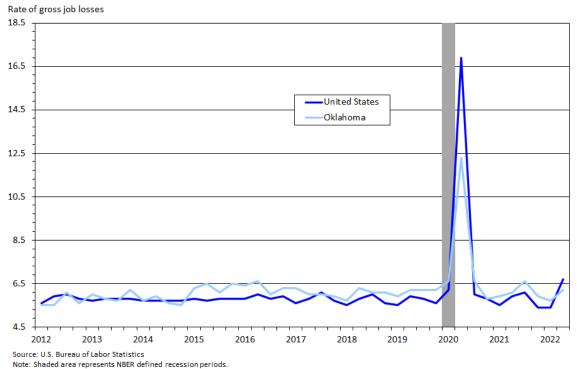


Chart 5

Private sector gross job losses as a percent of employment, United States and Oklahoma March 2012 - June 2022, seasonally adjusted

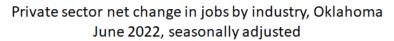


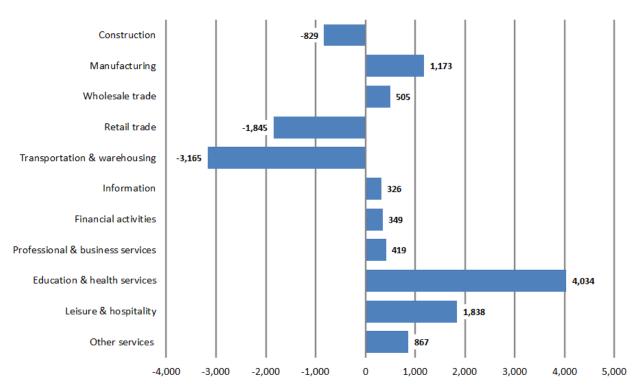
#### Gross Job Gains and Gross Job Losses by Industry: 2nd Quarter 2022

Gross job gains exceeded gross job losses in eight of Oklahoma's 11 reported industries in the 2nd quarter of 2022. Oklahoma's service-providing industries experienced a net job increase of 3,328 jobs in the 2nd quarter. This was the result of 68,716 gross job gains and 65,388 gross job losses. Within service-providing industries, the education & health services sector had the largest over-the-quarter net job increase, gaining 4,034 jobs, followed by the leisure & hospitality sector with a net increase of 1,838 jobs in the 2nd quarter. Transportation & warehousing posted the largest job losses (-3,165 jobs) in the 2nd quarter of 2022.

Goods-producing industries reported a net job increase of 344 jobs in the 2nd quarter of 2022. Within goods-producing industries, the manufacturing sector reported a net job gain of 1,173 jobs, while the construction sector had a net job loss of 829 jobs in the 2nd quarter of 2022, (see Chart 6 below and Table 5, pp. 12-15).

Chart 6





Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 1. Oklahoma: Three-m	onth priva	te sector	gross job	gains and	losses,					
seasonally adjusted										
	3 months ended  June Sep Dec March June									
Category	June	June Sep Dec		March	June					
	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022					
			Levels	•						
Gross job										
gains	81,929	89,669	96,147	80,662	83,248					
Expanding establishments	64,422	70,653	75,018	62,879	63,349					
Opening establishments	17,507	19,016	21,129	17,783	19,899					
Gross job										
losses	76,904	82,308	74,418	73,118	79,286					
Contracting establishments	62,727	61,082	56,534	60,167	64,005					
Closing establishments	14,177	21,226	17,884	12,951	15,281					
Net employment change <sup>1</sup>	5,025	7,361	21,729	7,544	3,962					
		Ra	ites (percer	nt)						
Gross job										
gains	6.6	7.1	7.6	6.3	6.4					
Expanding establishments	5.2	5.6	5.9	4.9	4.9					
Opening establishments	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5					
Gross job										
losses	6.1	6.6	5.9	5.7	6.2					
Contracting establishments	5.0	4.9	4.5	4.7	5.0					
Closing establishments	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.0	1.0					
Net employment change <sup>1</sup>	0.5	0.5	1.7	0.6	1.2					

