



OKLAHOMA
State Department
of Health



OKLAHOMA

Breast & Cervical Cancer Annual Addendum

STATE FISCAL YEAR 2025

ABOUT THE COVER

The Oklahoma State Department of Health works to promote prosperity through health for all Oklahomans. Currently, three of every five Oklahoma deaths are a result of one of five chronic diseases: cardiovascular disease, cancer, chronic lower respiratory infections, Alzheimer's Disease and diabetes. The Office of Chronic Disease within Community Development Services implements programs to prevent and lessen the burden of these conditions and produces a number of chronic disease-related reports. The reports will display a similar cover with a common image to tie them together as chronic disease-related reports distinguished by unique titles and overall color. The graceful state bird, the Scissor-tailed Flycatcher, was chosen as the image for each cover as a representation of hope and the resilience of Oklahomans. The Breast and Cervical Cancer Annual Addendum cover is pink to reflect the color associated with breast cancer.

PURPOSE

The Oklahoma Breast and Cervical Cancer Act (OBCCA) was established in 1994 to implement plans to significantly decrease breast and cervical cancer morbidity and mortality in the state of Oklahoma (63 O.S. §1-554). An amendment to the OBCCA in 2013 shifted the responsibility of producing an annual report from the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Treatment Advisory Committee to the Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). In April 2021, Governor Stitt, signed SB136 changing the requirement from an annual report to a required report every five years, along with the addition of an annual addendum. The addendum reports updates from the Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Programs in Oklahoma, including but not limited to, budgets, the number of Oklahomans served, and a personal story of an individual benefiting from the services offered by one or more program. The format for the five-year report will remain the same.

Breast & Cervical Cancer Early Detection Programs

(BCCEDP)

Take Charge Program
Began 1995

Oklahoma has three screening programs serving low-income, uninsured, and underinsured women.

Cherokee Nation
Began 1996

Oklahoma's BCCEDP receives funding through a cooperative agreement with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ensuring Oklahomans receive enrollment in the screening program that best fits their needs. The three early detection programs work together, as well as with community organizations, helping eligible Oklahomans access and/or gain referrals to breast and cervical cancer screenings and diagnostic services and treatment.

Kaw Nation
Began 2001

SCREENING SERVICES PROVIDED

- Clinical Breast Exam
- HPV Co-testing
- Mammogram
- Pelvic Exam
- Pap Test

PURPOSE



Facilitate Early Screening



Ensure Prompt Diagnosis



Improve Access
To Treatment

Services Provided

SFY 2025

Kaw Nation

Services provided in SFY 2025 for Kaw Nation is currently unavailable.

Take Charge Program

756

breast cancer screenings

334

cervical cancer screenings

72,511¹

eligible women screened since inception

Cherokee Nation

Services provided in SFY 2025 for Cherokee Nation is currently unavailable.

1. Data variations from previous years related to switch to Med-IT and not all data was transferable.

Funding

SFY 2025

Kaw Nation

Services provided in SFY 2025 for Kaw Nation is currently unavailable.

Take Charge Program

\$890,571

FEDERAL

\$296,857

STATE

\$134,000

REVOLVING

\$1,321,428

TOTAL

Cherokee Nation

Services provided in SFY 2025 for Cherokee Nation is currently unavailable.

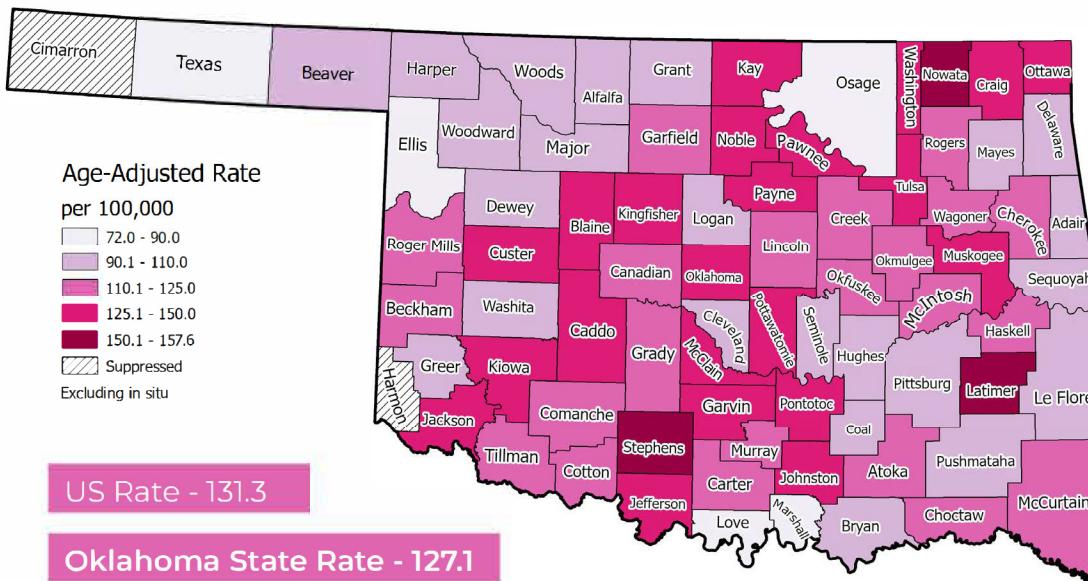
Federal BCEDDP funds require a \$3 : \$1 match in the amount of \$296,857.

