SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

SYSTEM EVALUATION

Comprehensive analysis revealed adequacies, deficiencies, and overlaps for the current airport system. System performance measures guided the system evaluation process. Each performance measure has a set of quantifiable benchmarks which determine current performance. Results are used to establish targets for future system performance.

OKLAHOMA SYSTEM -PERFORMANCE MEASURES -

A SYSTEM THAT IS SAFE

A SYSTEM THAT IS **EFFICIENT**

A SYSTEM THAT IS
ACCESSIBLE

A SYSTEM THAT SUPPORTS
THE ECONOMY

A SYSTEM THAT MEETS USER NEEDS

AIRPORT ROLES AND FACILITY SERVICE OBJECTIVES

Each airport in Oklahoma plays a different role in their community based on the aircraft and customers it serves. Detailed investigation scored and ranked each airport to establish its system role as either a National Business, Regional Business, General, or Community airport. Each role category has facility and service objectives considered desirable for meeting user needs. Each airport's report card shows projects needed to meet system plan objectives. Report cards also reflect additional investment to address airport identified projects.

AIRPORTS IN OKLAHOMA ARE ASSIGNED TO ONE OF FOUR STATE ROLES:













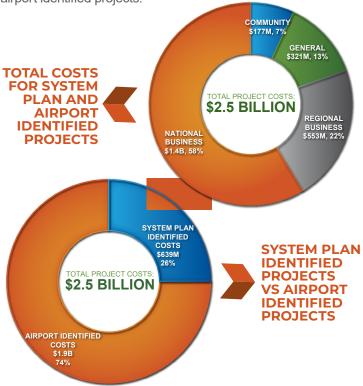
CONCLUSIONS

ESTIMATED COSTS

The Oklahoma airport system currently functions at a relatively high level, but if airports are able to meet their individual facility and service objectives, that performance could improve.

The final step in the system plan was to develop planning level cost estimates associated with improving system airports to meet their facility and service objectives. In addition, information was collected from study airports to identify other projects they plan to implement. Combining system plan identified projects with airport identified projects provides a more holistic understanding of the system's financial needs in the next 20 years.

Costs were summarized by airport role and allocated to show the costs needed to implement system plan identified projects and airport identified projects.



POTENTIAL FUNDING GAP

Considering all investment needs, an average of \$125.1 million would be needed in each of the next 20 years to fully address the identified costs. Review of historic and anticipated FAA, state, and local funding sources shows an average of \$85.8 million in funding could be available if current funding levels continue. This leaves a potential annual funding gap of \$39.2 million; considering this gap, it is important that available funding be strategically invested. It is also important to note that while the airports have an annual investment need of \$125.1 million, the airports return an estimated \$10.6 billion to the state's economy each year.

The system plan provides important information to OAC, helping to direct available funding to airport projects most essential to meeting the state's transportation needs and economic objectives.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT

Oklahoma Aeronautics Commission
110 N Robinson Ave. Suite 200 | Oklahoma City, OK 73102
405.604.6900 | oac.ok.gov





In late 2020, the Oklahoma Aeronautics Commission (OAC) undertook a comprehensive update to its State Airport System Plan. The plan was completed in 2022. This report summarizes major statewide findings, but it focuses primarily on the findings and recommendations from the plan for Pawhuska Municipal Airport.

PREPARED BY

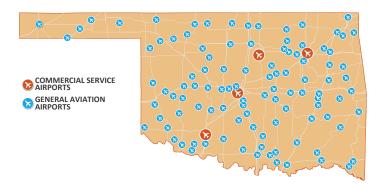
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OKLAHOMA AIRPORT SYSTEM PLAN

The update to the Oklahoma Airport System Plan followed Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) guidelines. Airports in Oklahoma provide businesses, residents, and visitors with a high level of accessibility to a wide variety of airports and aviation services. Implementing strategic improvements and focused investment recommendations from the plan can elevate the airport system's current performance.

OKLAHOMA'S STATE AIRPORT SYSTEM



SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS

108 total system airports

4 airports with commercial airline service

104 general aviation airports

90% of airports included in FAA's National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS)

Airports included in the NPIAS are eligible for FAA funding. FAA, OAC, and airport sponsor partnerships are important for maintaining and improving the airport system.

INVENTORY

The plan started with a comprehensive inventory effort; information was collected on airport activity, facilities, and services. Special inventory efforts focused on:

- Airport control of runway protection zones (RPZs)
- Runway safety areas (RSAs) meeting FAA standards
- Parallel runways/taxiways meeting separation standards
- Primary runways with clear 20:1 approaches
- Airports with property open for development
- Hangar storage and general aviation terminal building characteristics

Data collected as part of the system plan is stored in a Geographic Information System database; the database is accessible at oac.ok.gov.



PAWHUSKA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (H76)

STATE HOUSE DISTRICT 37 | STATE SENATE DISTRICT 10

OVERVIEW

The system plan identifies strategies for improving Oklahoma's 108 commercial and general aviation airports. Each airport's improvements identified in the system plan are focused on helping the airport meet its designated role in the state system. By implementing individual airport recommendations, a higher level of system-wide performance will be achieved. System plan findings and recommendations for PAWHUSKA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT are discussed in this report.