Source: U.S Bureau of Labor Statistics

<sup>1</sup>Net employment change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

#### **Additional Statistics and Other Information**

Additional information on gross job gains and gross job losses are available online at <a href="http://www.bls.gov/bdm">http://www.bls.gov/bdm</a>. This information includes national data on the levels and rates of gross job gains and gross job losses by firm size, the not seasonally adjusted data and other seasonally adjusted time series not presented in this release, charts of gross job gains and gross job losses by industry and firm size, and frequently asked questions on firm-size data. Additional information about the Business Employment Dynamics data can be found in the Technical Note of this release or may be obtained by emailing BDMinfo@bls.gov.

#### **Technical Note**

#### **Concepts and Methodology**

The Business Employment Dynamics (BED) data are a product of a federal-state cooperative program known as Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), or the ES-202 program. The BED data are compiled from existing quarterly QCEW records. The QCEW reports are sent by the State Employment Security Agencies (SESAs) to BLS and form the basis of the Bureau's QCEW program and establishment universe sampling frame. These reports are also used to produce the QCEW data on total employment and wages. Other important Bureau uses of the QCEW reports are in the Current Employment Statistics

(CES) program. The CES program produces monthly estimates of employment, net changes, and earnings by detailed industry.

In the BED program, the QCEW records are linked across quarters to provide a longitudinal history for each establishment. The linkage process allows the tracking of net employment changes at the establishment level, which in turn allows the estimation of jobs gained at opening and expanding establishments and jobs lost at closing and contracting establishments.

The change in the number of jobs over time is the net result of increases and decreases in employment that occur at all businesses in the economy. BED statistics track these changes in employment at private business establishments from the third month of one quarter to the third month of the next. Gross job gains are the sum of increases in employment from expansions at existing establishments and the addition of new jobs at opening establishments. Gross job losses are the result of contractions in employment at existing establishments and the loss of jobs at closing establishments. The difference between the number of gross jobs gained and the number of gross jobs lost is the net change in employment.

Gross job gains and gross job losses are expressed as rates by dividing their levels by the average of employment in the current and previous quarters. The rates are calculated for the components of gross job gains and gross job losses and then summed to form their respective totals. These rates can be added and subtracted just as their levels can. For instance, the difference between the gross job gains rate and the gross job losses rate is the net growth rate.

The formal definitions of employment changes are as follows:

*Openings*: These are either establishments with positive third month employment for the first time in the current quarter, with no links to the prior quarter, or with positive third month employment in the current quarter following zero employment in the previous quarter.

*Expansions*: These are establishments with positive employment in the third month in both the previous and current quarters, with a net increase in employment over this period.

Closings: These are either establishments with positive third month employment in the previous quarter, with no employment or zero employment reported in the current quarter.

*Contractions*: These are establishments with positive employment in the third month in both the previous and current quarters, with a net decrease in employment over this period.