Incidence and Mortality Rates

BREAST CANCER

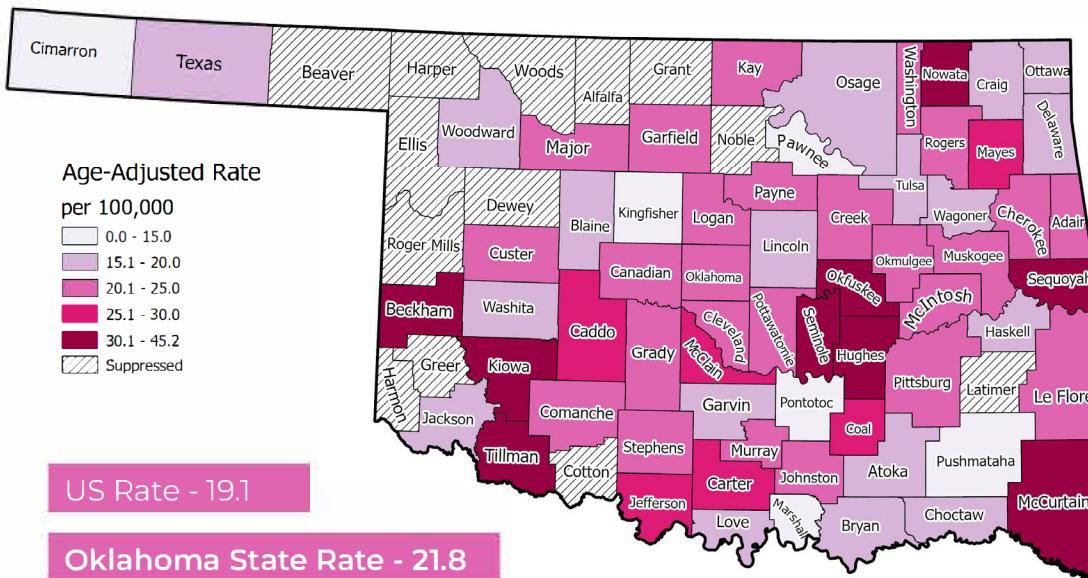
Female Breast Cancer Incidence Rates Per 100,000

| 2018 - 2022 |



Female Breast Cancer Mortality Rates Per 100,000

| 2019 - 2023 |



Oklahoma data - Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH), Center for Health Statistics, Oklahoma Central Cancer Registry (OCCR) (incidence data) and Health Care Information, Vital Statistics (mortality data), on Oklahoma Statistics on Health Available for Everyone (OK2SHARE). Accessed at <https://ok2share.health.ok.gov> on July 2025.

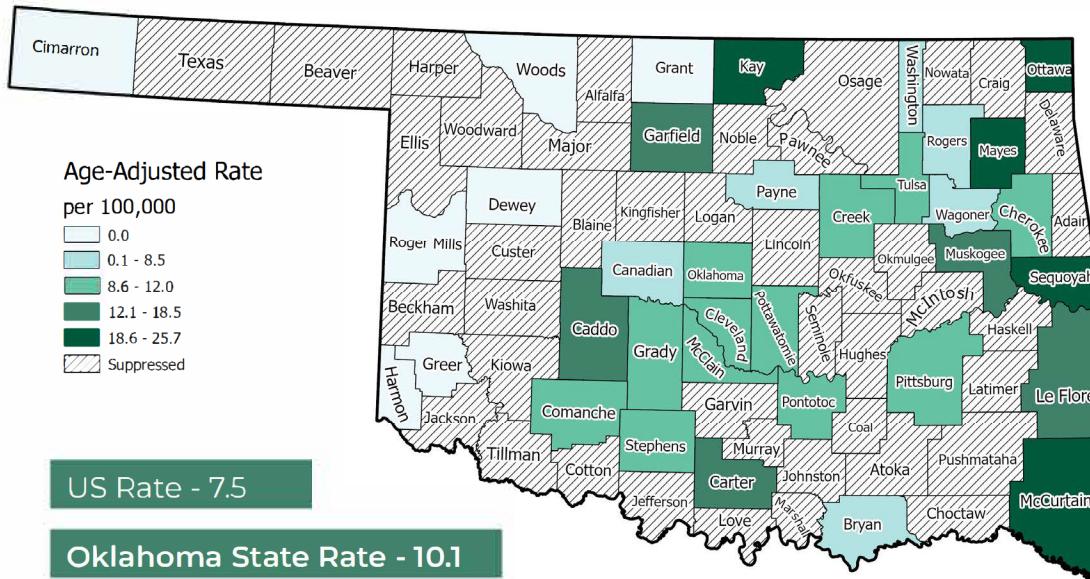
US Rates - U.S. Cancer Statistics Working Group. U.S. Cancer Statistics Data Visualizations Tool: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and National Cancer Institute; <https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/dataviz>, released in June 2025.

