OFFICE OF THE STATE LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN

LONG-TERM CARE OPTIONS



Nursing Home or Alternative Care in Oklahoma

COMMUNITY LIVING, AGING & PROTECTIVE SERVICES





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Community Living, Aging & Protective Services

Introduction

This guide provides information on how to obtain quality long-term care for yourself, a friend or a relative. It describes nursing home care in Oklahoma and community-based options available. If you need to choose nursing home care, this guide can help you locate the nursing facility that will best meet your needs and provide quality care.

The time and effort spent in deciding on the type of care you need, and in choosing the best possible provider of that care, will help you avoid some problems later.

If you need further information or assistance, write or phone one of the agencies listed at the end of this guide, or contact the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS), Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

Alternatives to Nursing Home Care

Community Living, Aging & Protective Services (CAP) offers services to Oklahomans to help maintain their dignity and independence. A network of organizations reviews the person's needs and offers services to meet those needs. The services are offered to assist Oklahomans to avoid being placed in a nursing facility and to live independently in their own homes.

The Area Agencies on Aging (AAA) help local communities to provide the services. The AAAs try, especially, to target resources from all appropriate sources to meet the needs of older Oklahomans with greatest economic or social need. https://www.oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/aging/titleiii.html

 The congregate meals program funded through the Older Americans Act provides hot, nutritious meals, social services and companionship at centers within the community. The social services available at congregate meal sites include outreach, assisted transportation, information and referral, nutritional information, health counseling and referral, transportation, and recreation. https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/cap/meals.html Home delivered meals are nutritious meals delivered to homebound older persons who are physically unable to attend congregate meal sites. For many program recipients, the visit from the person delivering their meal may be the only contact with the outside world. https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/cap/meals.html

The State Plan Personal Care program provides assistance to people of all ages who need help meeting their Activities of Daily Living and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living. Services are provided in their own home, a family or friends, home and a few other limited home settings. These services are intended to prevent or minimize regression or deterioration of their physical health. It is not intended to replace existing caregiver assistance being performed by family, friends or others but it does provide additional support to prevent caregiver burnout and fatigue. Services include assistance such as dressing, grooming, bathing, meal preparation, laundry, housekeeping, shopping, and errands. The State Plan Personal Care program does not provide technical services such medical treatments, wound care, medication administration, operation of equipment or range of motion exercises. Persons eligible for Personal Care services, financed with state and federal Medicaid (Title XIX) funds, include recipients of state supplemental payments to the aged, blind, and disabled and others with low income who qualify for medical assistance.

https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/aging/psppc.html

The ADvantage Waiver Program, is a home and community-based alternative to placement in a nursing facility for eligible disabled adults and senior Oklahomans. The goal of the ADvantage program is to provide services which allow Medicaid eligible persons who meet nursing facility level of care to remain at home, or in the residential setting of their choosing, while receiving necessary care. To receive ADvantage services, individuals must be 65 or older; or 21 or older with a disability that is not an intellectual disability; and meet medical and financial eligibility requirements. ADvantage services are person centered and may include

case management, personal care, skilled nursing care, adult day services, home delivered meals, home modifications, prescription drugs, specialized medical equipment and supplies and respite care. https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/cap/advantage-services.html

The Medicare and Medicines (MIPPA) program assists individuals that meet the income and resource eligibility requirements by lowering their Medicare prescription drug costs, deductibles, and premiums plus provides information on preventive health services.

https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/medicareandmeds/mippa.html

Adult Day Health Services meet the physical, social, and emotional needs of older adults and those with disabilities. Adult day health centers provide the programs and support essential for successful caregiving. You can work or attend to personal matters worry free while your family member spends time in an adult day health facility. Security and the personal attention of staff with participants contribute to your piece of mind. Facilities in your area can be found by visiting https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/aging/padhs.html

Senior Citizen Housing includes apartment complexes and high-rise buildings and is available in many parts of Oklahoma. These generally provide reduced rental payments and easy access to services of various sorts. Many include senior centers and nutrition sites on or near the premises. For more information on subsidized senior housing contact the housing authority in your area. You can find a list of Oklahoma Housing Authorities visiting https://affordablehousingonline.com/housing-authorities/Oklahoma