		and job losses, se Gross job gains	,,	-	Gross job losses	
	3 m	Expanding	Opening		Contracting	Closing
hange¹ Total	en		establishments	Total	establishments	establishments
,738 76,723	March	62,674	14,049	65,985	51,844	14,141
259 76,231	June	60,473	15,758	67,972	57,706	10,266
73,500	Septer	59,201	14,299	74,024	58,629	15,395
,382 81,803	Decen	65,976	15,827	68,421	56,136	12,285
07 74,070	March	59,077	14,993	73,863	58,895	14,968
364 78,751	June	61,649	17,102	72,387	58,716	13,671
210 78,714	Septer	61,570	17,144	70,504	60,638	9,866
726 76,708	Decen	61,106	15,602	77,434	62,876	14,558
914 78,078	March	63,312	14,766	72,164	57,960	14,204
426 78,581	June	64,018	14,563	74,155	60,997	13,158
688 77,401	Septer	62,466	14,935	70,713	59,797	10,916
,419 84,970	Decen	68,341	16,629	69,551	57,138	12,413
,323 73,242	March	58,991	14,251	79,565	67,373	12,192
,412 76,605	June	62,518	14,087	83,017	69,151	13,866
,684 75,998	Septer	61,438	14,560	77,682	63,621	14,061
,078 79,006	Decen	63,401	15,605	82,084	65,983	16,101
,561 73,005	March	58,982	14,023	80,566	67,285	13,281
,226 72,329	June	57,687	14,642	83,555	68,024	15,531
564 78,789	Septer	62,091	16,698	75,225	62,404	12,821
138 80,769	Decen	63,586	17,183	78,631	62,210	16,421
432 80,160	March	63,880	16,280	78,728	60,339	18,389
737 82,959	June	63,198	19,761	74,222	60,973	13,249
423 83,197	Septer	65,459	17,738	74,774	60,167	14,607
175 81,361	Decen	65,881	15,480	75,186	59,357	15,829
043 79,556	March	62,844	16,712	72,513	58,701	13,812
794 82,243	June	65,312	16,931	80,449	64,852	15,597
379 85,753	Septer	68,506	17,247	78,374	63,334	15,040
216 83,202	Decen	65,790	17,412	78,986	62,713	16,273
118 76,951	March	62,294	14,657	75,833	62,061	13,772
,794 77,730	June	61,980	15,750	80,524	65,367	15,157
094 82,314	Septer	64,698	17,616	80,220	65,031	15,189
483 82,709	Decen	65,074	17,635	81,226	66,517	14,709
,401 70,470	March	56,968	13,502	85,871	71,059	14,812
69,551	June	52,956	16,595	152,725	131,951	20,774
411 86,514	Septer	71,624	14,890	79,103	63,895	15,208
,464 96,851	Decen	69,694	27,157	71,387	56,644	14,743
356 77,139	March	60,039	17,100	72,783	58,162	14,621
025 81,929	June	64,422	17,507	76,904	62,727	14,177
361 89,669	Septer	70,653	19,016	82,308	61,082	21,226
,729 96,147	Decen	75,018	21,129	74,418	56,534	17,884
	March					12,951
						15,281
	March June	,544 80,662 ,962 83,248				

