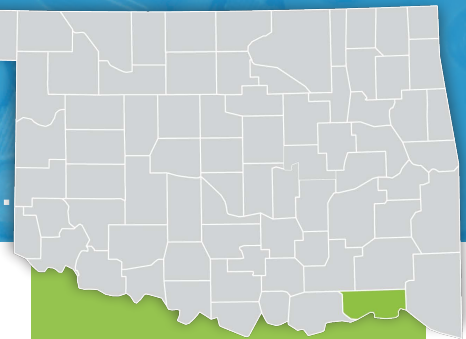


# CHOCTAW COUNTY

## Prescription Opioid Overdose Facts

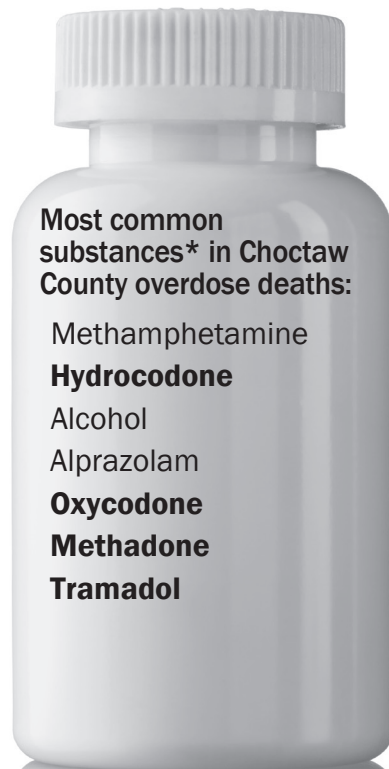


### NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE CHOCTAW COUNTY, 2013-2017

All unintentional overdoses	20
Prescription drugs	11
Prescription opioids	10
Illicit drugs	9
Alcohol	<5

**More than four out of five** unintentional prescription drug overdose deaths in Oklahoma involve at least one prescription opioid.

Overdose deaths involving prescription opioids account for **more than all illicit drugs combined.**



**Most common substances\* in Choctaw County overdose deaths:**

- Methamphetamine
- Hydrocodone**
- Alcohol
- Alprazolam
- Oxycodone**
- Methadone**
- Tramadol**

\*Opioids in bold



### State Facts:

- From 2013-2017, more than 1,900 Oklahomans died of an unintentional prescription opioid overdose.
- In 2017, enough opioids were dispensed for every adult in Oklahoma to have the equivalent of 156 hydrocodone 10mg tablets.



## Opioid Overdose Fast Facts\*

### Choctaw County Data (2013-2017)

- There were 10 unintentional prescription opioid overdose deaths in Choctaw County.
- Choctaw County had the 18th highest death rate in the state.
- Males were 150% more likely to die than females.
- Adults aged 35-54 had the highest rate of death.
- 30% of people who died had a history of mental health problems.
- 50% of people who died had a history of substance abuse.
- Learn the warning signs of an overdose – 90% of deaths occurred at a home or apartment.

\*Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

**FROM UNINTENTIONAL  
PRESCRIPTION OPIOID OVERDOSE**

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# CHOCTAW COUNTY



Enough opioids were dispensed to Choctaw County residents for every adult to have the equivalent of 194 hydrocodone 10mg tablets.\*

\*2017 Oklahoma Prescription Monitoring Program data

## Choctaw County Prescribing Data\*

- The opioid prescription rate for Choctaw County adults was 39% higher than the state rate.
- Adults aged 55-64 had the highest opioid prescription rate.
- The most commonly prescribed opioids were:
  - Hydrocodone
  - Tramadol
  - Oxycodone
  - Codeine
  - Fentanyl
- 22% of Choctaw County adults with an opioid prescription had an overlapping prescription for a benzodiazepine. This combination increases the risk of fatal overdose.

## Unintentional Prescription Opioid Overdose Death Rates by County of Residence<sup>1</sup>, Oklahoma, 2013-2017

