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Oklahoma Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) 2024 Results Released

OKLAHOMA CITY – Estimates from the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) program, conducted by the Oklahoma Department of Labor (ODOL) Statistics Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor’s Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), report data from a sample of Oklahoma’s private sector workforce showing 15,400 work-related injury and illness cases in 2024 resulting in either days away from work, job transfer, or job restriction.

Of these cases:

- 8,600 resulted in days away from work
- 6,900 resulted in job transfer or restriction
- An additional 11,400 cases met OSHA recordability criteria but did not result in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction

“The Department of Labor collects workplace injury and illness data through the SOII program to contribute to the growing body of knowledge surrounding workplace safety nationwide,” said Leslie Osborn, Oklahoma Commissioner of Labor. “In 2024, Oklahoma SOII results revealed a statewide private sector injury and illness incidence rate consistent with the national rate. We are very pleased that Oklahoma, once again, remains at a reported level of workplace safety in line with the national average.

The Department of Labor offers free safety and health consultation services for both private and public sector employers to identify hazards and improve workplace safety—resulting in fewer accidents, lower injury rates, and workers who, at the end of the day, return home safely to their families. A strong and healthy workforce is vital to Oklahoma’s productivity and success.”

Key Findings – 2024 Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

- The incidence rate for the private industry sector was 2.3 per 100 full-time employees (FTE).
- Private industry establishments with 1,000 or more employees had an incidence rate of 3.6 per 100 FTE, compared to 3.5 per 100 FTE in 2023.
- Industries with some of the highest incidence rates of cases involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction included:
 - Couriers and Messengers: 7.8 per 100 FTE
 - Remediation and Other Waste Management Services: 5.1 per 100 FTE
 - Warehousing and Storage: 4.5 per 100 FTE
 - Beverage and Tobacco Product Manufacturing: 3.3 per 100 FTE

- Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries: 2.9 per 100 FTE
- Nursing and Residential Care Facilities: 2.9 per 100 FTE

Private Sector Workplace Injury and Illness Incidence Rates, Oklahoma and United States, 2024

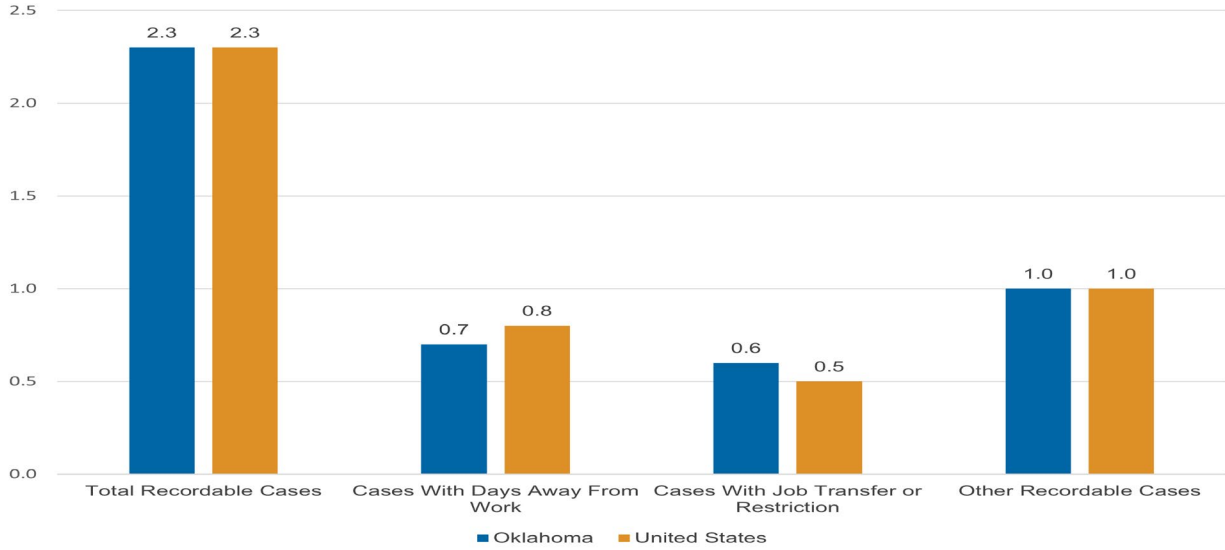


Figure 1 Private Sector Workplace Injury and Illness Incidence Rates, Oklahoma and United States, 2024 This chart compares the total recordable injury and illness incidence rates per 100 full-time workers in Oklahoma’s private sector to the national private sector average for 2024, based on data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII)

