§ 1. Alcoholic beverages, defined - Governing laws
All beverages that contain alcohol, unless otherwise defined by law, shall be considered alcoholic beverages by this state and therefore governed by this Article and all other applicable laws.

§ 2. Enactment of laws by Legislature - Direct shipment of alcoholic beverages - Direct sales of wine
   A. The Legislature shall enact laws providing for the strict regulation, control, licensing and taxation of the manufacture, sale, distribution, possession, transportation and consumption of alcoholic beverages, consistent with the provisions of this Article. Provided:
      1. a. there shall be prohibited any common ownership between the manufacturing, wholesaling and retailing tiers, unless otherwise permitted by this subsection. Following the effective date of this Article, brewers may obtain beer wholesaler licenses to distribute beer, also known as brewery-owned branches, to up to two (2) territories within the state. Any brewery-owned branch in operation on the date of adoption of this Article may not expand its distribution territory that was in effect on the date of adoption of this Article. If a brewer maintained one or more licenses to distribute low-point beer in the state prior to the effective date of this Article, then up to two (2) of the brewer's low-point beer distribution licenses shall automatically convert to beer distribution licenses upon the effective date of this Article. All low-point distribution licenses shall cease to exist following this conversion date,
         b. [*see note below regarding effective date] from the date of adoption of this Article by the voters until the effective date of this Article, brewers may continue to obtain and operate up to two (2) low-point beer brewery-owned branches pursuant to the existing low-point beer laws pertaining to the distribution of low-point beer by brewery-owned branches,
      c. only after the effective date of this Article, the Legislature may duly enact legislation to require, by statute, the divestiture of all brewery-branches. If the Legislature requires brewers to divest, it must require full divestiture of every brewery-owned branch in the state, and it shall allow brewers at least (1) year but no more than three (3) years to complete said divestiture. Except as provided in this subsection, and except for a small brewer as defined by law, no other member of one tier may own an interest in a business licensed in a different tier;
      2. A manufacturer, except a brewer, shall not be permitted to sell alcoholic beverages in this state unless such sales occur through an Oklahoma wholesaler. A manufacturer, except a brewer, or subsidiary of any manufacturer, who markets his or her product solely through a subsidiary or subsidiaries, a distiller, rectifier, bottler, winemaker or importer of alcoholic beverages, bottled or made in a foreign country, either within or without this state, may sell such brands or kinds of alcoholic beverages to any licensed wholesaler who desires to purchase the same. Provided, if a manufacturer, except a brewer, elects to sell its products to multiple wholesalers, such sales shall be made on the same price basis and without discrimination to each wholesaler;
      3. A brewer, with the exception of a small brewer as defined by law, shall not be permitted to sell beer in this state unless such sales occur through an Oklahoma licensed wholesaler pursuant to a wholesaler agreement and remain at-rest in the licensed wholesaler's warehouse for at least twenty-four (24) hours, unless the sale occurs through a wholesaler that has obtained a hardship exception to this twenty-four-hour at-rest requirement. The wholesaler agreement shall designate the territory within which the beer will be sold exclusively by the wholesaler;
      4. Winemakers either within or without this state may sell wine produced at their wineries to any licensed wholesaler who desires to purchase the wine; provided, that if a winemaker elects
to sell the wine it produces to multiple wholesalers, then such sales shall be made on the same price
basis and without discrimination to each wholesaler. In addition to its sales through one or more
licensed wholesalers, a winemaker may be authorized to sell its wine as follows:

   a. winemakers either within or without this state may sell wine produced at the winery
to adult consumers who are at least twenty-one (21) years of age and are physically present on the
premises of the winery or at a festival or trade show, and