Residential Care Homes provide supportive assistance in a residential setting. Housekeeping, help with eating, bathing, dressing and other services are included as "supportive assistance" to per sons who do not routinely require nursing care. Residential Care Homes must be licensed by the State Department of Health if they serve one or more people. https://oklahoma.gov/health/protective-health/health-resources-development-service/health-facility-systems-/directory-of-facilities.html

Assisted Living Centers offer, coordinate, or provide services to residents who may need assistance with any or all of the following: personal care (meals, dressing, movement, bathing or other personal needs or maintenance, or general supervision of the physical and mental well-being of a person, including assistance with toileting) or nursing supervision; intermittent or unscheduled nursing care; medication assistance, and transfer and/or ambulating. Assisted Living Centers must be licensed by the State Department of Health, either as a stand-alone Assisted Living Center, or as a part of a Continuum of Care Facility, which includes a Nursing Home and an Assisted Living Center. https://oklahoma.gov/health-facility-systems-/directory-of-facilities.html

The Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) is a managed care model of acute and long-term care that integrates the provision and financing of medical and long-term care services. The PACE model is centered on the belief it is better for the well-being of seniors with chronic care needs and their families to be served in the community whenever possible.

The goal is to maximize the participant's autonomy and ability to reside in their community while receiving quality care at lower cost relative to the Medicare, Medicaid, and private-pay traditional payment systems. To learn more about the PACE programs available in Oklahoma visit https://oklahoma.gov/ohca/providers/types/ltc-facilities/the-program-of-all-inclusive-care-for-the-elderly.html

If Nursing Home Care Is Needed

Nursing facilities are primarily designed for persons who need assistance with activities of daily living and regular routine nursing care. Nursing homes may also provide rehabilitative care (skilled care) as well. https://oklahoma.gov/health/protective-health/health-resources-development-service/health-facility-systems-/directory-of-facilities.html

Paying for Nursing Home Care

There are several ways to meet the financial costs of Nursing home care. Income from Social Security, pensions, veteran's benefits, long-term care insurance and other sources may cover all or part of the expense. Some health insurance plans include limited nursing home coverage. Contact your agent to see if nursing home care is covered and if so, for what type of facility. For instance, Medicare nursing home coverage is extremely limited. Medicare does not pay for long-term care.

When a person's savings or other resources have been spent down to the maximum limit allowed by the state and all other income from Social Security, other pensions, etc. is less than the amount needed to pay for care, the individual resident may qualify for Medicaid (medical assistance).

Medicaid (Title 19, Social Security Act)

Medicaid is a financial assistance program that will pay for nursing home care for an unlimited time for persons who need such care and meet the income and assets guidelines. This program uses federal and state funds.

For information about the medical assistance program call the OKDHS county office in the county where the person needing nursing care is located. This office will be able to advise what information will be required to make application, how soon to expect a decision, and how to ask for a review if found ineligible. In addition, the OKDHS county office has information about other programs which may be helpful. https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/health/nfcare.html

Medicare (Title 18, Social Security Act)

Medicare is a federal health insurance program for persons over age 65 and Medicare-eligible persons under 65, and is administered by the Social Security Administration. It will contribute to the payment of nursing home care for a limited period of time, following certain hospital stays.

The guidelines for Medicare payment of nursing home costs are very strict, and few persons qualify for this assistance. You can get information about Medicare benefits for nursing home care from your local Social Security office. Be sure to ask for a Medicare Handbook. www.medicare.gov

Choosing a Nursing Home

First step

As the first step in choosing a nursing home, decide on the area or location most acceptable to the person who will be the resident. If the person wishes to continue using his or her private physician, consider homes close to the hospital that the doctor uses. Being near a hospital or other emergency services can be an advantage.

It is also important to consider a location that is convenient to friends or relatives, as visits by familiar people can make a big difference in the resident's progress and general well-being.

Remember that the individual's specific situation, needs and wishes are the most important considerations. Talk with the doctor about the kind of care the person needs. By all means, the person should be included in the decision-making and planning.

Make a list of nursing homes in the chosen area.

To assist in compiling the list, consult with the following resources:

- · Ask doctors, friends, or ministers for recommendations.
- Get names of nursing homes from your local OKDHS county office, health department, Social Security office, ombudsman, or call the Senior Info-line at 1-800-211-2116.

It is helpful to check with more than one resource. This decision is very important.

Call the homes on the list.