<sup>1</sup>Net change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

			job gains and losses, as a percent of employment,¹ seasonally adjusted  Gross job gains Gross job losses									
	3 months			Expanding	Opening		Contracting	Closing				
Year	ended	Net change <sup>2</sup>	Total	establishments	establishments	Total	establishments	establishment				
2012	March	0.9	6.4	5.2	1.2	5.5	4.3	1.2				
	June	0.8	6.3	5.0	1.3	5.5	4.7	0.8				
	September	-0.1	6.0	4.8	1.2	6.1	4.8	1.3				
	December	1.1	6.7	5.4	1.3	5.6	4.6	1.0				
2013	March	0.0	6.0	4.8	1.2	6.0	4.8	1.2				
	June	0.6	6.4	5.0	1.4	5.8	4.7	1.1				
	September	0.7	6.4	5.0	1.4	5.7	4.9	0.8				
	December	0.0	6.2	4.9	1.3	6.2	5.0	1.2				
2014	March	0.6	6.3	5.1	1.2	5.7	4.6	1.1				
	June	0.4	6.3	5.1	1.2	5.9	4.9	1.0				
	September	0.6	6.2	5.0	1.2	5.6	4.7	0.9				
	December	1.2	6.7	5.4	1.3	5.5	4.5	1.0				
2015	March	-0.6	5.7	4.6	1.1	6.3	5.3	1.0				
	June	-0.5	6.0	4.9	1.1	6.5	5.4	1.1				
	September	-0.1	6.0	4.9	1.1	6.1	5.0	1.1				
	December	-0.3	6.2	5.0	1.2	6.5	5.2	1.3				
2016	March	-0.6	5.8	4.7	1.1	6.4	5.3	1.1				
	June	-0.8	5.8	4.6	1.2	6.6	5.4	1.2				
	September	0.3	6.3	5.0	1.3	6.0	5.0	1.0				
	December	0.2	6.5	5.1	1.4	6.3	5.0	1.3				
2017	March	0.1	6.4	5.1	1.3	6.3	4.8	1.5				
	June	0.6	6.6	5.0	1.6	6.0	4.9	1.1				
	September	0.6	6.6	5.2	1.4	6.0	4.8	1.2				
	December	0.5	6.4	5.2	1.2	5.9	4.7	1.2				
2018	March	0.5	6.2	4.9	1.3	5.7	4.6	1.1				
	June	0.1	6.4	5.1	1.3	6.3	5.1	1.2				
	September	0.5	6.6	5.3	1.3	6.1	4.9	1.2				
	December	0.3	6.4	5.1	1.3	6.1	4.8	1.3				
2019	March	0.0	5.9	4.8	1.1	5.9	4.8	1.1				
	June	-0.2	6.0	4.8	1.2	6.2	5	1.2				
	September	0.2	6.4	5.0	1.4	6.2	5.0	1.2				
	December	0.2	6.4	5.0	1.4	6.2	5.1	1.1				
2020	March	-1.2	5.4	4.4	1.0	6.6	5.5	1.1				
	June	-6.7	5.6	4.3	1.3	12.3	10.6	1.7				
	September	0.5	7.1	5.9	1.2	6.6	5.3	1.3				
	December	2.1	7.9	5.7	2.2	5.8	4.6	1.2				
2021	March	0.3	6.2	4.8	1.4	5.9	4.7	1.2				
	June	0.5	6.6	5.2	1.4	6.1	5.0	1.1				
	September	0.5	7.1	5.6	1.5	6.6	4.9	1.7				
	December	1.7	7.6	5.9	1.7	5.9	4.5	1.4				
2022	March	0.6	6.3	4.9	1.4	5.7	4.7	1.0				
	June	0.2	6.4	4.9	1.5	6.2	5.0	1.2				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The rates measure gross job gains and job losses as a percentage of the average of the previous and current employment levels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Net change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

		Birth		Deatl	adjusted ns²
	3 months	-	<u> </u>		
Year	ended	Establishments	Employment	Establishments	Employment
2012	March	2,109	8,288	2,164	7,963
	June	2,178	9,883	1,558	5,420
	September	2,369	9,822	2,279	8,827
	December	1,962	9,329	1,775	7,238
2013	March	2,463	10,200	2,396	8,486
	June	2,315	11,058	2,079	7,952
	September	2,545	10,534	1,684	6,388
	December	2,329	11,139	2,158	9,012
2014	March	2,356	10,025	2,484	8,500
	June	2,449	9,512	1,965	7,301
	September	2,338	9,051	1,685	6,583
	December	2,496	11,401	2,072	7,420
2015	March	2,392	9,500	2,341	7,402
	June	2,345	9,784	2,537	9,080
	September	2,354	9,997	2,412	8,956
	December	2,344	9,928	2,446	9,616
2016	March	2,271	8,764	2,308	7,347
	June	2,298	8,892	2,367	9,028
	September	2,343	10,368	2,325	8,034
	December	2,396	11,119	2,371	9,995
2017	March	2,574	10,608	2,915	10,694
	June	2,543	12,087	1,951	8,626
	September	2,520	11,386	2,121	10,025
	December	2,376	10,531	2,735	10,790
2018	March	2,292	11,268	2,235	8,315
	June	2,553	11,932	2,710	10,215
	September	2,467	11,316	2,502	10,606
	December	2,698	12,828	2,481	10,380
2019	March	2,336	9,707	2,412	8,519
	June	2,686	11,352	2,582	10,475
	September	2,796	11,992	2,437	10,214
	December	2,581	12,588	2,579	9,715
2020	March	2,120	9,330	2,243	8,136
	June	2,443	10,543	3,106	10,847
	September	1,967	7,529	2,326	7,803
	December	3,221	19,724	2,245	8,551
2021	March	2,842	10,845	2,489	8,556
	June	3,345	11,839	2,511	9,044
	September	3,524	12,921	N/A	N/A
	December	3,441	12,033	N/A	N/A
2022	March	3,482	11,176	N/A	N/A
	June	3,868	12,831	N/A	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Values for births are not available for the first three quarters

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Values for death s are not available for the most recent three quarters by definition.

