DYNAMIC DUOS:

JOINT VENTURES

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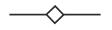
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SCHOONOVER + MORIARTY

ICBSShow: Diversity in Government Contracting

October 8, 2024

Matthew Moriarty Member





This presentation is not intended to be legal advice. If you have specific questions, please contact a government contracts attorney.



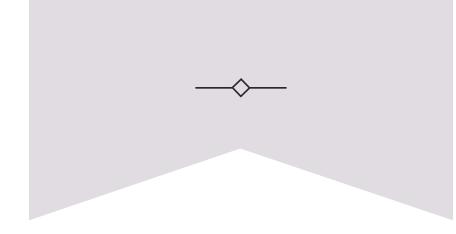
Legal updates for government contractors.



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DISCUSSION SUMMARY



- Joint ventures
 - What is a joint venture?
 - Why are joint ventures helpful?
 - Drawbacks and pitfalls
 - Difference from prime/ sub teams
 - Work share requirements
 - Joint venture agreements
 - When is approval required?
- Mentor-protégé joint ventures
 - MP Overview
 - Duration, limitations, eligibility
 - Mentor-protégé JV agreements

JOINT VENTURE RELATIONSHIPS

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WHAT IS A JOINT VENTURE?

•According to the SBA, a joint venture is a separate legal entity of limited purpose and duration.

•Let's break that down...

•"Separate legal entity"

•The joint venture is an independent businesses (e.g., corporation, LLC, LLP, etc.)

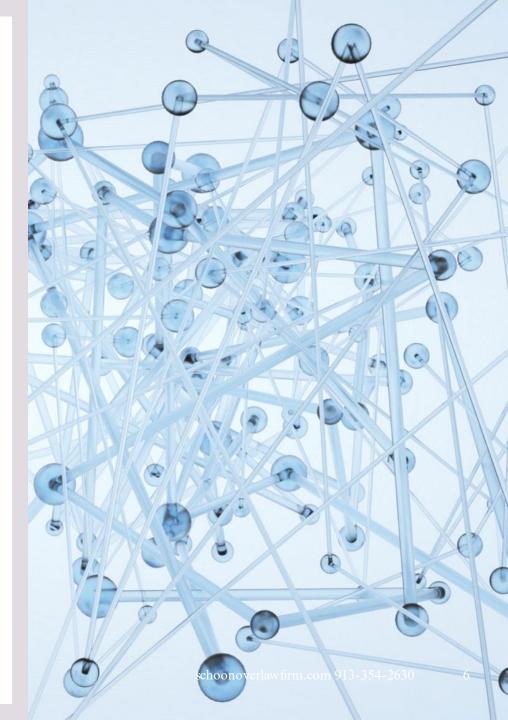
•The founding businesses are members/ owners

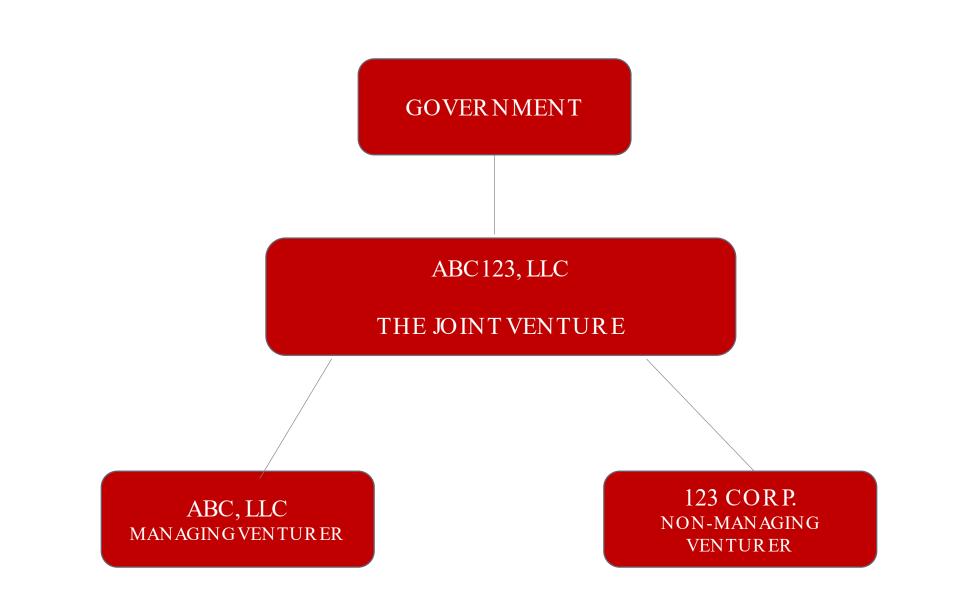
•Limited purpose

Pursue specific federal contracting opportunitiesLimited duration

•They are not ongoing concerns

•Spoiler Alert: The SBA's rules on duration are very strict





WHAT'S THE POINT?