The number of homes you will need to visit can be narrowed down by first asking certain questions by telephone. When calling the nursing home, ask to speak to the administrator or the per son in charge of admissions. Some of the questions to ask are:

- Does the home provide the kind of care the doctor says the person needs?
- Is the home certified for the Medicaid or Medicare program? (Ask this question if you now need or may need this type of assistance to pay for care).
- Does the home have an opening? If not, how long is the waiting period?

Visit at least two homes.

After narrowing the field to homes which meet the general needs of the prospective resident, make an appointment for a visit. If possible, the prospective resident should be included in the visit. He or she is an adult and should be allowed to exercise the right to choose. If transportation to the home is a problem, ask the facility whether transportation can be provided for you to visit. Some offer this service.

Try to visit the facility during the noon meal and spend at least one hour. Arrange to meet and talk to the administrator and the nursing director because their attitudes will affect the actual care and quality of life of the residents.

Ask to review the last three years' State Health Department inspection reports. State law requires these reports be available at the home for public inspection.

Ask for a copy of the facility policy.

Ask for a tour. This is the most important part of the visit. Observe whether residents are awake and dressed appropriately. Observe the activity calendar posted and whether those planned are taking place. Pay close attention to the interaction between nurse's aides (direct care givers) and residents. Are call lights being answered? Are residents treated with respect and dignity?

If the potential resident has been unable to accompany you on this visit, please share your comparisons on the following pages with him/her and allow them to participate in the decision-making process.

Be aware that during a State declared public health emergency, access to long-term care facilities may be limited. If this is the case reach out to the Ombudsman for assistance.

Checklist

The following checklist is provided for reference and convenience. **Use it to prepare for and during the tour of a nursing facility.** Observe, ask questions, but respect the privacy of the residents.

Before reaching a final decision, it is suggested a second unannounced visit be made to the facility. This time, plan a visit during the evening or weekend hours. Take time to visit with the residents and walk leisurely throughout the facility. Re-check earlier findings.

Nursing facilities you have chosen:

Nursing facility A is		
Nursing facility B is		
	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
General Does the nursing home have the required current state license?		
Does the administrator have a current state license?		
Is the home certified to participate the Medicare and/or Medicaid programs?		
Is the administrator courteous and helpful?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
If the person you are placing requires special services, such as rehabilitation therapy or a therapeutic diet, does the home provide them?		
Is the general atmosphere of the nursing home warm, pleasant and cheerful?		
Are staff members cheerful, courteous and enthusiastic?		
Do staff members show residents genuine interest and affection?		
Do residents look well cared for and generally content?		
Are residents allowed to wear their own clothes, decorate their rooms and keep a few prized possessions on hand?		
Is there a place for private visits with family and friends?		
Is there a written statement of resident's rights? As far as you can tell, are these points being carried out?		
Do residents, other visitors and volunteers speak favorably about the home?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Physical Conditions Is the nursing home clean and orderly?		
Is the home reasonably free of unpleasant odors?		
Is the home well-lighted?		
Are rooms well-ventilated and kept at a comfortable temperature?		
Safety Is an emergency evacuation plan posted in prominent locations?		
Is the nursing home free of obvious hazards, such as obstacles to residents and unsteady chairs?		
Are there grab bars in toilet and bathing facilities and handrails on both sides of hallways?		
Do bathtubs and showers have non-slip surfaces?		
Is there an automatic sprinkler system and automatic lighting?		
Are there portable fire extinguishers?		
Are exits clearly marked and exit signs lighted?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Are exit doors unobstructed and unlocked from inside?		
Are certain areas posted with no smoking signs? Do staff, residents and visitors observe them?		
Are wheelchair ramps provided where necessary?		
Medical, Dental and Other Services In case of medical emergencies, is a physician available?		
Does the home have arrangements with a nearby hospital for quick transfer of residents in an emergency?		
Is emergency transportation available?		
Is oral hygiene adequate?		
Does the home have an arrange- ment with an outside dental service to provide dental care when necessary?		
Pharmaceutical Services Are pharmaceutical services supervised by a qualified consultant pharmacist?		
Is a locked room set aside for storing and preparing drugs?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Nursing Services Is at least one registered nurse (RN) or licensed practical nurse (LPN) on duty 24 hours a day, seven days a week?		
Does an RN serve as director of nursing services?		
Are nurse call buttons within each resident's reach whether in bed or chair and are they located in toilet and bathing facilities? Do they work?		
What is the direct care staff-to resident ratio on each shift?		
Food Service Is the kitchen clean and reasonably tidy? Is food needing refrigeration promptly stored?		
Ask to see the meal schedule. Are at least three meals served each day? Are meals served at normal hours, with time for leisurely eating?		
Are no more than 14 hours allowed between the evening meal and breakfast?		
Are nutritious between-meal and bedtime snacks available and offered?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Are residents given enough food? Does the food look appetizing?		
Sample a meal. Is the food tasty and served at the proper temperature?		
Does the meal being served match the posted menu?		
Are special meals prepared for residents on therapeutic diets?		
Is the dining room attractive and comfortable?		
Do residents who need it get help in eating, whether in the dining room or in their rooms?		
Rehabilitation Therapy Is a full-time program of physical therapy available for residents who need it?		
Are occupational therapy and speech therapy available for residents who need them?		
Social Services Are there social services available to aid residents and their families?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Does the nursing home have a varied program of recreational, cultural and intellectual activities for residents?		
Is there an activities coordinator on the staff?		
Is suitable space available for resident activities? Are tools and supplies provided?		
Are activities offered for residents who are relatively inactive or confined to their rooms?		
Look at the activities schedule. Are activities provided each day, including week-ends? Are some activities scheduled in the evenings?		
Do residents have opportunities to attend religious services and talk with clergymen both in and outside the home?		
Are a barber and beautician available?		
Resident's Rooms Do all the rooms open onto a hallway?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Does each room have a window to the outside?		
Does each resident have a reading light, a comfortable chair, and a closet and drawers for personal belongings?		
Is there fresh drinking water within reach?		
Is there a curtain or screen available to provide privacy for each bed whenever necessary?		
Do bathing and toilet facilities have adequate privacy?		
The Nursing Home Is there a lounge where residents can chat, read, play games, watch television or just relax away from their rooms?		
Is a public telephone available for resident's use?		
Does the nursing home have an outdoor area where residents can get fresh air and sunshine?		
Are visiting hours convenient for residents and visitors?		