PAWHUSKA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (H76)



KEY AIRPORT CHARACTERISTICS

FAA/NPIAS ROLE: NON-NPIAS STATE ROLE: COMMUNITY OWNER: CITY OF PAWHUSKA PRIMARY RUNWAY: 17 / 35 APPROACH TYPE: VISUAL BASED AIRCRAFT: 5

SERVICES: -



AIRPORT ROLE

The system plan included detailed analysis to establish a role for each airport. The analysis assigned the **Pawhuska Municipal Airport** to the Community role category. To determine the airport's role assignment, the following factors were considered:

- Total based aircraft, annual operations, and business jet activity
- Runway length, approach type, and air traffic control tower
- Airport reference code (ARC) and fuel type
- Community size and support, along with federal airport role
- Historic and projected rate of population and employment growth
- Business ready characteristics and annual economic impact

PAWHUSKA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT



COMMUNITY AIRPORT CHARACTERISTICS

MINIMUM RUNWAY LENGTH OBJECTIVE: 3,200 FEET

MARKETS SERVED: PREDOMINANTLY SERVE SMALL COMMUNITIES IN OKLAHOMA

AIRCRAFT SUPPORTED: SMALL TWIN AND SINGLE-ENGINE PLANES

SUITED FOR: TRAVEL TO LOCAL DESTINATIONS

PRIMARY RUNWAY: LIMITED RUNWAY SUPPORT

FACILITY/SERVICE OBJECTIVES: LIMITED IN SCOPE

AIRPORT REPORT CARD FOR PAWHUSKA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT

| AIRPORT ROLE: CO | MMUNITY (LOW ACTIVITY) | AIRPORT NAME: PAV | VHUSKA MUNICIPAL | CITY: PAWHUSKA | LOCID: H76 |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| FACILITIES | OBJECTIVE | ACTUAL | MEETS OBJECTIVE | IMPROVEMENT NEEDED | ESTIMATED COST |
| | | AIRSIDE FAC | ILITIES | | |
| Airport Reference Code | A-I or B-I Small | A-I Small | No | Meet A-I or B-I Small ARC Standards | |
| Primary Runway Length | 3,200 ft | 3,200 ft | Yes | - | |
| Primary Runway Width | 60 ft | 60 ft | Yes | - | |
| Taxiway Type | Not an Objective | No Turnarounds | Not an Objective | - | |
| Runway Lighting | MIRL (if paved) | MIRL | Yes | - | |
| Taxiway Lighting | Not an Objective | None | Not an Objective | - | |
| Approach Type | Not an Objective | Visual | Not an Objective | - | |
| Approach Lighting System | Not an Objective | None | Not an Objective | - | |
| Rotating Beacon | Yes | Yes | Yes | - | |
| Segmented Circle | Yes | Yes | Yes | - | |
| Wind Cone | Yes | Yes | Yes | - | |
| Visual Guidance Slope Indicator | Not an Objective | Neither End | Not an Objective | - | |
| Runway End Identifier Lights | Not an Objective | No REILs | Not an Objective | - | |
| Weather Reporting | Not an Objective | None | Not an Objective | - | |
| Primary RWY PCI | 70 | 75 | Yes | - | |
| Weight Capacity | 12,500 SW | 12,500 SW | Yes | - | |
| Covered Storage | 95% of Forecasted Based AC | 100% | Yes | - | |
| Ramp Area | 2,000 SY (3 spaces) | 2,500 SY | Yes | - | |
| | | GENERAL AVIATIO | N FACILITIES | | |
| Terminal Building | Not an Objective | No Terminal | Not an Objective | - | |
| Restroom (24/7 or key code) | Not an Objective | Yes | Not an Objective | - | |
| Conference Area | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| Pilot's Lounge | Not an Objective | Yes | Not an Objective | - | |
| Office Space for Airport Manager | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| Public Waiting Area | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| | | SERVIC | ES | | |
| Fuel | Not an Objective | No Fuel | Not an Objective | - | |
| Jet Fuel (24/7 trucking) | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| Fixed-Base Operator | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| Aircraft Maintenance | Not an Objective | No Maintenance | Not an Objective | - | |
| Ground Transportation | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| Overnight Aircraft Storage | Not an Objective | 1 space | Not an Objective | - | |
| GPU | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| LAV Service Cart | Not an Objective | No | Not an Objective | - | |
| | | COMPLIANCE WITH | FAA GUIDANCE | | |
| RPZ Control | Airport Controls all RPZs | Full Control | Yes | - | |
| RSA Standards | Compliance with RSA Standards | 120' x 240' beyond RWY end | Yes | - | |
| Runway/Taxiway Separation | 150 ft | N/A | - | - | |
| Height Zoning | Jurisdiction with Height Zoning Ordiance | Pawhuska - Yes | Yes | - | |
| 20:1 Surface Obstructions | 20:1 Surface Clear of Obstructions | No Obstruction | Yes | - | |
| *Costs are provided only if availabl | le from airport identified project list | | | System Plan Project Cost Subtotal: | \$(|

FACILITY AND SERVICE OBJECTIVES

Airports in Oklahoma should ideally be equipped with facilities and services to fulfill their designated role in the state airport system. As part of the system plan, a report card was developed for each airport. The report card compares current facilities and services to those for each airport's recommended role and any deficiencies are noted.

INVESTMENT TO SUPPORT AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT

Over the next 20 years, it is possible that the airport may need investment to maintain or improve its facilities. According to another OAC study, the airport has \$340,000 in annual economic impact. This benefit should be considered if any need to invest in the airport is identified.

FINDINGS FOR PAWHUSKA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT

Ideally, airports should be improved if they have any system plan identified projects. Some projects could require demand justification, master planning, environmental analysis, and engineering/permitting. Appendix C of the System Plan's Technical Report contains the airport's report card.