Table 4. Oklahoma: Rates of private sector establishment births and deaths, seasonally adjusted Births<sup>2</sup> Deaths<sup>3</sup> 3 months ended Establishments | Employment | Establishments | **Employment** Year 2012 March 2.5 0.7 2.6 0.7 June 2.6 8.0 1.9 0.4 September 2.8 0.8 2.7 0.7 December 2.3 0.8 2.1 0.6 2.9 2.8 0.7 2013 March 8.0 June 2.7 0.9 2.4 0.6 September 3.0 8.0 2.0 0.5 December 2.7 0.9 2.5 0.7 0.7 2014 March 2.7 8.0 2.9 June 2.8 8.0 2.3 0.6 September 2.7 0.7 1.9 0.5 December 2.8 0.9 2.3 0.6 2015 March 2.7 0.7 2.6 0.6 June 2.6 0.8 2.9 0.7 September 2.7 0.8 2.7 0.7 December 2.6 0.8 2.8 0.8 2016 March 2.6 0.7 2.6 0.6 June 2.6 0.7 2.7 0.7 September 2.6 0.8 2.6 0.6 December 2.7 0.9 2.7 0.8 0.9 2017 March 2.9 0.8 3.3 June 2.9 1.0 2.2 0.7 0.8 September 2.8 0.9 2.4 December 2.6 0.8 3.0 0.8 2018 0.9 2.5 0.7 March 2.6 2.8 0.9 3.0 8.0 June September 2.7 0.9 2.8 0.8 December 3.0 1.0 2.8 0.8 2019 March 2.6 0.7 2.7 0.7 June 3.0 0.9 2.9 8.0 September 2.7 8.0 3.1 0.9 December 2.8 1.0 2.8 0.7 2020 0.6 March 2.3 0.7 2.5 June 2.7 0.8 3.5 0.9 September 2.2 0.6 2.6 0.6 December 3.6 1.6 2.5 0.7 2021 March 3.1 0.9 2.7 0.7 3.7 2.7 0.7 June 0.9 September 3.8 1.0 N/A N/A December 3.7 0.9 N/A N/A 2022 March 3.7 0.9 N/A N/A June 4.1 1.0 N/A N/A

The rates measure births and deaths as a percentage of the average of the previous and current quarter employment levels or total number of establishments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Values for deaths are not available for the most recent three quarters by definition.