	Home A yes no	Home B yes no
Does the facility have a van, or other transportation for residents?		
Financial Matters Do the estimated monthly costs (including extra charges) compare favorably with the cost of other homes?		
Is a refund made for unused days paid for in advance?		
Are these and other important matters specified in the contract?		

The Ombudsman Program

In Oklahoma, the Ombudsman Program is administered by the Community Living, Aging & Protective Services Division of the Oklahoma Department of Human Services in coordination with the Area Agencies on Aging. The purpose of the Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program is to help improve the quality of life and the quality of care available to residents of long-term care facilities, such as nursing homes, assisted living centers and residential care homes.

A long-term care ombudsman is a person who receives complaints from residents in long-term care facilities, or from friends or relatives of residents, and attempts to resolve those complaints. Staff ombudsmen are assisted by local volunteers committed to improving and enriching the lives of institutionalized older persons.

What To Do If You Have A Complaint

If you have a complaint about a nursing home, for whatever reason, you have a right to make the complaint known without fear of repercussions to the resident.

You can report a complaint to:

- 1. The nursing facility administrator.
- 2. The Area Agency on Aging Ombudsman supervisor or a local certified ombudsman volunteer (see pages 23–25 for a list of Area Agencies on Aging and the counties they serve) by calling 1–800–211–2116
- 3. State Long–Term Care Ombudsman,
 Community Living, Aging & Protective Services
 The Oklahoma Department of Human Services
 PO Box 25352,
 Oklahoma City, OK 73125,
 https://oklahoma.gov/okdhs/services/cap/olc.html
 (405) 521–6734
 Ombudsman.intake.line@okdhs.org

 Adult Protective Services, Long–Term Care Investigations
 PO Box 25352, Oklahoma City 73125
 1–800–522–3511
 https://www.abuseisnotok.org/s/reportabuse

 Oklahoma State Department of Health Long-Term Care Services
 Robert S. Kerr Ave.
 Oklahoma City, OK 73102–6406