   b. winemakers either within or without this state that annually produce no more than
fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons of wine may sell and ship only the wine they produce directly to
licensed restaurants or other retail stores and outlets that may be from time to time authorized by
the state to sell alcoholic beverages; provided, however, that any such winemaker which elects to
directly sell its wine under this subparagraph shall not also use a licensed wholesaler as a means of
distribution, and shall be required to sell its wines to every restaurant and other retail store or outlet
that may be from time to time authorized by the state to sell wine for off-premise consumption who
desires to purchase the same, as supplies allow, on the same price basis and without discrimination.
As used in this section, "restaurant" means an establishment that is licensed to sell alcoholic
beverages by the individual drink for on-premise consumption and where food is prepared and sold
for immediate consumption on the premises. Any winemaker within or without this state that
annually produces no more than fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons of wine and elects to directly sell
its wine to restaurants and other retail stores and outlets that may be from time to time authorized
by the state to sell wine for off-premise consumption must self-distribute the wine using only
vehicle(s) owned or leased by the winemaker, and without the use of a common or private contract
carrier. All provisions of this paragraph are declared to be interdependent; and

5. Every wholesaler, except a beer wholesaler, must sell its products on the same price
basis and without discrimination to all on-premise and off-premise licensees, unless otherwise
provided by law. Every beer wholesaler must sell its beer to all on-premise licensees on the same
price basis and without discrimination and to all off-premise licensees on the same price basis
within a particular county and without discrimination. Every wholesaler must receive payment in
full upon receipt of the alcoholic beverage by all on-premise and off-premise licensees. It shall be
unlawful for any wholesaler to grant to any member of the retail tier, directly or indirectly, any
credit, loan, discount, rebate, free goods, allowance or other inducement not otherwise expressly
permitted by state law.

B. No alcoholic beverage shall be shipped directly to a consumer from a manufacturer within
or without the state, unless such shipment has been authorized by law. Provided, if direct shipment
is authorized by law, it shall be limited to the direct shipment of wine by wineries within or without
the state who have secured all necessary permits and remitted all necessary taxes as prescribed by
the state, to Oklahoma residents:

   a. who are at least twenty-one (21) years of age,
   b. who intend the wine for personal use and not for resale,
   c. who will not receive by direct shipment more than six (6) nine-liter cases of wine
      from any single winery per year, and
   d. who will not receive by direct shipment more than thirty (30) nine-liter cases of
      wine per year.

C. All laws passed by the Legislature under the authority of the Article shall be consistent with
the provisions of this section. If any provision of this Article applicable to winemakers is ruled to
be unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, then no winemaker shall be permitted to
directly sell its wine to restaurants or other retail stores and outlets that may be from time to time
authorized by the state to sell wine for off-premise consumption or to consumers in this state.

§ 3. Legislature to prescribe licenses - On-premise and off-premise consumption
   A. The Legislature shall, by law, prescribe a set of licenses for the sale of alcoholic beverages
to consumers for off-premise consumption, which shall include but not be limited to:
      1. A Retail Spirits License, which shall be required in order to sell the following:
         a. spirits in their original sealed package, and/or
         b. refrigerated and non-refrigerated wine and beer in their original sealed package.
      A holder of a Retail Spirits License shall be permitted to sell at retail any item that may be purchased
      at a grocery store or convenience store, as defined by law, so long as the sale of items other than
      alcoholic beverages do not comprise more than twenty percent (20%) of the holder's monthly sales;
      2. A Retail Wine License, which shall be required in order to sell refrigerated or non-
         refrigerated wine in the original sealed package. Retail Wine Licenses may be owned without
         limitation on number by retail locations; and
      3. A Retail Beer License, which shall be required in order to sell refrigerated or non-
         refrigerated beer in the original sealed package. Retail Beer Licenses may be owned without
         limitation on number by retail locations.
   B. As used in this section, the term "retail location" shall include but not be limited to:
      1. Supermarkets, grocery stores, convenience stores, drug stores, warehouse clubs and
         supercenters as defined by law; and/or
      2. Retail outlets which were authorized to legally sell low point beer as of the effective
date of this section.
   C. The Legislature shall, by law, prescribe a set of licenses for the sale of alcoholic beverages
to consumers for on-premise consumption, which may include the sale of spirits, wine and/or beer,
provided that such sales of alcoholic beverages by the individual drink have been authorized by the
voters in the specific county where the alcoholic beverages are sold, either prior to or after the
enactment of this Article.