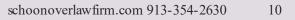
- In a word: collaboration.
- Joint ventures allow two small businesses to work together to pursue federal jobs that otherwise would have been out of reach.
- Practical support
 - The joint venture structure allows businesses to:
 - Pool resources
 - Diversify offerings
 - Take on larger projects
 - Avoid possible affiliation
 - Leverage security clearances
 - Share past performance

- Preserve small business status
 - Compliant joint ventures receive an exception from affiliation
 - Exception only lasts two years
 - "Once a joint venture receives a contract, it may submit additional offers for a period of two years from the date of that first award." 13 C.F.R. § 121.103(h).
 - Submitting a proposal more than 2 years after first contract award will result in affiliation of the joint venture members
 - Solution: Create a new joint venture.
- Legal mechanism for "co-prime" contractors
 - Joint ventures are a way for multiple companies to work at the prime contractor tier.

WHY ARE JOINT VENTURES HELPFUL?

- Past performance
 - SBA's regulations require the agency to consider the past performance of the JV and its constituent members as part of the evaluation
 - Small business can now also rely on its performance as a JV member, to some extent
- Equipment, personnel and facilities
 - Ventures can pursue larger work as a duo with shared resources and experience
- Facility clearances
 - SBA regulations allow either the joint venture's clearance, or individual member clearances to satisfy security clearance requirements.

GREATER THAN THE SUM OF ITS PARTS



DR AWBACKS AND PITFALLS

• Timing

- Don't wait! Lots of Paperwork
- EIN/TIN, DUNS, and SAM registration before bidding
- In some instances, joint venture agreement must be approved to bid
- Non-compliant joint venture agreement
- SBA's regulations have detailed requirements
- If joint venture agreement doesn't comply, it does not get the benefit of the affiliation/size exception
- Performance requirements







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PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

•Limitation on subcontracting

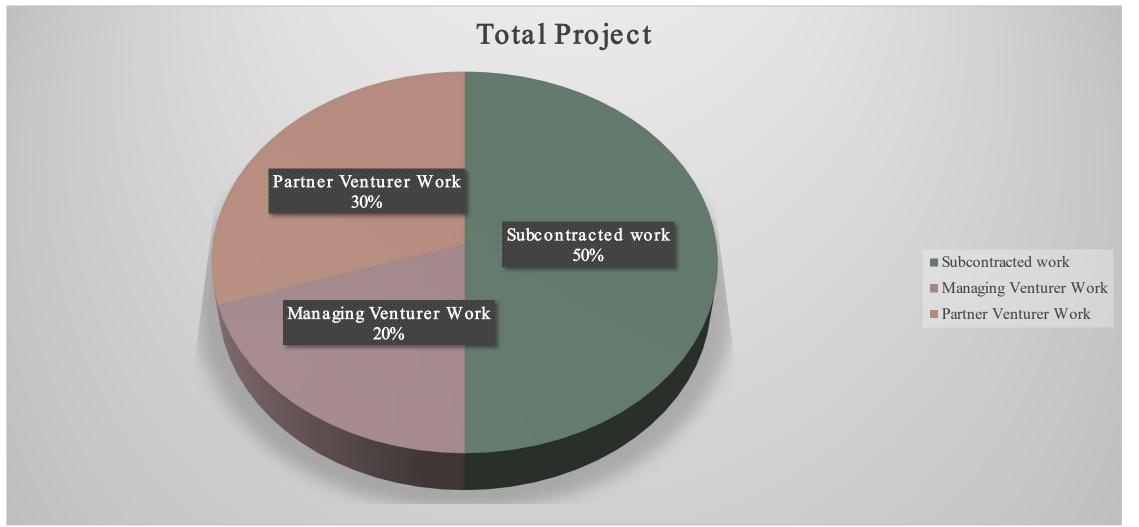
Applies to virtually all small business set-aside contracts
Limits the amount of a project that may be subcontracted
Measured as percentage of total dollars paid by the government
Different limits for different industries

•Performance work requirement

•Applies only to small business joint ventures

•The managing venturer must perform at least 40% of the work performed by the joint venture

HOW DO THESE REQIUREMENTS INTERACT?



JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENTS

- All joint ventures must have a written agreement
 Must comply with applicable regulations
 Have JVA in place before bid is submitted
 JV agreements must contain contract-specific provisions
 - •Create addendum for each contract the JV will bid on

"UNIVER SAL" JOINT VENTUR E AGR EEMENT REQUIREMENTS

- Purpose what is the joint venture designed to do?
- Bank account requiring the signature or consent of all parties for payments to venturers for work performed
- Itemized list with value of major equipment, facilities, and resources
- Responsibilities of the parties
 - Negotiation of the contract
 - Source of labor
 - Contract performance including how they will meet the performance of work requirements
- Obligating all members to perform

"UNIVER SAL" JOINT VENTUR E AGR EEMENT REQUIREMENTS

- 8(a)/SDVOSB/WOSB/HUBZone/protégé must own 51%
- 8(a)/SDVOSB/WOSB/HUBZone/protégé = managing venturer
 - R esponsible for the day-to-day management and administration
 - Partners may participate in decisions "as is commercially customary"
- Employee of the 8(a)/SDVOSB/WOSB/HUBZone/protégé = Responsible Manager
 - Has the "ultimate responsibility for performance of the contract"
 - Need not be a current employee when offer submitted if letter of intent
 - Cannot be an employee of the mentor
- 8(a)/SDVOSB/WOSB/HUBZone/protégé must perform at least 40% of the joint venture's workshare
- 8(a)/ SDVO SB/ WO SB/ HUBZ one/ protégé must receive profits commensurate with work performed OR a higher percentage agreed to by the parties

DIFFERING JOINT VENTUR E AGR EEMENT REQUIREMENTS

8(a)/HUBZone/WOSB/SDVOSB

• Records

- Accounting and administrative records kept at the MV office
- Final original records retained by the MV
- <u>Quarterly financial statements</u> submitted <u>to</u> <u>SBA</u> within 45 days of end of each <u>operating quarter</u>
- Project-end profit and loss statement submitted <u>to SBA</u> within 90 days of contract completion

• R ecords

 Accounting and administrative records kept at the MV office

MP JV

- Final original records retained by the MV
- <u>Annual performance-of-work statement</u> submitted to SBA and the contracting <u>officer</u> within 45 days of each <u>operating</u> <u>year</u>
- Project-end <u>performance-of-work</u> <u>statement</u> submitted <u>to SBA and the</u> <u>contracting officer</u> within 90 days of contract completion

Differing Requirements: Records

- MP JV:
 - Annual Performance of Work Statements to SBA and CO 45 days after each operating year
 - Project end profit and loss statement to SBA within 90 days
- 8(a):
 - Annual review—explain how performance work requirements being met
 - Completion of contract—report to SBA how performance work requirements met
- HUBZone:
 - Annually submit limitation on subcontracting report to SBA
 - At completion of contract submit limitation on subcontracting report to SBA and CO
- SDVO SB/ WO SB:
 - Annual report on performance of work requirements to SBA and CO
 - At completion of contract submit report to SBA and CO on performance work requirements

Differing Requirements: Certifications

MP/WOSB to CO and SBA:

- JVA complies
- Parties will perform pursuant to workshare requirements

8(a) to CO and SBA:

- JVA complies
- Parties will perform pursuant to JVA and workshare requirements
- **SOLE SOURCE**: Parties have obtained SBA's approval of JVA, addendums, and no changes not approved

HUBZone to CO:

- •At offer
- •MV is HUBZone
- •MV is small
- •MV will "attempt to maintain" 35% employee residency
- •JV will comply with imitation on subcontracting
- •At award
- •JVA complies
- •Parties will perform according to JVA

SDVO SB

- At offer
- •MV is certified
- It is a small business
- It will comply with the limitations on subcontracting
- Prior to identification as apparent successful offeror.
- •Parties have a compliant JVA
- •The parties will perform in compliance with the JVA and the limitations on subcontracting

When is Approval Required?