Private Sector Workplace Injury/Illness Incidence Rates, Oklahoma and Neighboring States, 2024

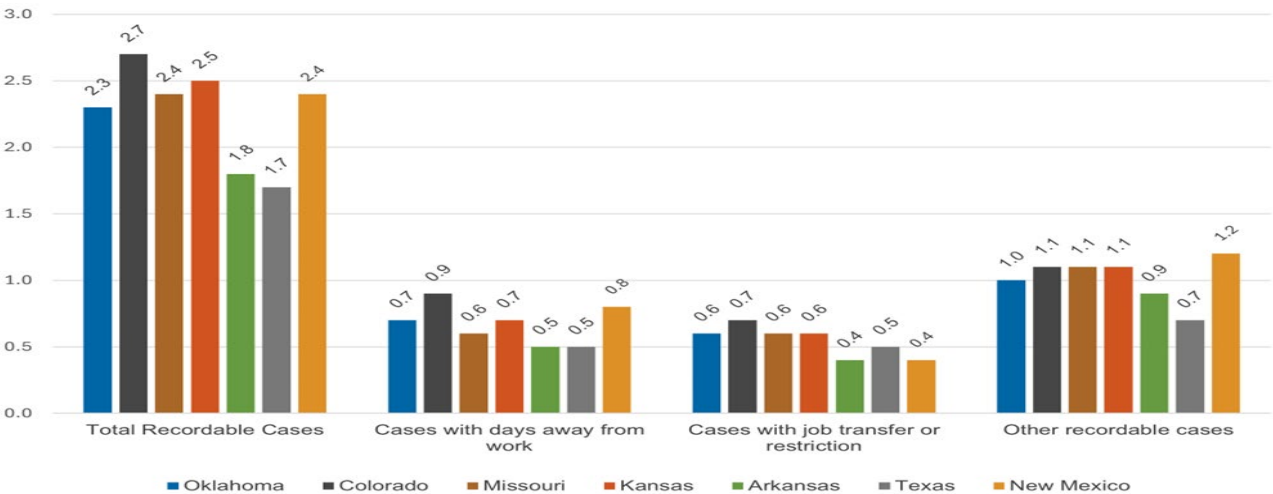


Figure 2 Private Sector Workplace Injury and Illness Incidence Rates, Oklahoma and Neighboring States, 2024 This chart compares Oklahoma’s private sector workplace injury and illness incidence rate per 100 full-time workers to those of surrounding states in 2024, based on data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII).

Incidence Rate Explanation

Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and are calculated as: $(N \div EH) \times 200,000$

Where:

- *N* = Number of injuries and illnesses,
- *EH* = Total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
- **200,000** = Base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

Note: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOII Program Background

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) is a federal-state cooperative program that publishes annual estimates on nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses. Each year, approximately 200,000 employers report data for establishments in private industry and the public sector (state and local government), generating more than 10 million publishable data points nationwide.

The SOII excludes:

- Work-related fatalities
- Injuries and illnesses to the self-employed
- Workers on farms with 10 or fewer employees
- Private household workers
- Volunteers
- Federal government workers

In Oklahoma, SOII data is collected under the direction of the Public Employees Occupational Safety and Health (PEOSH) Statistics Division.

This data collection is critical to ODOL's mission to ensure Oklahoma is a safe and healthy place to live and work. It helps identify patterns and circumstances of work-related injuries, supports the development of safety training and educational materials, allows employers and states to compare rates to national averages, and contributes to academic research on workplace safety and health.

For More Information

Oklahoma Department of Labor: [Statistical Research Unit](#)

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics – SOII: <https://www.bls.gov/respondents/iif>