Table 5. Private secto	r gross job	gains and	losses by	industry,	Oklahom						
						Gross job gains and job losses as a percent of					
		ob gains and			ended)	employment (3 months ended)					
	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	
Category	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022	
Takal maturaka 1											
Total private 1	01 020	90.000	06 1 47	90.003	02.240	c c	7.1	7.0	<i>C</i> 2	C 4	
Gross job gains At expanding	81,929	89,669	96,147	80,662	83,248	6.6	7.1	7.6	6.3	6.4	
establishments	64,422	70,653	75,018	62,879	63,349	5.2	5.6	5.9	4.9	4.9	
At opening	04,422	70,033	73,018	02,873	03,343	5.2	5.0	5.5	4.5	4.5	
establishments	17,507	19,016	21,129	17,783	19,899	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	
Gross job losses	76,904	82,308	74,418	73,118	79,286	6.1	6.6	5.9	5.7	6.2	
At contracting	7 0,50 1	02,000	, ,, , , ,	70,220	75,200	0.1	0.0	5.5	5.7	0.2	
establishments	62,727	61,082	56,534	60,167	64,005	5.0	4.9	4.5	4.7	5.0	
At closing	02,727	01,001	30,33	00,207	0 1,000	5.5	5			5.0	
establishments	14,177	21,226	17,884	12,951	15,281	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.0	1.2	
Net employment	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	<i>,</i>	,	ŕ						
change <sup>2</sup>	5,025	7,361	21,729	7,544	3,962	0.5	0.5	1.7	0.6	0.2	
Construction	, i	,	,	,	,						
Gross job gains	7,191	7,045	7,767	7,280	6,452	9.1	8.9	9.9	9.1	8.1	
At expanding											
establishments	5,595	5,687	5,709	5,684	4,856	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.1	6.1	
At opening											
establishments	1,596	1,358	2,058	1,596	1,596	2.0	1.7	2.6	2.0	2.0	
Gross job losses	6,809	8,106	6,529	6,377	7,281	8.6	10.3	8.3	7.9	9.1	
At contracting											
establishments	5,475	5,716	4,943	5,011	5,987	6.9	7.3	6.3	6.2	7.5	
At closing											
establishments	1,334	2,390	1,586	1,366	1,294	1.7	3.0	2.0	1.7	1.6	
Net employment											
change <sup>2</sup>	382	-1,061	1,238	903	-829	0.5	-1.4	1.6	1.2	-1.0	
Manufacturing											
Gross job gains	4,502	5,405	6,968	4,674	5,092	3.5	4.2	5.4	3.6	3.9	
At expanding											
establishments	3,968	4,750	5,268	4,061	4,348	3.1	3.7	4.1	3.1	3.3	
At opening									0.5	2.5	
establishments	534	655	1,700	613	744	0.4	0.5	1.3	0.5	0.6	
Gross job losses	5,087	5,312	4,437	3,659	3,919	3.9	4.2	3.4	2.8	2.9	
At contracting	4.020	4 200	2 505	2.042	2 200	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.4	
establishments At closing	4,028	4,200	3,595	3,043	3,209	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.3	2.4	
establishments	1,059	1,112	842	616	710	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	
Net employment	1,039	1,112	042	010	/10	0.6	0.9	0.0	0.5	0.5	
change <sup>2</sup>	-585	93	2 <i>,</i> 531	1,015	1,173	-0.4	0.0	2.0	0.8	1.0	
Wholesale trade	-363	93	2,331	1,013	1,173	-0.4	0.0	2.0	0.8	1.0	
Gross job gains	3,000	3,215	3 <i>,</i> 543	3,083	3,199	5.6	5.9	6.5	5.5	5.6	
At expanding	3,000	3,213	3,343	3,003	3,133	5.0	3.3	0.5	5.5	5.0	
establishments	2,404	2,354	2,682	2,541	2,556	4.5	4.3	4.9	4.5	4.5	
At opening		2,00	2,002	2,5 .2	2,550						
establishments	596	861	861	542	643	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.1	
Gross job losses	2,691	2,846	2,758	2,359	2,694	4.9	5.3	5.0	4.2	4.8	
At contracting	/	,,,,,,,	,	,	,		2.3				
establishments	2,181	1,991	1,982	1,848	1,949	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.5	
At closing	510	855	776	511	745	0.9	1.6	1.4	0.9	1.3	
Net employment											
change <sup>2</sup>	309	369	785	724	505	0.7	0.6	1.5	1.3	0.8	