8(a) JVs up for sole source awards must be approved **prior** to award

- 8(a) must "lack the necessary capacity to perform"
- Agreement must be "fair and equitable" and of "substantial benefit" to 8(a)
- **Denial** if the 8(a) brings little to the table other than 8(a) status
- Amendments must be approved also

Approval no longer required for competitive awards BUT eligibility will be determined at the time of award



Costly Errors

- Beshenich Muir & Associates, LLC et al., SBA No.VSBC-292-P (July 19, 2023)
 - OHA found Joint Venture did not qualify as SDVOSB because the agreement did not identify a Responsible Manager, and did not provide sufficient detail regarding equipment, facilities, and other recourses, or adequately specify negotiation, source of labor, or performance responsibilities.
- New Directions Technologies, Inc., SBA No.VSBC-299-P (Aug. 9, 2023).
 - OHA concluded SDVOSB Joint Venture was non-compliant because day to day operational control was not vested unconditionally in the managing venturer.
- Focus R evision Partners, SBA No. SIZ-6188 (Jan. 31, 2023).
 - Mentor-protégé Joint Venture was ineligible for award because the addendum for the project was unsigned and submitted to the government after the deadline for proposal submission.

Take Home

- Size and status protests of joint ventures are increasing in frequency and finding success.
- Joint Venture Agreements are not mere "paper" for a file.
 - The SBA will review the substance of a Joint Venture Agreement during a protest
- Joint Venture Agreements need to be compliant *before* proposal submission.
 - All 12 "magic" requirements must be present with sufficient detail for *each* contract.
 - If using an addendum, it needs to be executed before proposal submission and list all required information.

MENTOR -PROTÉGÉ JOINT VENTURES

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Mentor-Protégé Program

- Overview
 - Mentor-Protégé Program is a way for one business (large or small) to provide small business developmental assistance
 - Improve the protégé's ability to compete for federal government contracts
 - Open to all small businesses
- Administration
 - 8(a) MPP "rolled into" ASMPP to become MPP
 - The SBA administers the Mentor-Protégé Program
- Application
 - Applicants must develop a mentor-protégé agreement and submit it to the SBA for approval.
 - Agreement details developmental assistance items

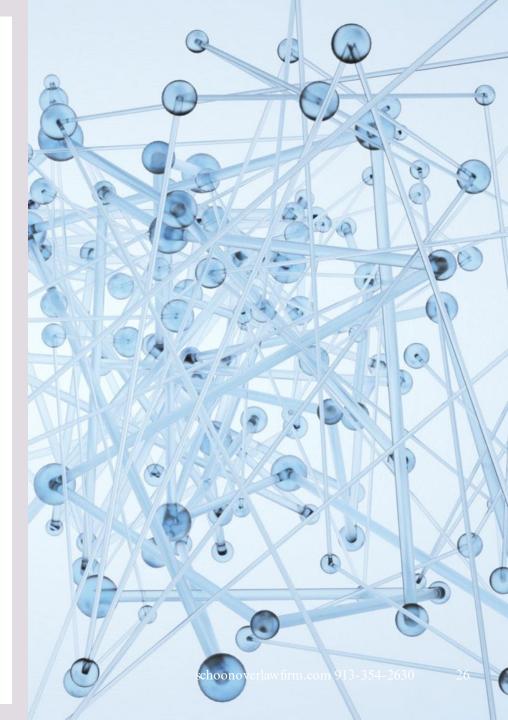


MENTOR-PROTÉGÉ JOINTVENTURES

- Mentor-protégé relationship does not establish an automatic joint venture
- Mentor-protégé joint venture must still abide by:
 - Joint venture work share requirements
 - Applicable limitation on subcontracting
- Mentor-protégé joint venture agreements must include the same provisions as the "universal" joint venture agreements
- SBA must approve the mentor-protégé agreement before the joint venture can submit an offer for a federal government contract
 - Otherwise, SBA may find the venturers affiliated

IMPORTANT CONSIDER ATIONS

- Protégé
 - This is a great opportunity to learn from a seasoned company
 - Ensure compatibility
 - Limited to two mentors in a lifetime
 - Might try subcontracting with the company before beginning the mentor-protégé relationship
- Mentors
 - Opportunity to assess its own abilities and areas for improvement
 - Chance to make investments in younger companies
- Don't treat the relationship merely as an avenue for joint venturing



TAKEAWAYS

- Joint ventures are a powerful tool
 - Allow two small businesses, or a mentor and its protégé to collaborate to target larger projects.
 - Provide affiliation exceptions and limitation on subcontracting compliance advantages
 - Must have compliant JVA in place at time bid is submitted!
 - Provides alternative to subcontracting
 - Because they are separate legal entities, joint ventures have limitation on subcontracting advantages
 - Only joint ventures receiving an 8(a) sole source contract need be pre-approved by the SBA
- Mentor-protégé program offer significant benefits including affiliation protection and joint venturing possibilities

Thank you!

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