§ 4. Licenses - Requirements - Ineligible persons
   A. A Retail Spirits License shall only be issued to a sole proprietor who has been a resident of
this state for at least five (5) years immediately preceding the date of application for such license,
or a partnership in which all the partners have satisfied the same residency requirement. A Retail
Spirits License shall not be issued to a corporation, limited liability company or similar business
entity, and no person shall have an ownership interest in more than two (2) Retail Spirits Licenses.
   B. A Wine and Spirits Wholesaler's License shall only be issued to a sole proprietor who has
been a resident of this state for at least five (5) years immediately preceding the date of application
for such license, or a partnership in which all the partners have satisfied the same residency
requirement, except as otherwise provided in this section. A Wine and Spirits Wholesaler's License
shall not be issued to a corporation, limited liability company or similar business entity, except as
otherwise provided in this section.
   C. The holder of a license specified in subsection B of this section may enter into an agreement
with a corporation, limited liability company or similar business entity that would otherwise be
prohibited from obtaining a license in this state under this section, provided that the corporation,
limited liability company or similar business entity:
1. Has operated as the holder of a substantially equivalent license in another state for at least one (1) year immediately preceding its application to be added as a corporate partner;

2. Will actively participate in the day-to-day operations of the license holder;

3. Will secure all necessary permits with the state; and

4. Will not maintain more than a fifty percent (50%) equity interest in the license holder at any time.

D. The provisions of subsection B of this section shall not apply to beer wholesalers. A wholesaler of beer shall not be subject to any residency requirements and shall not be limited in the types of entities which may own such wholesalers.

E. The State of Oklahoma shall not issue a license to any person who has been convicted of a felony, or to any entity if any individual, partner, director or officer who maintains an ownership interest in the entity, has been convicted of a felony, unless otherwise provided by law.

§ 5. Sales prohibited to certain persons - Penalties

A. It shall be unlawful for any licensee to sell or furnish any alcoholic beverage to:

1. A person under twenty-one (21) years of age;

2. A person who has been adjudged insane or mentally deficient; or

3. A person who is intoxicated.

B. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years to misrepresent his or her age, for the purpose of obtaining the purchase of any alcoholic beverage.

C. The Legislature shall, by law, provide penalties for violations of the provisions of this section.

§ 6. Legislature to designate when alcoholic beverages may be sold or served

The Legislature shall, by law, designate the specific days, hours and holidays on which alcoholic beverages may be sold or served to consumers for off-premise and/or on-premise consumption.

§ 7. Taxation of alcoholic beverages

The retail sale of alcoholic beverages shall be subject to the sales tax laws enacted by the Legislature and in addition thereto the Legislature may levy taxes upon the manufacture, possession and/or all sales of alcoholic beverages, including sales by any entity that sells alcoholic beverages to consumers for off-premise and/or on-premise consumption, the proceeds of which, except sales tax, shall be distributed provided by law.

§ 8. State and other governing entities prohibited from engaging in alcoholic beverage business

The State of Oklahoma, or any political subdivision thereof, or any board, commission or agency thereof, is hereby prohibited from engaging in any phase of the alcoholic beverage business, including the manufacture, sale, transportation or distribution thereof, at wholesale or retail, and the maintenance, ownership or operation of warehouses or alcoholic beverage stores; except that if the voters of a county in which a state lodge is located approve retail sale of alcoholic beverages by the individual drink for on-premise consumption, and if the State Legislature enacts legislation approving such sales in any such lodges located in any such counties, then such sales are authorized. The Legislature may enact laws restricting the involvement of officers and employees of the state
and political subdivisions thereof in the alcoholic beverage business. Provided, that nothing herein shall prohibit the sale of alcoholic beverages legally confiscated as provided by law.

§ 9. Authority to levy occupation tax
Incorporated cities and towns wherein the sale of alcoholic beverages is lawful, may levy an occupation tax, not exceeding the amount of the State license fees, for the manufacture, distribution or sale of alcoholic beverages.

§ 10. Effective dates
The provisions of this Article, except for subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 2, shall become effective on October 1, 2018. The provisions of subparagraph b paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 2 shall become effective upon certification of election returns favoring passage of the Constitutional Amendment set forth in this resolution.