Note: See footnotes at end of table

Table 5. Private sector	gross job	gains and	l losses by	/ industry,	Oklahom	a, season	ally adjus	ted (cont.	)		
					T	Gross job gains and job losses as a percent of					
	Gross jo	b gains and	d job losses	(3 months	ended)	employment (3 months ended)					
	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	
Category	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022	
Retail trade											
Gross job gains	12,025	13,499	11,625	11,089	10,023	6.6	7.3	6.3	6.1	5.4	
At expanding											
establishments	9,624	11,615	9,620	9,325	7,656	5.3	6.3	5.2	5.1	4.1	
At opening	2 404	4 004	2 005	4.764	2 267	4.3	4.0		4.0	4.3	
establishments	2,401	1,884	2,005	1,764	2,367	1.3	1.0	1.1 6.0	1.0	1.3 6.5	
Gross job losses	11,406	11,725	10,897	9,557	11,868	6.3	6.4	6.0	5.2	0.5	
At contracting establishments	9,971	9,193	9,485	8,217	10,477	5.5	5.0	5.2	4.5	5.7	
At closing	3,371	3,133	3,463	0,217	10,477	3.3	3.0	3.2	4.3	3.7	
establishments	1,435	2,532	1,412	1,340	1,391	0.8	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.8	
Net employment	1,433	2,332	1,412	1,540	1,551	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	
change <sup>2</sup>	619	1,774	728	1,532	-1,845	0.3	0.9	0.3	0.9	-1.1	
Transportation and		_,		_,	_,5 .5						
warehousing											
Gross job gains	2,617	3,413	7,332	3,019	2,606	4.0	5.3	10.8	4.3	3.9	
At expanding											
establishments	2,104	3,016	6,289	2,511	1,971	3.2	4.7	9.3	3.6	2.9	
At opening											
establishments	513	397	1,043	508	635	0.8	0.6	1.5	0.7	1.0	
Gross job losses	4,668	2,725	2,790	4,955	5,771	7.1	4.2	4.1	7.1	8.6	
At contracting											
establishments	4,257	2,127	1,980	4,525	5,276	6.5	3.3	2.9	6.5	7.9	
At closing											
establishments	411	598	810	430	495	0.6	0.9	1.2	0.6	0.7	
Net employment											
change <sup>2</sup>	-2,051	688	4,542	-1,936	-3,165	-3.1	1.1	6.7	-2.8	-4.7	
Information	4 425	4.072	4.040	4 200	4 4 4 0	0.4		5.0	7.5	6.5	
Gross job gains	1,435	1,072	1,049	1,309	1,140	8.1	5.9	5.9	7.5	6.5	
At expanding establishments	909	831	771	938	901	5.1	4.6	4.3	5.4	5.1	
At opening	909	031	//1	930	901	5.1	4.0	4.3	5.4	5.1	
establishments	526	241	278	371	239	3.0	1.3	1.6	2.1	1.4	
Gross job losses	1,021	1,057	1,244	908	814	5.8	5.9	7.0	5.3	4.6	
At contracting	1,021	1,037	1,244	500	014	5.0	5.5	7.0	5.5	4.0	
establishments	721	772	1,013	722	624	4.1	4.3	5.7	4.2	3.5	
At closing	/		2,020	,	02.			5		0.0	
establishments	300	285	231	186	190	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.1	
Net employment											
change <sup>2</sup>	414	15	-195	401	326	2.3	0.0	-1.1	2.2	1.9	
Financial activities											
Gross job gains	4,257	4,938	4,800	4,193	4,467	5.7	6.5	6.3	5.4	5.7	
At expanding											
establishments	3,065	3,405	3,443	3,084	3,277	4.1	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.2	
At opening											
establishments	1,192	1,533	1,357	1,109	1,190	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.5	
Gross job losses	3,898	3,858	3,997	3,866	4,118	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.3	
At contracting											
establishments	2,655	2,565	2,772	2,955	2,906	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.7	
At closing											
establishments	1,243	1,293	1,225	911	1,212	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.2	1.6	
Net employment	350	4 000	200	22-	240	2.5					
change <sup>2</sup>	359	1,080	803	327	349	0.5	1.4	1.1	0.4	0.4	

