### Among Oklahoma Public High School Students

## What is the problem?

The 2017 Oklahoma Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) indicates that among public high school students:

### Obesity

- 17% were obese<sup>1</sup>
- 17% were overweight<sup>2</sup>

#### **Unhealthy Dietary Behaviors**

- 18% did not eat fruit during the 7 days before the survey
- 7% did not eat vegetables during the 7 days before the survey<sup>3</sup>
- 23% drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day during the 7 days before the survey4

#### **Physical Inactivity**

- 16% did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on any day<sup>5</sup>
- 65% did not attend physical education (PE) classes in an average week when they were in school
- 23% watched television 3 or more hours per day on an average school day
- 43% used computers 3 or more hours per day on an average school day<sup>6</sup>

# What are schools in Oklahoma doing about it?

The 2016 Oklahoma School Health Profiles indicates that among schools with grades nine or higher:

#### School Environment

- 39% of schools had physical activity breaks in classrooms (not including physical education classes)
- 46% offered opportunities for all students to participate in intramural sports programs or physical activity clubs
- 70% had physical education teachers or specialists that received professional development on physical education or physical activity during the past year
- 26% served locally grown foods in the cafeteria or classrooms
- 59% placed fruits and vegetables near the cafeteria cashier where they are easy to access
- 74% offered a self-serve salad bar to students
- 57% collected suggestions from students, families, and school staff on nutritious food preferences and strategies to promote healthy eating
- 19% priced nutritious foods and beverages at a lower cost while increasing the price of less nutritious foods and beverages
- Students who were > 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts.
- Students who were > 85th percentile but < 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts.
- Green salad, potatoes (excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips), carrots, or other vegetables. Not including diet soda or diet pop.
- Doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time
- Played video or computer games or used a computer for something that was not school work.

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