Incidence and Mortality Rates

CERVICAL CANCER

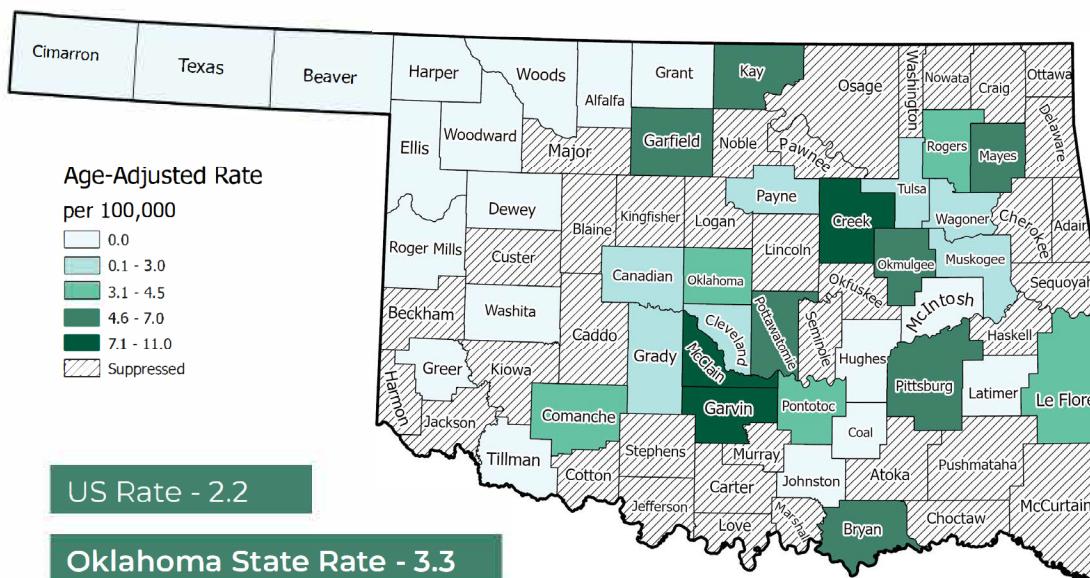
Cervical Cancer Incidence Rates Per 100,000

| 2018 - 2022 |



Cervical Cancer Mortality Rates Per 100,000

| 2019 - 2023 |



Oklahoma data - Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH), Center for Health Statistics, Oklahoma Central Cancer Registry (OCCR) (incidence data) and Health Care Information, Vital Statistics (mortality data), on Oklahoma Statistics on Health Available for Everyone (OK2SHARE). Accessed at <https://ok2share.health.ok.gov> on July 2025.

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Age-adjusted using 2000 US Standard Population.

Outreach / Education Highlight

Take Charge kicked off an expansion plan for implementing the full program into county health departments (CHDs) by selecting and training staff in five counties. In-person visits with all five pilot CHD implementation sites were held to help increase understanding and dialog between Take Charge and CHD staff. Through these visits and follow-up meetings, vital information was acquired, inspiring the development of various resources to aid in the implementation and training processes for current and future CHD implementation sites.

Pilot sites were identified based on data need of incidence and mortality rates for breast and cervical cancer as well as geographic proximity to a Take Charge contracted mammogram facility.

Pilot Counties

Comanche County

Garfield County

Kingfisher County

LeFlore County

Sequoah County

Helping Oklahomans

TAKE CHARGE PROGRAM

Collaboration has been instrumental to Take Charge's success. One of the top goals for Take Charge is to ensure the patients are served and get the screenings they need. The partnerships across the state, both providers and other organizations, are essential to achieving that goal.

A patient from Lawton, who had a screening mammogram, received notice that due to dense breast tissue she needed further screening to ensure there were not any other areas of concern. For these diagnostic screenings to be approved, a medical order was needed. Due to clinic staffing, the original clinic where the patient had been seen was unable to create the order. Fortunately, Comanche CHD had already begun implementing Take Charge. They were able to see the patient and get the needed medical order submitted so the patient could get the requested screenings. Working together with multiple partners helped ensure this patient did not fall through the cracks.

An additional key partnership with the Oklahoma Comprehensive Cancer Network (OCCN) has helped Take Charge connect with key stakeholders in the community to enhance cancer screening promotion and health education. The relationships built through relevant workgroups give staff a better understanding of initiatives happening with breast and cervical cancer screening and prevention, as well as learning about new resources that can benefit current and future Take Charge patients. OCCN members are also ideal partners for promoting the Take Charge program with their professional and personal connections.



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