Note: See footnotes at end of table

Table 5. Private sector	r gross job	gains and	d losses b	y industry	, Oklahor	na, seaso	nally adju	sted (cont	:.)		
		_		-		Gross job gains and job losses as a percent of					
	Gross jo	b gains and	d job losses	(3 months	ended)	employment (3 months ended)					
	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	
Category	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021	2022	2022	
Professional and											
business services											
Gross job gains	15,245	17,152	19,011	17,204	15,868	8.1	8.9	9.7	8.6	7.9	
At expanding											
establishments	11,863	13,040	14,505	12,157	11,676	6.3	6.8	7.4	6.1	5.8	
At opening											
establishments	3,382	4,112	4,506	5,047	4,192	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.1	
Gross job losses	14,055	15,341	13,227	13,803	15,449	7.4	8.0	6.8	6.9	7.7	
At contracting	11 174	11 127	0.500	10 572	12 414	г о	г о	4.0	F 3	<i>c</i> 2	
establishments	11,174	11,127	9,508	10,572	12,414	5.9	5.8	4.9	5.3	6.2	
At closing establishments	2,881	4,214	3,719	3,231	3,035	1.5	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.5	
Net employment	2,001	4,214	3,719	3,231	3,033	1.5	2.2	1.5	1.0	1.5	
change <sup>2</sup>	1,190	1,811	5,784	3,401	419	0.7	0.9	2.9	1.7	0.2	
Education and health	1,130	1,011	3,704	3,401	413	0.7	0.5	2.3	1.7	0.2	
services											
Gross job gains	9,497	11,551	10,962	10,212	12,831	4.5	5.4	5.1	4.8	6.0	
At expanding	-, -	,	-,	-,	,						
establishments	7,337	8,143	8,136	8,343	10,140	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.7	
At opening	,	,	,	,	,						
establishments	2,160	3,408	2,826	1,869	2,691	1.0	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.3	
Gross job losses	10,026	11,644	10,370	9,325	8,797	4.7	5.5	4.9	4.4	4.1	
At contracting											
establishments	8,330	8,372	7,216	7,899	6,572	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.7	3.1	
At closing											
establishments	1,696	3,272	3,154	1,426	2,225	0.8	1.5	1.5	0.7	1.0	
Net employment											
change <sup>2</sup>	-529	-93	592	887	4,034	-0.2	-0.1	0.2	0.4	1.9	
Leisure and hospitality											
Gross job gains	16,404	15,290	15,828	12,875	15,099	10.0	9.1	9.3	7.5	8.9	
At expanding	12.106	40.464	42.024	0.700	44.000	0.0		7.6		6 7	
establishments	13,196	12,461	12,921	9,723	11,393	8.0	7.4	7.6	5.7	6.7	
At opening	2 200	2,829	2 007	2 1 5 2	2 706	2.0	1 7	1 7	1 0	2.2	
establishments Gross job losses	3,208 11,612	13,833	2,907 12,691	3,152 13,512	3,706 13,261	2.0 7.1	1.7 8.3	1.7 7.5	1.8 7.9	2.2 7.8	
At contracting	11,012	13,033	12,091	15,512	13,201	7.1	0.3	7.5	7.9	7.0	
establishments	9,618	11,186	9,852	11,487	10,595	5.9	6.7	5.8	6.7	6.2	
At closing	3,018	11,100	3,032	11,407	10,555	3.3	0.7	5.0	0.7	0.2	
establishments	1,994	2,647	2,839	2,025	2,666	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.6	
Net employment	2,55 .	2,0	2,003	2,023	2,000		2.0			2.0	
change <sup>2</sup>	4,792	1,457	3,137	-637	1,838	2.9	0.8	1.8	-0.4	1.1	
Other services 3	, -	, -	-, -		,						
Gross job gains	2,787	3,101	3,395	2,757	3,483	8.3	9.0	9.7	7.8	9.8	
At expanding	2,707	3,101	3,333	2,737	3,103	0.5	3.0	5.7	7.0	3.0	
establishments	2,223	2,407	2,546	2,181	2,299	6.6	7.0	7.3	6.2	6.5	
At opening	, -	, -	,	, -	,						
establishments	564	694	849	576	1,184	1.7	2.0	2.4	1.6	3.3	
Gross job losses	2,521	2,702	2,446	2,602	2,616	7.4	7.9	7.0	7.4	7.4	
At contracting		·	·	·	-						
establishments	1,835	1,769	1,813	2,077	1,947	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.9	5.5	
At closing	686	933	633	525	669	2.0	2.7	1.8	1.5	1.9	
Net employment											
change <sup>2</sup>	266	399	949	155	867	0.9	1.1	2.7	0.4	2.4	

Footnotes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes unclassified sector not shown separately.

<sup>(2)</sup> The net employment change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

<sup>(3)</sup> Except public administration.

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