Phone: (405) 426-8200 Fax: (405) 444-6428

Email: LTC@health.ok.gov

7. Legal Aid Services of Oklahoma

https://www.legalaidok.org/contact-us/ 1-888-534-5243

Sixty Plus Legal Aid Services Helpline (SPLASH)

https://www.legalaidok.org/senior-legal-help/

(918) 308-5295 or 1(800) 4886814

Oklahoma Disability Law Center

http://okdlc.org/ Oklahoma City Office

(405) 525-7755 or (800) 880-7755

Tulsa Office

(918) 743-6220 or (800) 880-7755

8. The Oklahoma Department of Human Services Adult Abuse Hotline, 1–800–522–3511. When you suspect abuse, neglect or maltreatment, call the Adult Abuse Hotline. It operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week. https://www.abuseisnotok.org/s/reportabuse

The Oklahoma Department of Human Services Area Agencies on Aging

Listed by Planning and Services Areas All area agency telephones are TDD equipped

Aging & Disability Info-Line 1-800-211-2116

Grand Gateway Area Agency on Aging 333 S. Oak St. P.O. Box Drawer B Big Cabin, OK 74332-0502 (918)783-5793/1-800-482-4594 FAX: (918)783-5786 Area 1: Craig, Delaware, Mayes,

Area I: Craig, Delaware, Mayes, Nowata, Ottawa, Rogers, and Washington counties

EODD Area Agency on Aging EODD Building 1012 N. 38th St. P.O. Box 1367 Muskogee, OK 74402–1367 (918)682–7891/ FAX: (918)–682–5444

Area 2: Adair, Cherokee, McIntosh, Muskogee, Okmulgee, Sequoyah, and Wagoner counties

KEDDO Area Agency on Aging Vo–Tech Administration Addition Highway 2 P.O. Box 638 Wilburton, OK 74578–0638 (918)465–2367/1–800–722–8180 FAX: (918)–465–3873

Area 3: Choctaw, Haskell, Latimer, LeFlore, McCurtain, Pittsburg, and Pushmataha counties

SODA Area Agency on Aging 224 W. Evergreen, Suite 203 Durant, OK 74702 (580)920-1388, (580)920-1391 (FAX) Area 4: Atoka, Bryan, Carter, Coal, Garvin, Johnston, Love, Marshall, Murray, and Pontotoc









COEDD Area Agency on Aging 400 N. Bell P.O. Box 3398 Shawnee, OK 74802-3398 (405)273-6410/1-800-375-8255 FAX: (405)273-3213 Area 5: Hughes, Lincoln, Okfuskee,

Area 5: Hughes, Lincoln, Okfuskee, Pawnee, Payne, Pottawatomie, and Seminole counties

INCOG Area Agency on Aging 111 S. Greenwood, Suite 200 Tulsa, OK 74120 (918)596-7688, (918)596-7653 (FAX) Area 6: Creek, Osage, and Tulsa counties

LTCAE Area Agency on Aging 2901 N. Van Buren Enid, OK 73703 (580)237-2205/1-800-749-1149 Area 7: Alfalfa, Blaine, Garfield, Grant, Kay, Kingfisher, Major, and Noble counties

Areawide Aging Agency Inc.
Mayfair Center
3200 N.W. 48th, Suite 104
Oklahoma City, OK 73112–5910
(405)942–8500/
FAX: (405)942–8535
Area 8: Canadian, Cleveland,
Logan, and Oklahoma counties









ASCOG Area Agency on Aging 802 Main St., P.O. Box 1647 Duncan, OK 73533-1647 (580)252-0595/1-800-658-1466 FAX: (580)252-6170

Area 9: Caddo, Comanche, Cotton, Grady, Jefferson, McClain, Stephens, and Tillman counties

SWODA Area Agency on Aging Sherman Industrial Air Park Building 420–Sooner Dr. P.O. Box 569 Burns Flat, OK 73624–0569 (580)562–4882/1–800–627–4882 FAX: 562–4880

Area 10: Beckham, Custer, Greer, Harmon, Kiowa, Jackson, Roger Mills. and Washita counties

NWPSA 11 P.O. Box 1367 Muskogee, OK 74402-1367 (918)682-7891/ FAX: (918)-682-5444

Area 11: Beaver, Cimarron, Dewey, Ellis, Harper, Texas, Woods, and Woodward counties

*EODD Area Agency on Aging is the interim administrative organization overseeing the North West Planning and service area 11.







The Oklahoma Department of Human Services State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Community Living, Aging & Protective Services PO Box 53159 Oklahoma City, OK 73152 (405) 521-6734

Ombudsman.intake.line@okdhs.org
Ombudsmanfax@okdhs.org

Aging & Disability Info-Line 1-800-211-2116



